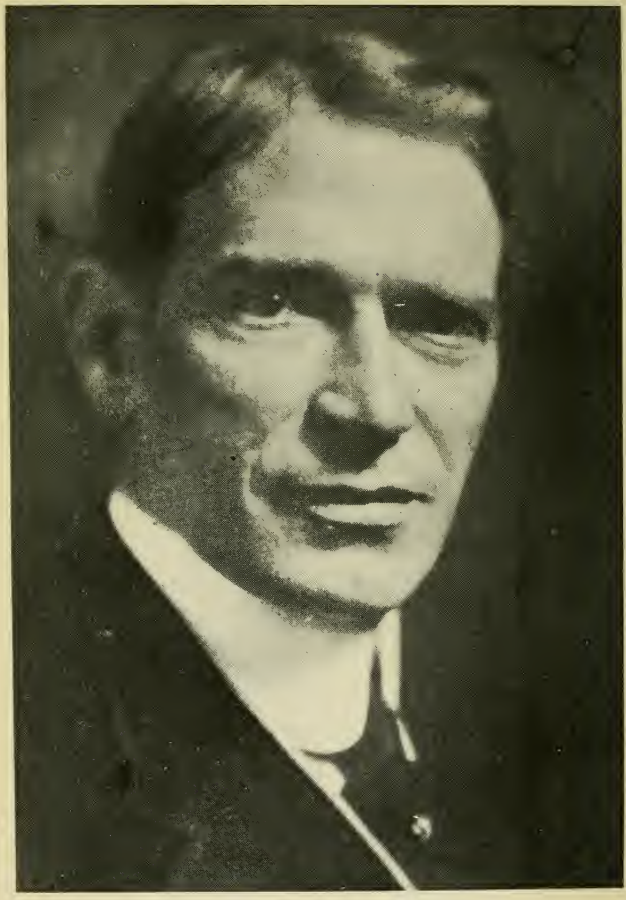
FITZGERALD'S

LEGISLATIVE MANUAL

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

1921

EDMUND W. WAKELEE



Edward J. Edwards

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.

MANUAL

OF THE

Legislature of New Jersey

One Hundred and Forty-Fifth Session.

1921.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE LEGISLATURE.

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NOTES.

The main body of this Manual is made up as of conditions prevailing at the time of the organization of the 145th Legislature on January 11th, 1921. There are included, however, Governor Edwards' annual message to the 1921 Legislature, a list of the members, officers and committees of said Legislature and the rules as adopted by both Houses for the 1921 session.

The 1920 Census figures presented in this volume have been furnished by the United States Census Bureau from advance proofs and are final, except that the figures giving the population of cities in the United States with upwards of 25,000 inhabitants are subject to unimportant changes. The Federal Census figures for 1920 do not become official in New Jersey until promulgated by the Governor in accordance with Chapter 151, Laws 1901 (Compiled Statutes, vol. 1, page 402, section 22).

The following table gives the population of the twelve Congressional districts in New Jersey according to the 1920 and 1910 censuses, the figures for what was Pompton Township, Passaic County (now divided into three or four municipalities), being estimated for 1920 at 6,000:

	1910	1920
First District	206,396	275,304
Second District	213,357	246,492
Third District	230,478	289,414
Fourth District	198,046	240,757
Fifth District	214,901	282,851
Sixth District	213,981	286,665
Seventh District	209,891	253,174
Eighth District	207,647	276,612
Ninth District	213,027	261,313
Tenth District	206,693	275,613
Eleventh District	199,612	228,615
Twelfth District	223,138	239,090
	2,537,167	3,155,900

Since the opening of the 1921 Legislature, and up to February 15th, Governor Edwards has sent to the Senate the following nominations:

January 11th. Board of Public Utility Commission—Arthur A. Quinn, Perth Amboy; Walter F. Whittemore, Newton; Treadwell Cleveland, Newark; James A. C. Johnson, Englewood; James A. Hammill, Jersey City.

January 17th. Commissioner of Banking and Insurance —William E. Tuttle, Jr., of Westfield. Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals—Robert Williams, of Paterson. Circuit Court Judge—Frank T. Lloyd, of Camden. Justice of the Supreme Court—Thomas W. Trenchard, of Trenton. Circuit Court Judge—Luther A. Campbell, of Hackensack.

January 24th. Middlesex County Tax Board—Peter H. S. Hendricks, of New Brunswick. Court of Common Pleas, Middlesex County—Peter Francis Daly, of New Brunswick. Prosecutor of the Pleas, Middlesex County—Joseph E. Stricker, Perth Amboy.

February 7th. Judge of the District Court of Orange—Daniel A. Dugan, of Orange.

The nominations for Public Utility Commissioners had not been confirmed up to February 18th. The Court of Errors and Appeals, on February 15th, affirmed the Supreme Court decision upholding the right of Governor Edwards to remove the old commissioners. See also note on page 361.

Among new features introduced in this Manual are: A table of contents in the front of the book in addition to the Index at the end. A table showing the area of counties, both land and water, page 239; a table showing date of creation of counties and territory from which taken, page 151; table showing commission government municipalities, with counties in which located, classification as to whether cities, towns, boroughs, etc., and date of adoption of commission government, page 155; a much fuller list of county officers, and a list of county institutions appearing under heading of County Directory, page 443. To the sketches describing State Institutions are added descriptions of the State Camp Grounds at Sea Girt (page 106) and the State Fish Hatchery and Game Farm (page 107). At the end of the census table for incorporated places is given a list of recenty incorporated places for which no separate census has been taken (page 237). The table of legal holidays (page 5) is supplemented by a list of other important dates. The list of present New Jersey court officials in New Jersey (page 458) has added thereto the names of United States Commissioners and Referees in Bankruptcy for this State.

While every possible effort toward accuracy has been made the compiler invites information as to any possible errors and also suggestions for otherwise improving future issues of the Manual.

J. P. D.

Calendar for 1921.

1921	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
JAN...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	...	...	...	...	...
FEB...	..	...	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	...	...	...	...	...
MAR.	..	...	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31	...	...
APR...	...	...	...	...	..	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
MAY...	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	29	30	31	...	...	...	...
JUNE.	...	...	...	1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

1921	Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
JULY.	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31	...	...	...	...	...	...
AUG ..	...	1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31	...	...	...
SEPT..	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	...
OCT....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31	..	...	...	...	...
NOV...	...	...	1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	...	...	...
DEC ...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PERPETUAL CALENDAR

FOR ASCERTAINING THE DAY OF THE WEEK FOR ANY YEAR BETWEEN 1700 AND 2499.

TABLE OF DOMINICAL LETTERS.

YEAR OF THE CENTURY.	CENTUR'S.			
N. B.—A star on the left denotes leap year.	1700 2100	1800 2200	1900 2300	2000 2400
0	*28	*56	*84	C	E	G	A
1	29	57	85	B	D	F	G
2	30	58	86	A	C	E	F
3	31	59	87	G	B	D	E
*4	*32	*60	*88	E	G	B	C
5	33	61	89	D	F	A	B
6	34	62	90	C	E	G	A
7	35	63	91	B	D	F	G
*8	*36	*64	*92	G	B	D	E
9	37	65	93	F	A	C	D
10	38	66	94	E	G	B	C
11	39	67	95	D	F	A	B
*12	*40	*68	*96	B	D	F	G
13	41	69	97	A	C	E	F
14	42	70	98	G	B	D	E
15	43	71	99	F	A	C	D
*16	*44	*72		D	F	A	B
17	45	73		C	E	G	A
18	46	74		B	D	F	G
19	47	75		A	C	E	F
*20	*48	*76		F	A	C	D
21	49	77		E	G	B	C
22	50	78		D	F	A	B
23	51	79		C	E	G	A
*24	*52	*80		A	C	E	F
25	53	81		G	B	D	E
26	54	82		F	A	C	D
27	55	83		E	G	B	C

MONTH.	DOMINICAL LETTER.						
Jan. Oct.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
Feb. Mar. Nov.	D	E	F	G	A	B	C
Jan. Apr. July	G	A	B	C	D	E	F
May	B	C	D	E	F	G	A
June	E	F	G	A	B	C	D
Feb. Aug.	C	D	E	F	G	A	B
Sept. Dec.	F	G	A	B	C	D	E

1	8	15	22	29	**S**	S	F	TH	W	TU	M
2	9	16	23	30	M	**S**	S	F	TH	W	TU
3	10	17	24	31	TU	M	**S**	S	F	TH	W
4	11	18	25		W	TU	M	**S**	S	F	TH
5	12	19	26		TH	W	TU	M	**S**	S	F
6	13	20	27		F	TH	W	TU	M	**S**	S
7	14	21	28		S	F	TH	W	TU	M	**S**

EXPLANATION.

Under the *Century*, and in the line with the *Year of the Century*, is the Dominical Letter of the Year. Then in the line with the month find the column containing this letter; in this column, and in line with the day of the Month, is the day of the Week. In Leap Years, the letters for January and February are in the lines where these months are printed in *Italics*.

EXAMPLES.

For December 31st, 1875: for 1875, the letter is C; under C, in a line with 31, is Friday; and for *January* 1st, 1876, the letter is A; under A, and in a line with 1, is Saturday.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

(See Compiled Statutes, Vol. 3, page 3091, and P. L. 1914, page 188.)

New Year's Day—January 1.
Lincoln's Birthday—February 12.
Washington's Birthday—February 22.
Good Friday—March 25.
Memorial Day—May 30.
Independence Day—July 4.
Labor Day—September 5.
Columbus Day—October 12.
General Election Day—November 8.
Thanksgiving Day—November 24.
Christmas Day—December 25.

OTHER IMPORTANT DAYS.

Jackson Day—January 8.
Ash Wednesday—February 9.
Inauguration Day (Presidential)—March 4.
Easter Sunday—March 27.
Arbor Day—April 8.
Passover—April 23-30.
Mothers' Day—May 3.
Flag Day—June 14.
Jewish New Year—October 3.
Day of Atonement (Yom Kippur)—October 13.
Armistice Day—November 11.

The State Capitol of New Jersey.

OUTLINE HISTORY OF NEW JERSEY.

Within the limits of what is now the State of New Jersey, aside from any evidences of the presence of prehistoric man in the "Trenton Gravels," the original inhabitants of the commonwealth were Lenni Lenape, or Delaware, Indians. This subdivision of the great Algonkin family occupied the river valleys of the State, had made some progress in agriculture and in elementary arts, were peaceable but small in numbers, and at last have become totally extinct in this portion of the United States.

In its settlement, New Jersey was not an English colony. The claims of the Crown, based upon early discovery and various grants, were totally ignored by two great commercial nations of Europe—Holland and Sweden. It was not until 1664, practically a half century after the first occupancy of New Jersey by a white man, that England had aught more than a slight influence upon the destinies of the State. In settlement, Holland was first to send out planters, under the auspices of the Dutch West India Company. Claiming both the valleys of the Hudson and the Delaware, by virtue of the explorations of Hudson and Mey, land was taken up upon the banks of the Hudson, Passaic, Hackensack, Raritan and smaller streams tributary to New York harbor, as well as at Gloucester upon the Delaware. By 1630 these claims were well established by occupancy, and by the creation of a centre of local government in what is now New York city. Upon the rapidly growing influence of Holland, Sweden looked with jealous eye. Gustavus Adolphus, in his plan to make Sweden a world-power, saw the Dutch to be dangerous rivals in America. In 1638 there was equipped a Swedish expedition to settle the valley of the Delaware. What is now the State of Delaware, the valley of the Schuylkill and isolated portions of the west bank of the Delaware River were occupied, civil and military government was established, and the colony of farmers and traders entered upon a brief career of prosperity. The death of Gustavus Adolphus, internal dissensions in Sweden, the inherent weakness of the Delaware settlements, and the constantly increasing power of Holland brought matters to a crisis. In 1655 New Sweden was conquered by New Netherlands,

and for nine years the soil of New Jersey was absolutely under Dutch control.

Emerging from the interregnum of the Cromwells, the restoration of the House of Stuart brought peace to England. On the 12th of March, 1664, Charles II., with royal disregard for previous patents, grants and charters, deeded to his brother James, Duke of York, a vast tract embracing much of New England, New York and all of what is now New Jersey. This was accompanied by active preparations to drive the Dutch from America, as they, in alien claims to New Jersey, practically separated the New England colonies from Virginia, Maryland and the Carolinas. In the summer of 1664 armed vessels appeared in New York harbor. After negotiations, the Dutch surrendered and the power of Holland in North America became simply a matter of history. In the meantime James, Duke of York, transferred to two favorites of the House of Stuart—John, Lord Berkeley, and Sir George Carteret—practically what is now the State of New Jersey. In honor of Carteret's defense of the Island of Jersey (Caesarea) during the Parliamentary wars, the territory was called New Jersey (Nova Caesarea).

Carteret and Berkeley, in granting a liberal frame of government and extolling the advantages of their colony so well located for agriculture, commerce, fishing and mining, attracted settlers not only from England, but from Scotland and New England, particularly Long Island and Connecticut. These planters were largely Calvinists, from Presbyterian and Congregational communities, and mainly occupied land in Newark, Elizabeth and upon the north shore of Monmouth county. The valley of the Delaware remained unsettled. The Calvinists brought into East Jersey distinctive views upon religious and civil matters. Early legislatures punished many crimes by death, the penalties being similar to those of the Jewish dispensation, while the "town-meeting" strengthened the individual action of the small communities. There was an intense individualism in every phase of political and religious development, the life of the people centering around the church and the school house, the head of both, as in New England, being the minister.

In 1676 a division of the interests of Carteret and Berkeley occurred. In the meantime Berkeley had disposed of his rights to a company of English Quakers, a conflict had ensued, and to establish the claims of all parties concerned, the two colonies of East and West Jersey came into existence. A line was drawn from a point in Little Egg

Harbor to the Delaware Water Gap, Berkeley and his assigns retaining West Jersey as their moiety, Carteret obtaining East Jersey.

By Berkeley's transfer the dominant influence in West Jersey was that of the Society of Friends. Salem was settled in 1675, Burlington, Gloucester and the site of Trenton about five years later, while within ten years thereafter the "shore" communities of Cape May and Tuckerton came into existence. The Society of Friends established in West Jersey a series of communities in which the life of the people was different from that of East Jersey. As East Jersey resembled New England in civil government, so West Jersey resembled Virginia. The political and social centres of the large plantations were the shire-towns, slave owning was common, a landed aristocracy was established, prominent families intermarried, and under the advice of William Penn and his friends good faith was kept with the Indians. Capital punishment was practically unknown and disputes were settled frequently by arbitration.

Two elements of discord marked the genesis of East Jersey and of West Jersey. One, external, was the attitude of the Duke of York after he became James II. In 1673 New Jersey was recaptured by the Dutch, who held the colony until the early spring of 1674. A question arose as to the Duke of York's title after 1674, reconveyances were made, but in spite of past assurances, James II. claimed the proprietary right of government. To that end Sir Edmund Andros was commissioned Governor of New Jersey, and a climax was reached in 1680 when the proprietary governor of East Jersey was carried prisoner to New York. In 1681 the Crown recognized the justice of the proprietors' contention, and local government was re-established, but not before the seeds of discontent were sown that bore fruit in the Revolutionary War.

An internal disturbance was a contest between the Boards of Proprietors and the small land owners. Both in East and West Jersey, Carteret and Berkeley and their assigns had transferred to wealthy combinations of capitalists—most of whom were non-residents—much of the broad acreage of the colonies. With the land went the right of selection of Governors and of members of Executive Councils, which right Berkeley and Carteret had derived from the Crown. This, with "quit-rent" agitations in East Jersey, led to much bitterness. Finally, disgusted with turmoil, and viewing a sentiment of revolt on the part of the people, the Boards of Proprietors sur-

rendered to the Crown, in 1702, their rights of government, retaining only their interest in the soil, East and West Jersey were united, and the two provinces became the royal colony of New Jersey.

From 1702 until the outbreak of the Revolution the political history of the colony was quite uneventful. Throughout the period of seventy-five years there was almost constant friction between the Legislature and the Governor and his Council. The governors, in the main, were Crown favorites sent over the sea without a personal knowledge of the colony and with but an ill-concealed ambition to wrest from the people as much money as could be secured for the support of themselves and the executive office. The Councils, composed of wealthy land owners of the Society of Friends and rich merchants from East Jersey, were quiescent, and even the members of the popular branch of the Legislature were chosen by those possessing property qualifications. The small non-voting farmers raised the cry of "aristocracy," and the equivalent of "taxation without representation," and while loyal to the Crown were open in their expressions of dissatisfaction to the personal attitude of their governors. In 1738 New Jersey, in recognition of this sentiment, was given a governor separate from the one appointed jointly for the colonies of New York and New Jersey.

During this period the farm was the centre of the activities of the life of the people; particularly was this true in the western part of the colony, where favoring climate and soil, slave labor and the proximity of Philadelphia led to abundant crops and a good market. In East Jersey a commercial spirit was more active. Perth Amboy threatened to rival New York, and Jersey ships from Newark, Elizabeth and the Monmouth villages were to be found from Boston to Charleston. The repressive economic policy of the Crown precluded the development of manufactures. In the southern part of the State, sand and unlimited forests of oak and pine led to the development of glass making, while "bog iron," with abundance of lime from oyster shells, gave an impetus to the erection of forges and bloomaries. These, as well as the copper mines of the trap rock region, were throttled by adverse Parliamentary legislation. Ship building was a recognized industry, and cedar was extensively "mined" from the sunken forests of the tide-water district. Whaling and other fisheries were unhampered, and were profitable, as was also the trade in skins and in hay from the salt meadows of the coast.

Throughout the years from 1702 to 1776 gold and silver and copper money was scarce. In obedience to the demand of the English merchants that competition should be crushed, legislation was enacted to draw "hard" money away from the colony. An inflated paper currency, first issued in 1707 to provide ways and means to aid the Canadian expedition against the French, poured from the printing presses. Trade was reduced to barter, and gold, silver and copper were practically at a premium for nearly three generations.

Of the more prominent incidents during the period were the organized attempts to suppress piracy in New York and Delaware bays, the growth of a well-defined system of transportation by land and water between New York and Philadelphia, the establishment of ferries and post roads, the reclamation of waste land, the injection of Hugenot, Scotch-Irish and Palatinate German elements into the settled population, the chartering of Princeton University and Rutgers College, the religious revival led by Whitefield, the propogation of abolition doctrines by Woolman, the erection of a series of barracks owing to the French and Indian war, and what is probably of supreme importance, the growth of a sentiment of independence fostered by the stupid policy of the Crown, and carried from hamlet to hamlet, as much by itinerant hawkers and by "Redemptioners," who had served their time, as by any other cause.

The opening of the Revolution found New Jersey's sentiment unevenly crystalized. Few, if any, were favoring absolute independence. There were three elements. One, the Tory party, was led by Governor William Franklin, the illegitimate son of Benjamin Franklin. This conservative class embraced nearly all the Episcopalians, a vast proportion of the non-combatant members of the Society of Friends and some East Jersey Calvinists. Another element was composed of men of various shades of belief, some in favor of continual protest, others desirous of compromise. This included at the outbreak of the struggle most of the Calvinists, some few Quakers of the younger generation, and the Scotch-Irish. The third party drew its support from a few bold, aggressive spirits of influence whose following included men who believed that war for independence would benefit their fortunes.

The part played in the Revolution by New Jersey has been frequently told. Events passed rapidly after the affairs of Trenton and Princeton; Monmouth and Red Bank will never be forgotten, while the raids at Salem, Spring-

field, Elizabeth, in the valley of the Hackensack, and the winter at Morristown are a part of national history. Occupying a position between New York and Philadelphia, its soil was a theatre where the drama of war was always presented. At no time was the Tory element suppressed, finding its expression in open hostility, or in the barbaric cruelties of the "Pine Robbers" of Monmouth, Burlington, Gloucester and Salem counties. Though under suspicion, the Society of Friends were neutral, for conscience sake, remaining close to the teachings of their creed.

The close of the struggle found the people of New Jersey jubilant and not disposed to relinquish their sovereignty. The Articles of Confederation were weak and had become a by-word and a jest. There was much State pride and much aristocratic feeling among the old families who continued to dominate State politics. The Constitution of 1776, adopted by New Jersey as a makeshift war measure, provided that all State officers of prominence should be elected by a Legislature, which was chosen by voters possessing property qualifications. As in the colony, the Governor was Chancellor, and class distinctions were closely drawn. In spite of agitation, all proposed changes were rejected, and a strong federal union with the other States was viewed with dislike and suspicion. The State, in a quarrel with New York, at one time refused to obey the requests of Congress, and, in the exercise of her sovereignty, established a Court of Admiralty and coined money.

While the spirit of "State rights" was dominant, it was recognized by leaders of public thought that New Jersey was too weak to stand alone. She entered the Annapolis convention called to revise the Articles of Confederation, and whose lasting monument was the present Federal Constitution adopted in Philadelphia in 1787. Upon the 15th of June of that year the "New Jersey Plan" was presented, which, while lost as a measure, led to the famous compromise upon representation, whereby in the Senate of the United States the States were given equal vote, with a representation based on population in the House.

The adoption of the Constitution of the United States led to the rapid growth of political parties in New Jersey as elsewhere. In spite of the intense conservatism of the State, led by the Quakers of West Jersey, who were Federalists almost to a man, the anti-Federalist sentiment developed rapidly, spurred by a virulent party press, the death of men who had been trained in colonial methods of thought and the democratic tendency of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which grew in strength in West Jersey.

In the eastern part of the State there was among the individualistic Calvinists a strong anti-Federal spirit. This, in 1800, led to the election of Thomas Jefferson as President of the United States, and in 1801 the election of his political ally, Joseph Bloomfield, as Governor of the State of New Jersey. The death of Hamilton at the hands of Burr, and the death of Livingston, the "war" Governor, tore down the strongest pillars of Federalism in New Jersey, and led to the absolute domination of the State by the anti-Federalists, who held power until the outbreak of the second war with England.

The period from 1790 to 1812 in New Jersey was marked by a demand for internal improvements and better transportation. The agitation concerning the Delaware and Raritan Canal, Stevens' experiments in 1802 with steam, along the lines laid down in 1785 by Fitch, the project of the Society for Establishing Useful Manufactures at Paterson as early as 1791, and highways conducted through the northwest portion of the State, indicate the trend of public sentiment.

The second war with England was not altogether a popular measure in New Jersey. The Federalists, the "Peace Party," secured control of the Legislature and elected their Governor. Nevertheless the State furnished her quota of troops. The one permanent effect of the struggle upon the State was indirect. Owing to the movement of supplies and the necessity of quick transportation between Philadelphia and the exposed port of New York, the wagon roads between Bordentown and Perth Amboy, and between Trenton, New Brunswick, Metuchen, Rahway, Elizabeth and Newark, were improved and their advantages as "short routes" demonstrated. Upon these lines two later railroads, now a part of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, were constructed.

The era following the close of the war of 1812 until the opening of the Civil War was one of stupendous activity. Interrupted only by the financial depressions of 1817 and 1837, and slightly retarded by the Mexican War, the progress of the State was beyond the wildest dreams of the enthusiast, Alexander Hamilton. In the eastern part of the State, aided by a constantly increasing foreign population, Jersey City rose from the marshes, Newark grew toward her present greatness, Paterson became a centre of industry, while in the west, Camden was recognized as an available site for manufactures. The public school system was established and extended, reforms in the caring for the criminal, defective, delinquent and dependent

classes were instituted, railroads were reaching every town of size, in the vicinity of New York and Philadelphia, ferries were erected, banks established, post offices opened and newspapers printed. In 1844, when social unrest was most marked, the present State Constitution was adopted by a large popular majority and needed reforms tending to elevate the legal position of married women, imprisoned debtors and bankrupts were adopted.

The year 1860 brought a termination to the then impending conflict. While every other State north of Mason and Dixon's line by 1850 had set the black man free, there were still 236 negroes in bondage in New Jersey. The abolition movement made slow progress and an anti-war party had a decided following. But when the die was cast New Jersey responded to the call for men and money. She furnished 88,305 men, or within 10,501 of her entire militia. For organizing, subsisting, supplying, supporting and transporting her troops she paid $2,894,385, and upon the field sustained the reputation for bravery she had won during the days of Trenton and Monmouth.

New Jersey has made great advances since the Civil War. Among the important legislation was the passage of the General Railroad law in 1873. This ended the domination of the Camden and Amboy monopoly and opened the way for other enterprises in the same field.

Although the State passed an Emancipation act in 1804, the Constitution was not amended as to legalize negro suffrage until 1875. The Legislature of 1871 ratified the fifteenth amendment to the U. S. Constitution which gives absolute authority to the negro to cast his vote at all national, State, county and municipal elections.

Women exercised the right of suffrage in New Jersey under laws passed in 1790 and 1797. That right was taken from them by an act passed in 1807. In 1912 the Supreme Court held that the 1776 Constitution did not confer any right on women to vote. The Constitution of 1844 limited the right to vote to males. In 1887 women were given the right to vote at school meetings. This was declared unconstitutional in 1894 as to voting for school trustees and officers; they could vote, however, on other school matters.

A proposed amendment to the State Constitution in 1897 giving women the right to vote for school officers was defeated. The vote was 65,021 for, to 75,170 against. In 1915 another proposed amendment conferring full suffrage on women was defeated. The vote was 133,282 for and 184,390 against. In 1883 laws were enacted regulating the labor of women and children in factories.

In 1838, the last whipping post disappeared from New Jersey. It stood on a vacant lot in Trenton, where many offenders had suffered the degrading punishment. Franklin S. Mills, a veteran reporter of that time, called several

kindred spirits around him and they decided that the whipping post must go. There was unanimous agreement that the best time for its vanishment would be a dark night, and meanwhile the plot was kept a profound secret. The plan was carried out and the post was never set up again. The next step to lessen the horror of capital punishment was in 1907, when the penalty was changed from hanging to electrocution. In the same year tuberculosis was pronounced infectious and a sanitorium for the treatment of such patients was established.

Gambling at race tracks and all other places was prohibited by law in 1894 and in 1897 a constitutional amendment was adopted to the same effect.

In 1907 the first primary law went into operation. In 1911, the direct primary was extended to the offices of governor and representatives in Congress. In 1915 it was extended to the office of United States Senator. In 1911, a blanket form of ballot was adopted. In 1907 the Board of Railroad Commissioners for the State of New Jersey was created, and in 1910, the name was changed to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners. In 1911, the Employers' Liability act was passed.

The admirable system of public education in New Jersey deserves more than passing notice. The first steps were taken during the colonial period, and soon after the Revolution a number of private schools and academies were established. In 1816, the Legislature ordered that the sum of $15,000 should be invested in a Permanent Educational Fund. During the following two years, this sum was increased to $113,236.78. In 1824, a tenth of the State tax was added to the school fund. Improvement was continually made in the educational facilities, the annual appropriation being increased in 1838 to $30,000. The new Constitution adopted in 1844, prohibited the diversion of any part of the school fund under any pretext. Two years later every township was required to raise the same amount contributed by the State, and in 1851 the State appropriation was increased to $40,000.

Since no one is considered qualified to follow a profession without special training, it followed that that of the teacher should receive the same preparation. In 1855, the first State Normal School was opened in Trenton and proved highly successful. It has been followed by others with the most beneficial results to the cause of education throughout the State.

In 1867, the whole school system was remodeled and placed on a sound basis. Provision was made for the continual maintenance of the Normal School and the Model, or training school, attached to it; for the examination and licensing of teachers; for increasing the State Educational Fund; defining the duties of district and township trus-

tees, the city boards of education, the county superintendents, the State superintendent and the State Board of Education.

In 1881, an act was passed by the Legislature to encourage the establishment of schools for industrial education. In 1888, manual training was provided for and several such institutions have been established. The Compulsory Education law went into effect in 1884. Parents and guardians are compelled to send children between the ages of seven and fourteen years to school each day the schools are in session, or provide for their instruction at home or elsewhere. The State College for Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts is connected with Rutgers College at New Brunswick. Candidates for this course are examined annually at the county seat of each county. The number of pupils is limited to sixty and tuition is free. Other State institutions are referred to elsewhere.

One of the most beneficent enterprises with which New Jersey is specially identified is the life-saving service. The United States has more than ten thousand miles of sea and lake coast. Thousands of lives and untold millions of dollars of property have been swept down to death and destruction by the fearful storms which at times rage over these waters. Of all the vast extent of coast, there is none more dangerous than that of New Jersey. The causes of this is the peculiar formation of the Long Island and New Jersey shores, and the fact that a bar runs parallel with the beach at a distance therefrom of from two hundred yards to a mile. The water on this bar is shallow, and many a ship, when driven toward shore goes to pieces long before it can be reached by the anxious watchers on the beach.

One of the residents of Monmouth county who was deeply impressed by the frightful loss of life was Dr. William A. Newell, a member of Congress from 1848 to 1851, and governor of New Jersey from 1857 to 1860. It is worth mentioning in this place that Dr. Newell was in Congress when John Quincy Adams was stricken with apoplexy and caught him in his arms as he was falling. Dr. Newell, during the first part of his term, secured an appropriation of $10,000 for the protection of life and property from shipwreck on the coast between Sandy Hook and Little Egg Harbor. Some months later, the ship Ayrshire was driven on Squan Beach. The life car was employed to bring the 202 passengers and crew ashore and only one man who refused to enter the car was drowned. Instances without number occurred, when with the help of the life-saving crew, not a single life was lost, when without such aid all would have perished.

At the close of 1914, the life-saving establishments in the United States included 285 stations, 203 being on the

Atlantic and Gulf coasts, 62 on the lakes, 19 on the Pacific coast, 1 at Nome, Alaska, and 1 at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky.

Since the establishment of the life-saving service down to June 30th, 1914, the number of disasters was 28,121; value of property involved, $355,401,084; value of property saved, $288,871,237; value of property lost, $66,529,847; persons involved, 178,741; persons lost, 1,455; shipwrecked persons succored at stations, 28,711; days' succor afforded, 59,659.

In addition to the 522 disasters in 1914, there were 1,415 casualties to lesser craft, such as launches, sailboats, rowboats, &c., on which were 3,757 persons of whom all were saved excepting 12.

As in every State and in the National government, the government consists of the legislative, executive and judiciary. The last named embraces the courts.

Justice's Court.—This is the lowest court with common law and criminal jurisdiction. Suits involving no more than $200 may be tried in it, and appeal can be had to the Court of Quarter Sessions.

Police Court.—This is composed of a police justice, or a justice of the peace appointed by him. His criminal jurisdiction in the city for which he is appointed is the same as that of a justice of the peace. He tries cases of violation of city ordinances and appeal is to the Court of Common Pleas, or Quarter Sessions, or to the Supreme or Circuit Court.

District Court.—The jurisdiction of this court is limited to the county in which the court is held. It has authority in all suits of a civil nature in which the sum involved does not exceed $500, exclusive of costs, including disputes between landlords and tenants and replevin and attachment cases. Appeal is to the Supreme Court.

Court of Quarter Sessions.—This court has jurisdiction over all offences of an indictable nature within the county, except treason and murder. As a court of common law jurisdiction, it can hear only appeals from the justices' courts and the police courts.

Court of Common Pleas.—The jurisdiction of this court is extensive. It holds three stated terms each year and special terms when so ordered by the Supreme Court. Its original jurisdiction includes all personal actions not involving the freehold; the changing of the name of any town or village in the county or of any person on his request; cases relating to insolvency, roads and wrecks; the property of absconding debtors; applications for exemption from military duty, and it decides suits against constables who neglect to execute warrants. It grants licenses and tries cases referred to it by the Circuit Court. The presiding officer is a judge appointed to that office. The

justice of the Supreme Court, holding the Circuit Court within the county, is *ex-officio* judge of the Court of Common Pleas. It can try cases referred to it by the Circuit Court and certify the same to the Supreme Court.

Circuit Court.—This court has concurrent jurisdiction with the Supreme Court except in criminal cases and has authority to try Supreme Court issues. It holds three stated terms annually and a special term when so ordered by a justice of the Supreme Court. Appeals are taken to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Supreme Court of Judicature.—The chief justice and eight associate justices compose this court, which may be held by any one of the nine justices. It meets in Trenton on the third Tuesday in February and the first Tuesdays respectively of June and November. Special terms may be ordered by the chief justice or any two associate justices. Its jurisdiction covers all real, personal or mixed actions at common law, and it has power to decide when the laws and joint resolutions have not been duly passed and approved. It has authority to review the proceedings of other courts and the only appeal is to the Court of Errors and Appeals. The business of this court has grown to such an extent that it has been divided into parts I., II. and III.

Court of Errors and Appeals.—This court is composed of the chancellor, the justices of the Supreme Court and six specially appointed justices. It is the highest tribunal in the State from whose decisions there is no appeal.

Court of Chancery.—The members of this court are the chancellor and eight vice-chancellors. Its function is to give such relief as is not given by the common law courts, and appeal must be made to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Surrogate Court.—Each county has a surrogate whose duties mainly relate to will cases. Appeals have to be made to the Orphans' Court of the county.

Orphans' Court.—This court is held by the judge of the Court of Common Pleas, the justices of the Supreme Court being judges *ex-officio*. It decides all disputes relating to wills, the accounts of executors, the recovery of legacies, the mental condition of persons in the military, naval or marine service, the division of estates, &c.

Prerogative Court.—The chancellor is the judge of the Prerogative Court, which has authority to grant the probate of wills, letters of administration and the settlement of disputes relating to the same. Its decisions are to the Court of Errors and Appeals.

Court for the Trial of Impeachments.—This court consists of the senate which tries the governor or any officer of the State for misdemeanor while holding such office. The impeachment must be by the assembly. A two-thirds vote is necessary to convict and from such conviction there is no appeal.

Court of Pardons.—This court consists of the governor, chancellor and the six judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals. A majority of the court of whom the governor must be one, may remit fines and forfeitures, grant pardons after conviction except in cases of impeachment, and commute sentences of death to imprisonment at hard labor for life or a stated number of years. There is no appeal from the judgment of this court.

Court of Oyer and Terminer.—This court is composed of any Supreme Court justice and the judge of the Court of Common Pleas. It meets in the respective counties and has jurisdiction over all offences of an indictable nature, from which appeal may be made to the Supreme Court.

In addition to the courts specified, there is one for the trial of juvenile offenders, which is for the beneficent purpose of reforming rather than punishing youthful criminals, and the Coroner's Court, whose duty is to inquire into the causes of all deaths in prison and of those elsewhere which have a suspicious appearance. No appeal can be taken from the verdict of a coroner's jury.

It is a singular coincidence that the three presidential cabinet members from New Jersey down to 1877, were each Secretary of the Navy. They were, Samuel L. Southard, 1823–29; Mahlon Dickerson, 1834–38, and George M. Robeson, 1869–77. The cabinet officers from this State, since the last-named date, were, F. T. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State, 1881–85; John W. Griggs, Attorney-General, 1898–1901, and Lindley M. Garrison, Secretary of War, 1913–1916. Having done so well with the cabinet, New Jersey gave the nation her governor (Woodrow Wilson), in 1913, and again in 1917, as President of the United States.

CHRONOLOGICAL LIST OF GOVERNORS

Cornelius Jacobsen Mey (Director New Netherlands),	1624
William Verhulst (Director New Netherlands).....	1625
Peter Minuit (Governor of New Netherlands).....	1626 to 1631
Bastiaen Janssen Crol (Director Gen. New Netherlands)	1631 to 1633
Wouter Van Twiller (Governor of New Netherlands)..	1633 to 1637
William Kieft (Governor of New Netherlands).....	1633 to 1637
Col. John Printz (Governor of New Sweden).....	1642 to 1653
Peter Stuyvesant (Governor of New Netherlands)....	1646 to 1664
Philip Carteret (first English Governor).....	1664 to 1676

GOVERNORS OF EAST JERSEY.

Philip Carteret	1677 to 1682
Robert Barclay (Proprietary Governor in England)...	1682 to 1690
Thomas Rudyard (Deputy Governor).....	1682 to 1683
Gawen Lawrie (Deputy Governor).....	1683 to 1686

Lord Neil Campbell (Deputy Governor)	1686 to 1687
Andrew Hamilton (Deputy Governor)	1687 to 1690
Major Edmund Andross (Royal Governor of New York),	1688 to 1689
John Tatham (Proprietary Governor — rejected by Province)	1690
Col. Joseph Dudley (Proprietary Governor—rejected by the Province)	1692 to 1697
Colonel Andrew Hamilton	1692 to 1697
Jeremiah Basse	1698 to 1699
Andrew Bowne (Deputy Governor)	1699
Andrew Hamilton	1699 to 1702

GOVERNORS OF WEST JERSEY.

Board of Commissioners	1676 to 1681
Edward Byllinge (Governor)	1680 to 1687
Samuel Jennings (Deputy Governor)	1681 to 1684
Thomas Ollive (Deputy Governor)	1684 to 1685
John Skene (Deputy Governor)	1685 to 1687
Daniel Coxe	1687 to 1692
Major Edmund Andros (Governor of New York)	1688 to 1689
Edward Hunloke (Deputy Governor)	1690
West Jersey Society of Proprietors	1691
Colonel Andrew Hamilton	1692 to 1697
Jeremiah Basse (of both Provinces)	1697 to 1699
Colonel Andrew Hamilton	1699 to 1702

EAST AND WEST JERSEY UNITED.

Edward, Lord Cornbury, Governor	1703 to 1708
John, Lord Lovelace (died in office)	1708
Richard Ingoldsby, Lieutenant-Governor	1709 to 1710
General Robert Hunter	1710 to 1719
Lewis Morris (President of Council)	1719 to 1720
William Burnet	1720 to 1727
John Montgomerie	1728 to 1731
Lewis Morris (President of Council)	1731 to 1732
William Cosby	1732 to 1736
John Anderson (President of Council)	1736
John Hamilton (President of Council)	1736 to 1738

(The foregoing were also Governors of New York at the same time.)

SEPARATE FROM NEW YORK.

Lewis Morris	1738 to 1746
John Hamilton (President of Council)	1746 to 1747
John Reading (President of Council)	1747
Jonathan Belcher	1747 to 1757
Thomas Pownall, Lieutenant-Governor	1757
John Reading (President of Council)	1757 to 1758
Francis Bernard	1758 to 1760
Thomas Boone	1760 to 1761
Josiah Hardy	1761 to 1762
William Franklin	1763 to 1776

FROM THE ADOPTION OF THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

William Livingston (Federalist)	1776 to 1790
William Paterson (Federalist)	1790 to 1792
Richard Howell (Federalist)	1792 to 1801
Joseph Bloomfield (Democrat)	1801 to 1802

John Lambert, President of Council and Acting Governor (Democrat) ..... 1802 to 1803
Joseph Bloomfield (Democrat) ..... 1803 to 1812
Aaron Ogden (Federalist) ..... 1813 to 1813
William S. Pennington (Democrat) ..... 1813 to 1815
Mahlon Dickerson (Democrat) ..... 1815 to 1817
Isaac H. Williamson (Federalist) ..... 1817 to 1829
Garret D. Wall (Democrat) ..... 1829 decl'd
Peter D. Vroom (Democrat) ..... 1829 to 1832
Samuel L. Southard (Whig) ..... 1832 to 1833
Elias P. Seeley (Whig) ..... 1833 to 1833
Peter D. Vroom (Democrat) ..... 1833 to 1836
Philemon Dickerson (Democrat) ..... 1836 to 1837
William Pennington (Whig) ..... 1837 to 1843
Daniel Haines (Democrat) ..... 1843 to 1844
Charles C. Stratton (Whig) ..... 1845 to 1848
Daniel Haines (Democrat) ..... 1848 to 1851
George F. Fort (Democrat) ..... 1851 to 1854
Rodman M. Price (Democrat) ..... 1854 to 1857
William A. Newell (Republican) ..... 1857 to 1860
Charles S. Olden (Republican) ..... 1860 to 1863
Joel Parker (Democrat) ..... 1863 to 1866
Marcus L. Ward (Republican) ..... 1866 to 1869
Theodore F. Randolph (Democrat) ..... 1869 to 1872
Joel Parker (Democrat) ..... 1872 to 1875
Joseph D. Bedle (Democrat) ..... 1875 to 1878
George B. McClellan (Democrat) ..... 1878 to 1881
George C. Ludlow (Democrat) ..... 1881 to 1884
Leon Abbett (Democrat) ..... 1884 to 1887
Robert S. Green (Democrat) ..... 1887 to 1890
Leon Abbett (Democrat) ..... 1890 to 1893
George T. Werts (Democrat) ..... 1893 to 1896
John W. Griggs (Republican) ..... 1896 to 1898
Foster M. Voorhees (Rep.), Acting Governor.....
Feb. 1, '98, to Oct. 18, '98
David O. Watkins (Rep.), Acting Governor.....
Oct. 18, '98, to Jan. 16, '99
Foster M. Voorhees (Republican) ..... 1899 to 1902
Franklin Murphy (Republican) ..... 1902 to 1905
Edward C. Stokes (Republican) ..... 1905 to 1908
John Franklin Fort (Republican) ..... 1908 to 1911
Woodrow Wilson (Democrat) ..... 1911 to 1913
James F. Fielder (Democrat), Acting Governor.....
March 1, '13, to Oct. 28, '13
Leon R. Taylor (Democrat), Acting Governor.....
Oct. 28 to Jan. 20, '14
James F. Fielder (Democrat) ..... 1914 to 1917
Walter E. Edge (Republican) .....1917 to May 16, 1919
William N. Runyon (Republican), Acting Governor..
May 16, '19, to Jan. 13, '20
Clarence E. Case (Republican), Acting Governor..
Jan. 13, '1920, to Jan. 20, '20
Edward I. Edwards (Democrat) ..... 1920 to ——

OTHER ACTING GOVERNORS OF NEW JERSEY.

The following is a list of Presidents of the Senate who served as Acting Governors, for brief periods, during temporary absence of regular Governors:

William M. Johnson (Rep.), Bergen..... 1900
Edmund W. Wakelee (Rep.), Bergen..... 1904
Joseph S. Frelinghuysen (Rep.), Somerset..... 1909
Ernest R. Ackerman (Rep.), Union..... 1911
John Dyneley Prince (Rep.), Passaic..... 1912
John W. Slocum (Dem.), Monmouth..... 1914
Walter E. Edge (Rep.), Atlantic..... 1915
George W. F. Gaunt (Rep.), Gloucester.....1916–1917
Thomas F. McCran (Rep.), Passaic..... 1918

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE
OF THE
UNITED STATES.

When, in the course of human events, it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident: that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundations on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly, all experience hath shown that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But, when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future security. Such has been the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having, in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these States. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world:

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his Governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operations till his assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the Legislature—a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable and distant from the repository of their public records, for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing, with manly firmness, his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused, for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise; the State remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the dangers of invasions from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these States; for that purpose, obstructing the laws for the naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent on his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our Legislatures.

He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to, the civil power.

He has combined, with others, to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitutions, and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation:

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us;

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment, for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these States;

For cutting off our trade with all parts of the world;

For imposing taxes on us without our consent;

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefit of trial by jury;

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offenses;

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies;

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the forms of our governments;

For suspending our own Legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burned our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is, at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries to complete the works of death, desolation and tyranny, already begun, with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages, and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow-citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the executioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrection among us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers, the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undistinguished destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in our attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them, from time to time, of attempts by their Legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our emigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity, and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inev-

itably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war, in peace, friends.

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in General Congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the World for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name and by the authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, Free and Independent States; that they are also absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the State of Great Britain, is, and ought to be, totally dissolved; and that, as Free and Independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and do all other acts and things which Independent States may of right do. And, for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other, our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

Georgia—
Button Gwinnett.
Lyman Hall.
Geo. Walton.

South Carolina—
Edward Rutledge.
Thos. Hayward, Jr.
Thomas Lynch, Jr.
Arthur Middleton.

Virginia—
George Wythe.
Richard Henry Lee.
Thos. Jefferson.
Benjan. Harrison.
Thos. Nelson, Jr.
Francis Lightfoot Lee.
Carter Braxton.

Delaware—
Caesar Rodney.
Geo. Read.

New Jersey—
Richd. Stockton.
Jno. Witherspoon.
Fras. Hopkinson.
John Hart.
Abra. Clark.

Maryland—
Samuel Chase.
Wm. Paca.
Thos. Stone.
Charles Carroll,
of Carrollton.

Pennsylvania—
Robt. Morris.
Benjamin Rush.
Benja. Franklin.
John Morton.
Thomas McKean,
Geo. Clymer.
Jas. Smith.
Geo. Taylor.
James Wilson.
Geo. Ross.

New York—
Wm. Floyd.
Phil. Livingston.
Fran's Lewis.
Lewis Morris.

New Hampshire—
Josiah Bartlett.
Wm. Whipple.
Matthew Thornton.

Massachusetts Bay—
Saml. Adams.
John Adams.
Robt. Treat Paine.
Elbridge Gerry.

North Carolina—
Wm. Hooper.
Joseph Hewes.
John Penn.

Rhode Island and Providence, &c.—
Step. Hopkins.
William Ellery.

Connecticut—
Roger Sherman.
Saml. Huntington.
Wm. Williams.
Oliver Wolcott.

Ordered: IN CONGRESS, January 18, 1777.

That an authenticated copy of the Declaration of Independency, with the names of the Members of Congress subscribing the same, be sent to each of the United States, and that they be desired to have the same put on record.

By order of Congress. JOHN HANCOCK,

Attest, Chas. Thomson, Secy. A true copy. President.
John Hancock,
Presidt.

CONSTITUTION

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.*

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution of the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.

LEGISLATIVE POWERS.

Section I.

All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Section II.

1. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States; and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State legislature.

MEMBERS' QUALIFICATIONS.

2 No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

RULE OF APPORTIONING REPRESENTATIVES AND DIRECT TAXES.

3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within

*This Constitution went into operation on the first Wednesday in March, 1789.

this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the congress of the United States, and within every subsequent term of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entitled to choose three; Massachusetts, eight; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, one; Connecticut, five; New York, six; New Jersey, four; Pennsylvania, eight; Delaware, one; Maryland, six; Virginia, ten; North Carolina, five; South Carolina, five; and Georgia, three.

FILLING OF VACANCIES.

4. When vacancies happen in the representation of any State, the executive authority thereof shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.

OFFICERS—IMPEACHMENT.

5. The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

SENATE—HOW COMPOSED.

Section III.

1. The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each State, chosen by the legislature thereof, for six years, and each senator shall have one vote.

ROTATION OF SENATORS.

2. Immediately after they shall be assembled, in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year; of the second class, at the expiration of the fourth year; and of the third class, at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year. And if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the legislature of any State, the executive thereof may make temporary appointments until the next meeting of the legislature, which shall then fill such vacancies.

THEIR QUALIFICATIONS.

3. No person shall be a senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State for which he shall be chosen.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.

4. The Vice-President of the United States shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.

SENATE OFFICERS.

5. The senate shall choose their other officers, and also a president pro tempore, in the absence of the Vice-President, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.

THE SENATE'S POWERS.

6. The senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the chief justice shall preside. And no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.

7. Judgment, in cases of impeachment, shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust or profit under the United States; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

MEMBERS OF CONGRESS—HOW ELECTED.

Section IV.

1. The times, places and manner of holding elections for senators and representatives shall be prescribed in each State, by the legislature thereof; but the congress may, at any time, by law, make or alter such regulations, except as to the places of choosing senators.

WHEN CONGRESS SHALL MEET.

2. Congress shall assemble at least once in every year; and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF EACH HOUSE.

Section V.

1. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members; and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner and under such penalties as each house may provide.

RULES, &C.

2. Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, expel a member.

JOURNALS.

3. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may, in their judgment, require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of each house, on any question, shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

ADJOURNMENT.

4. Neither house, during the session of congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

COMPENSATION, PRIVILEGES AND INCAPACITIES.

Section VI.

1. The senators and representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the treasury of the United States. They shall, in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

APPOINTMENT TO OFFICE.

2. No senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States, which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time; and no person holding any office

under the United States, shall be a member of either house during his continuance in office.

REVENUE BILLS.

Section VII.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of representatives; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

PASSING BILLS, &C.

2. Every bill which shall have passed the house of representatives and the senate, shall, before it become a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it; but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved by two-thirds of that house, it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the congress, by their adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law.

ORDERS AND RESOLUTIONS.

3. Every order, resolution or vote, to which the concurrence of the senate and house of representatives may be necessary (except on the question of adjournment), shall be presented to the President of the United States, and before the same shall take effect, shall be approved by him, or, being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

POWERS OF CONGRESS.

Section VIII.

The congress shall have power:

1. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense, and

general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

2. To borrow money on the credit of United States;

3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes;

4. To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies, throughout the United States;

5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coins, and fix the standard of weights and measures;

6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States;

7. To establish post offices and post roads;

8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing, for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries;

9. To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court;

10. To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offenses against the law of nations;

11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water;

12. To raise and support armies; but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years;

13. To provide and maintain a navy;

14. To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces;

15. To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

16. To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States, respectively, the appointment of the officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress;

17. To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square), as may, by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of government of the United States; and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards and other needful buildings; and—

18. To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper,

for carrying into execution the foregoing powers and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

LIMITATIONS OF THE POWERS OF CONGRESS.

Section IX.

1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress, prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

2. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless, when in cases of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require it.

3. No bill of attainder, or ex post facto law shall be passed.

4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State. No preference shall be given, by any regulation of commerce or revenue, to the ports of one State over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to or from one State, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

6. No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

7. No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign State.

LIMITATIONS OF THE POWERS OF INDIVIDUAL STATES.

Section X.

1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts; or grant any title of nobility.

2. No State shall, without the consent of the congress,

lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws; and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress.

3. No State shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit delay.

ARTICLE II.

THE EXECUTIVE POWER.

Section I.

1. The executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be elected as follows:

HOW ELECTED.

2. Each State shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the State may be entitled in congress; but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

ELECTORAL COLLEGES.

3. The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot, for two persons, of whom one, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves. And they shall make a list of all the persons voted for, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if there be more than one who have such majority, and have an equal number of votes, then the house of representatives shall immediately

choose by ballot, one of them for President; and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list, the said house shall in like manner choose the President. But in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors, shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the senate shall choose from them, by ballot, the Vice-President. [See XIIth amendment.]

4. The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes, which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

WHO MAY BE ELECTED PRESIDENT.

5. No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States. [See XIIth amendment.]

ON THE DEATH, REMOVAL, &C., OF THE PRESIDENT, THE POWERS AND DUTIES DEVOLVE UPON THE VICE-PRESIDENT.

6. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President; and the congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly, until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected.

COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT.

7. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected; and he shall not receive, within that period,

any other emolument from the United States or any of them.

8. Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

THE OATH.

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

POWERS, &C., OF THE PRESIDENT.

Section II.

1. The President shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States, when called into actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

TREATIES, AMBASSADORS, &C.

2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate shall appoint, ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law. But the congress may, by law, vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of department.

APPOINTING POWER.

3. The President shall have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.

DUTIES OF THE PRESIDENT.

Section III.

He shall, from time to time, give to the congress information of the state of the Union, and recommend to their

consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them; and in case of disagreement between them with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

IMPEACHMENT, &C.

Section IV.

The President, Vice-President and all civil officers of the United States shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.

THE JUDICIAL POWER.

Section I.

The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their service a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

EXTENT OF THE JUDICIAL POWER.

(See Amendments, Art. XI.)

Section II.

1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, or other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and citizens of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State, claiming lands under grants of different States, and between a State, or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens or subjects.

ORIGINAL AND APPELLATE JURISDICTION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a State shall be party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned, the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

TRIALS FOR CRIMES.

3. The trials of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury, and such trial shall be held in the State where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any State, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

TREASON—WHAT AND HOW PUNISHED.

Section III.

1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

2. The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted.

ARTICLE IV.

ACTS, RECORDS, &C., OF EACH STATE.

Section I.

Full faith and credit shall be given, in each State, to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other State. And the congress may, by general laws, prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

PRIVILEGES OF CITIZENS.

Section II.

1. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States.

FUGITIVES FROM JUSTICE.

2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.

SERVANTS, &C., TO BE SURRENDERED ON CLAIM.

3. No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up, on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.

HOW NEW STATES ARE ADMITTED.

Section III.

1. New States may be admitted by the congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State, nor any State be formed by the junction of two or more States or parts of States, without the consent of the legislatures of the States concerned, as well as of the congress.

THE DISPOSITION OF TERRITORIES.

2. The congress shall have power to dispose of, and make all needful rules and regulations respecting, the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.

GUARANTY AND PROTECTION OF THE STATES BY THE UNION.

Section IV.

The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union, a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and, on application of the legislature or of the executive (when the legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION—HOW MADE.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution; or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year eighteen hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article, and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.

FORMER DEBTS VALID.

Section I.

All debts contracted, and engagements entered into, before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution as under the confederation.

THE SUPREME LAW OF THE LAND.

Section II.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL OATH NO RELIGIOUS TEST.

Section III.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever

be required as a qualification to any office of public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

WHEN THE CONSTITUTION TO TAKE EFFECT.

The ratification of the conventions of nine States shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the States so ratifying the same.

Done in the convention, by the unanimous consent of the States present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America the twelfth.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, President,
And Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire—
John Langdon,
Nicholas Gilman.

Massachusetts—
Nathaniel Gorman,
Rufus King.

Connecticut—
William Samuel Johnson,
Roger Sherman.

New York—
Alexander Hamilton.

New Jersey—
William Livingston,
David Brearley,
William Paterson,
Jonathan Dayton.

Pennsylvania—
Benjamin Franklin,
Thomas Mifflin,
Robert Morris,
George Clymer,
Thomas Fitzsimons,
Jared Ingersoll,
James Wilson,
Gouv. Morris.

Delaware—
George Reed,
Gunning Bedford, Jun.,
John Dickinson,
Richard Bassett,
Jacob Broom.

Maryland—
Dan'l of St. Thos. Jenifer,
James McHenry,
Daniel Carroll.

Virginia—
John Blair,
James Madison, Jun.

North Carolina—
William Blunt,
Rich'd Dobbs Spaight,
Hugh Williamson.

South Carolina—
John Rutledge,
Chas. Coatesworth Pinckney,
Charles Pinckney,
Pierce Butler.

Georgia—
William Few,
Abraham Baldwin.

Attest:
William Jackson,
Secretary.

AMENDMENTS

TO THE CONSTITUTION of the United States, Ratified According to the Provisions of the Fifth Article of the Foregoing Constitution.

The following articles proposed by congress, in addition to and amendments of the constitution of the United States, having been ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the States, are become a part of the constitution.

ARTICLE I.

RIGHT OF CONSCIENCE, FREEDOM OF THE PRESS, &C.

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

OF THE MILITIA.

A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

OF QUARTERING SOLDIERS.

No soldier shall in time of peace be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

OF UNREASONABLE SEARCHES AND SEIZURES.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches

and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

OF CRIMES AND INDICTMENTS.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, nor shall any person be subject, for the same offense, to be twice put in jeopardy of life and limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be witness against himself; nor to be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law, nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

OF CRIMINAL PROSECUTIONS.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

OF TRIAL BY JURY IN CIVIL CASES.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

OF BAILS, FINES AND PUNISHMENTS.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

RESERVED RIGHTS.

The enumeration in the constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others, retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

POWERS NOT DELEGATED RESERVED.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

THE JUDICIAL POWER—SEE ART. 3, SEC. 2.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit, in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States, by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

ARTICLE XII.

HOW THE PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT ARE ELECTED.

The electors shall meet in their respective States,* and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves; they shall name, in their ballots, the person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each; which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed,† to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the sen-

*On the second Monday in January next following their appointment.

†After the second Monday in January.

ate; the president of the senate shall, in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates,* and the votes shall then be counted; the person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed. And if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President; but in choosing the President, the votes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice; and if the house of representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of a choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall act as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of President, shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SLAVERY ABOLISHED—13TH AMENDMENT.

Section I.

Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section II.

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

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*On the 2d Wednesday in February, by the same act.

CITIZENS AND THEIR RIGHTS—14TH AMENDMENT.

Section I.

All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States. Nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

APPORTIONMENT OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Section II.

Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective number, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed; but whenever the right to vote at any election for electors of President and Vice-President, or for United States representatives in congress, executive and judicial officers, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

DISABILITY OF PERSONS ENGAGED IN THE REBELLION.

Section III.

No person shall be a senator or representative in congress, elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; but congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

VALIDITY OF PUBLIC DEBT NOT TO BE QUESTIONED.

Section IV.

The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for the payment of pensions and bounties for service in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned, but neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave, but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Section V.

The congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE NOT TO BE IMPAIRED.

Section I.

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Section II.

The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XVI.

POWER TO LAY AND COLLECT TAXES ON INCOMES.

The congress shall have power to lay and collect taxes on incomes, from whatever source derived, without apportionment among the States, and without regard to any census or enumeration.

ARTICLE XVII.

UNITED STATES SENATORS TO BE ELECTED BY THE PEOPLE.

The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for election of the most numerous branch of the State legislatures.

Whenever vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies, provided that the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or term of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.

ARTICLE XVIII.

PROHIBITION OF THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territories subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes are hereby prohibited.

Section 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3. This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the Legislatures of the several States, as provided in the Constitution, within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the States by the Congress.

ARTICLE XIX.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

DATE OF RATIFICATION OF AMENDMENTS.

Article I to X. Proposed September 25, 1789, at first session of First Congress. Ratified by requisite number of States, 1790.

Article XI. Proposed March 5, 1794. Declared ratified January 8, 1798.

Article XII. Proposed December 12, 1803. Declared ratified September 25, 1804.

Article XIII. Proposed February 1, 1865. Declared ratified December 18, 1865.

Article XIV. Proposed June 16, 1866. Declared ratified July 28, 1868.

Article XV. Proposed February 27, 1869. Declared ratified March 30, 1870.

Article XVI. Proposed July 12, 1909. Declared ratified February 25, 1913.

Article XVII. Proposed May 16, 1912. Declared ratified May 31, 1913.

Article XVIII. Proposed December 17, 1917. Declared ratified January 16, 1919. Effective January 16, 1920.

Article XIX. Proposed June 4, 1919. Declared ratified August 26, 1920.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

The following is a list of the United States Senators for New Jersey from 1789 to date:

Jonathan Elmer, March 4, 1789, to March 3, 1791.
William Paterson, March 4, 1789, to November 23, 1790.
Philemon Dickinson, November 23, 1790, to March 3, 1793.
John Rutherford, March 4, 1791, to December 5, 1798.
Frederick Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1793, to November 12, 1796.
Richard Stockton, November 12, 1796, to March 3, 1799.
Franklin Davenport, December 5, 1798, to February 14, 1799.
James Schureman, February 14, 1799, to February 26, 1801.
Jonathan Dayton, March 4, 1799, to March 3, 1805.
Aaron Ogden, February 26, 1801, to March 3, 1803.
John Condit, September 1, 1803, to March 3, 1809.
Aaron Kitchell, March 4, 1805, to March 21, 1809.
John Lambert, March 4, 1809, to March 3, 1815.
John Condit, March 21, 1809, to March 3, 1817.
James Jefferson Wilson, March 4, 1815, to January 26, 1[illegible] 1.
Mahlon Dickerson, March 4, 1817, to March 3, 1829.
Samuel L. Southard, January 26, 1821, to November 12, 1823.
Joseph McIlvaine, November 12, 1823, to August 16, 1826.
Ephraim Bateman, November 10, 1826, to January 30, 1829.
Theodore Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1829, to March 3, 1835.
Mahlon Dickerson, January 30, 1829, to March 3, 1833.
Samuel L. Southard, March 4, 1833, to June 26, 1842.
Garret D. Wall, March 4, 1835, to March 3, 1841.
Jacob W. Miller, March 4, 1841, to March 3, 1853.
William L. Dayton, July 2, 1842, to March 3, 1851.
Jacob W. Miller, January 4, 1841, to March 3, 1853.
Robert F. Stockton, March 4, 1851, to February 11, 1853.
William Wright, March 4, 1853, to March 3, 1859.
John R. Thomson (died), February 11, 1853, to December, 1862.
Richard S. Field (vacancy), December 12, 1862, to January 18, 1863.
John C. Ten Eyck, from March 17, 1859, to March 3, 1865.
James W. Wall (vacancy), January 14, 1863, to March 3, 1863.
William Wright, March 4, 1863, to November, 1866.
F. T. Frelinghuysen, November, 1866, to March 3, 1869.
John P. Stockton, March 4, 1865, to March 27, 1866.
Alexander G. Cattell, December 3, 1866, to March 3, 1871.
John P. Stockton, March 4, 1869, to March 3, 1875.
F. T. Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1871, to March 3, 1877.
T. F. Randolph, March 4, 1875, to March 3, 1881.
John R. McPherson, March 4, 1877, to March 3, 1895.
William J. Sewell, March 4, 1881, to March 3, 1887.
Rufus Blodgett, March 4, 1887, to March 3, 1893.
James Smith, Jr., March 4, 1893, to March 3, 1899.
William J. Sewell, March 4, 1895, to December 26, 1901.
John Kean, March 4, 1899, to March 3, 1911.
John F. Dryden, February 4, 1902, to March 3, 1907.
Frank O. Briggs, March 4, 1907, to March 3, 1913.
James E. Martine, March 4, 1911, to March 3, 1917.
William Hughes, March 4, 1913, to January 30, 1918.
Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, March 4, 1917, to ——.
David Baird, March 7, 1918, to March 3, 1919.
Walter E. Edge, May 19, 1919, to ——.

STATE CONSTITUTION.

A CONSTITUTION agreed upon by the delegates of the people of New Jersey, in convention begun at Trenton on the fourteenth day of May, and continued to the twenty-ninth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, ratified by the people at an election held on the thirteenth day of August, A. D. 1844, and amended at a special election held on the seventh day of September, A. D. 1875, and at another special election held on the twenty-eighth day of September, A. D. 1897.

We, the people of the State of New Jersey, grateful to Almighty God for the civil and religious liberty which He hath so long permitted us to enjoy, and looking to Him for a blessing upon our endeavors to secure and transmit the same unimpaired to succeeding generations, do ordain and establish this Constitution:

ARTICLE I.

RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.

1. All men are by nature free and independent, and have certain natural and unalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty; acquiring, possessing and protecting property, and of pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for the protection, security and benefit of the people, and they have the right at all times to alter or reform the same, whenever the public good may require it.

3. No person shall be deprived of the inestimable privilege of worshiping Almighty God in a manner agreeable to the dictates of his own conscience; nor, under any pretense whatever, to be compelled to attend any place of worship contrary to his faith and judgment; nor shall any person be obliged to pay tithes, taxes or other rates for building or repairing any church or churches, place or places of worship, or for the maintenance of any minister or ministry, contrary to what he believes to be right, or has deliberately and voluntarily engaged to perform.

4. There shall be no establishment of one religious sect in preference to another; no religious test shall be required as a qualification for any office or public trust; and no person shall be denied the enjoyment of any civil right merely on account of his religious principles.

5. Every person may freely speak, write and publish his sentiments on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that right. No law shall be passed to restrain or abridge the liberty of speech or of the press. In all prosecutions or indictments for libel, the truth may be given in evidence to the jury; and if it shall appear to the jury that the matter charged as libelous is true, and was published with good motives and for justifiable ends, the party shall be acquitted; and the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the fact.

6. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated; and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the papers and things to be seized.

7. The right of a trial by jury shall remain inviolate; but the legislature may authorize the trial of civil suits, when the matter in dispute does not exceed fifty dollars, by a jury of six men.

8. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury; to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel in his defense.

9. No person shall be held to answer for a criminal offense, unless on the presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases of impeachment, or in cases cognizable by justices of the peace, or arising in the army or navy; or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger.

10. No person shall, after acquittal, be tried for the same offense. All persons shall, before conviction, be bailable by sufficient sureties, except for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or presumption great.

11. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless in case of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

12. The military shall be in strict subordination to the civil power.

13. No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in

any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in a manner prescribed by law.

14. Treason against the State shall consist only in levying war against it, or in adhering to its enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

15. Excessive bail shall not be required, excessive fines shall not be imposed, and cruel and unusual punishments shall not be inflicted.

16. Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation; but land may be taken for public highways as heretofore, until the legislature shall direct compensation to be made.

17. No person shall be imprisoned for debt in any action, or on any judgment founded upon contract, unless in cases of fraud; nor shall any person be imprisoned for a militia fine in time of peace.

18. The people have the right freely to assemble together, to consult for the common good, to make known their opinions to their representatives, and to petition for redress of grievances.

19. No county, city, borough, town, township or village shall hereafter give any money or property, or loan its money or credit, to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, or become security for or be directly or indirectly the owner of any stock or bonds of any association or corporation.

20. No donation of land or appropriation of money shall be made by the State or any municipal corporation to or for the use of any society, association or corporation whatever.

21. This enumeration of rights and privileges shall not be construed to impair or deny others retained by the people.

ARTICLE II.

RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE.

1. Every male citizen of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of this State one year, and of the county in which he claims his vote five months, next before the election, shall be entitled to vote for all officers that now are, or hereafter may be, elective by the people; provided, that no person in the military, naval or marine service of the United States shall be considered a resident in this State, by being sta-

tioned in any garrison, barrack, or military or naval place or station within this State; and no pauper, idiot, insane person, or person convicted of a crime which now excludes him from being a witness unless pardoned or restored by law to the right of suffrage, shall enjoy the right of an elector; and provided further, that in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State, or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district; and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which, and the time and place at which, such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election districts in which they respectively reside.

2. The legislature may pass laws to deprive persons of the right of suffrage who shall be convicted of bribery.

ARTICLE III.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE POWERS OF GOVERNMENT.

1. The powers of the government shall be divided into three distinct departments—the legislative, executive and judicial; and no person or persons belonging to, or constituting one of these departments, shall exercise any of the powers properly belonging to either of the others, except as herein expressly provided.

ARTICLE IV.

LEGISLATIVE.

Section I.

1. The legislative power shall be vested in a senate and general assembly.

2. No person shall be a member of the senate who shall not have attained the age of thirty years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State for four years, and of the county for which he shall be chosen one year, next before his election; and no person shall be a member of the general assembly who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State for two years, and of the county for which he shall be chosen one year next before his election; provided, that no person shall be eligible as a member of either house of the legislature, who shall not be entitled to the right of suffrage.

3. Members of the senate and general assembly shall be elected yearly and every year, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; and the two houses shall meet separately on the second Tuesday in January next after the said day of election, at which time of meeting the legislative year shall commence; but the time of holding such election may be altered by the legislature.

Section II.

1. The senate shall be composed of one senator from each county in the State, elected by the legal voters of the counties, respectively, for three years.

2. As soon as the senate shall meet after the first election to be held in pursuance of this constitution, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the first year; of the second class at the expiration of the second year; and of the third class at the expiration of the third year, so that one class may be elected every year; and if vacancies happen, by resignation or otherwise, the persons elected to supply such vacancies shall be elected for the unexpired terms only.

Section III.

1. The general assembly shall be composed of members annually elected by the legal voters of the counties, respectively, who shall be apportioned among the said counties as nearly as may be according to the number of their inhabitants. The present apportionment shall continue until the next census of the United States shall have been taken, and an apportionment of members of the general assembly shall be made by the legislature at its first session after the next and every subsequent enumeration or census, and when made shall remain unaltered until another enumeration shall have been taken; provided, that each county shall at all times be entitled to one member; and the whole number of members shall never exceed sixty.

Section IV.

1. Each house shall direct writs of election for supplying vacancies, occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise; but if vacancies occur during the recess of the legislature, the writs may be issued by the governor, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

2. Each house shall be the judge of the elections, returns and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of

each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

3. Each house shall choose its own officers, determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and, with the concurrence of two-thirds, may expel a member.

4. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same; and the yeas and nays of the members of either house on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the journal.

5. Neither house, during the session of the legislature, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two houses shall be sitting.

6. All bills and joint resolutions shall be read three times in each house, before the final passage thereof; and no bill or joint resolution shall pass unless there be a majority of all the members of each body personally present and agreeing thereto; and the yeas and nays of the members voting on such final passage shall be entered on the journal.

7. Members of the senate and general assembly shall receive annually the sum of five hundred dollars during the time for which they shall have been elected and while they shall hold their office, and no other allowance or emolument, directly or indirectly, for any purpose whatever. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of assembly shall, in virtue of their offices, receive an additional compensation, equal to one-third of their allowance as members.

8. Members of the senate and general assembly shall, in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the sitting of their respective houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate, in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

Section V.

1. No member of the senate or general assembly shall, during the time for which he was elected, be nominated or appointed by the governor, or by the legislature in joint meeting, to any civil office under the authority of this State which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased, during such time.

2. If any member of the senate or general assembly shall be elected to represent this State in the senate or house of representatives of the United States, and shall accept thereof, or shall accept of any office or appointment under the government of the United States, his seat in the legislature of this State shall thereby be vacated.

3. No justice of the supreme court, nor judge of any other court, sheriff, justice of the peace nor any person or persons possessed of any office of profit under the government of this State, shall be entitled to a seat either in the senate or in the general assembly; but, on being elected and taking his seat his office shall be considered vacant; and no person holding any office of profit under the government of the United States shall be entitled to a seat in either house.

Section VI.

1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house of assembly; but the senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.

2. No money shall be drawn from the treasury but for appropriations made by law.

3. The credit of the State shall not be directly or indirectly loaned in any case.

4. The legislature shall not, in any manner, create any debt or debts, liability or liabilities, of the State which shall, singly or in the aggregate with any previous debts or liabilities, at any time exceed one hundred thousand dollars, except for purposes of war, or to repel invasion, or to suppress insurrection, unless the same shall be authorized by a law for some single object or work, to be distinctly specified therein; which law shall provide the ways and means, exclusive of loans, to pay the interest of such debt or liability as it falls due, and also to pay and discharge the principal of such debt or liability within thirty-five years from the time of the contracting thereof, and shall be irrepealable until such debt or liability, and the interest thereon, are fully paid and discharged; and no such law shall take effect until it shall, at a general election, have been submitted to the people, and have received the sanction of a majority of all the votes cast for and against it at such election; and all money to be raised by the authority of such law shall be applied only to the specific object stated therein, and to the payment of the debt thereby created. This section shall not be construed to refer to any money that has been, or may be, deposited with this State by the government of the United States.

Section VII.

1. No divorce shall be granted by the legislature.

2. No lottery shall be authorized by the legislature or otherwise in this State, and no ticket in any lottery shall be bought or sold within this State, nor shall pool-selling, book-making or gambling of any kind be authorized or allowed within this State, nor shall any gambling device, practice or game of chance now prohibited by law be legalized, or the remedy, penalty or punishment now provided therefor be in any way diminished.

3. The legislature shall not pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or depriving a party of any remedy for enforcing a contract which existed when the contract was made.

4. To avoid improper influences which may result from intermixing in one and the same act such things as have no proper relation to each other, every law shall embrace but one object, and that shall be expressed in the title. No law shall be revived or amended by reference to its title only; but the act revived, or the section or sections amended, shall be inserted at length. No general law shall embrace any provision of a private, special or local character. No act shall be passed which shall provide that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be made or deemed a part of the act, or which shall enact that any existing law, or any part thereof, shall be applicable, except by inserting it in such act.

5. The laws of this State shall begin in the following style: "Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey."

6. The fund for the support of free schools, and all money, stock and other property which may hereafter be appropriated for that purpose, or received into the treasury under the provision of any law heretofore passed to augment the said fund, shall be securely invested and remain a perpetual fund; and the income thereof, except so much as it may be judged expedient to apply to an increase of the capital, shall be annually appropriated to the support of public free schools, for the equal benefit of all the people of the State; and it shall not be competent for the legislature to borrow, appropriate or use the said fund, or any part thereof, for any other purpose, under any pretense whatever. The legislature shall provide for the maintenance and support of a thorough and efficient system of free public schools for the instruction of all the children in this State between the ages of five and eighteen years.

7. No private or special law shall be passed authorizing the sale of any lands belonging in whole or in part to a minor or minors, or other persons who may at the time be under any legal disability to act for themselves.

8. Individuals or private corporations shall not be authorized to take private property for public use, without just compensation first made to the owners.

9. No private, special or local bill shall be passed unless public notice of the intention to apply therefor, and of the general object thereof, shall have been previously given. The legislature, at the next session after the adoption hereof, and from time to time thereafter, shall prescribe the time and mode of giving such notice, the evidence thereof, and how such evidence shall be preserved.

10. The legislature may vest in the circuit courts, or courts of common pleas within the several counties of this State, chancery powers, so far as relates to the foreclosure of mortgages and sale of mortgaged premises.

11. The legislature shall not pass private, local or special laws in any of the following enumerated cases; that is to say:

Laying out, opening, altering and working roads or highways.

Vacating any road, town plot, street, alley or public grounds.

Regulating the internal affairs of towns and counties; appointing local offices or commissions to regulate municipal affairs.

Selecting, drawing, summoning or empaneling grand or petit jurors.

Creating, increasing or decreasing the percentage or allowance of public officers during the term for which said officers were elected or appointed.

Changing the law of descent.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks.

Providing for changes of venue in civil or criminal cases.

Providing for the management and support of free public schools.

The legislature shall pass general laws providing for the cases enumerated in this paragraph, and for all other cases which, in its judgment, may be provided for by general laws. The legislature shall pass no special act conferring corporate powers, but they shall pass general laws under which corporations may be organized and corporate powers

of every nature obtained, subject, nevertheless, to repeal or alteration at the will of the legislature.

12. Property shall be assessed for taxes under general laws, and by uniform rules, according to its true value.

Section VIII.

1. Members of the legislature shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear [or affirm, as the case may be,] that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of New Jersey, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of senator [or member of the general assembly, as the case may be,] according to the best of my ability."

And members-elect of the senate or general assembly are hereby empowered to administer to each other the said oath or affirmation.

2. Every officer of the legislature shall, before he enters upon his duties, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly promise and swear [or affirm] that I will faithfully, impartially and justly perform all the duties of the office of ————, to the best of my ability and understanding; that I will carefully preserve all records, papers, writings or property intrusted to me for safe-keeping by virtue of my office, and make such disposition of the same as may be required by law."

ARTICLE V.

EXECUTIVE.

1. The executive power shall be vested in a governor.

2. The governor shall be elected by the legal voters of this State. The person having the highest number of votes shall be the governor; but if two or more shall be equal and highest in votes, one of them shall be chosen governor by the vote of a majority of the members of both houses in joint meeting. Contested elections for the office of governor shall be determined in such manner as the legislature shall direct by law. When a governor is to be elected by the people, such election shall be held at the time when and at the places where the people shall respectively vote for members of the legislature.

3. The governor shall hold his office for three years, to commence on the third Tuesday of January next ensuing the election for governor by the people, and to end on the

Monday preceding the third Tuesday of January, three years thereafter; and he shall be incapable of holding that office for three years next after his term of service shall have expired; and no appointment or nomination to office shall be made by the governor during the last week of his said term.

4. The governor shall be not less than thirty years of age, and shall have been for twenty years, at least, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of this State seven years next before his election, unless he shall have been absent during that time on the public business of the United States or of this State.

5. The governor shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation which shall be neither increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected.

6. He shall be the commander-in-chief of all the military and naval forces of the State; he shall have power to convene the legislature, or the senate alone, whenever in his opinion public necessity requires it; he shall communicate by message to the legislature at the opening of each session, and at such other times as he may deem necessary, the condition of the State, and recommend such measures as he may deem expedient; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and grant, under the great seal of the State, commissions to all such officers as shall be required to be commissioned.

7. Every bill which shall have passed both houses shall be presented to the governor; if he approve he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated, who shall enter the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it; if, after such reconsideration, a majority of the whole number of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if approved of by a majority of the whole number of that house, it shall become a law; but in neither house shall the vote be taken on the same day on which the bill shall be returned to it; and in all such cases, the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor, within five days (Sunday excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislature by their adjourn-

ment prevent its return, in which case it shall not be a law. If any bill presented to the governor contain several items of appropriations of money, he may object to one or more of such items while approving of the other portions of the bill. In such case he shall append to the bill, at the time of signing it, a statement of the items to which he objects, and the appropriation so objected to shall not take effect. If the legislature be in session he shall transmit to the house in which the bill originated, a copy of such statement, and the items objected to shall be separately reconsidered. If, on reconsideration, one or more of such items be approved by a majority of the members elected to each house, the same shall be a part of the law, notwithstanding the objections of the governor. All the provisions of this section in relation to bills not approved by the governor shall apply to cases in which he shall withhold his approval from any item or items contained in a bill appropriating money.

8. No member of congress, or person holding an office under the United States, or this State, shall exercise the office of governor; and in case the governor, or person administering the government shall accept any office under the United States or this State, his office of governor shall thereupon be vacant. Nor shall he be elected by the legislature to any office under the government of this State or of the United States, during the term for which he shall have been elected governor.

9. The governor, or person administering the government, shall have power to suspend the collection of fines and forfeitures, and to grant reprieves, to extend until the expiration of a time not exceeding ninety days after conviction; but this power shall not extend to cases of impeachment.

10. The governor, or person administering the government, the chancellor, and the six judges of the court of errors and appeals, or a major part of them, of whom the governor, or person administering the government, shall be one, may remit fines and forfeitures, and grant pardons, after conviction, in all cases except impeachment.

11. The governor and all other civil officers under this State shall be liable to impeachment for misdemeanor in office during their continuance in office, and for two years thereafter.

12. In case of the death, resignation or removal from office of the governor, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate, and in case of his death, resignation or removal, then upon the speaker of the house of assembly, for the time

being, until another governor shall be elected and qualified; but in such case another governor shall be chosen at the next election for members of the legislature, unless such death, resignation or removal shall occur within thirty days immediately preceding such next election, in which case a governor shall be chosen at the second succeeding election for members of the legislature. When a vacancy happens, during the recess of the legislature, in any office which is to be filled by the governor and senate, or by the legislature in joint meeting, the governor shall fill such vacancy and the commission shall expire at the end of the next session of the legislature, unless a successor shall be sooner appointed; when a vacancy happens in the office of clerk or surrogate of any county, the governor shall fill such vacancy, and the commission shall expire when a successor is elected and qualified. No person who shall have been nominated to the senate by the governor for any office of trust or profit under the government of this State, and shall not have been confirmed before the recess of the legislature, shall be eligible for appointment to such office during the continuance of such recess.

13. In case of the impeachment of the governor, his absence from the State or inability to discharge the duties of his office, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate; and in case of his death, resignation or removal, then upon the speaker of the house of assembly for the time being, until the governor, absent or impeached, shall return or be acquitted, or until the disqualification or inability shall cease, or until a new governor be elected and qualified.

14. In case of a vacancy in the office of governor from any other cause than those herein enumerated, or in case of the death of the governor-elect before he is qualified into office, the powers, duties and emoluments of the office shall devolve upon the president of the senate or speaker of the house of assembly, as above provided for, until a new governor be elected and qualified.

ARTICLE VI.

JUDICIARY.

Section I.

1. The judicial power shall be vested in a court of errors and appeals in the last resort in all causes as heretofore; a court for the trial of impeachments; a court of chancery;

a prerogative court; a supreme court; circuit courts, and such inferior courts as now exist, and as may be hereafter ordained and established by law; which inferior courts the legislature may alter or abolish, as the public good shall require.

Section II.

1. The court of errors and appeals shall consist of the chancellor, the justices of the supreme court, and six judges, or a major part of them; which judges are to be appointed for six years.

2. Immediately after the court shall first assemble, the six judges shall arrange themselves in such manner that the seat of one of them shall be vacated every year, in order that thereafter one judge may be annually appointed.

3. Such of the six judges as shall attend the court shall receive, respectively, a per diem compensation, to be provided by law.

4. The secretary of state shall be the clerk of this court.

5. When an appeal from an order or decree shall be heard, the chancellor shall inform the court, in writing, of the reasons for his order or decree; but he shall not sit as a member, or have a voice in the hearing or final sentence.

6. When a writ of error shall be brought, no justice who has given a judicial opinion in the cause in favor of or against any error complained of, shall sit as a member, or have a voice on the hearing, or for its affirmance or reversal; but the reasons for such opinion shall be assigned to the court in writing.

Section III.

1. The house of assembly shall have the sole power of impeaching, by a vote of a majority of all the members; and all impeachments shall be tried by the senate; the members, when sitting for that purpose, to be on oath or affirmation "truly and impartially to try and determine the charge in question according to evidence;" and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members of the senate.

2. Any judicial officer impeached shall be suspended from exercising his office until his acquittal.

3. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend farther than to removal from office, and to disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, profit or trust under

this State; but the party convicted shall, nevertheless, be liable to indictment, trial and punishment according to law.

4. The secretary of state shall be the clerk of this court.

Section IV.

1. The court of chancery shall consist of a chancellor.

2. The chancellor shall be the ordinary or surrogate general, and judge of the prerogative court.

3. All persons aggrieved by any order, sentence or decree of the orphans' court, may appeal from the same, or from any part thereof to the prerogative court; but such order, sentence or decree shall not be removed into the supreme court, or circuit court if the subject-matter thereof be within the jurisdiction of the orphans' court.

4. The secretary of state shall be the register of the prerogative court, and shall perform the duties required of him by law in that respect.

Section V.

1. The supreme court shall consist of a chief justice and four associate justices. The number of associate justices may be increased or decreased by law, but shall never be less than two.

2. The circuit courts shall be held in every county of this State, by one or more of the justices of the supreme court, or a judge appointed for that purpose, and shall, in all cases within the county except in those of a criminal nature, have cómmon law jurisdiction, concurrent with the supreme court; and any final judgment of a circuit court may be docketed in the supreme court, and shall operate as a judgment obtained in the supreme court from the time of such docketing.

3. Final judgments in any circuit court may be brought by writ of error into the supreme court, or directly into the court of errors and appeals.

Section VI.

1. There shall be no more than five judges of the inferior court of common pleas in each of the counties in this State, after the terms of the judges of said court now in office shall terminate. One judge for each county shall be appointed every year, and no more, except to fill vacancies, which shall be for the unexpired term only.

2. The commissions for the first appointments of judges of said court shall bear date and take effect on the first day of April next; and all subsequent commissions for judges of said court shall bear date and take effect on the

first day of April in every successive year, except commissions to fill vacancies, which shall bear date and take effect when issued.

Section VII.

1. There may be elected under this constitution two, and not more than five, justices of the peace in each of the townships of the several counties of this State, and in each of the wards, in cities that may vote in wards. When a township or ward contains two thousand inhabitants or less, it may have two justices; when it contains more than two thousand inhabitants, and not more than four thousand, it may have four justices; and when it contains more than four thousand inhabitants, it may have five justices; provided, that whenever any township not voting in wards contains more than seven thousand inhabitants, such township may have an additional justice for each additional three thousand inhabitants above four thousand.

2. The population of the townships in the several counties of the State and of the several wards shall be ascertained by the last preceding census of the United States, until the legislature shall provide, by law, some other mode of ascertaining it.

ARTICLE VII.

APPOINTING POWER AND TENURE OF OFFICE.

Section I.

MILITIA OFFICERS.

1. The legislature shall provide by law for enrolling, organizing and arming the militia.

2. Captains, subalterns and non-commissioned officers shall be elected by the members of their respective companies.

3. Field officers of regiments, independent battalions and squadrons shall be elected by the commissioned officers of their respective regiments, battalions or squadrons.

4. Brigadier-generals shall be elected by the field officers of their respective brigades.

5. Major-generals, the adjutant-general and quartermaster-general shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

6. The legislature shall provide, by law, the time and manner of electing militia officers, and of certifying their elections to the governor, who shall grant their commis-

sions, and determine their rank, when not determined by law; and no commissioned officer shall be removed from office but by the sentence of a court-martial, pursuant to law.

7. In case the electors of subalterns, captains or field officers shall refuse or neglect to make such elections, the governor shall have power to appoint such officers, and to fill all vacancies caused by such refusal or neglect.

8. Brigade inspectors shall be chosen by the field officers of their respective brigades.

9. The governor shall appoint all militia officers whose appointment is not otherwise provided for in this constitution.

10. Major-generals, brigadier-generals and commanding officers of regiments, independent battalions and squadrons shall appoint the staff officers of their divisions, brigades, regiments, independent battalions and squadrons, respectively.

Section II.

CIVIL OFFICERS.

1. Justices of the supreme court, chancellor, judges of the court of errors and appeals and judges of the inferior court of common pleas shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

The justices of the supreme court and chancellor shall hold their offices for the term of seven years; shall, at stated times, receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during the term of their appointments; and they shall hold no other office under the government of this State or of the United States.

2. Judges of the courts of common pleas shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly, in joint meeting.

They shall hold their offices for five years; but when appointed to fill vacancies, they shall hold for the unexpired term only.

3. The state treasurer and comptroller shall be appointed by the senate and general assembly, in joint meeting.

They shall hold their offices for three years, and until their successors shall be qualified into office.

4. The attorney-general, prosecutors of the pleas, clerk of the supreme court, clerk of the court of chancery, secretary of state and the keeper of the state prison shall be

nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

5. The law reporter shall be appointed by the justices of the supreme court, or a majority of them; and the chancery reporter shall be appointed by the chancellor.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

6. Clerks and surrogates of counties shall be elected by the people of their respective counties, at the annual elections for members of the general assembly.

They shall hold their offices for five years.

7. Sheriffs and coroners shall be elected by the people of their respective counties, at the elections for members of the general assembly, and they shall hold their offices for three years, after which three years must elapse before they can be again capable of serving. Sheriffs shall annually renew their bonds.

8. Justices of the peace shall be elected by ballot at the annual meetings of the townships in the several counties of the State, and of the wards in cities that may vote in wards, in such manner and under such regulations as may be hereafter provided by law.

They shall be commissioned for the county, and their commissions shall bear date and take effect on the first day of May next after their election.

They shall hold their offices for five years; but when elected to fill vacancies, they shall hold for the unexpired term only; provided, that the commission of any justice of the peace shall become vacant upon his ceasing to reside in the township in which he was elected.

The first election for justices of the peace shall take place at the next annual town-meetings of the townships in the several counties of the State, and of the wards in cities that may vote in wards.

9. All other officers, whose appointments are not otherwise provided for by law, shall be nominated by the governor, and appointed by him, with the advice and consent of the senate; and shall hold their offices for the time prescribed by law.

10. All civil officers elected or appointed pursuant to the provisions of this constitution, shall be commissioned by the governor.

11. The term of office of all officers elected or appointed, pursuant to the provisions of this constitution, except when herein otherwise directed, shall commence on the day of the date of their respective commissions; but no

commission for any office shall bear date prior to the expiration of the term of the incumbent of said office.

ARTICLE VIII.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

1. The secretary of state shall be ex officio an auditor of the accounts of the treasurer, and as such, it shall be his duty to assist the legislature in the annual examination and settlement of said accounts, until otherwise provided by law.

2. The seal of the State shall be kept by the governor, or person administering the government, and used by him officially, and shall be called the great seal of the State of New Jersey.

3. All grants and commissions shall be in the name and by the authority of the State of New Jersey, sealed with the great seal, signed by the governor, or person administering the government, and countersigned by the secretary of state, and it shall run thus: "The State of New Jersey, to ————, greeting." All writs shall be in the name of the State; and all indictments shall conclude in the following manner, viz., "against the peace of this State, the government and dignity of the same."

4. This constitution shall take effect and go into operation on the second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

ARTICLE IX.

AMENDMENTS.

Any specific amendment or amendments to the constitution may be proposed in the senate or general assembly, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislature then next to be chosen, and shall be published for three months previous to making such choice, in at least one newspaper of each county, if any be published therein; and if in the legislature next chosen as aforesaid, such proposed amendment or amendments, or any of them, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislature to submit such proposed amendment or amendments, or such of them as may have been agreed

to as aforesaid by the two legislatures, to the people, in such manner and at such time, at least four months after the adjournment of the legislature, as the legislature shall prescribe; and if the people at a special election to be held for that purpose only, shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments, or any of them, by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislature voting thereon, such amendment or amendments so approved and ratified shall become part of the constitution; provided, that if more than one amendment be submitted, they shall be submitted in such manner and form that the people may vote for or against each amendment separately and distinctly; but no amendment or amendments shall be submitted to the people by the legislature oftener than once in five years.

ARTICLE X.

SCHEDULE.

That no inconvenience may arise from the change in the constitution of this State, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared and ordained, that—

1. The common law and statute laws now in force, not repugnant to this constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitation, or be altered or repealed by the legislature; and all writs, actions, causes of action, prosecutions, contracts, claims and rights of individuals and of bodies corporate, and of the State, and all charters of incorporation, shall continue, and all indictments which shall have been found, or which may hereafter be found, for any crime or offense committed before the adoption of this constitution, may be proceeded upon as if no change had taken place. The several courts of law and equity, except as herein otherwise provided, shall continue with the like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted.

2. All officers now filling any office or appointment shall continue in the exercise of the duties thereof, according to their respective commissions or appointments, unless by this constitution it is otherwise directed.

3. The present governor, chancellor and ordinary or surrogate-general and treasurer shall continue in office until successors elected or appointed under this constitution shall be sworn or affirmed into office.

4. In case of the death, resignation or disability of the

present governor, the person who may be vice-president of council at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall continue in office and administer the government until a governor shall have been elected and sworn or affirmed into office under this constitution.

5. The present governor, or in case of his death or inability to act, the vice-president of council, together with the present members of the legislative council and secretary of state, shall constitute a board of state canvassers, in the manner now provided by law, for the purpose of ascertaining and declaring the result of the next ensuing election for governor, members of the house of representatives, and electors of president and vice-president.

6. The returns of the votes for governor, at the said next ensuing election, shall be transmitted to the secretary of state, the votes counted, and the election declared in the manner now provided by law in the case of the election of electors of president and vice-president.

7. The election of clerks and surrogates, in those counties where the term of office of the present incumbent shall expire previous to the general election of eighteen hundred and forty-five, shall be held at the general election next ensuing the adoption of this constitution; the result of which election shall be ascertained in the manner now provided by law for the election of sheriffs.

8. The elections for the year eighteen hundred and forty-four shall take place as now provided by law.

9. It shall be the duty of the governor to fill all vacancies in office happening between the adoption of this constitution and the first session of the senate, and not otherwise provided for, and the commissions shall expire at the end of the first session of the senate, or when successors shall be elected or appointed and qualified.

10. The restriction of the pay of members of the legislature, after forty days from the commencement of the session, shall not be applied to the first legislature convened under this constitution.

11. Clerks of counties shall be clerks of the inferior courts of common pleas and quarter sessions of the several counties, and perform the duties, and be subject to the regulations now required of them by law until otherwise ordained by the legislature.

12. The legislature shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

State of New Jersey:

I, George Wurts, Secretary of State of the State of New Jersey, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the Constitution of the State of New Jersey as amended, as the same is taken from and compared with the original Constitution and amendments thereto, now remaining on file in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my [L. S.] hand and affixed my official seal, this twenty-sixth day of October, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-seven.

GEORGE WURTS.

STATE INSTITUTIONS.

THE STATE CAPITOL.

This edifice, a massive structure, erected at sundry times and added to at various periods, is located on West State street, near Willow street. The grounds have a frontage of 425 feet on State street and extend southerly a distance of about 700 feet to the Delaware river. The original plot, up to the year 1910, had a frontage of 310 feet, extended back in a parallelogram and embraced about 3½ acres.

The seat of Government was fixed at Trenton by an act of the Legislature, approved November 25th, 1790. James Cooper, Thomas Lowery, James Ewing, Maskell Ewing, George Anderson, James Mott and Moore Furman were appointed commissioners to select, purchase or accept so much land as was needed, and to erect thereon suitable buildings for the use of the Legislature. They purchased a site, containing about three and three-quarters acres—a frontage on Second street (now West State street) of 247 feet and 6 inches, and a depth from the front to low water line of the Delaware river of 666 feet—at a cost of £250 5s. The old State House was a plain, bare-looking, rough-cast building, and was erected at a cost of £3,992 3s. ½d. By an act of March 4th, 1795, a building was erected to serve as an office for the Secretary of State, and for the preservation of the public records, at a cost of £620 19s. 10d. Numerous improvements and repairs were made, and on March 3d, 1806, an act was passed appointing commissioners to make certain repairs to the State House, to provide and hang a suitable bell, &c. This was done, and the bell was used for informing the members of both houses, as well as the courts, of the hour of meeting. The bell was eventually discarded, and an American flag substituted, which waves from the building unto this day, when the Legislature is in session, and upon holidays and State occasions. In 1848, the State House was altered by the removal of the rough-casting, and changing the style of the front by placing neat porticoes over the front and rear entrances, and erecting two additional buildings

adjoining the main one, as offices for the Clerks of the Chancery and Supreme Courts. The rotunda was also erected, and the grounds fenced, graded, laid out and shade trees planted, all at a cost of $27,000. The commissioners under whose direction the work was completed, were Samuel R. Gummere, Samuel R. Hamilton and Stacy A. Paxson. In 1863, '64 and '65, appropriations were expended in building additions for the State Library, Executive Chambers, &c. In 1871, Charles S. Olden, Thomas J. Stryker and Lewis Perrine were appointed commissioners to cause a suitable addition to be built—more commodious apartments for the Senate and Assembly, &c. The sum of $50,000 was appropriated, and the buildings for the Legislature were ready for occupancy in time for the meeting of the Legislature in 1872. In 1872, $120,000 was appropriated for completing the building, $3,000 for fitting up the Executive Chamber, $4,000 for fitting up the Chancery and Supreme Court rooms, and $2,000 for fitting up the offices on the first floor of the east wing. In 1873, the sum of $43,000 was appropriated for the improvement of the front of the building, completing unfinished repairs and improvements, and for fitting up the Library, &c. On March 18th, 1875, the sum of $15,000 was appropriated for the purpose of putting a new three-story front to the building, and to fit up offices on the second floor for the Clerks of the Court of Chancery and Supreme Court, and for providing a suitable museum for geological specimens, and the battle-flags of New Jersey volunteer regiments, carried during the war of the Rebellion.

On March 21st, 1885, the front portion was destroyed by fire, and the Legislature appropriated $50,000 for rebuilding, and in 1886, an additional appropriation of $225,000 was granted.

The new building was finished in 1889. It is of rectangular shape and of the Renaissance style of architecture, with a frontage of one hundred and sixty feet on State street, a depth of sixty-seven feet, and three and a half stories high, with a rotunda thirty-nine feet across, which connects the new section of the Capitol with the original part. The rotunda is surmounted by a dome one hundred and forty-five feet high.

The building has about sixty feet more frontage than the former one, and approaches about ten feet nearer the street.

The walls are constructed of solid, fire-proof, brick masonry, faced with a light-colored stone from Indiana, known as Salem Oolitic, with foundations and trimmings of New Jersey free stone, from the Prallsville quarries, in Hunterdon county. The portico, doorhead and trimmings about the door are of the same material. The portico, with balcony, is supported by massive pillars of polished granite and surmounted by the coat of arms of the State.

The apartments used for offices are very spacious, fitted throughout in the most approved modern style, and each department is supplied with one or more of the finest fire-proof vaults. The first and second stories are set aside for offices, and the entire third story is used for the State Library. This front portion, including the dome, was designed and constructed under the plans and supervision of L. H. Broome, architect, of Jersey City.

The old State Library apartments have been improved and extended, and are now used as offices for the Attorney-General, State Superintendent of Public Instruction and Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.

In 1891, a new Assembly Chamber was erected. The old one was too small and poorly ventilated, and besides, there was a lack of suitable committee rooms. The Legislature of 1891 passed a Joint Resolution, which was approved on March 20th, authorizing the Governor "to provide a suitable chamber and committee rooms for the use of the General Assembly of this State," &c., and also, "to make such additions and alterations as will afford the necessary accommodations for the Supreme Court and Court of Errors and Appeals, or for other State offices, and sufficient money is hereby appropriated for that purpose, to be paid by the Treasurer of this State on the warrant of the Comptroller, after approval by the Governor."

The new chamber was built by James W. Lanning, of Trenton, from plans prepared by James Moylan, of Jersey City, and under the superintendency of Bernard J. Ford of Newark. It covers the site of the former chamber, and extends beyond it to Delaware street on the

east and to the water power on the south. It has a frontage on Delaware street of 120 feet and a depth of 75 feet. The exterior finish and design of the building are similar to the adjoining portion of the Capitol. The foundation is of brown stone, from the Stockton quarries, and the trimmings of light Indiana stone. The interior is finished in Trenton tile, quartered oak and Italian statuary marble. It is a fire-proof building throughout, and is specially ventilated. The committee rooms are ample and convenient, and the interior design arrangement and finish make it a model legislative chamber. It cost the State $140,500. The cost of the steam heating and ventilating systems was about $25,000.

The other new addition to the Capitol provides a consultation room for the Judges of the Supreme Court and the Court of Errors and Appeals and a private room for the Governor, a room for the Museum of the Geological Survey, and other offices, and cost $34,500.

Two Otis elevators have been placed in the building, which gives easy access to all the upper floors.

In 1900 the Legislature appropriated $96,000 for additions and alterations to the Capitol, which included the cost of an electric light plant.

A new Senate Chamber was erected in 1903, and was ready for occupancy in 1904, at a cost of about $182,000. In 1904 about $60,000 was expended for other improvements in the Capitol. The architect was Arnold H. Moses, Merchantville.

Another addition was made to the Capitol in 1907 at a cost of about $100,000. It is a massive structure of a classical style of architecture and is finished in stucco to match the rest of the Capitol. It contains four stories above a deep basement. The construction is fire-proof, consisting of solid brick walls, steel beams and columns and concrete floors. The exterior is attractive with its classic lines and Indiana limestone trimmings. The structure was designed and all the plans drawn by George E. Poole, State Architect.

In 1911 the Legislature made an appropriation of $60,000 for the extension of the west wing of the front part of the building, and in 1912 $70,000 was appropriated for the extension of the east wing.

In 1910 and subsequent years to 1915, the State purchased Delaware street, the Green property which fronted on West State street, properties which fronted

on Front and Willow streets and which extended to the old Water Power, now Sanhican creek, all of which embrace about the same area as the old State House site, 3½ acres, making a total of about 7 acres north of the creek.

The land across Sanhican creek, that has been acquired by the State, has been filled in to the river wall, is computed to be about 19 or 20 acres, making the sum total of the State's holdings about 26 acres. The river park has been laid out and completed by the State and the city of Trenton, the area of which is about 40 acres. The old Revolutionary Barracks and the old Masonic Temple have been preserved on the park grounds. The State park contains about 19 acres, is an up-to-date enterprise and presents a most beautiful and attractive appearance. The cost of all the improvements was about $400,000. Additional property was purchased on West State street in 1917 and subsequent years and is used for office purposes pending the erection of a proposed office building along the east side of the Capitol.

THE STATE LIBRARY.

This valuable collection of books is located on the third floor of the State Capitol.

The first library of the State was a case ordered to be procured by Maskell Ewing, Clerk of the House of Assembly, for the keeping and preservation of such books as belonged to the Legislature. It was ordered by a resolution passed March 18th, 1796. This was the nucleus of the present extensive library. On February 18th, 1804, William Coxe, of Burlington; Ezra Darby, of Essex, and John A. Scudder, of Monmouth, were appointed a Committee on Rules to make a catalogue; they reported that there were 168 volumes belonging to the State, and presented a code of seven rules, which was adopted. On February 10th, 1813, an act (the first one) was passed, entitled "An act concerning the State Library." Up to 1822 it appears that the Clerk of the House had charge of the books, as Librarian, and, on November 16th, 1822, an act was passed for the appointment of a State Librarian, annually, by joint meeting. In 1846, on April 10th, an act was passed making the term of office three years. The Law Library at that time belonged to the members of the Law Library Association. The only persons allowed the use of the Library were members of the Association,

the Chancellor, and the judges of the several courts. Stacy G. Potts was Treasurer and Librarian of the Association. The Law Library was kept in the Supreme Court room until 1837, when the Legislature authorized the State Librarian to fit up a room adjoining the Library for the care and reception of the books and papers belonging to the State Library. Thus the two Libraries were consolidated. On March 13th, 1872, $5,000 per year for three years was appropriated for the Library by the Legislature, and by the act of March 15th, 1876, the sum of $2,500 was appropriated for finishing and refurnishing the Library room. In 1890, the Library was removed to the third story of the new part of the Capitol.

In 1904 the Legislature made a special appropriation of $15,000 for the installation of steel stacks, and the shelf-space was doubled. There is room now for more than 125,000 books and pamphlets. About the same time the decimal classification system was introduced and the work of making a modern card catalogue begun, which was practically finished in 1905.

THE STATE ARSENAL.

The building now used as the State Arsenal was formerly the old State Prison. It is situate on Second street, in the Sixth Ward of the city of Trenton, and has on its front the following inscription:

Labor, Silence, Penitence.
The Penitentiary House.
Erected by Legislative Authority.
Richard Howell, Governor.
In the XXII. Year of American
Independence, MDCCXCVII.
That Those Who Are Feared For Their
Crimes May Learn to Fear the Laws
And be Useful.
Hic Labor, Hoc Opus.

In the messages of Governors P. D. Vroom and S. L. Southard, recommending the erection of the new prison, it was proposed that the old one be converted into an Arsenal for the safe keeping of the arms and military property of the State, which, previous to that time, had been kept in the old State Bank, corner of Warren and Bank streets, with accoutrements and camp and garrison

equipage at the State House. After the removal of the State convicts from the old prison, permission was given to the county of Mercer to occupy it as a jail until its jail, then in course of completion, was finished, and when it was again vacated it was converted into an arsenal.

Among the stores, &c., at the Arsenal are one bronze gun, French, of the date of 1758; two bronze guns, English, four-pounders, and two iron six-pounders. There is also one gun captured at the battle of Trenton, December 26th, 1776, and two guns captured at Yorktown, October 19th, 1781. There are also a large quantity of fire-arms, ammunition, ordnance, tents, clothing, blankets, &c.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Trenton.

This institution is located on the left bank of the Delaware River, about two miles northwest of the City Hall. The buildings are constructed of reddish sandstone, obtained from quarries near the hospital, and are located on an elevation of about seventy-five feet above the river. The front of the Main, or Administration Building, is ornamented by a handsome porch of Ionic architecture, designed by the celebrated Notman, from which may be obtained one of the finest landscape views in the State.

In 1844, after repeated and unsuccessful attempts to cause action to be taken by the Legislature for the building of a State institution for the special care and treatment of the insane, a commission was appointed, chiefly through the earnest efforts of Dr. Lyndon A. Smith, of Essex, and Dr Lewis Condict, of Morris, and the eminent philanthropist, Miss D. L. Dix, to select a site. An appropriation of $35,000 was made to purchase the land and to commence the erection of the building. The present site was selected by the commissioners from among many that were offered in various sections of the State, because of the large spring of excellent water found on the place. This spring was developed, and furnished a daily supply of about one-half million of gallons of pure water for many years. In the severe drought of 1880 the supply was greatly diminished, falling off nearly two hundred and fifty thousand gallons. In 1907 the city sewer, running about 200 feet from the spring,

burst or overflowed, and this caused contamination of the water supply, resulting in a typhoid epidemic, so that it was necessary to discontinue the use of the spring. At present the hospital is supplied with water by six artesian wells, one of which gives 150 gallons of water per minute. The spring has been filled up, and thus an important landmark destroyed.

Work was commenced on the main building in November of 1845, and the hospital was opened for the reception of patients on the 15th day of May, 1848. Numerous additions have been made from time to time to the building, increasing its capacity.

In 1887 the Legislature passed an act appropriating $100,000 for providing additional accommodations. The new building is a handsome structure of red sandstone, and similar to that used in the main building. This is five hundred feet long, three stories in height, and capable of accommodating three hundred patients, one hundred and fifty of each. The building is designed to accommodate the chronic incurable class, and was a great relief from the overcrowded state that existed in the main building prior to its completion. The building was completed within the appropriation, and opened for the reception of patients in the month of October, 1889.

Much has been done for the comfort and pleasure of the patients. A greenhouse has been erected for the purpose of furnishing plants and flowers for the patients' corridors, handsome pictures adorn the walls, and everything about the hospital presents a comfortable and homelike appearance.

The institution possesses a library, one of the largest, if not the largest, in this country, connected with a hospital for the insane. The books are accessible to all members of the household. They have been freely used, and do much to relieve the monotony of many an hour of hospital life. The library now consists of about 4,000 volumes, and is the result of the bequest of a former nurse (Anne Robinson) who, by will, bequeathed her earnings for several years as a nurse and attendant in this hospital. She made the bequest, as she herself expressed it when making her will, for the purpose of purchasing books to be used for the pleasure and benefit of those to whom she had, for so many years, endeavored to minister.

During the year 1898 a handsome amusement room, capable of seating about four hundred, was finished; also, a large and commodious chapel, in which religious exercises are held every Sunday, when various clergymen, without regard to denominational preference, officiate. The new chapel is capable of seating about five hundred patients. In 1904-1905 an appropriation of $250,000 was made for the erection of two additional wings to the annex building, which will accommodate 400 more patients. In 1905 the Legislature appropriated $12,500 for the construction of fire escapes.

A few years ago a modern laboratory building was erected, and at the present time is fully equipped for scientific work.

In 1907 the new wings, spoken of above, were opened for the reception of patients, so that now the hospital is not overcrowded.

In 1908 the Legislature appropriated $111,000 for extraordinary improvements, which included installation of modern plumbing throughout the buildings, also tiling for toilet rooms, water sections, etc.

Two buildings for tuberculosis patients, male and female, have been erected, and will accommodate twenty-five, each known as the "open air" ward.

Since January 1st, 1908, there has been no mechanical restraint of any kind used in the hospital. All restraint apparatus, chairs, straight jackets, straps, etc., have been removed from the hospital building, and are stored away where no one can get at them.

During the year 1909 the plumbing and tiling of the old building was completed, and the sanitary arrangements for the hospital have been considered by those competent to judge, to be the best of any public institution of this character.

In both the male and female departments a hydrotherapeutic apparatus has been installed for giving the continuous bath treatment. This apparatus was made especially for the hospital, and has given satisfactory service in the treatment of acutely excited cases.

The Legislature of 1911 appropriated $103,000 for extraordinary improvements. Two farms in the neighborhood of Trenton Junction have been purchased, which will add 250 acres of farm land to the hospital. A new laundry has been erected and equipped with modern machinery, at a cost of $30,000.

The Legislature appropriated $2,800 for research work, which enables the hospital to employ two trained field workers who go out in the community and look up facts regarding the patients' heredity and personal history, which gives valuable information to the medical history. They also engage in "after care" work, i. e., in visiting discharged patients at certain intervals, investigating their condition, and reporting to the hospital any unusual conditions which have any bearing on the recurrence of mental disease. During the years 1910 and 1911 $5,000 has been spent for furniture for the wards. The Legislature of 1912 appropriated $165,000 for new buildings, including one for the criminal insane. The erection of additional buildings to cost $350,000 is now receiving attention. The institution at this time has about 1,900 inmates.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Morris Plains (P. O. Greystone Park).

Further provision for the accommodation of the insane being made necessary by the overcrowded condition of the State Hospital at Trenton, the Legislature of 1871 appointed a commission to select a site and build a hospital in the northern part of the State.

At a cost of $78,732.36 a tract of 408 acres of land, beautifully situated in the hills of Morris County, was purchased and work on the hospital buildings begun.

Additional tracts of land have since been purchased at a cost of $32,318.00, making a total of 897 acres, at a total cost of $111,050. The original building, now known as the "Main Building," was erected, at a cost of $2,511,622. The "Dormitory Building" and a new reservoir, made necessary by its construction, cost, when completed, about $650,000; a new laundry building, $18,200; the nurses' cottage, $20,000, and in 1907 the annual appraisement placed the personal property of the hospital at $294,709, thus making the total cost of the entire plant approximately $3,605,581.

The location is ideal for an institution caring for the mentally afflicted, and is unsurpassed in this particular by any similar institution in the United States. The buildings command a magnificent view of the surrounding country, and the air is cool and balmy in Summer and crisp and stimulating in Winter.

The main building, opened in 1876, is four stories in height, 1,243 feet in length, 542 in depth, and has ten acres of floor space. It contains the executive offices, receptions rooms, medical library, chapel, amusement hall and forty wards, which, when crowded to their full capacity, will accommodate 1,200 patients.

In 1901 the dormitory building was completed. It is situated 1,200 feet in the rear of the main building, accommodates 600 patients, and is constructed on the day room and dormitory plan. On the fourth floor of the building are well-equipped pathological and chemical laboratories, five splendidly-lighted rooms on the top floor of the northeast tower being devoted to this work. The laboratories have been well equipped with many of the latest and best instruments for the prosecution of scientific, clinical and research work, and have proved to be a highly important adjunct to the purely psychiatric work of the hospital.

A cottage for nurses was built in 1906. This is a three-story brick building, trimmed with sandstone, and is situated in front and to the south of the main group of buildings. It is within easy access of the female wards, and affords sleeping quarters for forty female nurses, who formerly, after working daily fifteen hours with the insane, were compelled to spend their nights in the wards, in close proximity to noisy and disturbed patients. In addition to furnishing accommodation for the night, the cottage has a reception room and library, where the nurses may spend their time when off duty.

In order to give the hospital a better mail service, the United States government, on March 23, 1908, established a new post office in the main building of the hospital, and named it Greystone Park. The mail matter of the institution was formerly handled at Morris Plains post office, which is one and one-half miles from the building.

The Legislature of 1911 appropriated $15,000 for the erection of a new fire house. This fire house provides stabling quarters for two horses and sleeping room for twenty male employes who are always to be members of the fire department.

The same Legislature appropriated $40,000 for the erection of a male nurses' home. This building accommodates seventy-six men nurses.

A cold storage plant has been added to the institution which produces five tons of ice per day and also provides a room for the storage of hospital food supplies.

The Legislature of 1911 made an appropriation of $15,000 for a dynamo and building, and there was also appropriated $10,000 for a building for the segregation of tubercular patients. The same Legislature also appropriated $8,000 for screening the windows of the main building and dormitory building.

The Legislature of 1912 appropriated $69,000 for new buildings and alterations.

A Training School for Nurses was established in 1894 and it has proved to be of great advantage to the hospital in the humane care and treatment of the insane. A graded three-years' course is given to the nurses and consists of lectures and practical demonstrations given by the medical staff in anatomy, physiology, materia medica and therapeutics, chemistry and toxicology, obstetrics and gynecology, genito-urinary diseases, practice of medicine, minor surgery, practical bedside nursing and bandaging. The course is compulsory upon all who are employed as attendants, and since the establishment of the school, 226 persons have been granted diplomas.

Further provision for the scientific treatment of patients has been made by the equipment of rooms, both in the male and in the female departments, with complete hydrotherapeutic apparatus and by the installation of electrotherapeutic appliances, and a powerful static machine in a room in the main building, convenient to both male and female departments.

A room has also been set apart and fully equipped with instruments and appliances for the examination and treatment of patients suffering from diseased conditions of the eye, ear, nose and throat.

The medical library contains over 1,300 volumes of carefully-selected text books and reference works on medical and other scientific subjects, together with well-bound volumes of the annual reports of every hospital for the insane in the United States, Canada, South American States and many of the countries in Europe.

Among the many improvements added in recent years is a new system of keeping case records. The complete record of each patient from the time he en-

ters the hospital until he is discharged is kept in a separate envelope, filed vertically in steel cabinets especially constructed for the purpose. The files are thoroughly cross-indexed, which permits of needful information being rapidly and easily obtained in any given case.

Additional protection from fire has been provided by equipping the hospital with the Kirker-Bender type of fire escape.

Fire drills are held at regular intervals so that the patients may become familiar with the location of the fire escapes and accustom themselves to their use so as to enable them in the event of fire to go through this means out of danger in an orderly and expeditious manner.

The hospital has equipped Dental Rooms with the latest and most modern appliances, thus enabling the Resident Dentist to do scientific work for the patients needing dental attention.

The Legislature of 1912 appropriated $15,000 for a storehouse in which all supplies are kept, and $8,000 was also appropriated for the construction of an industrial building which is equipped with apparatus and supplies of the manufacture of a great variety of hospital utilities.

The Morris Plains Hospital which now has over 2,700 patients has $800,000 in appropriations available for very much needed additional buildings.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL
at Trenton.

The State Normal School at Trenton is located on North Clinton avenue. The property covers the entire block on the west side of the avenue enclosed by Monmouth, Perry and Southard streets, and has a considerable frontage on the east side of the avenue and on Model avenue.

The purpose of the Normal School was described at the time of its founding in 1855 to be "the training and education of its pupils in such branches of knowledge, and such methods of teaching and governing, as will qualify them for teachers of our common schools."

The following two-year courses are offered to graduates of high schools on the "Approved List": General Course; Kindergarten Course; Domestic Science Course; Commercial Course; Manual Training Course; and an Industrial Arts Teachers' Course of shorter length, given in connection with the Trenton School of Industrial Arts.

In 1857 the State Model School was established, designed to be a place where the "pupils of the Normal School shall have opportunity to observe and practice the modes of instruction and discipline inculcated in the Normal School," and including all grades from the kindergarten through a full high school course.

This school, as such, was discontinued July 1st, 1917, and in its place a public practice school including six grades was established.

The school buildings are equipped with laboratories, gymnasiums and the modern appliances necessary to meet the requirements of good work. The dormitories provide a comfortable home for about 450 students.

In addition to the campus on which the buildings stand there is a play field and school garden of over two acres fronting on Model avenue and extending to Lincoln avenue and the Assunpink creek.

The following figures show the first cost to the State and the present valuation of the Normal School property.

The first cost to the State has been supplemented from time to time by the contributions of private individuals, and by the balances from the Boarding Hall receipts after meeting the annual expenses of the Hall.

FIRST COST TO THE STATE.

Original Normal and Model School Buildings	$38,000 00	
Appropriation of 1890	40,000 00	
Appropriation of 1891	8,000 00	
Appropriation of 1893	12,000 00	
Appropriation of 1894	10,000 00	
Appropriation of 1897	25,000 00	
Appropriation of 1903	5,000 00	
Appropriation of 1913	101,000 00	
Appropriation of 1914	9,248 52	
Staircase, 1916	4,500 00	
Fire Protection, 1917	12,600 00	
		$265,348 52
Original Boarding Halls	$30,000 00	
Sundry Annual Appropriations	67,075 00	
Appropriation of 1904	40,000 00	
		137,075 00
Total		$402,423 52

PRESENT VALUATION.

Original School Buildings	$51,000 00	
Appropriation of 1890	40,000 00	
Appropriation of 1891	8,000 00	
Appropriation of 1893	12,000 00	
Appropriation of 1894	10,000 00	
Appropriation of 1897	25,000 00	
Appropriation of 1902	5,000 00	
Appropriation of 1913	85,000 00	
Furniture and Apparatus	30,000 00	
Appropriation of 1914	8,248 52	
Staircase, 1916	4,500 00	
Fire Protection, 1917	12,600 00	
		$291,348 52
Boarding Halls	$71,000 00	
North Wing, 1893	30,000 00	
Principal's Residence, 1893	16,000 00	
Buildings and Lot, 1899	20,400 00	
Sundry Annual Appropriations	67,075 00	
Appropriation of 1904	40,000 00	
Furniture	50,000 00	
		$294,475 00
Grounds		115,000 00
Appropriation of 1913		16,000 00
Appropriation of 1914		1,000 00
Appropriation of 1915		4,000 00
Total		$721,823 52

The enrollment in the Normal School in 1855 was 43. For the year ending June 30th, 1919, it was 457, and in the Training School 404. During its history the Normal School has graduated over seven thousand students.

The Principals of the schools have been as follows: William F. Phelps, A.M., October 1st, 1855, to March 15th, 1865; John S. Hart, LL.D., March 15th, 1865, to February 7th, 1871; Lewis M. Johnson, A.M., February 7th, 1871, to July 1st, 1876; Washington Hasbrouck, Ph.D., July 1st, 1876, to February 10th, 1889; James M. Green, Ph.D., LL.D., February 10th, 1889, to July 1st, 1917; J. J. Savitz, A.M., Pd.D., July 1st, 1917, to the present time.

MONTCLAIR STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

Upper Montclair, New Jersey.

The Montclair State Normal School is located in the extreme northern part of Montclair on a plot of more than twenty-five acres. By special act of the legislature, so much of this site as was originally in Passaic county was set over into Essex county.

A more beautiful or healthful site could not have been selected. The grounds have an elevation of 400 feet above sea level and command an uninterrupted view of a landscape of remarkable beauty. The Orange range stretches away to the right, while at the front and left the Passaic valley, the Hudson and the taller buildings of New York City are plainly visible.

The main school building, in the mission style, 334 feet long and 133 feet deep, of brick covered with white stucco, is situated on the highest part of the grounds, facing the New York landscape. In front is an esplanade 260 feet long and 44 feet wide, protected by a concrete wall from which steps descend to the lawn.

About 500 feet directly in front of the main school building, parallel to it and connected with it by a broad walk of brick, is the Russ Memorial Dormitory, the gift of the late Edward Russ of Hoboken.

This building, which was opened for the reception of students in September, 1915, is fireproof throughout and is designed in the Spanish Mission style, with white stucco exterior walls and red Spanish tile roof, to conform in character to the present Normal School building.

The dormitory accommodates 96 students, there being 52 single rooms and 22 double rooms. Each floor is provided with ample bath and toilet room facilities, and at each end of the hall, conveniently located, are two enclosed fireproof stairs extending from the top floor to the ground and giving ample exits.

The main floor is particularly well planned for the social requirements of a school. The living room at one end is 33 feet wide and 40 feet long, having at one end a reading room, 13 feet by 32 feet. This

is elevated a few steps above the general level of the living room and is used as a reading room and as a stage for giving amateur plays. On one side of the living room is a large open fireplace, which adds much to the attractiveness of the room.

At the other end of the building is the large dining room, accommodating 110 persons. This is finished in old ivory tints and has an attractive fireplace at one side of the room.

The kitchen and serving rooms are up-to-date in every respect. They are arranged with a view to the best sanitary requirements and every convenience of a large kitchen has been installed.

On the first floor is located the matron's suite, which contains a living room and bedroom. There is also a reception room for visitors and a hospital room.

The basement contains store rooms, trunk rooms and a large and well-equipped laundry.

The sleeping rooms, both single and double, are equipped with comfortable and attractive furniture. Each student has a single iron bedstead and excellent mattress, a chiffonier, a desk, a commode, an easy chair and a straight chair. Each student has a separate closet for clothing.

The equipment of both school and dormitory is of the latest and best. The ample grounds have been graded and beautified by walks, drives and by the planting of many evergreens and shrubs.

Four tennis courts, a large athletic field called "The Bowl," a school garden of two acres and an extensive grove of fine trees sheltering a numerous bird life, give opportunity for outdoor games, athletic contests, field gymnastics, horticulture, kitchen garden, geography and nature study such as few institutions can offer.

The Montclair State Normal School opened for its first session September 15th, 1908, with an attendance of 187 pupils. Its present enrollment is several hundred. The principal is Dr. Charles S. Chapin, who has been at the head of the school since July 1st, 1908.

THE NEW JERSEY STATE NORMAL SCHOOL at Newark.

The new State School building is centrally located between Broad street and Belleville avenue, at the intersection of Fourth avenue, and occupies, including its spacious grounds, an entire city block. The architecture of the building is dignified as well as picturesque and is enhanced by the sunken garden, masses of bloom and hedges. The interior has been greatly admired for the beauty of its color scheme, its fine appointments and educational features. The building is equipped with an auditorium, gymnasium, laboratories, manual training shops, sewing rooms, art rooms and spacious, well-ventilated class rooms for normal work. Special features are the demonstration rooms with raised seats, lecture rooms, conference rooms, a fine library, study halls and a splendidly equipped kitchen and dining room. The building also has a modern system of heating, lighting and ventilating and excellent sanitary conditions.

This new building opened its doors under State control September 16th, 1913, with an enrollment of 450 students and a waiting list. It may be of interest to note that the school is so centrally located that only two students requested boarding places in the city of Newark. The trolley and railroad facilities are such that they can readily come and return to their homes. A dozen prominent high schools are within forty minutes of the school.

A large practice school is connected with the Normal where students are trained under actual school conditions and the aim is to graduate an efficient corps of teachers for the public schools of the State.

The Principal of the new State School is W. Spader Willis, who for fourteen years was Principal of the City Normal School at Newark.

THE STATE HOME FOR BOYS.

"The New Jersey State Reform School" was established by act of the Legislature approved April 6th, 1865. A farm of 490 acres was purchased for the purpose near Jamesburg, Middlesex county.

The first boy was received July 6th, 1867. Its first Superintendent was Rev. Luther H. Sheldon, who was in office from April 10th, 1867, till April 1st, 1874, and was succeeded by James H. Eastman, who was Superintendent from April 1st, 1874, till September 15th, 1884. Upon his withdrawal Ira Otterson was made acting Superintendent, and on December 10th, 1884, he was elected Superintendent. In 1902 Mr. Otterson was succeeded by John Wildes who, March 1, 1904, gave way to John C. Kalleen. In 1900 the name of The Reform School was changed to the State Home for Boys.

Since founding the school, beside the Administration building, there have been erected on the campus eight family buildings (two of them double buildings), capable of accommodating fifty boys each, a chapel, hospital, store and cook house, industrial building, electric light, heat and power, generating station and farm buildings, conservatory, up-to-date cow barn, piggery, all of brick, many of the buildings constructed with bricks manufactured by the boys on the place.

Besides domestic and farm labor, all boys are instructed in the rudiments of an English school education, and many receive instruction in shorthand and typewriting and in the different mechanical branches and band music.

In 1900 there was erected by boys' labor, under regular instructors, a building 40 by 100 feet, two stories high, in which are established schools for trade teaching. In 1910, in this building, a complete outfit of machinery consisting of a planer, mortiser, universal and band saw, and others necessary to make it complete was supplied. While in the past, so far as the accommodations would permit, a number of boys have received instruction in mechanical trades, and with the accommodations furnished in the new building, a greater number of boys receive a more thorough knowledge in lines of skilled handicraft, which will the better prepare them to become good citizens.

During 1910 the cow and dairy barn have been remodeled and rebuilt, and the Legislature of 1910 appropriated $40,000 with which to erect a central school building. The Legislature of 1912 appropriated $40,000 for the erection of a double cottage, and in 1917 an assembly room was erected at a cost of $40,000.

Since 1917 additional construction work has been done and ground is now being broken for a new superintendent's cottage. There are over six hundred boys in this Home.

STATE HOME FOR GIRLS.

This institution is located on the line of the Trenton Branch of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, in the City of Trenton, near the Trenton State Hospital, and is located on a farm of about 79 acres of land. A substantial building was erected at a cost of $23,334, and other improvements since made bring the value of the place, with furniture, &c., up to $186,622. The value of the land is $16,700. Previous to the erection of the new building, the school was at "Pine Grove," in the Sixth Ward of the city of Trenton. This place had been leased so as to afford room for persons sentenced under the act of April 4th, 1871, and a subsequent act. The Legislature of 1900 appropriated $30,000 for the erection of an additional building. In 1900 and 1901 about $31,000 was spent for improvements and the Legislature of 1905 appropriated $36,000 for the erection of a new cottage and about $9,000 for various other improvements. On February 11th, 1910, a new administration building, named the "Fort Cottage," was formally opened. It is the counterpart of Washington's headquarters at Morristown, N. J., and had served as New Jersey headquarters at the Jamestown, Virginia, Exposition. It is most elaborately furnished with everything suggestive of the colonial period. A new cottage costing $25,000 was erected in 1911 and 1912 to house twenty-five little girls. The Legislature of 1912 appropriated $16,700 for the erection of an infirmary and barn.

The institution is for girls between the ages of ten and nineteen years who may be committed to it by the courts. In 1917 $10,000 was appropriated for additional buildings.

Recently a new chapel has been erected and other appropriations made since 1917 for an additional cottage for colored girls and for other permanent improvements.

THE STATE PRISON.

The New Jersey State Prison, situated on the block enclosed by Federal, Third, Cass and Second streets, in the city of Trenton, is one of the finest institutions of its kind in the country. Its erection was authorized by an act of the Legislature passed February 13th, 1832, and it was completed in the year 1836, having 150 cells, at a cost of $179,657,11. It was built of red sand-stone, from the Ewing quarries, and the style of its architecture is Egyptian, having four Egyptian columns in front of the main entrance, on Third street. It consists of a main building, used as a residence for the Keeper and as reception rooms and offices. From time to time the prison has been enlarged, and although there is not sufficient room to afford separate confinement for each prisoner, as required by law, the provisions of the act are carried out as far as possible. The rules and regulations now in force have brought the internal affairs of the institution, as to cleanliness, discipline, victualing, &c., to a much higher standard than was ever before reached, and a visit thereto will convince the visitor that the management is as perfect as can be.

Previous to the year 1798 there was no State Prison, and prisoners were confined in the county jails. On March 1st, 1797, Jonathan Deane was appointed by an act of the Legislature as an agent to purchase a lot of land from Peter Hunt, situate at Lamberton, containing six and a half acres, and to erect suitable buildings thereon. This was done at an expense of £9,842 0s. 3d., and what is now the State Arsenal, at Second and Cass streets, is the result. Solitary confinement was not practiced previous to 1836, in which year the old prison was vacated and the present one occupied.

On March 4th, 1847, $5,000 was appropriated to build an additional wing to the original building. On March 25th, 1852, $15,000 was granted for the erection of a new wing for hospital purposes. On March 22d, 1860, the sum of $17,000 was voted for the purpose of building an additional wing for cells, and on February 16th, 1861, a further sum of $2,243.01 was appropriated to complete the same. On April 16th, 1868, $6,000 was appropriated for the building of an additional wing to provide room for female convicts. An act passed April 2d, 1869, provided for the appointment of commissioners to extend the grounds of the prison to the wall of the State Arsenal, to build an additional wing and workshops, and made an appropriation

of $50,000 for that purpose, and in the same month $9,734 was appropriated for the purpose of completing the wing of the female department. On April 4th, 1871, the sum of $75,000 was appropriated for the purpose of completing the new or east wing, and on April 4th, 1872, a further sum of $28,700 was appropriated for the completion of the same. March 3d, 1874, $12,000 was voted for the construction of gas works for the supply of illuminating gas for the prison. On March 8th, 1877, the sum of $100,000 was appropriated for the enlargement of the prison and the purchase of a burial ground for deceased convicts. The north wing was remodeled out of this last appropriation and a burial ground purchased. The Legislature of 1895 appropriated $150,000 for the enlargement and improvement of the prison. The Legislature of 1899 appropriated $14,000 for alterations in the women's wing of the prison. In 1905 $250,000 was appropriated for the erection of a new wing, and it was finished in 1907. The addition, which is at the northeast corner of the institution, is one of the most complete in the United States. There are five tiers, each having seventy cells. The interior is wholly of steel and concrete. The cells are separated from the outer walls by a passageway for the keepers and the entire section of each tier is completely enclosed in a cage of steel. Thirty-five cells are controlled by a combination locking device, although any one cell door or a series of doors can be thrown open by a lever system from the end of the corridor where the locking device is located. Between the cell sections there is a narrow utility court from which the ventilation is controlled and where the sanitary parts can be reached without any necessity for going into the cells. Each cell has a steel cot, porcelain washstand and sanitary arrangement and is lighted by electricity. Special attention has been given to ventilation. A death house was also built on the prison grounds in 1907 to comply with the law regarding the electrocution of persons condemned to death.

In 1917 $30,000 was appropriated for the reconstruction of wing No. 3 and a new mess hall and chapel. It is now possible for all of the more than one thousand inmates to be congregated at one time.

THE NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

This institution is located in Kearny, Hudson county. It originated in the mind of Governor Marcus L. Ward just before the close of the Civil War. His petition to the Legislatures of 1863-64 resulted in the passage of an act on April 12th, 1864, appointing himself, ex-Governors Daniel Haines, William A. Newell and Charles S. Olden, and Edwin A. Stevens and Rynear H. Veghte as commissioners to examine into and report on the subject. On February 1, 1865, they made their report to Governor Parker and the Legislature appropriated $50,000 for the desired purpose. Grounds were purchased in the city of Newark and in March, 1866, the same commissioners were appointed managers of the Home. The board appointed Colonel A. N. Dougherty, Commandant; Rev. Samuel T. Moore, Superintendent and Chaplain, and Dr. A. M. Mills, Surgeon, of the Home. It was opened for reception on July 4th, 1866. For twenty-two years the Home remained in Newark, when a new site was selected in Kearny. This comprises about sixteen acres and $225,000 was appropriated for the buildings, furnishings, &c. On October 4th, 1888, the old home was vacated and the new home occupied. The New Jersey Home is the parent of similar institutions throughout the country. In order to gain admission to the Home the applicant must have served in the army, navy or marine service and been honorably discharged therefrom. He must have lived in the State for at least two years next preceding date of application, or have served in a New Jersey organization, and must be unable to earn a living for himself by manual labor. Since 1888 various additions have been made and recently much interior reconstruction work has been done and a new plumbing system installed.

NEW JERSEY HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, SAILORS OR MARINES AND THEIR WIVES.

Vineland.

This Home was organized in 1898, the sum of $5,000 having been appropriated for the purpose. A plot of ground, comprising 20 acres, and a building containing about 75 rooms and basement, situated in the town of Vineland, were purchased for a Home, and in 1899 an additional appropriation of $21,500 was made to pay for the prop-

erty. In the same year the sum of $20,000 was appropriated for altering, repairing and furnishing the buildings. In 1900 a special appropriation of $13,000 was made for new floors, porches, laundry machinery, engine and boiler and furniture. The Home was opened in December, 1899, for the admission of inmates and the first were admitted January 2d, 1900. In 1901 the sum of $7,700 was appropriated for an elevator, alterations and appliances, making the cost of building and land $67,200. In 1903 nine acres of additional land was purchased at a cost of $2,000 and the same year an act was passed by the Legislature providing for the care and maintenance of widows of veterns, and the sum of $28,000 was appropriated for the construction and furnishing of buildings necessary to carry out the provisions of the act. An additional sum of $2,500 was appropriated for extra work and the building was completed and ready for occupancy in July, 1904. Since then two new wings, each eighty feet long and containing some 120 rooms, have been added, and a separate boiler house in the rear of the main buildings erected. A new heating and lighting plant has been installed, and other marked improvements for the care and comforts of the inmates completed. In 1912 the Legislature appropriated $30,000 for a new hospital. This institution lately has been greatly improved by interior remodeling, the building of a new bathroom and the providing of comfortable separate rest rooms for the men and the women.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF.

This institution, which is located at Trenton, is a part of the public school system of the State, and is open to deaf residents of the State between the ages of six and twenty-one years. The pupils are instructed in the branches of common-school education, and are also trained in some handicraft. Speech is taught to all who can acquire it, and with such success that in some classes it becomes the principal means of communication.

The industrial department is larger and better equipped than in most schools of this kind. From the printing office is issued monthly a paper, the Silent Worker, which, in point of mechanical execution and of quality of contents, ranks as the best issued from any institution in the country. All the work on this paper is performed by pupils of the school.

The wood-working department, under the charge of a graduate of a technical school of high rank, has a course in which theory and practice are united in an unusual degree.

A course of kindergarten work, especially adapted to the deaf child, has been worked out in the school, and has been followed by some of the best schools of the kind in this country.

A building for hospital purposes, designed in accordance with the best modern practice and ample to meet any possible need, was opened in 1899.

The attendance of pupils has risen from 125 in June, 1896, until at the present time it is about 200.

The school possesses a well chosen library, which at present contains about 4,000 volumes, and is rapidly growing. In 1917 $40,000 was appropriated for improvements.

HOME FOR THE CARE AND TRAINING OF FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.

Vineland.

This institution was established by virtue of the act of March 27th, 1888, the late S. Olin Garrison, who drafted the original law, being its first superintendent. On November 7th, of the same year, he was succeeded by Mary J. Dunlap, M.D., and then by Dr. Madeleine A. Hallowell. Upon organization of the first board of managers, the late Hon. Alexander G. Cattell, of Camden county, was chosen President, a place he acceptably filled until his death. He was succeeded by the Hon. Benjamin F. Lee, of Mercer county, Clerk of the Supreme Court, who occupied the position until his death in 1909. Mrs. Emily E. H. Williamson, of Union county, was secretary of the board from its organization until her death in 1909. The first treasurer was the Hon. Belmont Perry, of Gloucester county, he being succeeded by ex-Senator Philip P. Baker, of Cumberland county; the late Senator Barton F. Thorn, of Burlington county, and George B. Thorn, Esq., of Burlington county, the present incumbent. Harry H. Pond was elected President in 1909.

As its official title suggests, this institution has for its object the care and training of feeble minded women. Its location in a peculiarly healthful and fertile portion of the State, the plan and scope of the buildings, as well

as their equipment and the employment of modern administrative methods, make the Home a subject for favorable comparison with any similar institution in the country. The property consists of about 50 acres.

The most conspicuous building of the Home is that devoted to purposes of administration and instruction, including dormitories and a gymnasium. There is also a laundry, a power-house, with heating apparatus, and pump for raising the sewage of the home into the Vineland system. Fire escapes and a water tower give protection to the State's wards. All the buildings are lighted with gas or electricity.

In 1912 the Legislature appropriated $60,000 for a new dormitory, &c.

TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Vineland.

This public institution is an outgrowth of a private one, which Prof. S. Olin Garrison established in Millville, Cumberland county, on September 1st, 1887. It was opened at Vineland, on March 1st, 1888, with an enrollment of ten pupils. Adjacent properties were soon acquired and a handsome building, costing about $18,000, was erected in 1890-91. There are fourteen cottages, besides a hospital, large barns, shops and manual training rooms, located on a farm of 260 acres. The school has a fine assembly hall, seating over 600, and also containing seven school rooms, drill room and a gymnasium. The Department of Research has a well equipped laboratory, where studies as to the cause and prevention of feeblemindedness are carried on.

The plan and scope of training and education by the school, require fourteen teachers in English, Kindergarten, Music, Physical Culture and Manual Trades departments, thereby indicating the special and comprehensive fields of instruction. There is also a custodial department for the idiotic.

The property is worth over $250,000, real and personal, with a debt of only $21,000. Besides very good property acquisitions at low cost, at least $150,000 have been donated to the school since its organization, to aid in the current expenses, in improvements and new buildings.

STATE VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS.

Skillman, Somerset County.

This village is located in Montgomery township, Somerset county, at Skillman Station, on the line of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad. The location is one of the most beautiful and healthful in the State, and is admirably adapted for the purposes of this kind of an institution. The managers have secured five adjoining farms containing in all about 1,005 acres.

The five farm houses are now being used, one for the Administration building, one for residence of the Superintendent, one for patients and two for employes. In all there are 54 buildings, 19 used for house patients.

In 1884 Dr. John W. Ward, Superintendent of the State Hospital at Trenton, realizing the necessity of separating the epileptics from the insane, went before a legislative committee and strongly urged the appropriation of $50,000 to erect a building upon the grounds of that institution for the proper care of the epileptics. The late Prof. S. Olin Garrison, Principal of the New Jersey Training School for Feeble-Minded Children, at Vineland, early recognized the necessity of separate provision for the epileptics in that institution, and was indefatigable in his efforts to establish the present village.

For a number of years the subject was agitated, and in 1895, in accordance with a resolution passed by the Legislature, the Governor appointed a commission to investigate the number and condition of epileptics in the State. The report of the commission was presented to the Legislature of 1896 and a bill was introduced for the establishment of a colony on a plan recommended by the commission. The bill failing to become a law, the New Jersey State Medical Society, by resolution at their annual meeting in 1896, endorsed the necessity of such legislation. In 1897 the President, Dr. Thomas J. Smith, of Bridgeton, most ably presented the necessity of providing for the epileptics, and urged that the State authorities be importuned most earnestly to revive the movement initiated the year before to establish an industrial epileptic colony in our State. The Society reaffirmed its position, and appointed a committee to urge the matter further.

Through the combined efforts of those interested and with the zealous co-operation of Senator Stokes, of Cumberland, who had charge of the legislation, an act was passed by the Legislature of 1898, and promptly signed by Acting Governor Voorhees, making the necessary provisions for the establishment of the institution. The sum of $15,000 was appropriated for the purchase of a site and to pay for the equipment and maintenance of the village. The "Maplewood Farm," containing about 187 acres, was purchased for $11,500, and the village was opened for the reception of male patients November 1st, of the same year.

The Legislature of 1900 appropriated $30,000 for the erection of two cottages for patients, and $16,000 for the purchase of two farms adjoining the property. Additional appropriations were made each year from 1901 to 1911, aggregating $900,000, for extensions and improvements. All epileptics of either sex, over five years of age, and not insane or idiotic are admitted.

In 1912 the Legislature appropriated $78,000 for new buildings.

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY.

Rahway.

In 1895 the Legislature passed an act, approved by Governor Werts on March 28 of that year, providing for the appointment of a commission to consist of six persons, who were charged with the duty of building an intermediate reformatory institution for first male offenders. The commission was authorized to set apart the property known as the Edgar farm, located in Union and Middlesex Counties, and then belonging to the State Sinking Fund.

If it were found necessary they were authorized to purchase adjoining property for the completion of the site at a cost not to exceed ten thousand dollars, but this authority was not used.

The institution, when completed, was designed to accommodate not less than one thousand inmates, and the sum of one hundred thousand dollars was appropriated to begin the work.

The site now comprises about 115 acres. That which is not occupied by the buildings or enclosed within a stockade surrounding the same, furnishes occupation to the inmates, and is devoted to the pur-

pose of tillage, to supply farm products and sustain the animals used by the institution.

The original Commissioners were Patrick Farrelly, George S. Mott, David M. Chambers, William A. Ure, John T. Daly and Thomas M. Gopsill.

According to the plans originally adopted the building, when completed, was to have four wings, capable of accommodating 1,024 inmates. The first wing and centre were completed in the year 1901, and inmates were then first received.

First male offenders only are admitted between the ages of sixteen and thirty years.

The criminal courts of the State are empowered in their discretion to commit offenders to the Reformatory instead of State Prison. The original commission was replaced by the present Board of Commissioners, consisting of nine persons, including the Governor, and no more than four to be of the same political party.

The reformatory and grounds are located about one and a half miles south of the City of Rahway. The buildings now erected comprise the guard-room building, northeast and southeast wings, the domestic building and "Tie-to" building, connecting it with the guard-room building, the industrial building, new tuberculous pavilion, independent water system with filtering plant, two trades' school buildings and wall, power house, hospital for contagious diseases, barn, hennery, piggery, shelter station and cold storage warehouse.

The "Tie-to" building, the hospital, the pavilion, barn, hennery, piggery, shelter station and cold storage warehouse were constructed entirely by the inmates and without cost to the State, except for material.

The construction of a sewage disposal system contracted for by the former Board of Managers, has been completed recently by inmate labor.

The inmates are detailed to different trade classes, and do all the work required for betterments and repairs. They enjoy daily educational advantages and are regularly drilled in military tactics.

STATE TUBERCULOUS SANITARIUM.

Glen Gardner.

This Sanitarium, which was completed in 1907, is located at Glen Gardner, near High Bridge, Hunterdon county. The site is on the slope of a mountain nearly 1,000 feet above the level of the sea, where the State has acquired about 600 acres. The slope has been cut away and leveled for a considerable space, and here the buildings were constructed. On a clear day the view from this point is one of the most magnificent in this picturesque section of North New Jersey. It looks away over a rolling country of wooded hills and cultivated farm lands to the mountains on the other side of the valley, which run at its foot. Away in the distance like a thin ribbon of silver is the South Branch river, and in whatever direction the eye turns some new and charming scene is encountered. The structure consists of a service building, administration building and east and west wards. The service building is the source of supplies for the institution. It is 84x110 feet, three stories, including basement, in which is the boiler room, engine room and electric light plant. A cold storage is located in the basement. On the second floor is the main dining hall, which is 84x48 feet, the service room, bakery, kitchen, storeroom, butcher shop and cold storage. The third flood is fitted up with rooms for the doctors, employees' rooms, ironing, drying and linen rooms, coat rooms, sterilizing room, &c. All the buildings are built of field stone, stuccoed on the outside and finished with white plaster on the interior. The ward building is 32x150 feet and the administration building 52x120 feet. The buildings are so constructed that additions may be made from time to time as the necessity of the case demands. About 175 patients can be comfortably accommodated in the ward buildings. The water supply is derived from a large reservoir which is kept supplied from the springs, The system of sewerage is among the most sanitary in existence. The total cost of the Sanitarium represents an outlay of about $300,000.

The first impetus for caring for the State's consumptive poor was given in an address delivered in 1900 before the State Medical Society by Dr. Halsey, then

president. A bill was drawn by a committee of the society, and was passed by the Legislature in 1902, when a Board of Managers was appointed by Governor Murphy. Of this Board, Dr. Charles J. Kipp of Newark was elected president, and for whom the mountain on which the State Sanitarium was built was named. The Legislature appropriated $50,000 to carry the bill into effect. The Sanitarium is intended as a model institution, largely educational in character, which would give a practical demonstration of up-to-date methods of treating cases of tuberculosis and point the way for other institutions of a similar type, at the same time extending the direct benefits of its system to as large a number of cases as its necessarily limited facilities would enable it to care for. The institution handles about six hundred cases annually. Its purpose is to arrest the disease in its incipient stage and discharge the patient in such condition that, with the aid of the instruction he receives while at the institution, he may be reasonably certain of being able to effect his own cure. This instruction will prove valuable not only to himself, but to the public in general, as it becomes disseminated through his agency and that of the other patients who undergo treatment and go out again in the world at large. As a rule, the cases selected will be such as can be treated with reasonable expectancy of a cure. In 1912 the Legislature appropriated $89,500 for new buildings.

BORDENTOWN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

The Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth located at Bordentown, N. J., is a State institution maintained by appropriations from the State and under the supervision of the State Board of Education.

The purpose of the school is to make good citizens and to prepare its graduates to participate intelligently and efficiently in the economic and industrial life of the communities in which they live. The school aims to teach each student a trade, and also to surround him with a wholesome, refined and industrious atmosphere. It is patterned after the plan of Hampton and Tuskegee, one-half day being given to trade work and the other half to academic work correlated with the trades.

The school occupies a conspicuous site on the banks of the Delaware River, comprising 275 acres of good farm land. The physical equipment of the school includes an administration building; two girls' dormitories; a boys' dormitory and barracks; a laundry; a trade building for machine shop, auto repairing and carpentry; a printing shop; and a group of farm buildings.

Approximately 200 students are enrolled, this number exhausting the facilities for accommodation.

Tuition is free, and a nominal charge is made for board, washing, medical attendance and registration.

STATE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN

at Clinton.

The Reformatory is located on a farm of 346 acres, one and one-half miles from Clinton. It was dedicated on May 26th, 1913.

There are five buildings in use at this institution, as follows: 1, Fielder Cottage, old farmhouse, enlarged to accommodate 25 to 30 women; 2, Homestead Cottage, accommodates 10 to 12 women; 3, Stowe Cottage for colored, accommodates 27 to 30 women; 4, Cottage for help, accommodates utility man and family; 5, Chapel of Good Shepherd, used as chapel and school. Nos. 1 and 2 are old farm buildings; No. 2 used to be used by the utility man and family. The third old farm house is so in bad repair that it cannot be used either for inmates or officers. It is used to store farm equipment in during the winter.

Officers: Fielder Cottage—2, teacher, nurse; Homestead Cottage—3, superintendent, farm manager, parole officer and psychologist; Cottage for Help—2, utility man, farm laborer; Stowe Cottage—4, colored matron, colored teacher, dietitian, bookkeeper. The last two officers simply live in Stowe Cottage; they do no work there.

STATE COLONY FOR FEEBLE MINDED MALES.

New Lisbon.

This institution is located in Burlington County, six miles from New Lisbon, on the Long Branch Division of the P. R. R. Has a farm of sixty acres, which is being developed principally by the inmates.

The present population is one hundred and provisions are under way to develop to a capacity of five hundred. The construction is principally cement block buildings, stuccoed outside. The location, some distance from the railroad, but exceptionally healthy on account of the surrounding pine forests, makes it desirable for the class of inmates admitted. It is intended to develop a large farm, by inmate labor, from the adjoining State reservations.

There are at present ten substantial buildings and ground is being broken for the construction of a dormitory building to admit sixty additional cases, for which an appropriation of $60,000 was granted last year.

An improved road will be built during the summer of 1921 between New Lisbon and the Colony.

The admissions for the present are desired to be of such mentality that they may be able to contribute to the present development.

STATE CAMP GROUNDS.

Sea Girt.

With a view to provide a suitable location for a permanent camp of instruction for the National Guard, the Legislature by an act approved April 29, 1884, authorized the Quartermaster-General to "lease or purchase, with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief, a suitable ground for that purpose," to combine the essentials necessary for instruction in camp duty, drills and parades with natural advantages for the establishment of a range for rifle practice, and a sea coast battery for heavy artillery practice.

Quartermaster-General Lewis Perrine and Major-General Gershom Mott, then commanding the Division, National Guard, after consultation and inspection by Governor Leon Abbett, located a temporary camp on a property at Manasquan known as the "Bailey Farm," lying near the sea shore, and here the first encampment of the National Guard in the vicinity of Sea Girt was held in 1884. The use of these grounds was discontinued in 1885.

The Stockton Farm at Sea Girt (the present location of the Camp Ground) the property of the Sea Girt Land Im-

provement Company was then visited and finding it admirably located and fully adequate for all purposes of a military camp, it was leased for a term of five or ten years at an annual rental of $3,000 and the first encampment held there August 15th to 22d, 1885; and it has been used for encampment and mobilization purposes in peace and war up to the present time.

In 1891, when General Richard A. Donnelly was Quartermaster-General, the tract was purchased and title acquired. In 1907, Quartermaster-General Murray acquired by purchase, authorized by the Legislature, two additional tracts at the lower end of the ground giving an ocean frontage equal to the western boundary line. With these additions the total area of the camp grounds is 165 acres at a total cost of $88,085.27.

The cottage on the camp ground, knowns as the "Little White House," was removed from its original location fronting the ocean roadway to a position south of the famous "Little Round Top" and facing the parade grounds. This little building has become historical for in it have been entertained many dignitaries, of State, National and foreign repute.

In 1906, the New Jersey State Building used at the Louisiana-Purchase Exposition, held at St. Louis, was removed to and erected at the State Camp Grounds at the entrance thereto facing the parade grounds. This beautiful building has also been the scene of many political and social gatherings and is used each summer by the Governor of the State as his headquarters as commander-in-chief of the militia of the State.

STATE FISH HATCHERY AND GAME FARM.

In 1912 the Board of Fish and Game Commissioners secured land at Hackettstown, Warren County, for the establishment of a fish hatchery, and land at Forked River, Ocean County, for the establishment of a Game Farm. In the beginning the Legislature made some direct appropriations, but since 1915 both establishments, as well as the entire work of the Board, are maintained from direct receipts of the Board, thereby relieving the people at large from any expense in their upkeep or for what they produce.

The hatchery embraces 106 acres. Operations commenced in 1912. There are 160 ponds, carrying 7,200,000 gallons of water. The supply consists of approximately 2,500,000 gallons daily of pure spring water owned and controlled by the State, and 2,500,000 gallons of spring brook water largely owned and controlled by the State. The last annual output of fish was 28,336,829, consisting of brook,

brown and rainbow trout, large and small mouth bass, yellow and pike perch. The average number of employes for farm, hatchery and construction work is 15.

Among the buildings are: Superintendent's residence, containing four rooms for Commissioner's use, foreman's residence, gate lodge, hatchery building, nursery building, building for meat room, ice house and workshop, barn, storehouse, and laboratory.

The grounds are attractively arranged, producing a park like effect.

The game farm has 537 acres. Operations commenced in 1912. The farm consists of about an equal amount of woodland, salt meadows and cultivated lands surrounded by an eight foot fence, excepting on the meadows where the fence is four feet. One hundred and twenty-five acres are fenced for a deer park, and 10 acres are fenced for a rabbit warren. The annual game production is about 6,000 head, consisting of English pheasants, wild turkeys, quail and deer. The average number of employes for farm and game production is 11.

Among the buildings are: Hatching house, 50 x 18 feet; incubator building, 50 x 20 feet; chicken houses, brick pump house, five enclosed pens containing approximately three hundred square feet, these pens being seven feet high and covered with two-inch mesh wire, and a number of smaller pens; Superintendent's residence, containing rooms for Commissioners; two frame dwelling houses, gate lodge, ice house, barns and other suitable structures.

CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

1774-5, James Kinsey; 1774-6, John Cooper, Stephen Crane, *John De Hart, Francis Hopkinson, William Livingston, Richard Smith, Richard Stockton; 1776-7, Jonathan D. Sergeant; 1776-8, Abraham Clark, Jonathan Elmer; 1776-9, John Witherspoon; 1777-8, Elias Boudinot; 1777-9, Nathaniel Scudder; 1778-9, Frederick Frelinghuysen, Elias Dayton; 1778, John Neilson; 1778-80, John Fell; 1779, Thomas Henderson; 1779-81, William Ch. Houston; 1780-1, William Burnett, William Paterson; 1780-3, Abraham Clark; 1780-2, John Witherspoon; 1781-3, William Paterson; 1782-3, Frederick Frelinghuysen; 1781-4, Silas Condict, Jonathan Elmer; 1783-5, John Beatty, Samuel Dick; 1783-4, John Stevens, Sr.; 1784-5, Charles Stewart, William Ch. Houston; 1784-7, Lambert Cadwalader; 1785-6, John Cleaves Symmes, Josiah Hornblower; 1786-7, James Schureman; 1786-8, Abraham Clark; 1787, William Paterson; 1787-8, Jonathan Elmer; 1787-9, Jonathan Dayton.

*Resigned; was succeeded by John Hart.

NEW JERSEY CONGRESSMEN.

FROM 1789 TO DATE.

I. 1789-91—Elias Boudinot, Burlington; Lambert Cadwalader, Hunterdon; James Schureman, Middlesex; Thomas Sinnickson, Salem.

II. 1791-3—Elias Boudinot, Burlington; Abraham Clark, Essex; Jonathan Dayton, Essex; Aaron Kitchell, Morris; James Schureman, Middlesex.

III. 1793-5—John Beatty, Hunterdon; Elias Boudinot. Burlington; Lambert Cadwalader, Hunterdon; Jonathan Dayton, Essex; Abraham Clark, Essex (died 1794); Aaron Kitchell, Morris (to fill vacancy).

IV. 1795-7—Jonathan Dayton (Speaker), Essex; Thomas Henderson, Monmouth; Aaron Kitchell, Essex; Isaac Smith, Hunterdon; Mark Thompson, Sussex.

V. 1797-9—Jonathan Dayton (Speaker), Essex; James H. Imlay, Monmouth; James Schureman, Middlesex; Thomas Sinnickson, Salem; Mark Thompson, Sussex.

VI. 1799-1801—John Condit, Essex; Franklin Davenport, Gloucester; Samuel H. Imlay, Monmouth; Aaron Kitchell, Morris; James Linn, Somerset.

VII. 1801-3—John Condit, Essex; Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland; William Helms, Sussex; James Mott, Burlington; Henry Southard, Somerset.

VIII. 1803-5—Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland; William Helms, Sussex; James Mott, Burlington; James Sloan, Gloucester; Henry Southard, Somerset; Adam Boyd, Bergen.

IX. 1805-7—Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland; William Helms, Sussex; John Lambert, Hunterdon; James Sloan, Gloucester; Henry Southard, Somerset; Ezra Darby, Essex.

X. 1807-9—William Helms, Sussex; John Lambert, Hunterdon; Thomas Newbold, Burlington; James Sloan, Gloucester; Henry Southard, Somerset; Ezra Darby, Essex (until 1808); Adam Boyd, Bergen (from 1808-9).

XI. 1809-11—James Cox, Monmouth (until 1810); William Helms, Sussex; Jacob Hufty, Cumberland; Thomas Newbold, Burlington; Henry Southard, Somerset; Adam Boyd, Bergen.

XII. 1811-13—Adam Boyd, Bergen; Lewis Condict, Morris; Jacob Hufty, Cumberland; George C. Maxwell, Hunterdon; James Morgan, Middlesex; Thomas Newbold, Burlington.

XIII. 1813-15—Lewis Condict, Morris; William Cox, Burlington; Richard Stockton, Somerset; Thomas Ward, Essex; James Schureman, Middlesex; Jacob Hufty, Cumberland (until 1814); Thomas Binns, Essex (1814-15).

XIV. 1815-17—Ezra Baker, Gloucester; Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland; Benjamin Bennett, Monmouth; Lewis Condict, Morris; Henry Southard, Somerset; Thomas Ward, Essex.

XV. 1817-19—Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland; Benjamin Bennett, Monmouth; Joseph Bloomfield, Burlington; Charles Kinsey, Essex; John Linn, Sussex; Henry Southard, Somerset.

XVI. 1819-21—Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland; Joseph Bloomfield, Burlington; John Linn, Sussex; Barnard Smith, Middlesex; Henry Southard, Somerset; John Condit, Essex (until 1820); Thomas Binns, Essex (1820-1).

XVII. 1821-3—George Cassady, Bergen; Lewis Condict, Morris; G. E. Holcombe, Monmouth; James Matlack, Gloucester; Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland, Samuel Swan, Somerset.

XVIII. 1823-5—George Cassady, Bergen; Daniel Garrison, Salem; G. E. Holcombe, Monmouth; James Matlack, Gloucester; Lewis Condict, Morris; Samuel Swan, Somerset.

XIX. 1825-7—George Cassady, Bergen; Lewis Condict, Morris; Daniel Garrison, Salem; G. E. Holcombe, Monmouth; Samuel Swan, Somerset; Ebenezer Tucker, Burlington.

XX. 1827-9—Lewis Condict, Essex; Isaac Pierson, Essex; Samuel Swan, Somerset; Ebenezer Tucker, Burlington; George E. Holcombe, Monmouth (until 1828); Hedge Thompson, Salem (until 1828); James Fitz Randolph, Middlesex (1828-9); Thomas Sinnickson, Salem (1828-9).

XXI. 1829-31—Richard M. Cooper, Gloucester, Lewis Condict, Morris; Thomas H. Hughes, Cape May; Isaac Pierson, Essex; James Fitz Randolph, Middlesex; Samuel Swan, Somerset.

XXII. 1831-3—Lewis Condict, Morris; Richard M. Cooper, Gloucester; Thomas H. Hughes, Cape May; James Fitz Randolph, Middlesex; Isaac Southard, Somerset; Silas Condit, Essex.

XXIII. 1833-5—Philemon Dickerson (D.), Essex; Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; Thomas Lee (D.), Cumberland; James Parker (D.), Middlesex; Ferdinand S. Schenck (D.), Somerset; William N. Shinn (D.), Burlington.

XXIV. 1835-7—Philemon Dickerson (D.), Passaic (resigned and elected Governor); Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; Thomas Lee (D.), Cumberland; James Parker (D.), Middlesex; Ferdinand S. Schenck (D.), Somerset; William N. Shinn (D.), Burlington; William Chetwood (D.), Essex (vacancy 1836-7).

XXV. 1837-9—John B. Aycrigg (W.), Bergen; William Halstead (W.), Mercer; John P. B. Maxwell (W.), Warren; Joseph F. Randolph (W.), Monmouth; Charles C. Stratton (W.), Gloucester; Thomas Jones York (W.), Salem.

XXVI. 1839-41—William B. Cooper (D.), Gloucester; Philemon Dickerson (D.), Passaic; Joseph F. Randolph (W.), Monmouth; Daniel B. Ryall (D.), Monmouth; Joseph Kille (D.), Salem; Peter D. Vroom (D.), Somerset.

XXVII. 1841-3—John B. Aycrigg (W.), Bergen; William Halstead (W.), Mercer; John P. B. Maxwell (W.), Warren; Joseph F. Randolph (W.), Monmouth; Charles C. Stratton (W.), Gloucester; Thomas Jones Yorke (W.), Salem.

XXVIII. 1843-5—Lucius Q. C. Elmer (D.), Cumberland; George Sykes (D.), Burlington; Littleton Kirkpatrick (D.), Middlesex; Isaac G. Farlee (D.), Hunterdon; William Wright (W.), Essex.

XXIX. 1845-7—James G. Hampton (W.), Cumberland; Samuel G. Wright (W.) (died 1845), Monmouth; George Sykes (D.), (vacancy), Burlington; John Runk (W.), Hun-

terdon; Joseph E. Edsall (D.), Sussex; William Wright (W.), Essex.

XXX. 1847-9—James G. Hampton (W.), Cumberland; William A. Newell (W.), Monmouth; John Van Dyke (W.), Middlesex; Joseph E. Edsall (D.), Sussex; Dudley S. Gregory (W.), Hudson.

XXXI. 1849-51—Andrew K. Hay (W.), Camden; William A. Newell (W.), Monmouth; John Van Dyke (W.), Middlesex; Isaac Wildrick (D.), Warren; James G. King (W.), Hudson.

XXXII. 1851-3—Nathan T. Stratton (D.), Gloucester; Charles Skelton (D.), Mercer; George H. Brown (W.), Somerset; Isaac Wildrick (D), Warren; Rodman M. Price (D.), Essex.

XXXIII. 1853-5—Nathan T. Stratton (D.), Gloucester; Charles Skelton (D.), Mercer; Samuel Lilly (D.), Hunterdon; George Vail (D.), Morris; A. C. M. Pennington (W.), Essex.

XXXIV. 1855-7—Isaiah D. Clawson (R.), Salem; George R. Robbins (R.), Mercer; James Bishop (N. A.), Middlesex; George Vail (D.), Morris; A. C. M. Pennington (R.), Essex.

XXXV. 1857-9—Isaiah D. Clawson (R.), Salem; George R. Robbins (R.), Mercer; Garret B. Adrain (D.), Middlesex; John Huyler (D.), Bergen; Jacob R. Wortendyke (D.), Hudson.

XXXVI. 1859-61—John T. Nixon (R.), Cumberland; John L. N. Stratton (R.), Burlington; Garret B. Adrain (D.), Middlesex; Jetur R. Riggs (D.), Passaic; William Pennington (R.) (Speaker), Essex.

XXXVII. 1861-3—John T. Nixon (R.), Cumberland; John L. N. Stratton (R.), Burlington; William G. Steele, (D.), Somerset; George T. Cobb (D.), Morris; Nehemiah Perry (D.), Essex.

XXXVIII. 1863-5—John F. Starr (R.), Camden; George Middleton (D.), Monmouth; William G. Steele (D.), Somerset; Andrew J. Rogers (D.), Sussex; Nehemiah Perry (D.), Essex.

XXXIX. 1865-7—John F. Starr (R.), Camden; William A. Newell (R.), Monmouth; Charles Sitgreaves (D.), Warren; Andrew J. Rogers (D.), Sussex; Ed. R. V. Wright (D.), Hudson.

XL. 1867-9—William Moore (R.), Atlantic; Charles Haight (D.), Monmouth; Charles Sitgreaves (D.), Warren; John Hill (R.), Morris; George A. Halsey (R.), Essex.

XLI. 1869-71—William Moore (R.), Atlantic; Charles

Haight (D.), Monmouth; John T. Bird (D.), Hunterdon; John Hill (R.), Morris; Orestes Cleveland (D.), Hudson.

XLII. 1871-3—John W. Hazleton (R.), Gloucester; Sam'l C. Forker (D.), Burlington; John T. Bird (D.), Hunterdon; John Hill (R.), Morris; George A. Halsey (R.), Essex.

XLIII. 1873-5—John W. Hazleton (R.), Gloucester; Samuel A. Dobbins (R.), Burlington; Amos Clark, Jr. (R.), Union; Robert Hamilton (D.), Sussex; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; Marcus L. Ward (R.), Essex; Isaac W. Scudder (R.), Hudson.

XLIV. 1875-7—Clement H. Sinnickson (R.), Salem; Samuel A. Dobbins (R.), Burlington; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Robert Hamilton (D.), Sussex; Augustus W. Cutler (D.), Morris; Frederick H. Teese (D.), Essex; Augustus A. Hardenbergh (D.), Hudson.

XLV. 1877-9—Clement H. Sinnickson (R.), Salem; J. Howard Pugh (R.), Burlington; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Alvah A. Clark (D.), Somerset; Augustus W. Cutler (D.), Morris; Thomas B. Peddie (R.), Essex; Augustus A. Hardenbergh (D.), Hudson.

XLVI. 1879-81—George M. Robeson (R.), Camden; Hezekiah B. Smith (D.), Burlington; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Alvah A. Clark (D.), Somerset; Charles H. Voorhis (R.), Bergen; John L. Blake (R.), Essex; Lewis A. Brigham (R.), Hudson.

XLVII. 1881-3—George M. Robeson (R.), Camden; John Hart Brewer (R.), Mercer; Miles Ross (D.), Middlesex; Henry S. Harris (D.), Warren; John Hill (R.), Morris; Phineas Jones (R.), Essex; Augustus A. Hardenbergh (D.), Hudson.

XLVIII. 1883-5—Thomas M. Ferrell (D.), Gloucester; John Hart Brewer (R.), Mercer; John Kean, Jr. (R.), Union; Benjamin F. Howey (R.), Warren; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; William H. F. Fiedler (D.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

XLIX. 1885-7—George Hires (R.), Salem; James Buchanan (R.), Mercer; Robert S. Green (D.), Union; James N. Pidcock (D.), Hunterdon; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; Herman Lehlbach (R.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

L. 1887-9—George Hires (R.), Salem; James Buchanan (R.), Mercer; John Kean, Jr. (R.), Union; James N. Pidcock (D.), Hunterdon; William Walter Phelps (R.), Bergen; Herman Lehlbach (R.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

LI. 1889-91—Christopher A. Bergen (R.), Camden; James

Buchanan (R.), Mercer; Jacob A. Geissenhainer (D.), Monmouth; Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; Charles D. Beckwith (R.), Passaic; Herman Lehlbach (R.), Essex; William McAdoo (D.), Hudson.

LII. 1891-3—C. A. Bergen (R.), Camden; James Buchanan (R.), Mercer; J. A. Geissenhainer (D.), Monmouth; Samuel Fowler (D.), Sussex; C. A. Cadmus (D.), Passaic; T. D. English (D.), Essex; *E. F. McDonald (D.), Hudson.

LIII. 1893-5—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; J. A. Geissenhainer (D.), Monmouth; Johnston Cornish (D.), Warren; C. A. Cadmus (D.), Passaic; T. D. English (D.), Essex; George B. Fielder (D.), Hudson; John T. Dunn (D.), Union.

LIV. 1895-7—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Mahlon Pitney (R.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; Thomas McEwan (R.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LV. 1897-9—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Mahlon Pitney (R.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; Thomas McEwan (R.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LVI. 1899—1901—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Joshua S. Salmon (D.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; †William D. Daly (D.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LVII. 1901-3—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; ‡Joshua S. Salmon (D.), Morris; James T. Stewart (R.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker

*Mr. McDonald died November 5th, 1892, and he was succeeded by George B. Fielder.

†Mr. Daly died after the first session of this Congress, and Allan L. McDermott was elected to fill the unexpired term.

‡Mr. Salmon died during the first session of this Congress, and DeWitt C. Flanagan (D.), was elected to fill the vacancy.

(R.), Essex; Allan L. McDermott (D.), Hudson; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union.

LVIII. 1903-5—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; *William M. Lanning (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; William Hughes (D.), Passaic; Richard Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; William H. Wiley (R.), Essex; Allan Benny (D.), Hudson; Allan L. McDermott (D.), Hudson.

LIX. 1905-7—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; Henry C. Allen (R.), Passaic; Richard Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; William H. Wiley (R.), Essex; Marshall Van Winkle (R.), Hudson; Allan L. McDermott (D.), Hudson.

LX. 1907-9—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; William Hughes (D.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; LeGage Pratt (D.), Essex; Eugene W. Leake (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXI. 1909-11—Henry C. Loudenslager (R.), Gloucester; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Benjamin F. Howell (R.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; Charles N. Fowler (R.), Union; William Hughes (D.), Passaic; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; William H. Wiley (R.), Essex; Eugene F. Kinkead (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXII. 1911-13—†William J. Browning, (R.), Camden; John J. Gardner (R.), Atlantic; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Ira W. Wood (R.), Mercer; William E. Tuttle, Jr. (D.), Union; **William Hughes (D.), Passaic; Edward W. Townsend (D.), Essex; Walter I. McCoy (D.), Essex; Eugene F. Kinkead (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

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*Mr. Lanning resigned after the first session of this Congress, and Ira W. Wood (R.), was elected to the vacancy.

†Mr. Browning succeeds Henry C. Loudenslager, who died August 12th, 1911.

**Mr. Hughes resigned in September, 1912, and Mr. Archibald C. Hart (D.), Bergen, was elected to the vacancy.

LXIII. 1913-15—William J. Browning (R.), Camden; J. Thompson Baker (D.), Cape May; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Allan B. Walsh (D.), Mercer; William E. Tuttle, Jr. (D.), Union; ***Archibald C. Hart (D), Bergen; [1]Robert G. Bremner (D.), Passaic; [2]Eugene F. Kinkead (D.), Hudson; [3]Walter I. McCoy (D.), Essex; Edward W. Townsend (D.), Essex; John J. Eagan (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXIV. 1915-17—William J. Browning (R.), Camden; Isaac Bacharach (R.), Atlantic; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Elijah C. Hutchinson (R.), Trenton; John H. Capstick (R.), Morris; Archibald C. Hart (D.), Bergen; Dow H. Drukker (R.), Passaic; Edward W. Gray (R.), Essex; R. Wayne Parker (R.), Essex; Frederick R. Lehlbach (R.), Essex; John J. Eagan (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXV. 1917-19—William J. Browning (R.), Camden; Isaac Bacharach (R.), Atlantic; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Elijah C. Hutchinson (R.), Mercer; [4]John H. Capstick (R.), Morris; John R. Ramsey (R.), Bergen; Dow H. Drukker (R.), Passaic; Edward W. Gray (R.), Essex; Richard W. Parker (R.), Essex; Frederick R. Lehlbach (R.), Essex; John J. Eagan (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

LXVI. 1919-21—[5]William J. Browning (R.), Camden; Isaac Bacharach (R.), Atlantic; Thomas J. Scully (D.), Middlesex; Elijah C. Hutchinson (R.), Mercer; Ernest R. Ackerman (R.), Union; John R. Ramsey (R.), Bergen; Amos H. Radcliffe (R.), Passaic; Cornelius A. McGlennon (D.), Hudson; Daniel F. Minahan (D.), Essex; Frederick R. Lehlbach (R.), Essex; John J. Eagan (D.), Hudson; James A. Hamill (D.), Hudson.

For members of LXVII Congress see another page.

***Succeeded Lewis J. Martin (D.), who died May 5th, 1913.

[1]Mr. Bremner died February 5th, 1914, and was succeeded by Dow H. Drukker (R.).

[2]Mr. Kinkead was elected Sheriff of Hudson County, November 3d, 1914.

[3]Mr. McCoy resigned October 2d, 1914, and was succeeded for the short term by Richard Wayne Parker (R.).

[4]Mr. Capstick died March 17th, 1918, and was succeeded by William F. Birch for the short term in December, 1918.

[5]Mr. Browning died March 24, 1920, and was succeeded for the short term by Frank F. Patterson, Jr.

THE JUDICIARY.

(From 1704 to date.)

CHANCELLORS.

1710, Andrew Hunter; 1719, William Burnet; 1728, John Montgomery; 1731, Lewis Morris; 1732, William Cosby; 1732, John Anderson; 1732, John Hamilton; 1738, Lewis Morris; 1746, John Hamilton; 1747, John Reading; 1747, Jonathan Belcher; 1757, John Reading; 1758, Francis Bernard; 1760, Thomas Boone; 1761, Josiah Hardy; 1762, William Franklin; 1776, William Livingston; 1790, William Paterson; 1793, Richard Howell; 1801, Joseph Bloomfield; 1802, John Lambert; 1803, Joseph Bloomfield; 1812, Aaron Ogden; 1813, William S. Pennington; 1815, Mahlon Dickerson; 1817, Isaac H. Williamson; 1829, Garret D. Wall (declined); 1829, Peter D. Vroom; 1832, Samuel L. Southard; 1833, Elias P. Seely; 1833, Peter D. Vroom; 1836, Philemon Dickerson; 1837, William Pennington; 1843, Daniel Haines; 1845, Oliver S. Halsted; 1852-59, Benjamin Williamson; *1860, Henry W. Green; 1866, Abraham O. Zabriskie; 1873, Theodore Runyon; 1887, Alexander T. McGill; 1900, William J. Magie; 1908, Mahlon Pitney; 1912, Edwin Robert Walker.

VICE-CHANCELLORS.

1871-'75, '81, Amzi Dodd; 1875-'95, Abraham V. Van Fleet; 1882-'96, John T. Bird; 1890-'96, Robert S. Green; 1889-1907, Henry C. Pitney; 1901, Eugene Stevenson; 1904-'13, Lindley M. Garrison; 1904-'07, James J. Bergen; 1896-1906, Martin P. Grey; 1895-1915, John R. Emery; 1895-1904, Alfred Reed; 1896-1919, Frederic W. Stevens; 1906, Edmund B. Leaming; 1907-'16, James E. Howell; 1907-'12, Edwin R. Walker; 1912, Vivian M. Lewis; 1913, John Griffin, John H. Backes; 1916, John E. Foster; 1916-1919, Merritt Lane; 1919, Malcolm G. Buchanan; 1919, James F. Fielder.

CHIEF JUSTICES.

1704, Roger Mompesson; 1709, Thomas Gordon; 1710, David Jamison; 1723, William Trent; 1724, Robert Lettice Hooper; 1728, Thomas Farmer; 1729, Robert Lettice

*There was a vacancy in the chancellorship from March, 1859, to March 15, 1860.

Hooper; 1738, Robert Hunter Morris; 1758, William Aynsley; 1761, Robert Hunter Morris; 1764, Charles Read; 1764, Frederick Smyth; 1776, Richard Stockton (declined); 1776, John De Hart (declined); 1777, Robert Morris; 1779, David Brearley; 1789, James Kinsey; 1803, Andrew Kirkpatrick; 1824, Charles Ewing; 1832, Joseph C. Hornblower; 1846-53, Henry W. Green; 1853, Peter D. Vroom (declined); 1853, Alexander Wurts (declined); 1853-60, Henry W. Green; *1861, Edward W. Whelpley; 1864, Mercer Beasley; 1897, William J. Magie; 1900, David A. Depue; 1901, William S. Gummere.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

1704, William Pinhorne; 1705, William Sandford; 1705, Andrew Bowne; 1706, Daniel Coxe; 1708, Thomas Revel; 1708, Daniel Leeds; 1710, Peter Sonmans; 1710, Hugh Huddy; 1711, Lewis Morris; 1711, Thomas Farmer; 1721, Peter Bard; 1734, Daniel Coxe; 1735, John Hamilton; 1739, Joseph Bonnel; 1739, John Allen; 1748, Samuel Nevil; 1749, Charles Read; 1754, Richard Salter; 1764, John Berrien; 1772, David Ogden; 1774, Richard Stockton; 1776, Samuel Tucker; 1776, Francis Hopkinson (declined); 1777, Isaac Smith; 1777, John Cleves Symmes; 1788, John Chetwood; 1797, Andrew Kirkpatrick; 1798, Elisha Boudinot; 1804, William S. Pennington; 1804, William Rossell; 1813, Mahlon Dickerson; 1815, Samuel L. Southard; 1820, Gabriel H. Ford; 1826, George K. Drake; 1834, Thomas C. Ryerson; 1838, John Moore White; 1838, William L. Dayton; 1838, James S. Nevius; 1841, Daniel Elmer; 1841, Ira C. Whitehead; 1845, Thomas P. Carpenter; 1845, Joseph F. Randolph; 1845, James S. Nevius; 1848, Elias B. D. Ogden; 1852, Lucius Q. C. Elmer; 1852, Stacy G. Potts; 1852, Daniel Haines; 1855, Peter Vredenburgh; 1855, Martin Ryerson; 1855, Elias B. D. Ogden; 1858, Edward W. Whelpley; 1859, Daniel Haines; 1859, William S. Clawson; 1859, John Vandyke; 1861, George H. Brown; 1861, L. Q. C. Elmer; 1862, Peter Vredenburgh; 1862, L. Q. C. Elmer; 1862, Elias B. D. Ogden; 1865, Joseph D. Bedle; 1866, Vancleve Dalrimple; 1866, George S. Woodhull; 1866 to 1901, David A. Depue; 1869, '76, '83, '90, '97 and 1904, Bennet Van Syckel; 1869, '76, '83 and '90, Edward W. Scudder; 1875, '82 and '89, Manning M. Knapp; 1875 to 1906, Jonathan Dixon; 1875 to '95, 1904 to '11, Alfred Reed; 1880 to 1888, Joel Parker; 1880 to 1897, William J. Magie; 1888 to 1920, Charles G. Garrison; 1892, George T. Werts; 1893 and 1900, Job H. Lippincott; 1893 to 1895, Leon Abbett; 1895 to 1901, William S. Gummere; 1895 to 1901, George C. Ludlow; 1897 to 1903, Gilbert Collins; 1900 to '07, John Franklin Fort; 1900 and '07, Abram Q. Garretson; 1901-'08,

*There was a vacancy in the Chief Justiceship from March 15, 1860, to January 21, 1861.

Charles E. Hendrickson; 1901 and '08, Mahlon Pitney; 1903 to ——, Francis J. Swayze; 1906, Thomas W. Trenchard; 1907, Charles W. Parker; 1907, James J. Bergen; 1908 to '14, Willard P. Voorhees; 1908, James F. Minturn; 1911, Samuel Kalisch; 1914, Charles C. Black; 1920, Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr.

COURT OF ERRORS AND APPEALS—JUDGES.

1845-'50, James Speer; 1845, Joshua Brick; 1845-'49, Ferdinand S. Schenck; 1848, James J. Spencer; 1848-'50, Robert H. McCarter; 1849-'50, Thomas Sinnickson, Garret D. Wall; 1850-'62, Joseph L. Risley; 1851-'66, John M. Cornelison; 1851-'56, Moses Mills; 1852-'54, Caleb H. Valentine; 1852, Thomas Arrowsmith; 1853-'56, John Huyler; 1857-'64, William N. Wood; 1857-'63, Joshua Swain; 1858-'63, Joseph L. Combs; 1860-'73, Robert S. Kennedy; 1863-'66, George F. Fort; 1861-'81, Edmund L. B. Wales; 1864-'94, John Clement; 1864-'71, George Vail; 1866-'74, James L. Ogdon; 1868-'74, Charles S. Olden; 1871-'82, Francis J. Lathrop; 1872-'85, Caleb S. Green; 1873-'80, Samuel Lilly; 1872-'82, Amzi Dodd; 1881-'91, Martin Cole; 1882-'93, Jonathan S. Whittaker; 1885-'96, Hendrick H. Brown; 1883, '84, William H. Kirk; 1883-'89, William Paterson; 1886-'90, John McGregor; 1890-'95, Abram C. Smith; 1891-1915, John W. Bogert; 1892-1903, Gotfried Krueger; 1893, '94, William Walter Phelps; 1895, '96, Clifford Stanley Sims; 1894, '95, Robert S. Green; 1895, '96, George T. Smith; 1895, '96, Albert R. Tallman; 1897-1900, James H. Nixon; 1897, William L. Dayton, John S. Barkalow; 1897-1901, Charles E. Hendrickson; 1897-1916, William H. Vredenburg; 1898-1904, Frederic Adams; 1901-'05, Peter D. Voorhees; 1902-'13, G. D. W. Vroom; 1904-'10, George R. Gray; 1904-'09, Elmer Ewing Green; 1906-'10, James B. Dill; 1910-'14, Joseph W. Congdon; 1911, Mark A. Sullivan; 1911, John J. White; 1912, '13, John J. Treacy; 1913-'19, Henry S. Terhune; 1913, Ernest J. Heppenheimer; 1914, Robert Williams; 1915, Frank M. Taylor; 1916, Walter P. Gardner; 1919, Henry E. Ackerson, Jr.

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGES.

1893-1900, Richard T. Miller, Francis Child; 1896-1903, Henry M. Nevius; 1900-'03, James H. Nixon, Francis J. Swayze; 1903-'19, Frederic Adams; 1903-'07, Charles W. Parker; 1903-'11, Allen B. Endicott; 1904-'11, Wilbur A. Heisley; 1906-'14, Benjamin A. Vail; 1906, Frank T. Lloyd; 1907-'08, James F. Minturn; 1907, William H. Speer; 1908-'14, Charles C. Black; 1911-'13, Clarence L. Cole; 1911, Nelson Y. Dungan; 1913-20, Howard Carrow; 1914, Luther A. Campbell, George S. Silzer; 1916, Willard W. Cutler; 1919, Worrall F. Mountain; 1920, Ralph W. E. Donges.

ATTORNEYS-GENERAL.

1704, Alexander Griffith; 1714, Thomas Gordon; 1719, Jeremiah Basse; 1723, James Alexander; 1728, Lawrence Smith; 1733, Joseph Warrel; 1754, Cortland Skinner; 1776, William Paterson; 1783, Joseph Bloomfield; 1792, Aaron D. Woodruff; 1811, Andrew S. Hunter; 1817, Theodore Frelinghuysen; 1829, Samuel L. Southard; 1833, John Moore White; 1838, Richard S. Field; 1841, George P. Mollesson; 1844, Richard P. Thompson; 1845, Abraham Browning; 1850, Lucius Q. C. Elmer; 1852, Richard P. Thompson; 1857, William L. Dayton; 1861, F. T. Frelinghuysen; 1867, George M. Robeson; 1870, Robert Gilchrist; 1875, Joel Parker; 1875, Jacob Vanatta; 1877, John P. Stockton; 1897, Samuel H. Grey; 1902, Thomas N. McCarter; 1903, Robert H. McCarter; 1908, Edmund Wilson; 1914, John W. Wescott; 1919, Thomas F. McCran.

CLERKS IN CHANCERY.

1831, Stacy G. Potts; 1840, Samuel R. Gummere; 1847, Joseph Scattergood; 1851, Daniel B. Bodine; 1856, William M. Babbitt; 1861, Barker Gummere; 1871, Henry S. Little; 1881, George S. Duryee; 1886, Allan L. McDermott; 1896, Lewis A. Thompson; 1901, Edward C. Stokes; 1905, Vivian M. Lewis; 1909, Samuel K. Robbins; 1914, Robert H. McAdams; 1919, Jesse R. Salmon.

CLERKS OF SUPREME COURT.

1776, Jonathan D. Sergeant (declined); 1776, Bowes Reed; 1781, William C. Houston; 1788, Richard Howell; 1793, Jonathan Rhea; 1807, William Hyer; 1812, Garret D. Wall; 1817, Zachariah Rossell; 1842, Eli Morris; 1842, James Wilson; 1852, William M. Force; 1857, Charles P. Smith; 1872, Benjamin F. Lee; 1897, William Riker, Jr.; 1912, Joseph P. Tumulty; 1913, William C. Gebhardt; 1918, Enoch L. Johnson.

STATE OFFICERS.

(From 1776 to date.)

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

1776, Charles Pettit (resigned October 7th, 1778); 1778, Bowes Reed; 1794, Samuel W. Stockton; 1795, John Beatty; 1805, James Linn; 1820, Daniel Coleman; 1830, James D. Westcott; 1840, Charles G. McChesney; 1851, Thomas S. Allison; 1861, Whitfield S. Johnson; 1866, Horace N. Congar; 1870, Henry C. Kelsey; 1897, George Wurts; 1902, Samuel D. Dickinson; 1912, David S. Crater; 1915, Thomas F. Martin.

STATE TREASURERS.

1776, Richard Smith (resigned February 15th, 1777); 1777, John Stevens, Jr.; 1783, John Schureman (declined); 1783, James Mott; 1799, James Salter; 1803, Peter Gordon; 1821, Charles Parker; 1832, William Grant; 1833, Charles Parker; 1836, Jacob Kline; 1837, Isaac Southard; 1843, Thomas Arrowsmith; 1845, Stacy A. Paxson; 1847, Samuel S. Stryker; 1848, Samuel Mairs; 1851, Rescarrick M. Smith; 1865, David Naar; 1866, Howard Ivins; 1868, William P. McMichael; 1871, Josephus Sooy, Jr.; 1875, Gershom Mott; 1876, George M. Wright; 1885, Jonathan H. Blackwell; 1885, John J. Toffey; 1891, George R. Gray; 1894, George B. Swain; 1902, Frank O. Briggs; 1907, Daniel S. Voorhees; 1913, Edward E. Grosscup; 1916, William T. Read.

STATE COMPTROLLERS.

1865, William K. McDonald; 1871, Albert L. Runyon; 1877, Robert F. Stockton; 1880, Edward J. Anderson; 1891, William C. Heppenheimer; 1894, William S. Hancock; 1902, J. Willard Morgan; 1908, Harry J. West; 1911, Edward I. Edwards; 1917, Newton A. K. Bugbee.

ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

1776, William Bott; 1793, Anthony Walton White; 1803, John Morgan; 1804, Ebenezer Elmer; 1804, Peter Hunt; 1810, James J. Wilson; 1812, John Beatty; 1814, James J. Wilson; 1814, Charles Gordon; 1816, Zachariah Rossell; 1842, Thomas Cadwallader; 1858, Robert F. Stockton, Jr.;

1867, William S. Stryker; 1900, Alexander C. Oliphant; 1902, R. Heber Breintnall; 1909, Wilbur F. Sadler, Jr. (Died Nov. 10th, 1916); 1916-17, Charles W. Barber; 1917, Frederick Gilkyson.

QUARTERMASTERS-GENERAL.

[The office of Quartermaster-General of New Jersey was established by an act of the Legislature, approved March 11th, 1806.]

1807-1814, Jonathan Rhea; 1814, Charles Gordon; 1814-1821, Ellet Tucker; 1821-1824, James J. Wilson; 1824-1837, Garret D. Wall; 1837-1855, Samuel R. Hamilton; 1855-1889, Lewis Perrine; 1890-1905, Richard A. Donnelly; 1905—C. Edward Murray.

[General Lewis Perrine died in 1889 and the vacancy was filed by Adjutant-General Stryker until the appointment of General Donnelly. General Donnelly died February 27th, 1905.]

STATE LIBRARIANS.

1822, William L. Prall; 1823 to '28, Charles Parker; 1829 to '33, William Boswell; 1833 to '36, Peter Forman; 1837 to '42, Charles C. Yard; 1843 to '45, Peter Forman; 1845 to '52, William D'Hart; 1852 to '53, Sylvester Vansickle; 1853 to '66, Charles J. Ihrie; 1866 to '69, Clarence J. Mulford; 1869 to '71, Jeremiah Dally; 1872 to '83, James S. McDanolds; 1884 to '99, Morris R. Hamilton; 1899 to 1914, Henry C. Buchanan; 1914 to 1919, John P. Dullard; 1919 to ——, Francis E. Croasdale.

STATE PRISON KEEPERS.

William Crooks; 1811, Henry Bellerjeau; 1822, Francis Labaw; 1829, Ephraim Ryno; 1830, Thomas M. Perrine; 1836, Joseph A. Yard; 1839, John Voorhees; 1841, Jacob B. Gaddis; 1843, Joseph A. Yard; 1845, Jacob B. Gaddis; 1851, William B. Vanderveer; 1857, Robert P. Stoll; 1862, T. V. D. Hoagland; 1863, Joseph B. Walker; 1866, Peter P. Robinson; 1868, George A. Walker; 1869, David D. Hennion; 1871, Robert H. Howell; 1873, Charles Wilson; 1876, Gershom Mott; 1881, P. H. Laverty; 1886, John H. Patterson; 1896, Samuel S. Moore; 1902, George O. Osborne; 1912, Thomas B. Madden; 1916, Richard P. Hughes; 1917, James H. Mulheron.

NEW JERSEY LEGISLATURES.

Below is a record of the length of each session, the date of meeting and adjournment of, and the number of laws enacted by the various Legislatures since the adoption of the new Constitution in 1844:

Year.	Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length.	Laws enacted.	Joint Resolutions.
1845—	January 14,	April 4,	12 Weeks.	138	7
1846—	" 13,	" 18,	14 "	114	15
1847—	" 12,	M'ch 5,	8 "	109	13
1848—	" 11,	" 9,	9 "	136	14
1849—	" 9,	" 2,	8 "	136	12
1850—	" 8,	" 8,	9 "	123	9
1851—	" 14,	" 19,	10 "	171	3
1852—	" 13,	" 30,	11 "	213	9
1853—	" 12,	" 11,	9 "	198	12
1854—	" 10,	" 17,	10 "	223	13
1855—	" 9,	April 6,	13 "	258	5
1856—	" 8,	M'ch 14,	10 "	180	11
1857—	" 13,	" 21,	10 "	223	2
1858—	" 12,	" 18,	10 "	215	8
1859—	" 11,	" 23,	11 "	231	1
1860—	" 10,	" 22,	11 "	270	6
1861—	" 8,	" 15,	10 "	181	2
1862—	" 14,	" 28,	11 "	194	5
1863—	" 13,	" 25,	11 "	279	3
1864—	" 12,	April 14,	14 "	446	7
1865—	" 10,	" 6,	13 "	514	5
1866—	" 9,	" 6,	13 "	487	6
1867—	" 18,	" 12,	12 "	480	12
1868—	" 14,	" 17,	14 "	566	11
1869—	" 12,	" 2,	12 "	577	5
1870—	" 11,	M'ch 17,	10 "	532	6
1871—	" 10,	April 6,	13 "	625	9
1872—	" 9,	" 4,	13 "	603	10
1873—	" 14,	" 4,	12 "	723	1
1874—	" 13,	M'ch 27,	11 "	534	1
1875—	" 12,	April 9,	13 "	439	0
1876—	" 11,	" 21,	15 "	213	6
1877—	" 9,	M'ch 9,	9 "	156	6
1878—	" 8,	April 5,	13 "	267	7
1879—	" 14,	M'ch 14,	9 "	209	3
1880—	" 13,	" 12,	9 "	224	4
1881—	" 11,	" 25,	11 "	230	10
1882—	" 10,	" 31,	12 "	190	7
1883—	" 9,	" 23,	11 "	208	6
1884—	" 8,	April 18,	15 "	225	9
1885—	" 13.	" 4,	12 "	250	4
1886—*	" 12.	June 2,	15 "	279	3
1887—†	" 11,	April 7,	13 "	182	3

* After a session of 14 weeks the House took a recess on April 16th till June 1st. The Senate continued in session, as a Court of Impeachment, till April 22d, when a recess was taken till June 1st. Up to the time of taking the recess the Senate and House were in session together 14 weeks, and the Senate, by itself, one week.

† The Senate did not organize till February 1st

Year.	Meeting.	Adjournment.	Length.	Laws enacted.	Joint Resolutions.
1888—	Jan'y 10,	M'ch 30,	12 Weeks	337	11
1889—	" 8,	April 20,	15 "	297	8
1890—	" 14,	May 23,	19 "	311	8
1891—	" 13,	M'ch 20,	10 "	285	6
1892—	" 12,	" 11,	9 "	296	1
1893—	" 10,	" 11,	9 "	292	2
1894—‡	" 9,	Oct. 2,	20 "	354	7
1895—§	" 8,	June 13,	13 "	434	8
1896—	" 14,	M'ch 26,	11 "	219	2
1897—	" 12,	" 31,	12 "	206	1
1898—	" 11,	" 25,	11 "	242	2
1899—	" 10,	" 24,	11 "	219	3
1900—	" 9,	" 23,	11 "	198	3
1901—	" 8,	" 22,	11 "	210	2
1902—	" 14,	" 27,	11 "	279	4
1903—	" 13,	April 2,	12 "	273	3
1904—	" 12,	M'ch 25,	11 "	250	10
1905—	" 10,	" 30,	12 "	270	5
1906—	" 9,	April 12,	14 "	331	11
1907—*	" 8,	Oct. 12,	40 "	290	8
1908—	" 14,	April 11,	13 "	322	11
1909—	" 12,	" 16,	14 "	272	8
1910—	" 11,	" 7,	13 "	308	2
1911—	" 10,	" 21,	15 "	382	8
1912—**	" 9,	" 16,	15 "	420	10
1913—††	" 14,	" 3,	12 "	367	6
1914—	" 13,	" 9,	13 "	274	2
1915—‡‡	" 12,	" 20,	15 "	413	6
1916—	" 11,	M'ch 29,	12 "	289	9
1917—	" 9,	" 23,	12 "	278	11
1918—	" 8,	Feb. 28,	8 "	290	5
1919—†	" 14,	April 11,	13 "	261	9
1920—	" 13,	Jan'y 11, 1921,	52 "	377	2

‡ On May 26th a recess was taken until October 2d, when the Legislature re-assembled, and, without transacting any business, adjourned sine die at 3:30 in the afternoon.

§ On March 22d, a recess was taken until June 4th, when the Legislature re-assembled, and, remaining in session two weeks, adjourned sine die on June 13th.

* This Legislature was in continuous session 14 weeks, and on April 12 adjourned to June 18. Then there was another adjournment, and subsequently frequent recesses were taken until final adjournment.

** This Legislature was in session until March 29th, then took a recess to April 10th, and on April 11th took a recess to April 16th and then adjourned sine die.

†† First special session, May 6th to 26th. Laws enacted, 22.

†† Second special session, August 5th to 12th. Laws enacted, 2.

‡‡ Special session, May 3d. Laws enacted, 2.

† House did not organize until February 10th.

POLITICAL COMPLEXION OF NEW JERSEY'S LEGISLATURES.

(From 1845 to date.)

1845—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 30 Whigs; 27 Dems.; 1 Native American.
1846—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 40 Whigs; 18 Dems.
1847—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 38 Whigs; 20 Dems.
1848—Senate, 12 Whigs; 7 Dems. House, 39 Whigs; 19 Dems.
1849—Senate, 10 Whigs; 9 Dems. House, 33 Whigs; 25 Dems.
1850—Senate, 9 Whigs; 11 Dems. House, 25 Whigs; 35 Dems.
1851—Senate, 10 Whigs; 10 Dems. House, 28 Whigs; 30 Dems.
1852—Senate, 13 Dems.; 7 Whigs. House, 45 Dems.; 15 Whigs.
1853—Senate, 13 Dems.; 7 Whigs. House, 39 Dems.; 21 Whigs.
1854—Senate, 13 Dems.; 7 Whigs. House, 40 Dems.; 20 Whigs.
1855—Senate, 10 Dems.; 9 Whigs; 1 Native American. House, 29 Dems.; 25 Whigs; 6 Native American.
1856—Senate, 11 Dems.; 5 Whigs; 4 Native American. House, 30 Dems.; 14 Whigs; 1 Ind. Dem.; 15 Native American.
1857—Senate, 11 Dems.; 6 Whigs; 3 Know Nothings. House, 38 Dems.; combined opposition, 22.
1858—Both Houses Democratic.
1859—Senate, Democratic. House, Opposition.
1860—Senate, Democratic. House, 30 Dems.; 28 Reps.; 2 American.
1861—Senate, Republican. House, Democratic.
1862—Senate, Democrats and Republicans, tie; Independent, 1. House, Democratic. Democratic majority on joint ballot, 3.
1863-64—Both Houses Democratic.
1865—Senate, Democratic. House, a tie.
1866-67—Both Houses Republican.
1868-69-70—Both Houses Democratic.
1871-72-73—Both Houses Republican.
1874—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 32 Republicans; 28 Democrats.
1875—Senate, 13 Republicans; 8 Democrats. House, 41 Democrats; 19 Republicans.
1876—Both Houses Republican.
1877—Senate, 11 Democrats; 10 Republicans. House, a tie.
1878—Both Houses Democratic.
1879-80-81—Both Houses Republican.
1882—Senate, Republican. House, Democratic.
1883—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 35 Democrats; 25 Republicans.
1884—Senate, Republican. House, Democratic.
1885—Both Houses Republican.
1886—Both Houses Republican.
1887—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 32 Democrats, 26 Republicans; 2 Labor Democrats.
1888—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 37 Republicans; 23 Democrats.
1889—Senate, 11 Democrats; 10 Republicans. House, 32 Democrats; 28 Republicans.
1890—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 37 Democrats; 23 Republicans.

1891—Senate, 14 Democrats; 7 Republicans. House, 40 Democrats; 20 Republicans.
1892—Senate, 16 Democrats: 5 Republicans. House, 42 Democrats; 18 Republicans.
1893—Senate, 16 Democrats; 5 Republicans. House, 39 Democrats; 21 Republicans
1894—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 39 Republicans; 20 Democrats; 1 Ind. Dem.
1895—Senate, 16 Republicans; 5 Democrats. House, 54 Republicans; 6 Democrats.
1896—Senate, 18 Republicans; 3 Democrats. House, 43 Republicans; 16 Democrats; 1 Ind. Dem.
1897—Senate, 18 Republicans; 3 Democrats. House, 56 Republicans; 4 Democrats.
1898-99—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 37 Republicans; 23 Democrats.
1900—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 43 Republicans; 16 Democrats; 1 vacancy.
1901—Senate, 17 Republicans; 4 Democrats. House, 45 Republicans; 15 Democrats.
1902—Senate, 17 Republicans; 4 Democrats. House, 46 Republicans; 14 Democrats.
1903-4—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 38 Republicans; 22 Democrats.
1905—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 46 Republicans; 14 Democrats.
1906—Senate, 17 Republicans; 4 Democrats. House, 56 Republicans; 1 Ind. Rep.; 3 Democrats.
1907—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 31 Democrats; 29 Republicans.
1908—Senate, 14 Republicans; 7 Democrats. House, 40 Republicans; 20 Democrats.
1909—Senate, 13 Republicans; 8 Democrats. House, 45 Republicans; 15 Democrats.
1910—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 41 Republicans; 19 Democrats.
1911—Senate, 12 Republicans; 9 Democrats. House, 18 Republicans; 42 Democrats.
1912—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 37 Republicans; 23 Democrats.
1913—Senate, 12 Democrats; 9 Republicans. House, 51 Democrats; 8 Republicans; one vacancy.
1914—Senate, 11 Democrats; 10 Republicans. House, 37 Democrats; 23 Republicans.
1915—Senate, 11 Republicans; 10 Democrats. House, 38 Republicans; 22 Democrats.
1916—Senate, 13 Republicans; 8 Democrats. House, 40 Republicans; 20 Democrats.
1917—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House 44 Republicans; 16 Democrats.
1918—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 46 Republicans; 14 Democrats.
1919—Senate, 14 Republicans; 6 Democrats; 1 vacancy. House, 30 Republicans; 30 Democrats.
1920—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 33 Republicans; 27 Democrats.
1921—Senate, 15 Republicans; 6 Democrats. House, 58 Republicans; 1 Democrat. One vacancy.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF COUNCIL.

(From 1776 to 1844, when the new Constitution was formed.)
(The Governor under the 1776 Constitution was President of the Council.)

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

1776-81—John Stevens, Hunterdon.
1782 —John Cox, Burlington.
1783-84—Philemon Dickinson, Hunterdon.
1785-88—Robert Lettis Hooper, Hunterdon.
1789-92—Elisha Lawrence, Monmouth.
1793-94—Thomas Henderson, Monmouth.
1795 —Elisha Lawrence, Monmouth.
1796-97—James Linn, Somerset.
1798-1800—George Anderson, Burlington.
1801-04—John Lambert, Hunterdon.
1805 —Thomas Little, Monmouth.
1806 —George Anderson, Burlington.
1807 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1808 —Ebenezer Seeley, Cumberland.
1809 —Thomas Ward, Essex.
1810-11—Charles Clark, Essex.
1812 —James Schureman, Middlesex.
1813 —Charles Clark, Essex.
1814-15—William Kennedy, Sussex.
1816-22—Jesse Upson, Morris.
1823-25—Peter J. Stryker, Somerset.
1826 —Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland.
1827 —Silas Cook, Morris.
1828 —Caleb Newbold, Burlington.
1829-30—Edward Condict, Morris.
1831-32—Elias P. Seeley, Cumberland.
1833 —Mahlon Dickerson, Morris.
1834 —Jehu Patterson, Monmouth.
1835 —Charles Sitgreaves, Warren.
1836 —Jeptha B. Munn, Morris.
1837-38—Andrew Parsons, Passaic.
1839-40—Joseph Porter, Gloucester.
1842 —John Cassedy, Bergen.
1843 —William Chetwood, Essex.
1844 —Jehu Patterson, Monmouth.

SENATE PRESIDENTS.

1845 to Date.

1845-48—John C. Smallwood, Gloucester.
1849-50—Ephraim Marsh, Morris.
1851 —Silas D. Canfield, Passaic.
1852 —John Manners, Hunterdon.
1853-56—W. C. Alexander, Mercer.
1857-58—Henry V. Speer, Middlesex.
1859 —Thomas R. Herring, Bergen.
1860 —C. L. C. Gifford, Essex.
1861 —Edmund Perry, Hunterdon.
1862 —Joseph T. Crowell, Union.
1863 —Anthony Reckless, Monmouth.
1864 —Amos Robbins, Middlesex.
1865 —Edward W. Scudder, Mercer.
1866 —James M. Scovel, Camden.
1867 —Benjamin Buckley, Passaic.
1868-69—Henry S. Little, Monmouth.
1870 —Amos Robbins, Middlesex.
1871-72—Edward Bettle, Camden.
1873-75—John W. Taylor, Essex.
1876 —W. J. Sewell, Camden.
1877 —Leon Abbett, Hudson.
1878 —G. C. Ludlow, Middlesex.
1879-80—W. J. Sewell, Camden.
1881-82—G. A. Hobart, Passaic.
1883 —J. J. Gardner, Atlantic.
1884 —B. A. Vail, Union.
1885 —A. V. Schenck, Middlesex.
1886 —John W. Griggs, Passaic.
1887 —Frederick S. Fish, Essex.
1888 —George H. Large, Hunterdon.
1889 —George T. Werts, Morris.
1890 —H. M. Nevius, Monmouth.
1891-93—Robert Adrain, Middlesex.
1894 —Maurice A. Rogers, Camden.
1895 —Edward C. Stokes, Cumberland.
1896 —Lewis A. Thompson, Somerset; Robert Williams, Passaic.
1897 —Robert Williams, Passaic.
1898 —Foster M. Voorhees, Union; William H. Skirm (pro tem.), Mercer.
1899 —Charles A. Reed, Somerset.
1900 —William M. Johnson, Bergen.
1901 —Mahlon Pitney, Morris.
1902 —C. Asa Francis, Monmouth.
1903 —Elijah C. Hutchinson, Mercer.
1904 —Edmund W. Wakelee, Bergen.
1905 —*Joseph Cross, Union; *Wm. J. Bradley, Camden.
1906 —William J. Bradley, Camden.
1907 —Bloomfield H. Minch, Cumberland.
1908 —Thomas J. Hillery, Morris.

* Joseph Cross resigned on March 30, and he was succeeded by William J. Bradley.

1909 —†Samuel K. Robbins, Burlington; Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerset.
1910 —Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerset.
1911 —Ernest R. Ackerman, Union.
1912 —John Dyneley Prince, Passaic.
1913 —*James F. Fielder, Hudson; James A. C. Johnson, Bergen (pro tem.).
1914 —John W. Slocum, Monmouth.
1915 —Walter E. Edge, Atlantic.
1916 —William T. Read, Camden; George W. F. Gaunt, Gloucester (pro tem.).
1917 —George W. F. Gaunt, Gloucester.
1918 —Thomas F. McCran, Passaic.
1919 —William N. Runyon, Union.
1920 —Clarence E. Case, Somerset.
1921 —Collins B. Allen, Salem.

SENATE SECRETARIES.

1845-47—Daniel Dodd, Jr., Essex.
1848-50—Philip J. Gray, Camden.
1851 —John Rogers, Burlington.
1852-53—Samuel A. Allen, Salem.
1854 —A. R. Throckmorton, Hudson.
1855-56—A. R. Throckmorton, Monmouth.
1857-58—A. B. Chamberlain, Hunterdon.
1859-60—John C. Rafferty, Hunterdon.
1861 —Joseph J. Sleeper, Burlington.
1862-63—Morris R. Hamilton, Camden.
1864-65—John H. Meeker, Essex.
1866-67—Enoch R. Borden, Mercer.
1868-69—Joseph B. Cornish, Warren.
1870 —John C. Rafferty, Hunterdon.
1871-74—John F. Babcock, Middlesex.
1875-76—N. W. Voorhees, Hunterdon.
1877-78—C. M. Jemison, Somerset.
1879 —N. W. Voorhees, Hunterdon.
1880-82—George Wurts, Passaic.
1883-85—W. A. Stiles, Sussex.
1886-88—Richard B. Reading, Hunterdon.
1889 —John Carpenter, Jr., Hunterdon.
1890 —Wilbur A. Mott, Essex.
1891-92—John Carpenter, Jr., Hunterdon.
1893 —Samuel C. Thompson, Warren.
1894 —Wilbur A. Mott, Essex.
1895-97—Henry B. Rollinson, Union.
1898 —George A. Frey, Camden.
1899-1900—Augustus S. Barber, Jr., Gloucester.
1901-02-03-04—Walter E. Edge, Atlantic.
1905-10—Howard L. Tyler, Cumberland.
1911 —William C. Murphey, Camden.
1912 —Francis B. Davis, Gloucester.
1913-14—William L. Dill, Passaic.
1915-16-17—Francis B. Davis, Gloucester.
1918-21—William H. Albright, Gloucester.

† Samuel K. Robbins resigned on April 16 and was succeeded by Joseph S. Frelinghuysen.
* Became Acting Governor, March 1.

ASSEMBLY SPEAKERS.

1776 to Date.

1776-78—John Hart, Hunterdon.
Second Session 1778—Caleb Camp, Essex.
1779 —Caleb Camp, Essex.
1780 —Josiah Hornblower, Essex.
1781 —John Mehelm, Hunterdon.
1782-83—Ephraim Harris, Cumberland.
1784 —Daniel Hendrickson, Monmouth.
1784-86—Benjamin Van Cleve, Hunterdon.
1787 —Ephraim Harris, Cumberland.
1788 —Benjamin Van Cleve, Hunterdon.
1789 —John Beatty, Middlesex.
1790 —Jonathan Dayton, Essex.
1791 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1792-94—Silas Condict, Morris.
1795 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1796 —James H. Imlay, Monmouth.
1797 —Silas Condict, Morris.
1798-1800—William Coxe, Burlington.
1801 —Silas Dickerson, Sussex.
1802 —William Coxe, Burlington.
1803 —Peter Gordon, Hunterdon.
1804-07—James Cox, Monmouth.
1808-09—Lewis Condict, Morris.
1810-11—William Kennedy, Sussex.
1812 —William Pearson, Burlington.
1813 —Ephraim Bateman, Cumberland.
1814-15—Samuel Pennington, Essex.
1816 —Charles Clark, Essex.
1817 —Ebenezer Elmer, Cumberland.
1818-22—David Thompson, Jr., Morris.
1823 —Lucius Q. C. Elmer, Cumberland.
1824 —David Johnston, Hunterdon.
1825-26—George K. Drake, Morris.
1827-28—William B. Ewing, Cumberland.
1829-31—Alexander Wurts, Hunterdon.
1832 —John P. Jackson, Essex.
1833-35—Daniel B. Ryall, Monmouth.
1836 —Thomas G. Haight, Monmouth
1837-38—Lewis Condict, Morris.
1839 —William Stites, Essex.
1840-41—John Emley, Burlington.
1842 —Samuel B. Halsey, Morris.
1843-44—Joseph Taylor, Cumberland.

1845 —Isaac Van Wagenen, Essex.
1846 —Lewis Howell, Cumberland.
1847-48—John W. C. Evans, Burlington.
1849 —Edw. W. Whelpley, Morris.
1850 —John T. Nixon, Cumberland.
1851 —John H. Phillips, Mercer.
1852 —John Huyler, Bergen.
1853-54—John W. Fennimore, Burlington.
1855 —William Parry, Burlington.
1856 —Thomas W. Demarest, Bergen.
1857 —Andrew Dutcher, Mercer.
1858 —Daniel Holsman, Bergen.
1859 —Edwin Salter, Ocean.
1860 —Austin H. Patterson, Monmouth.
1861 —F. H. Teese, Essex.
1862 —Charles Haight, Monmouth.
1863 —James T. Crowell, Middlesex.
1864 —Joseph N. Taylor, Passaic.
1865 —Joseph T. Crowell, Union.
1866 —John Hill, Morris.
1867 —G. W. N. Curtis, Camden.
1868 —Aug. O. Evans, Hudson.
1869-70—Leon Abbett, Hudson.
1871 —Albert P. Condit, Essex.
1872 —Nathaniel Niles, Morris.
1873 —Isaac L. Fisher, Middlesex.
1874 —Garret A. Hobart, Passaic.
1875 —George O. Vanderbilt, Mercer.
1876 —John D. Carscallen, Hudson.
1877 —Rudolph F. Rabe, Hudson.
1878 —John Egan, Union.
1879 —Schuyler B. Jackson, Essex.
1880 —Sherman B. Oviatt, Monmouth.
1881 —Harrison VanDuyne, Essex.
1882 —John T. Dunn, Union.
1883 —Thomas O'Connor, Essex.
1884 —A. B. Stoney, Monmouth.
1885-86—E. A. Armstrong, Camden.
1887 —William M. Baird, Warren.
1888 —Samuel D. Dickinson, Hudson.
1889 —Robert S. Hudspeth, Hudson.
1890 —W. C. Heppenheimer, Hudson.
1891-92—James J. Bergen, Somerset.
1893 —Thomas Flynn, Passaic.
1894 —*John I. Holt, Passaic; *Joseph Cross, Union.
1895 —Joseph Cross, Union.
1896 —Louis T. Derousse, Camden.
1897 —George W. Macpherson, Mercer.
1898-99—**David O. Watkins, Gloucester.
1900 —Benjamin F. Jones, Essex.
1901-02—William J. Bradley, Camden.
1903 —John G. Horner, Burlington.
1904-05—John Boyd Avis, Gloucester.
1906 —Samuel K. Robbins, Burlington.
1907 —Edgar E. Lethbridge, Essex.
1908 —Frank B. Jess, Camden.

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* Speaker Holt resigned on May 26th, and Mr. Cross succeeded him.

** Became Acting Governor, October 18th, 1898, and served to January 17th, 1899.

1909 —John D. Prince, Passaic.
1910 —Harry P. Ward, Bergen.
1911 —Edward Kenny, Hudson.
1912 —Thomas F. McCran, Passaic.
1913 —*Leon R. Taylor, Monmouth.
1914 —Azariah M. Beekman, Somerset.
1915 —Carlton Godfrey, Atlantic.
1916 —Charles C. Pilgrim, Essex.
1917 —Edward Schoen, Essex.
1918 —Charles A. Wolverton, Camden.
1919 —Arthur N. Pierson, Union.
1920 —W. Irving Glover, Bergen.
1921 —George S. Hobart, Essex.

ASSEMBLY CLERKS.

1845 to Date.

1845 —Alexander G. Cattell, Salem.
1846 —Adam C. Davis, Hunterdon.
1847-50—Alex. M. Cumming, Mercer.
1851-52—David Naar, Essex.
1853-54—David W. Dellicker, Somerset.
1855 —Peter D. Vroom, Hudson.
1856-57—William Darmon, Gloucester.
1858 —Daniel Blauvelt, Essex.
1859 —John P. Harker, Camden.
1860 —D. Blauvelt, Jr., Essex.
1861-62—Jacob Sharp, Warren.
1863-64—Levi Scobey, Monmouth.
1865-66—George B. Cooper, Cumberland.
1867 —Ed. Jardine, Bergen.
1868-70—A. M. Johnston, Mercer.
1871 —A. M. Cumming, Mercer.
1872-74—Sinnickson Chew, Camden.
1875 —Austin H. Patterson, Monmouth.
1876-77—John Y. Foster, Essex.
1878 —Austin H. Patterson, Monmouth.
1879-81—C. O. Cooper, Morris.
1882-83—Arthur Wilson, Monmouth.
1884 —Henry D. Winton, Bergen.
1885-86—Samuel Toombs, Essex.
1887 —Joseph Atkinson, Essex.
1888 —James P. Logan, Burlington.
1889-90—John J. Matthews, Union.
1891-92—Thos. F. Noonan, Jr., Hudson.
1893 —Leonard Kalisch, Essex.
1894 —J. Herbert Potts, Hudson.
1895-97—James Parker, Passaic.
1898-99—Thomas H. Jones, Essex.
1907 —Michael W. Higgins, Essex.
1900-06; 08-09-10—James Parker, Passaic.
1911 —Daniel A. Dugan, Essex.
1912 —Upton S. Jefferys, Camden.
1913-14—Mark F. Phillips, Essex.
1915-16-17-18-21—Upton S. Jefferys, Camden.
1919 Edward J. Handley, Essex.

* Became Acting Governor October 28th.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLATFORM.

(Adopted at Trenton, October 5, 1920.)

NATIONAL ISSUES.

We, the lawfully constituted members of the convention of the Republican Party, duly assembled, pledge our loyal support to those champions of Americanism, of law and order and of constitutional government, Warren G. Harding and Calvin Coolidge.

We heartily endorse the platform adopted by the Republican Party at Chicago as the best expression of American ideals.

We believe that America is the hope of the world's peace and that our national platform pledges the good offices of this country to that end, without compromising our national independence, without depriving the American people of their right of saying what they will or will not do, as occasion arises, and without involving us in the countless quarrels between the various nations of Asia and Europe.

We commend the United States Senate for its courageous stand for American rights and for its successful protest against the proposed sacrifice of American interests, and of control over our domestic affairs.

We especially commend our Representatives in the United States Senate, Honorable Joseph S. Frelinghuysen and Honorable Walter E. Edge, for their constructive legislative policy for the common good.

We express our approval of the pledge of the National Platform to restore to the people in these days of peace the rights they surrendered in time of war, to re-establish constitutional government, and to preserve the balance of power in the executive, judicial and legislative departments of the nation as was intended by the fathers of the republic. Government by the people cannot survive if one branch usurps the powers of the other or if autocracy obtains even by consent.

The close of the greatest war in history presents to the world problems requiring the wisest statesmanship and the sanest judgment. It is no disparagement to our allies to claim that American manhood and resources materially helped to save civilization and the world from military autocracy.

It is just to say that America was the only nation that asked neither indemnity nor territory when the warring nations laid down their arms. America's only desire is for the reign of justice and peace. The position of our nation is so commanding for good, the problems of the world so

grave, the responsibility to do our part so commanding, because of our position and power, that this campaign is a campaign of great national and international issues, so important that no local considerations or personal views should divert attention from what is the real statesmanship of the hour.

In this period of a world crisis America has to do with big things.

We pledge our co-operation to the solution of these great problems and we do not divide on the smaller issues.

Fundamental and overshadowing, however, as our national and international questions, we do not hesitate to declare our position on the main problems affecting our own State.

We stand for justice and equality before the law for all citizens. We deplore mob rule and favor making lynching a Federal crime.

Taxation, always a problem, has been made more acute by the enormous burdens laid upon the people by a National Democratic Administration and a Democratic Congress. We recommend to the Republican Administration, when selected, such a reduction of these taxes and such an equitable adjustment of these burdens as will relieve industry of its present handicap and eliminate from the high cost of living the multiplication of the excess profit tax in every process of manufacture and distribution.

STATE ISSUES.

BUDGET.

We recognize the value of the Budget Act passed in 1916 by a Republican Legislature. We recommend the further consideration of the Budget System to the end that it may be improved and safeguarded, and regret the apparent lack of interest on the part of the present Democratic Governor in not further developing and broadening this system so essential to a business government.

We pledge ourselves to conduct the public business of the State on the lines of the best type of modern business, eliminating waste and endeavoring to obtain an efficient, effectual and economical government.

AGRICULTURE.

Realizing that agriculture is the basis of our prosperity and well-being as a people, we pledge ourselves to seek all possible ways and means to promote the welfare of the agricultural interests. To this end we favor the development of our rural highways, as well as of our main arteries of vehicular transportation.

New Jersey, possessed with most excellent natural resources and with her strategic position as to markets, should make her agriculture one of the most important branches of the industrial life of the State.

To enable New Jersey to develop to the fullest her agricultural resources, a definite program should be adopted, for without vision and such a program based on a long look ahead, food shortage and industrial unrest are certain to follow.

This program, among other things, should cover:

(*a*) The training of men and women for efficient rural life.

(*b*) A further development of the State Department of Agriculture and the State Agricultural College by liberal appropriations.

(*c*) Rural roads.

We urge the improvement of highways in rural communities under a plan of standard construction and maintenance, that outlying districts and farms may be accessible by connecting links to our system of State highways.

WOMEN VOTERS.

We promise to women voters our hearty recognition and co-operation in their new rights and responsibilities. The women of this country have been trained in our schools, have presided over our home, have been active in our churches, have trained our sons and daughters, have been patriots and sacrificing in times of war, and have always been willing to aid in movements for moral and educational advancement. Such electors, so trained, cannot fail to serve the best interests of the nation.

EQUALITY OF RIGHTS.

The new women voters should have recognition in the party organizations. The Republican Party of this State has already given to them co-ordinant and equal power with the men in the party organizations of the State so far as it was possible to do within the interim between the adoption of the 19th Amendment and the present hour. This was a voluntary act, however, on the part of those connected with Republican organizations. We believe this policy should have the sanction of the laws of the State. For the purpose, therefore, of giving women equal representation with the men in the State and county organizations of the party we recommend the passage of the law providing that State and county committees shall be composed of one man and one woman to be selected for each unit of representation.

APPOINTMENTS.

We recommend the appointment of women on the State Board of Education and State Board of Health.

HOUSING.

Inadequate housing facilities are a serious menace to the health and morals of the people in the congested areas of the State. The need for additional homes is urgent. Recent statutes passed by the Republican Legislature for the purpose of tiding over this emergency, even though temporary, evinced the spirit of willingness to grasp the situation.

Profiteering in rents must be stopped. On the other hand inadequate returns on the investment in homes would cause a cessation of building operations and retard, if not prevent, the construction of additional dwellings.

We recommend, therefore, the creation of a proper housing commission with power to investigate housing conditions and suggest plans for the most economical development of housing facilities and to make such recommendations to the Legislature as is deemeed wise for aiding the existing departments of our State dealing with the different phases of this important subject.

We commend the Building and Loan Associations of the State for the substantial assistance given home builders in providing funds for constructions to further this plan.

We recommend that our citizens heartily support the Building and Loan Campaign for new shares to be conducted in October.

CHILD WELFARE.

The Republican Party pioneered the movement for the improvement and amelioration of conditions affecting child labor.

The record of the party in this respect is a record of humanitarian reform.

The agencies which have for their purposes the care and treatment of children should be encouraged in further activities, and we believe in the further development of the State policy inaugurated by the Republican Party for child welfare; for the scientific training and medical treatment for children for defects, physical or mental, and for the safeguarding of children, whether at work or at play, that they may develop into men and women sound in body and character.

COMPENSATION ACT.

New Jersey was one of the first states to pass a compensation law which freed the workman from the unjust operation of the defenses known in the law as the fellow servant

contributory negligence and obvious risk doctrines. It has been recognized as one of the best of its kind in the United States, and to the credit of our State it has been improved from time to time in the light of trial and experience.

We pledge ourselves to the continuation of this policy and to revise the State laws in this respect to meet present day requirements.

INJURED WORKMEN.

Wise legislation in our State has gone hand in hand with humane voluntary effort on the part of individuals in the care and treatment of injured workmen. We point with pride to the work of the recently created commission, initiated by the Republican Legislature and Republican Governor for the rehabilitation of those injured in industry and occupation. New Jersey was the first state to pass this particular legislation and 15 other states in the Union have since followed our example. The act of the last Republican Congress providing for the training of injured workmen for new occupation, has already demonstrated its value.

By means of modern surgery, medical treatment, and proper training the injured bread winner is able to return to work and maintain himself with self-respect without dependence on others. We pledge ourselves to further development and improvement of this policy.

INSTITUTIONS AND AGENCIES.

The Department of Institutions and Agencies created by law under Republican Legislature, and organized under a Republican Administration is deserving of our commendation, and we pledge our support to the continued development of the efficient care given our State wards under this department of the State Government.

EDUCATION.

The educational system of New Jersey has always had the support of the Republican Party by wise laws and liberal appropriations.

We renew our oft-reiterated pledge for the support and development of the public school system of our State and for the proper recognition of the teachers who are largely responsible for the manhood and womanhood of the nation.

GOOD ROADS AND HIGHWAYS.

New Jersey is the highway of the nation. Our road system is most important to our agriculture, industry and seashore and other resorts. A system of good roads has

always had the support of New Jersey Republicanism. A proper system of construction for the building of permanent roads and for the care and maintenance of the same demands grave and scientific thought.

We recommend that the State Highway Commission give consideration to the extension of that part of the State Highway System over the picturesque ocean highway from Keyport through the Atlantic Highlands, hills and down the ocean front.

We condemn in unequivocal terms the unprecedented action of a Democratic Governor in removing from office the State Highway Commission against which not an inference of misconduct had been lodged and without the formality of a hearing, thereby making this important commission a football of politics.

We favor the enactment of legislation that will effectively eliminate restrictive specifications, and demand the adoption of open specifications for highways construction.

LAW ENFORCEMENT.

We pledge ourselves to uphold and enforce the constitution and the laws of the United States, and of the State of New Jersey. In the language of the United States Supreme Court "the 18th Amendment is operative throughout the entire territorial limits of the United States and it binds all legislative bodies, courts, public officers and individuals within those limits."

We believe that the will of the people as expressed in lawful manner, through the Government of the United States, must be supreme.

As stated by our candidate for President, "There can be no difference of opinion about honest law enforcement. Neither government nor party can afford to cheat the American people."

We declare the policy of our party to be for impartial enforcement of the 18th Amendment and the laws relating thereto.

The law of the land must be observed or orderly government ceases.

SOLDIERS' BONUS.

We urge that the Soldiers' and Sailors' Bonus Act, as passed by the 1920 Republican Legislature, be ratified by the voters. Surely, those brave men, who freely risked their lives and fortune that government by the people might endure, should receive substantial recognition.

BRIDGE AND TUNNEL.

The State stands committed to the construction of a tunnel under the Hudson River and a bridge over the Delaware River. Both projects, now well under way, we believe will be self-supporting when completed. To complete the financing of this program the Legislature has submitted a bond issue to the people for approval at the coming election. We heartily commend these great improvements to the public and earnestly recommend the adoption of the referendum.

PORTS AND HARBORS.

New Jersey has been endowed by nature with great harbors and rivers, the developments of which will not only add to our own growth and prosperity, but is demanded by the growing needs of the nation. Our State is part of the great port of New York. We recognize the necessity of co-operation to properly develop and organize its facilities, and we favor a compact or agreement with our sister State which will provide for the creation of a Port District as a Port Authority with adequate powers to develop the same under comprehensive plans.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

Efficient railway and trolley service are indispensable to agriculture, industry, and the welfare of our citizens. In the speedy delivery of commodities and quick co-ordination between producer and consumer they materially reduce the cost of living. The people of our State are entitled to the best service at the lowest possible cost; therefore, in accordance with its platform pledge, made a year ago, the Republican Legislature passed a Valuation Act for the appraisal of the properties of our street railways, to be made by disinterested experts for the purpose of preventing inflated values and to secure a fair basis as a factor in the determination of rates, just alike to the rider and to the company. This work is speedily proceeding in compliance with public demand for an honest and unquestioned valuation of our public utilities.

SOLDIERS' PREFERENCE.

We are in favor of amending the present Civil Service Law so that veterans of the Great War may have the same preference as veterans of former wars.

AMERICANIZATION.

We advocate the immediate consideration of legislation to afford State encouragement in Americanization work, and supervision of same to be by the State Board of Education.

AMERICA FIRST.

The Republican Party, which has always kept the spirit of Americanization to the forefront, Americanism that means a profound respect for America's Past, an unselfish devotion to the solution of the problems of America's Present, and an implicit faith in America's Future, submits the foregoing platform with confidence, believing it will meet the conscience and will of the electorate of our sovereign State.

We are proud of the United States, because it is the most progressive country in the world, because it furnishes the greatest opportunity for the average man, and because it has the highest principles of any nation in existence.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLATFORM.

(Adopted at Trenton, October 5, 1920.)

The Democratic Party, in State convention assembled, sends greetings to the President of the United States, Woodrow Wilson, and felicitates him on the marvelous achievements accomplished by a Democratic administration under his leadership.

We advocate the election of the Democratic nominees, Cox and Roosevelt, to the end that the United States of America may continue in the vanguard of the civilized nations of the world. True progressives of proven worth in governmental life, alive to the onward and upward march of events, in whose hands the future welfare of our country may be safely entrusted, the election of Cox and Roosevelt will spell for America Peace, Progress and Prosperity.

We heartily express our pride in and loyalty to the great Jerseyman who has given his life to make real and lasting the results of the sacrifice of the lives of American boys in the Great War, as embodied in the League of Nations. We endorse the league covenant, as presented by President Wilson, with the reservations making clearer or more specific the obligation of the United States to its League associates.

We call upon the voters of the State, irrespective of party, to vote for those who stand for "going in" the League, thus keeping faith with our allies and our own dead.

The industrial and commercial welfare of New Jersey is dependent upon its transportation facilities, which are at present inadequate to care for the demands made upon them. We pledge our party to the enactment of legislation under which the existing coastal and intercoastal waterways and canals which traverse the state may be developed, thereby creating a comprehensive system of waterways which will serve the people of the entire State.

We favor the creation by constitutional amendment of Assembly districts throughout the State, in order that the House of Assembly may be made truly representative of the people of New Jersey.

EQUAL RIGHTS.

The Declaration of Independence guarantees equal rights to all men, regardless of race, color or creed.

We condemn the Republican members of the Legislature for their unwarranted opposition to the "Civil Rights" bill, during the last three years, thus insuring its defeat.

We direct attention to the splendid achievements of our colored citizens, to their unswerving loyalty to the Flag, to their great sacrifice of life in the world war, and to the marvelous progress they have made as a race during the past decade, and we pledge our party to the enactment of laws that will fulfill the provisions as laid down by the founders of this country.

The true progress and growth of New Jersey is primarily dependent upon the proper conduct of its public school system, which is one force that can unify all classes and conditions of society.

We pledge our party to the development of the public school system on constructive lines by extending the agencies for industrial education, enlarged facilities for the training of teachers, the improvement of country schools and the institution of night schools and other educational facilities.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

We commend Governor Edwards for the efforts put forth by him to redeem his pre-election promise to the electorate of New Jersey that if elected, he would endeavor to solve the vexing problem of public utilities in such a manner as to conserve the best interests of the people of the State as well as the best interests of the public utility corporations themselves. His recommendations for constructive laws were ignored by a hostile Legislature, which act did not deter him from performing his duty, and we pledge our party to uphold the Governor in order that the rights of the people may be fully protected.

To the end that adequate facilities for the mobilization of the products of our farms, mines, industries and commerce for interstate and foreign shipment may be provided, we pledge our party to the enactment of laws by which the several ports of New Jersey will be developed and brought to a state of high efficiency.

New Jersey is committed to the construction of a tunnel under the Hudson River and a bridge over the Delaware, both of which projects which will afford direct communication with New York on the north and Pennsylvania on the south, are now under way. The costs of this program are to be divided between New Jersey, New York and Pennsylvania.

To complete the financing of the present program, the Legislature, at its last session, has submitted to the people, on referendum, a bond issue of twenty-eight million dollars, for approval at the coming elections.

These two projects will reduce taxation, cut the cost of living, prove beneficial both to the workmen and employer by cutting out delays and developing the industries of the State.

The tolls and other net revenues from the bridge and tunnel constructed are to be devoted to the payment of the bonds, and such tolls and revenues will pay every cent of the cost of both tunnel and bridge, principal, interest and maintenance, and will yield, in addition thereto a larger surplus to the State.

Therefore, the Democratic party heartily commends these great improvements and recommends that every citizen, irrespective of party affiliations, vote "Yes" on the bridge and tunnel bond referendum.

SOLDIERS' REFERENDUM.

As a token of appreciation of the high patriotism and the heroic conduct displayed by American soldiers, sailors and marines in the world war, we pledge our support to the State referendum to be voted on at the next election.

The United States of America entered a world war and gave the life blood of her sons and daughters that self-determination might be established as a cardinal principle of government among the nations—both large and small—of the earth.

Within the limits of international comity, we urge that every power of this Nation and State be exerted to the end that the principle of self-government may be speedily established in Ireland.

The Morris Canal, which traverses the northern part of New Jersey, by reason of changed conditions in the methods of transportation, has long since been abandoned by its lessee, the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.

The present value of the Morris Canal lies in its invaluable portable water rights now so greatly needed by the municipalities of the northern part of the State.

We pledge our party to an immediate inquiry into the legal status of the franchises granted to the Morris Canal and Banking Company to the end that the courts of New Jersey may pass upon the question of whether or not the franchises have been forfeited by non-user.

If the franchises of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company—the lessee of the Morris Canal and Banking Company, are upheld, then we pledge our party to have the State of New Jersey "take to itself and on its own account the said canal and appurtenances, paying to the said company the fair value thereof, to be estimated and fixed upon by ten commissioners, or a majority of them, to be mutually chosen by the State and the said company" in the year 1923, or one year thereafter, in accordance with section 26 of the act of 1824 granting a franchise to the Morris Canal and Banking Company.

RECOGNIZES LABOR.

Recognizing that labor is not a commodity, in that it is human, and because labor is the basis of individual well-being, of prosperity and of all progress, the Democratic party now, as ever, insists that the value of labor, as an element of national success, must be distinctly recognized and the welfare of the working man regarded at all times as especially entitled to legislative care.

We direct attention to the fact that under a national Democratic administration a Department of Labor was established at Washington which has peaceably determined many bitter disputes between capital and labor and has initiated and put into force much beneficial labor legislation, including child labor laws, workmen's compensation acts, the eight-hour law; and also call attention to the fact that a Democratic Congress passed the Clayton Act, through the provisions of which the right of workingmen to form voluntary associations for mutual assistance and protection has been definitely established.

We pledge our party to the enactment of laws forbidding the unwarranted issuance of writs of injunctions in labor disputes where no property right is involved other than the property right claimed in the labor of the human being, and to guarantee to the working men of New Jersey the right of trial by jury at all times.

In keeping with the pre-election promises of Governor Edwards, bills were introduced early in the session designed to advance the cause of labor in this State. Those bills were stifled in committee or defeated of passage by the Republican majority.

In private industrial disputes we are opposed to compulsory arbitration.

AGAINST STATE POLICE.

We pledge our party to be against the establishment in New Jersey of a State constabulary, because we believe it will be inimical to the welfare of labor.

For women in industry we recommend an eight-hour day within nine consecutive hours and a forty-eight hour week, covering the industries now covered by the ten-hour law.

Prohibition of night work for women employed in manufacturing after 10 o'clock at night and before 6 o'clock in the morning.

Prohibiting work for women six weeks before and six weeks after childbirth.

A sufficient appropriation to the Labor Department and to the Board of Tenement House Supervision to properly enforce existing laws.

The addition of women to the State Board of Health and the State Board of Education.

Amendment of the State election laws to provide for the election of committee-women on the same terms as committee-men.

Appropriation for institutions for feeble-minded women and for feeble-minded girls, to be located in the northern part of the State.

The amendment of the State and Federal laws which now withhold the vote from American-born wives of aliens.

HOUSING SHORTAGE.

Recognizing the great hardships now experienced by the masses of New Jersey, due to housing shortage and rent profiteering; also in an endeavor to stabilize the unsettled conditions of our nation in protecting that great bulwark of our national strength, viz., the American home; we also pledge our party to the enactment of laws that will curb rent profiteering and stimulate the building of homes.

We condemn the Republican party of the State and its majority in the Legislature for its vacillating policy in respect to the passage of legislation relieving the people from the present housing crisis. Early in the legislative session of 1920 resolutions were introduced by a Democratic member calling for an immediate investigation and immediate report as to the extent and scope of such legislation as might be necessary to aid the people of the State. That resolution was stifled in committee. The Republican majority was deaf to all appeals for help. It was not until the pressure became so great and the demand for help so insistent from an aroused constitutency that the Republican majority condescended to pass any legislation. That action was taken a few weeks ago, with winter and all its consequent hardships practically upon us.

We further urge upon the New Jersey Members of Congress that they seek an immediate investigation of the building material industry to ascertain if combinations for unjust price-fixing exist; to seek grant of priority rights with exception of food and fuel in shipments of building materials; to seek the placing of embargoes upon the shipment of building materials to foreign countries; to seek the enactment of laws patterned after the National Farm Loan Act, for building urban dwellings, with sufficient latitude for both private and governmental investment; to seek exemption from National, State and Municipal taxes on dwelling mortgage loans.

GOOD ROADS.

We reaffirm our contention that improved roads are of vital importance to commerce, to industry, to agriculture and to rural life, and now, as ever, we aver that the creation of a comprehensive State highway system with the burden of cost placed equitably upon all the people of the State is necessary to the welfare of the people of New Jersey.

We deplore the extravagance and unbusiness-like conduct of a Republican State Highway Commission and direct attention to its notorious failure to provide a comprehensive and equitable State highway system.

We commend the action of Governor Edwards in summarily dismissing the Republican Highway Commission, and for his appointment in its stead of a non-partisan highway commission, all the members of which are successful business men, versed in highway construction, through whose activities and under whose direction an equitable and comprehensive highway system will be established throughout the State in an economical and efficient manner.

To the foregoing exposition of principles we invite the support of every man and woman of New Jersey who believes in the necessity of an onward and upward march of events, and in the true advancement of civic and moral life.

STATE COMMITTEES.

REPUBLICAN.

HEADQUARTERS—Trenton, also Newark.

Officers—Chairman, Edward C. Stokes; Vice-Chairman, A. Dayton Oliphant; Vice-Chairman, Chas. N. Codding; Vice-Chairman for Women Voters, Mrs. E. F. Feickert; Secretary, Wm. H. Albright; Treasurer, Ogden H. Hammond; Financial Secretary, Joseph M. Middleton; Legal Advisor, Kenneth H. Lanning; Publicity Director, Henry D. Thompson; Speakers Bureau, Wm. P. Bowman; Soldiers' and Sailors' Bureau, James E. Mitchell; Executive Secretary, James E. Van Horne.

Members—Atlantic, Albert H. Darnell, Atlantic City; Bergen, Daniel E. Pomeroy, Englewood; Burlington, Henry P. Thorn, Medford; Camden, David Baird, Camden; Cape May, Lewis T. Stevens, Cape May City; Cumberland, Edward C. Stokes, Trenton; Essex, William Bittles, Newark; Gloucester, William H. Albright, Woodbury; Hudson, Pierre P. Garven, Bayonne; Hunterdon, Ellsworth P. Baylor, Hampton; Mercer, A. Dayton Oliphant, Trenton; Middlesex, Frederick C. Schneider, New Brunswick; Monmouth, C. Asa Francis, Long Branch; Morris, E. Bertram Mott, Morristown; Ocean, Harold L. Brinley, Toms River; Passaic, Raymond T. Burpo, Paterson; Salem, Lucius E. Hires, Salem; Somerset, Wm. P. Bowman, 117 Liberty Street, New York; Sussex, Ford W. Margarum, Sussex; Union, Charles N. Codding, Elizabeth; Warren, Arthur Knowles, Phillipsburg.

WOMEN'S DIVISION.

Vice-Chairman for Women Voters—Mrs. E. F. Feickert, State Trust Building, Plainfield.

Members-at-Large—Mrs. Arthur Whitney, Mendham; Mrs. Lewis S. Thompson, Red Bank; Rev. Florence Randolph, 96 Astor Place, Jersey City; Miss Estelle B. Crane, State Trust Building, Plainfield; Mrs. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Raritan; Mrs. Everett Colby, Llewellyn Park, West Orange; Mrs. John T. White, The Marlborough-Blenheim, Atlantic City; Mrs. John H. Studdiford, South Branch; Mrs. Seymour L. Cromwell, Mendham; Mrs. Robert S. Huse, 575 Westminister Avenue, Elizabeth.

County Vice-Chairmen in Charge of Women's Work—Atlantic, Mrs. Robert H. Ingersoll, 45 South Kingston Avenue, At-

lantic City; Bergen, Mrs. Wm. H. Peters, 93 Montross Avenue, Rutherford; Burlington, Mrs. Henry J. Sherman, Homeplace, Moorestown; Camden, Mrs. A. Haines Lippincott, 406 Cooper Street, Camden; Cape May, Mrs. G. H. Steelman, 831 Asbury Avenue, Ocean City; Cumberland, Mrs. Elmer D. Mulford, 51 Walnut Street, Bridgeton; Essex, Mrs. Gustave Gehin, 483 Parker Street, Newark; Gloucester, Mrs. Wadsworth Cresse, 60 Aberdeen Place, Woodbury; Hudson, Mrs. Charles P. Eaton, 311 Academy Street, Jersey City; Hunterdon, Mrs. George K. Large, 190 Main Street, Flemington; Mercer, Mrs. Charles A. Woodruff, R. F. D. No. 2, Princeton; Middlesex, Mrs. Oliver W. Ramsay, 159 Rector Street, Perth Amboy; Monmouth, Mrs. Leon Cubberly, 131 Morris Avenue, Long Branch; Morris, Mrs. W. Reginald Baker, 43 Crescent Road, Madison; Mrs. Paul Moore, Convent, Morristown; Ocean, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, New Egypt; Passaic, Dr. Mary G. Cummins, 653 East 25th Street, Paterson; Salem, Miss Bessie K. Hires, Salem; Somerset, Mrs. Charles H. Bateman, 125 West Cliff Street, Somerville; Sussex, Mrs. Robert V. Armstrong, Augusta; Union, Mrs. Victor Mravlag, 1062 East Jersey Street, Elizabeth; Warren, Miss Caroline H. Brookfield, Belvidere.

New Jersey Member Republican National Committee—Hamilton F. Kean, Elizabeth.

DEMOCRATIC.

Headquarters—Trenton.

Officers—Chairman, Charles F. McDonald, Englishtown; Secretary, James Baker, Jersey City; Treasurer, Dennis F. Collins, Elizabeth.

Executive Committee—Joseph S. Hoff, Princeton; Thomas Barber, Phillipsburg; Dennis F. Collins, Elizabeth; John F. Monahan, Newark; Edward E. Grosscup, Wenonah.

Mrs. H. Otto Wittpenn, Jersey City, Member National Committee; Mrs. H. M. Simmons, 1277 Clinton Avenue, Elizabeth; Mrs. Philip McKim Garrison, Llewellyn Park; Mrs. Walter Taylor, Asbury Park; Mrs. Joseph L. Bodine, 146 West State Street, Trenton; Mrs. Mary R. C. Clayton, Salem.

Members—Atlantic, Charles J. Collins, Somers Point; Bergen, James H. Snyder, Ridgewood; Burlington, Richard P. Hughes, Burlington; Camden, Edward J. Kelleher, Camden; Cape May, William W. Campbell, Ocean City; Cumberland, Samuel Jones, Bridgeton; Essex, John F. Monahan, Newark; Gloucester, Edward E. Grosscup, Wenonah; Hudson, Eugene F. Kinkead, Jersey City; Hunterdon, Oliver C. Holcombe, Lambertville; Mercer, Joseph S. Hoff, Princeton; Middlesex, Thomas H. Haggerty, New Brunswick; Monmouth, Charles F. McDonald, Englishtown; Morris, Allen H.

Fancher, Dover; Ocean, Harry E. Newman, Lakewood; Passaic, Dr. A. F. McBride, Paterson; Salem, Harry Burt Ware, Salem; Somerset, William J. Kirby, Somerville; Sussex, Henry T. Kays, Newton; Union, Dennis F. Collins, Elizabeth! Warren, Thomas Barber, Phillipsburg.

New Jersey Member Democratic National Committee—Robert S. Hudspeth, Jersey City.

COUNTY COMMITTEE CHAIRMEN.

REPUBLICAN.

Atlantic, Lewis O'Donnell, Hammonton; Bergen, Wm. S. Gilhuly, Englewood; Burlington, Joseph L. Thomas, Riverton; Camden, W. D. Brown, Court House, Camden; Cape May, James McLinden, Anglesea; Cumberland, Roscoe Ward, Bridgeton; Essex, Frank E. Davenport, Halsey Street, Newark; Gloucester, Oliver J. West, Woodbury; Hudson, Robert Torrance, Kearny; Hunterdon, Judiah Higgins, Flemington; Mercer, A. Dayton Oliphant, Trenton; Middlesex, John Pfeiffer, Maurer; Monmouth, E. I. Vanderveer, Freehold; Morris, Chas. W. Ennis, Morristown; Ocean, A. W. Brown, Toms River; Passaic, F. W. Van Blarcom, Paterson; Salem, Dr. N. S. Hires, Salem; Somerset, Edward Cooper, North Plainfield, R. D.; Sussex, Lewis Van Blarcom, Newton; Union, Donald McLean, Elizabeth; Warren, George Potts, Phillipsburg.

DEMOCRATIC.

Atlantic, Harry Lovett, Pleasantville; Bergen, H. S. German, 108 Goodwin Avenue, Ridgewood; Burlington, J. Mercer Davis, Mount Holly; Camden, Rudolph S. Ayres, Camden; Cape May, Samuel A. Lanning, Wildwood; Cumberland, Frank F. Wallace, Bridgeton; Essex, T. A. Adams, Montclair; Gloucester, John Hobday, Pitman; Hudson, Leo Sullivan, Jersey City; Hunterdon, Erastus W. Sutton, Lebanon; Mercer, Harry Heher, Trenton; Middlesex, Thomas A. Haggerty, New Brunswick; Monmouth, Ward Kremer, Asbury Park; Morris, R. M. Barry, Gillette; Ocean, Chester A. Grant, Lakewood; Passaic, John F. McBride, Paterson; Salem, Jeremiah Penton, Salem; Somerset, Andrew E. Kenney, North Plainfield; Sussex, Robert T. Johnston, Newton; Union, Francis V. Dobbins, Rahway; Warren, Frank Alpaugh, Phillipsburg.

COUNTIES—WHEN AND HOW CREATED.

Atlantic. 1837. Taken from Gloucester.

Bergen. 1682. One of original four counties of East Jersey. Portion of Hudson re-annexed 1852.

Burlington. 1694. Portions of Atlantic and Camden annexed 1902.

Camden. 1844. Taken from Gloucester.

Cape May. 1692. Portions of Cumberland annexed 1878, 1880, 1891.

Cumberland. 1748. Taken from Salem.

Essex. 1682. One of original four counties of East Jersey.

Gloucester. 1694. Part of Camden re-annexed 1871.

Hudson. 1840. Taken from Bergen.

Hunterdon. 1714. Taken from Burlington.

Mercer. 1838. Taken from Hunterdon, Middlesex, Burlington and Somerset. Another portion of Hunterdon annexed 1839.

Middlesex. 1682. One of original four counties of East Jersey.

Monmouth. 1682. One of original four counties of East Jersey.

Morris. 1739. Taken from Hunterdon.

Ocean. 1850. Taken from Monmouth. Portion of Burlington annexed 1891.

Passaic. 1837. Taken from Bergen and Essex.

Salem. 1694.

Somerset. 1688. Taken from Middlesex. Portion of Essex annexed 1741. Another portion of Middlesex annexed 1858.

Sussex. 1753. Taken from Morris.

Union. 1857. Taken from Essex.

Warren. 1824. Taken from Sussex.

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.	Term of Office.
1789...	George Washington....	Virginia	8 years.
1797...	John Adams.....	Massachusetts ..	4 years.
1801...	Thomas Jefferson.....	Virginia	8 years.
1809...	James Madison.....	Virginia	8 years.
1817...	James Monroe.....	Virginia	8 years.
1824...	John Quincy Adams...	Massachusetts ..	4 years.
1829...	Andrew Jackson.....	Tennessee	8 years.
1837...	Martin Van Buren.....	New York.....	4 years.
1841...	Wm. Henry Harrison*.	Ohio	1 month.
1841...	John Tyler.....	Virginia	3 yr., 11 mos.
1845...	James Knox Polk.....	Tennessee	4 years.
1849...	Zachary Taylor†.....	Louisiana	1y., 4m., 5d.
1850...	Millard Fillmore.....	New York.....	2y., 7m., 26d.
1853...	Franklin Pierce.....	N. Hampshire...	4 years.
1857...	James Buchanan.....	Pennsylvania ...	4 years.
1861...	Abraham Lincoln‡....	Illinois	4y., 1m., 10d.
1865...	Andrew Johnson.....	Tennessee	3y., 10m., 20d.
1869...	Ulysses S. Grant.....	Illinois	8 years.
1877...	Rutherford B. Hayes..	Ohio	4 years.
1881...	James A Garfield**...	Ohio	6m., 15d.
1881...	Chester A. Arthur....	New York.....	3y., 5m., 15d.
1885...	Grover Cleveland.....	New York.....	4 years.
1889...	Benjamin Harrison....	Indiana	4 years.
1893...	Grover Cleveland.....	New York.....	4 years.
1897...	William McKinley††...	Ohio	4y., 5m., 11d.
1901...	Theodore Roosevelt....	New York.....	7y., 6m., 20d.
1909...	William H. Taft.....	Ohio	4 years.
1913...	Woodrow Wilson.....	New Jersey.....	8 years.
1921...	Warren G. Harding	Ohio	

*Died in office April 4, 1841, when Vice-President Tyler succeeded him.

†Died in office July 9, 1850, when Vice-President Fillmore succeeded him.

‡Assassinated April 14, 1865; died April 15, 1865, when Vice-President Johnson succeeded him.

**Assassinated July 2, 1881; died September 19, 1881, when Vice-President Arthur succeeded him.

††Assassinated September 6, 1901; died September 14, 1901, when Vice-President Roosevelt succeeded him.

VICE-PRESIDENTS OF UNITED STATES.

Year of Qualification.	Name.	Where From.
1789	John Adams	Massachusetts.
1797	Thomas Jefferson	Virginia.
1801	Aaron Burr	New York.
1804	George Clinton	New York.
1813	Elbridge Gerry	Massachusetts.
1817	Daniel D. Tompkins	New York.
1824	John C. Calhoun	South Carolina.
1833	Martin Van Buren	New York.
1837	Richard M. Johnson	Kentucky.
1841	John Tyler	Virginia.
1842	Samuel L. Southard*	New Jersey.
1845	George M. Dallas	Pennsylvania.
1849	Millard Fillmore	New York.
1851	William R. King*	Alabama.
1853	David R. Atkinson*	Missouri.
1855	Jesse D. Bright*	Indiana.
1857	John C. Breckenridge	Kentucky.
1861	Hannibal Hamlin	Maine.
1865	Andrew Johnson	Tennessee.
1865	Lafayette C. Foster*	Connecticut.
1869	Schuyler Colfax	Indiana.
1873	Henry Wilson†	Massachusetts.
1875	Thomas W. Ferry*	Michigan.
1877	William A. Wheeler	New York.
1881	Chester A. Arthur	New York.
1883	George F. Edmunds	Vermont.
1885	Thomas A. Hendricks‡	Indiana.
1886	John Sherman*	Ohio.
1889	Levi P. Morton	New York.
1893	Adlai E. Stevenson	Illinois.
1897	Garret A. Hobart**	New Jersey.
1899	William P. Frye*	Maine.
1901	Theodore Roosevelt	New York.
1901	William P. Frye*	Maine.
1905	Charles W. Fairbanks	Indiana.
1909	James S. Sherman**	New York.
1913	Thomas R. Marshall	Indiana.
1921	Calvin Coolidge	Massachusetts.

*Served as President pro tem. of Senate.
†Died in office November 22, 1875.
‡Died in office November 25, 1885.
**Died in office November 21, 1899.
**Died in office October 30, 1912.

CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES.

COUNTIES.

(Compiled Statutes, Vol. 1, page 525, Laws 1911, page 19.)

First Class (Having a population exceeding 300,000)—Essex, Hudson.

Second Class (Having a population of not less than 50,000 nor more than 300,000)—Passaic, Bergen, Union, Camden, Middlesex, Mercer, Monmouth, Atlantic, Union, Burlington, Cumberland.

Third Class (Having a population of not less than 20,000 nor more than 50,000)—Gloucester, Somerset, Warren, Salem, Hunterdon, Sussex, Ocean, Cape May.

Fourth Class (Having a population of less than 20,000)—None.

CITIES.

(Compiled Statutes, Vol. 1, page 956.)

First Class (Having a population exceeding 150,000)—Newark, Jersey City.

Second Class (Having a population of not less than 12,000 nor more than 150,000)—Paterson, Trenton, Camden, Elizabeth, Bayonne, Hoboken, Passaic, East Orange, Perth Amboy, Orange, New Brunswick, Plainfield, Clifton, Garfield, Millville, Bridgeton, Gloucester City.

Third Class—All cities not embraced within either the first or second classes, except cities bordering upon the Atlantic Ocean and being seaside or summer resorts.

Fourth Class—All cities bordering upon the Atlantic Ocean and being seaside or summer resorts.

BOROUGHS AND INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

(Compiled Statutes, Vol. 3, pages 3473-4.)

First Class—Having a population exceeding 3,000.

Second Class—Having a population between 1,500 and 3,000.

Third Class—All not in first or second classes.

N. B.—For a complete list of incorporated municipalities in New Jersey, see Census Tables in this Manual.

COMMISSION GOVERNMENT MUNICIPALITIES

The Commission form of municipal government in New Jersey was provided for by Chapter 221, Laws 1911 (the Walsh Act), and the following is a list of the municipalities governed by that act and its various amendments and supplements.

Municipality.	County.	Class.	Adopted.
Allenhurst	Monmouth	Borough	Feb. 8, 1916
Asbury Park	Monmouth	City	Jan. 19, 1915
Atlantic City	Atlantic	City	May 14, 1912
Avalon	Cape May	Borough	Oct. 14, 1919
Avon	Monmouth	Borough	Oct. 24, 1919
Bayonne	Hudson	City	March 9, 1915
Belleville	Essex	Town	Oct. 20, 1914
Beverly	Burlington	City	July. 1914
Bordentown	Burlington	City	April 15, 1913
Bradley Beach	Monmouth	Borough	Feb. 2, 1915
Cape May City	Cape May	City	Sept. 14, 1915
Cape May Point	Cape May	Borough	Jan. 25, 1916
Collingswood	Camden	Borough	Dec. 11, 1917
Deal	Monmouth	Borough	Aug. 27, 1912
Haddonfield	Camden	Borough	Nov. 23, 1913
Hawthorne	Passaic	Borough	July 18, 1911
Hoboken	Hudson	City	Feb. 9, 1915
Irvington	Essex	Town	May 19, 1914
Jersey City	Hudson	City	June 17, 1913
Lambertville	Hunterdon	City	Aug. 19, 1916
Long Branch	Monmouth	City	April 9, 1912
Longport	Atlantic	Borough	May 12, 1912
Lyndhurst (Formerly Union.)	Bergen	Township	Aug. 12, 1913
Margate City	Atlantic	City	Sept. 26, 1911
Millville	Cumberland	City	April 1, 1913
Montclair	Essex	Town	July 11, 1916
Newark	Essex	City	Oct. 9, 1917
New Brunswick	Middlesex	City	March 2, 1915
Nutley	Essex	Township	May 21, 1912
Ocean City	Cape May	City	Aug. 15, 1911
Orange	Essex	City	April 14, 1914
Passaic City	Passaic	City	July 25, 1911
Phillipsburg	Warren	Town	Nov. 18, 1913
Rahway	Union	City	Jan. 22, 1918
Ridgefield Park	Bergen	Village	April 30, 1912
Ridgewood	Bergen	Village	Sept. 12, 1911
Sea Isle City	Cape May	City	May 8, 1913
Trenton	Mercer	City	June 20, 1911
Vineland	Cumberland	Borough	May 13, 1913
Wildwood	Cape May	City	Sept. 24, 1912

Note.—Beverly at the general election on November 2, 1920, decided to return to its original form of government and the change will go into effect in May, 1921.

THE EXECUTIVE.

PREROGATIVES AND DUTIES OF THE GOVERNOR.

The Governor is Commander-in-Chief of all the military and naval forces of the State; is President (ex-officio) of the Board of Trustees of Princeton and Rutgers Colleges, and also of Burlington College, and of the Board of Managers of the Geological Survey. He is Chairman of the State Board of Canvassers, and has power to fill any vacancy for New Jersey that may occur in the United States Senate.

He is a member of the following Boards: Trustees of School Fund; Court of Pardons; Commissioners of Agricultural College Fund; Commissioners of the State Library and State House Commission.

With the advice and consent of the Senate, he has the power of appointing the following officers: Chancellor, Chief Justice, Judges of the Supreme Court and Circuit Courts, Inferior Courts and Lay Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals, Attorney-General, Secretary of State, Clerk of the Court of Chancery, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Keeper of the State Prison, a Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, Prosecutors of the Pleas, Visitors to the State Agricultural College, State Board of Taxes and Assessment, Commissioner of Labor, State Board of Education, Commissioner of Education, Major-General, Quartermaster-General, Adjutant-General, Commissioners of Pilotage, Judges of the District Courts, Port Wardens and Harbor Masters, State Board of Medical Examiners, Public Utility Commissioners, County Boards of Taxes and Assessment, State Board of Health, Department of Institutions and Agencies, Civil Service Commissioners, State Highway Commission, Inter-State Bridge and Tunnel Commission, State Architect, Fish and Game Commissioners, Members Board of Conservation and Development, Members Board of Commerce and Navigation, Superintendent of Weights and Measures, Commissioner of Reports, Palisades, Inter-State Park Commission, Board of Tenement House Supervision, Members State Board of Shell Fisheries, State Board of Fisheries, State Athletic Commission.

Without the consent of the Senate: Oyster Commissioners, Board of Undertakers and Embalmers, Foreign Commissioners of Deeds, New Jersey State Pharmaceutical Association, State Board of Dentistry, Inspec-

tors of Steamboats, Private Secretary, Notaries Public, Managers New Jersey Firemen's Home, Inspectors of Power Vessels, Railroad Policemen and other Boards and Commissioners, and fill all vacancies that occur in any office during a recess of the Legislature, which offices are to be filled by the Governor and Senate, or Legislature in Joint Meeting; also, vacancies happening in the offices of Clerk or Surrogate in any county; issues warrants for the admission of blind and feeble-minded children into institutions; grants requisitions and renditions, and has power to offer rewards for apprehending and securing persons charged with certain crimes; signs or vetoes all bills and joint resolutions passed by the Legislature; has power to convene the Legislature, or Senate alone, if, in his opinion, public necessity requires it; grants, under the Great Seal of the State, commissions to all such officers as require to be commissioned; has right to borrow money for the State; sign all riparian leases or grants issued by the Board of Commerce and Navigation; he has power to reprieve in cases of capital punishment, and to suspend fines at any time not exceeding ninety days after conviction, and in case of pardon or commutation of sentence, the Governor's vote in the affirmative is necessary.

In 1916 the Legislature adopted a Budget Act, under which the Governor receives and considers requests for appropriations and submits his recommendations in an annual Budget Message to the Legislature.

Besides all these duties, the Governor finds it necessary to read and answer a large mass of correspondence, which comes to the department daily. All bills and joint resolutions passed by the Legislature are compared, and then indexed in the Executive Department, before presentation to the Governor.

He receives a salary of $10,000 a year, and is not allowed any fees or perquisites what ever.

His term of office is three years.

OFFICES FILLED BY THE LEGISLATURE IN JOINT MEETING.

State Treasurer, State Comptroller, Commissioners of Deeds and State Director of Railroads and Canals.

EXTRA SESSIONS OF THE LEGISLATURE AND SPECIAL SESSIONS OF THE SENATE.

1861—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on April 30th, and adjourned on May 10th, 1861, called in obedience to Governor Olden's proclamation, to raise troops for the war. Laws enacted, 13; Joint Resolutions, 2.

1866—A special session of the Legislature was called by Governor Marcus L. Ward for the purpose of ratifying the Fourteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution. It met on September 10, ratified the amendment and adjourned September 19. The Governor in his proclamation called attention to a vacancy in New Jersey's representation in the United States Senate.

1877—A special session of the Senate was convened in 1877, for the purpose of acting on the Governor's nominations of District Court Judges. It met on March 28th and adjourned on March 30th.

1884—A special session of the Senate was convened in 1884, to act on the Governor's nominations for members of the State Board of Assessors. It met on April 23d and lasted two hours.

1897—An extra session of the Legislature was called on May 25th, 1897, to correct an error in a law providing for the submission to the people of proposed amendments to the Constitution. The session met at noon and adjourned sine die the same day at 6:47 P. M.

1903—An extra session of the Legislature was convened April 21st, 1903, to correct an error in the "Passaic Valley Sewerage District act" of 1903. The session lasted about five hours and a final adjournment was effected on the same day.

1903—Another extra session of the Legislature was convened on October 15th, 1903, to pass an act to establish a system of public instruction to take the place of an act of March 26th, 1902, which had been declared unconstitutional by the Court of Errors and Appeals. The session covered four days, and a final adjournment was effected on October 19th. The action of the Legislature was confined to the subject for which it was convened in extraordinary session.

1904—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on April 12th to consider the report of the Morris Canal Commission and the bill to prevent the shooting of pigeons from traps. The session was adjourned on the night of the same day, after having passed four bills which became laws.

1908—A special session of the Senate was convened on Friday, May 8th, to act on nominations by the Governor. It lasted only a few hours, when there was a final adjournment.

1913—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on May 6th to consider a new jury system, proposed constitutional convention and small board government for counties. After several recesses a final adjournment occurred on May 26th. Laws enacted, 22.

1913—Another extra session of the Legislature convened on August 5th to consider questions relating to Jersey City commission government, and a final adjournment occurred on August 12th. Laws enacted, 2.

1914—A special session of the Senate was convened on April 24th to act on nominations by the Governor. It lasted only three quarters of an hour when there was a final adjournment.

1915—An extra session of the Legislature was convened on May 3d to correct errors in a law providing for a special election to consider proposed amendments to the State Constitution. The session lasted ten hours and was adjourned the same day. Laws enacted, 2.

1916—A special session of the Senate was held on June 27th to act on nominations by the Governor. It lasted about an hour when there was a final adjournment.

1920—The Senate during recesses of the Legislature held three special sessions to consider Gubernatorial nominations. These were held July 27, December 30, 1920, and January 5, 1921.

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

1668 to 1703.

(Under the Proprietary Government.)

East Jersey.

72, 75—79, 82—84, Lawrence Andresse
72, 75—79, 82—88, John Berry.
72, 75—79, John Bishop.
92—1703, John Bishop, Jr.
68, 75, 79, James Bollen.
68, Robert Bond.
92—99, Andrew Bowne.
84—88. 98, Thomas Codrington.
92—98, Samuel Dennis.
92—98, James Dundas.
68, 72, 75—78, Samuel Edsall.
86—88, James Emott.
1700—01, Benjamin Griffith.
1700—03, Samuel Hale.
86—87, Andrew Hamilton.
84, 98—99, Richard Hartshorne.
93—99, John Inians.
86—88, John Johnston.
84—96, Isaac Kingsland.
99, William Lawrence.
86—87, Gawen Lawrie.
1700—01, Samuel Leonard.
84—86, Henry Lyon.
86—95, David Mudie.
82—84, Lewis Morris.
93—95, 1703, Lewis Morris.
82—84, John Palmer.
68, 72, 75—79, William Pardon.
68, Daniel Pierce.
72, 75—79, John Pike.
99—1703, William Pinhorne.
82—86, Benjamin Price.
92—93, 98—99, John Royse.
73, 75—79, 82—86, William Sandford.
1700—03, William Sandford.
86—92, Richard Townley.
68, 72—75, Robert Vanquellin.
68, Nicholas Verlet.
81—82, Robert Vickers.
98—99, Thomas Warne.
86—88, Samuel Winder.

West Jersey.

1701, Jonathan Beers.
82—85, 1701, William Biddle.
85, James Budd.
82—83, Thomas Budd.
85, Samuel Carpenter.
82, John Chaffin.
83—84, Francis Collins.
85, Francis Davenport.
1701, George Deacon.
84—85, Robert Dinsdale.
84—85, William Emley.
82—85, Elias Farre.
82—85, 1701, Thomas Gardner.
83—85, John Gosling.
84, Richard Guy.
97, 1701, Edward Hunloke.
85, George Hutchinson.
98, John Jewell.
82—84, James Nevill.
82—83, Mark Newbie.
82—84, Thomas Ollive.
98, Edward Randolph.
97—98, Thomas Revell.
85, 1701, Andrew Robeson.
83, John Skeene.
83, Henry Stacy.
82—84, Mahlon Stacy.
82, 84—85, Robert Stacy.
97—98, John Tatham.
1701, John Thompson.
84—85, Robert Turner.
83—84, William Welsh.
97, Nathaniel Westland.
84, Christopher White.
82, 84—85, Daniel Wills.
97, John Worlidge.

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

1703 to 1775.

(Colony of New Jersey.)

* Died in Office. ‡ Resigned. x Removed. † Suspended.
‖ Seat Forfeited.

Eastern Division.

23—56, *James Alexander.
61—75, William Alexander.
13—36, *John Anderson.
43—61, †Edward Antill.
53—69, *Lewis Morris Ashfield.
03—08, *Andrew Bowne.
13—22, xThomas Byerly.
35—38, Thomas Farmar.
10—22, *Thomas Gordon.
38—39, *Robert Lettice Hooper.
44—62, *James Hude.
47—62, *Andrew Johnston.
18—32, *John Johnston, Jr.
47—75, Peter Kemble
47—58, ‡Thomas Leonard.
16—26, *David Lyell.
38—42, *Fenwick Lyell.
06—15, *Roger Mompesson.
03—04, †Lewis Morris.
08—34, ‖Lewis Morris.
38—64, *Robert Hunter Morris.
52—75, David Ogden.
13—17, *Elisha Parker.
65—75, James Parker.
18—32, *John Parker.
03—13, †William Pinhorn.
34—40, ‡William Provoost.
49—62, *Richard Saltar.
03—09, William Sandford.
38—39, ‡John Schuyler.
70—75, Stephen Skinner.
65—75, Frederick Smyth.
08—13, †Peter Sonmans.
63—75, John Stevens.
69—75, Richard Stockton.
06—11, *Richard Townley.
27—40, ‡Cornelius VanHorne.
03—04, *Samuel Walker.
—22, †George Willocks.
57—68, *Samuel Woodruff.

Western Division.

20—34, *Peter Bard.
40—43, *Peter Baynton.
06—13, †Daniel Coxe.
71—75, Daniel Coxe.
46—50, †John Coxe.
03—07, *Francis Davenport.
03—18, xGeorge Deacon.
18, *Peter Fretwell.
10—12, *Thomas Gardiner.
09—13, †William Hall.
13—47, *John Hamilton.
41—44, *Archibald Home.
75, Francis Hopkinson.
09—17, *Hugh Huddy.
18—31, *John Hugg.
06—09, *Richard Ingoldsby.
03, 06, ‡Samuel Jennings.
63—70, *John Ladd.
71—75, John Lawrence.
03—08, †Daniel Leeds.
03—13, *Robert Quary.
61—74, ‡Charles Read.
13—17, *John Reading.
21—58, ‡John Reading.
03—08, †Thomas Revell.
38—56, *John Rodman.
23—32, *James Smith.
62—71, *John Smith.
38—50, *Richard Smith.
67—75, Samuel Smith.
18—40, ‡John Wills.

Councillor Extraordinary.

1735, John Peagrum.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

1668 to 1703.

(Under the Proprietary Government.)

East Jersey.

80, 86, 88, 92, Jedediah Allen.
74—76, 81—82, 85, 87, 92, Ephraim Andresse.
80, Lewis Baker.
92—93, 98—99, John Barclay.
68, Balthazar Bayard.
86, 88, 94—95, Richard Berry.
68, John Bishop
80, 84—85, 1701, John Bishop, Jr.
1701, Jonathan Bishop.
86—87, Ezekiel Bloomfield.
73, Thomas Bloomfield, Sr.
75, Thomas Bloomfield, Jr.
92, Thomas Boell.
73, Stephen Bond.
92, Nathaniel Bonnell.
68, 75, 79—81, 83, John Bowne.
92—93, 95, John Bowne.
68, John Brackett.
79—96, John Brown.
76, Matthew Bunn.
86, 92, 94—96, 98—99, Benjamin Burden.
86, John Campbell.
94—95, John Carrington.
92, 94—96, Gerbrandt Classen.
86, 92, Benjamin Clarke.
93—94, 98—99, Thomas Codrington.
1702, John Compton.
92—93, Thomas Cook.
99, John Cooper.
81—83, Matthew Cornelius.
92, John Craig.
93—95, Azariah Crane.
68—73, Jasper Crane.
94, 97—98, Jasper Crane, Jr.
79, 81, 83, 86, 88, 92, John Curtis.
75, 80, 86, Hans Dedrick.
68—69, 72, Robert Dennis.
75, 79—84, 87—88, Samuel Dennis.
92—95, 97—98, Samuel Dennis.
92—93, Daniel Dodd.
80, William Douglas.
84—88, 92, George Drake.
92—93, John Drake.
73, 1701, Jonathan Dunham.
93—95, 98—99, Edward Earle, Jr.
86, Samuel Edsall.
79—81, John Enslie.
93, John Fitzrandolph.
93—95, Nathaniel Fitzrandolph.
93—95, Thomas Fitzrandolph.
75, 79—81, 83, John Gillman.
92, Thomas Gorden.
88, 92, 95—96, Benjamin Griffith.
68, James Grover.
86—88, William Haig.
98—99, Andrew Hampton.
68, 80, 83, 86, 98—99, John Hance.
95—96, 98—99, Daniel Harcott.
92, Hans Harmanse.
93—95, 98—99, John Harriman, Sr.
79, 83, 86, 88, 92—96, 98, 99, Richard Hartshorne.
93—94, David Herriott.
86, 88, Peter Hessells.
95—99, Jedediah Higgins.
93—95, Thomas Higgins.
95, 96, Thomas Hilburne.
68, 80, Jonathan Holmes.
1700—01, Adam Hude.
75, 92—93, Hopewell Hull.
85, Thomas Huntington.
79—86, 92—96, John Ilslay.
75, 79—81, 83, Thomas Johnson.
92, John Johnston.
88, Jeffrey Jones.
93—95, William Laing.
87—88, John Langstaffe.
88, 92—96, 98—99, William Lawrence.
93—95, Samuel Leonard.
95—98, Cornelius Longfield.
95—96, William Looker, Sr.
98, William Loveridge.
75, 81, 83, Henry Lyon.
80, 92—93, John Lyon.
73, 75, 83, 92—95, 98—99 Elias Michielson.
81, 88, 95, Enoch Michielson.
93, Hartman Michielson.
68, Jacob Mollins.
68—71, 82—83, 88,

Samuel Moore.
98—99, Lewis Morris.
92—93, Henry Norris.
68, 79, John Ogden, Sr.
1701—02, Elisha Parker.
86, 88, 92, John Parker.
83, Joseph Parker.
83, Benjamin Parkis.
92—99, John Pike.
99, Thomas Pike.
86, 99—1701, William Pinhorne.
73, Adrian Post.
75, 80—81, Benjamin Price.
86, William Pyles.
93—94, William Redford.
92—95, 98—99, John Reid.
77, 92—93, Thomas Richards.
95—96, 98—99,
Claus Jansen Romaine.
94—96, John Royse.
95—96, Richard Saltar.
*75, William Shattock.
80—81, 83, Edward Slater.
75, 81, John Slocum.
84—86, Isaac Smalley.
69, 71—72, John Smith.
68, Casper Steenmets.
92, 98—99, Johannes Steenmets.
68, Samuel Swaine.
68, Edward Tart.
95—96, Albert Terhune.
92—94, Thomas Thorpe, Sr.
93—94, Job Throckmorton.
75, 88, John Throckmorton.
81, Peter Tilton.
93—95, 98—99, John Treat.
68, Robert Treat.
99, Peter Van Este.
92—93, Walling J. Van Winkel.
98—99, Samuel Walker.
75, 80, John Ward.
88, 92, Eliakim Wardell.
88, 92—93, John White.
81, Thomas White.
95—96, 98—99, John Williams.
94—96, 98—99, George Willocks
68, Thomas Winterton.
93—94, Jonas Wood.
99—1700, John Worth.

1668 to 1703.

West Jersey.

1697, John Adams.
85, William Albertson.
85, Richard Arnold.
97, John Ashbrook.
97, James Atkinson.
1701, John Bacon.
85, Samuel Bacon.
83—84, Michael Barron.
85, Thomas Barton.
83—85, Richard Basnett.
83—85, William Bates.
97, Jonathan Beers.
83—85, 97, William Biddle.
82, Samuel Borden.
83—85, John Borton.
83—85, Edward Bradway.
84—85, William Braithwaite.
89, 97, Benjamin Bramma.
97, Timothy Brandreth.
97, Joseph Brown.
85, James Budd.
82—83, 85, Thomas Budd.
85, William Budd.
97, Henry Callinger.
84—85, Roger Carary.
85—86, Samuel Carpenter.
82—83, John Chaffin.
83—85, Samuel Cole.
83—85, Francis Collins.
97, Joseph Cooper.
82—85, 97, William Cooper.
97, John Crawford.
82, John Cripps.
85, Peter Dalboe.
85, Wolla Dalboe.
97, Richard Daukin.
84—85, 97, 01,
Francis Davenport.
97, John Day.
97, Jacob Dayton.
82—85, 97, George Deacon.
82, Bernard Devonish.
84—85, Robert Dimsdale.
1701, Simeon Ellis.
82—85, William Emley.
85, William Evans.
82—85, Elias Farre.
83—84, John Fenwick.
84, Francis Forrest.
97, Peter Fretwell.
97, Hananiah Gam.
82—85, 97, 1701,
Thomas Gardiner.
83—85, John Gosling.
82—85, Richard Guy.
97—1701, William Hall.
82, 84, Godfrey Hancock.
82, Richard Hancock.
1701, John Hand.
84—85, George Haselwood.
82, 85, 97, 1701,
Samuel Hedge.
85, Israel Helme.
97, Richard Heritage.
83—84, 97, John Hollinshead.
97, John Holme.

83—84, John Hooton.
85, John Horner.
83—85, Thomas Howell.
85, 97. John Hugg.
97, John Hugg, Jr.
97, Joshua Humphreys.
84—85, George Hutchinson.
68, Peter Jegou.
85, 97, 1701, Samuel Jennings.
85, Richard Johnson.
85, 1701, John Kay.
82, John Lambert.
82—85, 97, Thomas Lambert.
84, Marcus Lawrence.
85, Richard Lawrence.
82, Daniel Leeds.
85, Hypolite Lefever.
97, Frederick J. Lippincott.
1701, Restore Lippincott.
83—85, John Maddocks.
82—84, Isaac Marriott.
97, Peter Matson.
85, Thomas Matthews.
97, Matthew Medcalfe.
97, 1701, Archibald Mickle.
97, Daniel Mills.
84—85, Roger Milton.
85, Anthony Nealson.
82—85, James Nevill.
82—83, Mark Newbie.
82—85, Thomas Ollive.
68, Fop F. J. Outhout.
85, John Pancoast.
97, William Pate.
1701, Philip Paul.
82—85, William Peachey.
85, William Penton.
82, 84, John Pledger.
97, 1701, John Rambo.
98, Edward Randolph.
97, Thomas Rapier.
85, 97, 1701, John Reading.
82, 85, Mark Reeves.
85, 97, Andrew Robeson.
85, Richard Russell.
84, Christopher Saunders.
84, Benjamin Scott.
97, 1701, John Scott.
85, Thomas Sharp.
97, John Shaw.
83, John Skeene.
82, 84, John Smith.
84, Thomas Smith.
97, Samuel Spicer.
83, Henry Stacy.
82—85, 97, 1701, Mahlon Stacy.
82—85, Robert Stacy.
92, John Tatham.
97, George Taylor.
97, John Taylor.
82, 85, 97, 1701, Thomas Thackare.
82—84, Andrew Thompson.
83—84, 97, John Thompson.
85, Richard Tindall.
83—85, Percival Towle.
84—85, Henry Treadway.
84—85, Robert Turner.
82—85, Edward Wade.
97, Samuel Wade.
85, William Warner.
97, Benjamin Wheate.
84, Christopher White.
82, John White.
85, Joseph White.
1701, Thomas Wilkins.
82—85, Daniel Wills, Sr.
97, Robert Wilson.
83—84, Henry Wood.
85, John Wood.
97, William Wood.
1701, John Woodruff.
97, Joseph Woodruff.
83—84, 97, John Woolston.
85, John Worlidge.
97, John Wright.
82—85, Joshua Wright.
82—84, Thomas Wright.
82—85, Robert Zane.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY

1703 to 1775.

(Colony of New Jersey.)

*Died in Office. **Died before sworn in. ‡Seat vacated.
§ Resigned. †Expelled.

EASTERN DIVISION.

At Large.

1703—04, Jedediah Allen.
03—06, Obadiah Bowne.
03—04, John Harrison.
03—06, Richard Hartshorne.
03—04, Michael Howden.
03—04, John Reid.
03—04, Richard Townley.
03—04, Cornelius Tunison.
03—06, Peter Van Este.
04—07, †John Bowne.
04—08, Jasper Crane.
04—06, John Lawrence.
04—09, John Royse.
04—06, Richard Saltar.
04—06, John Tunison.
04—06, Anthony Woodward.
07—09, Thomas Farmar.
07—08, William Lawrence.
07—09, Enoch Michielson.
07—08, Lewis Morris.
07—09, William Morris.
07—09, Elisha Parker.
07—08, Daniel Price.
09, John Kinsey.
08—09, Elisha Lawrence.
08—09, Benjamin Lyon.
08—09, Gershom Mott.
09, John Treat.

City of Perth Amboy.

1703—09, Thomas Gordon.
03—04, Miles Forster.
04—06, John Barclay.
07—09, 16—19,
John Harrison.
10—14, John Johnston.
10—14, John Reid.
16, Thomas Farmar.
16—19, William Eires.
21—32, *John Johnston.
21, Andrew Redford.
22—25, Samuel Leonard.
27—29, 33—44,
Andrew Johnston.
30—33, Gabriel Stelle.
38—42, 49—51, Lewis Johnston.
43—44, Samuel Leonard.
44—51, Samuel Nevill.
45—48, Pontius Stelle.
51—63, John Stevens.
51—59, *John Johnston.
60—63, Andrew Smyth.
63—68, John Johnston.
63—75, Courtland Skinner.
69—71, John L. Johnston.
72—75, John Coombs.

Bergen County.

1709—10, Lawrence Van Buskirk.
10—16, Andreas Van Buskirk.
10—16, William Sandford.
16, †Henry Brockholst.
16, †David Ackerman.
16—21, Hessell Peterson.
16—21, Philip Schuyler.
21—27, William Provoost.
21—27, Isaac Van Giesen.
27—33, Peter Sonmans.
27—51, Lawrence Van Buskirk.
34—48, David Demarest.
49—54, Derick Dey.
51—54, Cornelius Van Vorst.
54—60, George Vreeland.
54—68, Reynier Van Giesen.
61—75, Theunis Dey.
69—75, Johannes Demarest.

Essex County.

1709—14, John Treat.
09—10, Benjamin Price.
10—14, Joseph Marsh.
16—25, 38—39, Josiah Ogden.
16—30, 38—39, 43, Joseph Bonnel.
27—33, John Cooper.
30—33, Benjamin Price.
40—42, 45—47, 51—53, John Low.
40—42, John Rolph.
43, **Peter Bayard.
43—44, George Vreeland.
44—51, John Crane.
49—51, Joseph Camp.
51—54, 56—65, §Robert Ogden.
54—56, §Jacob De Hart.
54—58, §Robert Bradbury.
60—71, §John Ogden.
66—75, Stephen Crane.
72—75, Henry Garritse.

Middlesex County.

1709, John Johnston.
09, George Duncan.
10—14, 40—44, 45, Thomas Farmar.
10—14, Adam Hude.
16—25, John Kinsey, Jr.
16—19, Charles Morgan.
21—25, Moses Rolph.
27—33, John Kinsey, Jr.
27—39, James Hude.
38—39, Edward Antill.
40—42, 44, Robert Hude.
43—44, 54—64, *Samuel Nevill.
44, William Ouke.
45—48, John Heard.
45, *John Moores.
46—48, Philip Kearney.
49—75, John Wetherill.
49—51, James Smith.
51—54, Shobal Smith.
65—71, Reune Runyon.
72—74, *John Moores.
75, Azariah Dunham.

Monmouth County.

1709, 16—19, Elisha Lawrence.
09—14, Gershom Mott.
10—25, William Lawrence.
21—25, Garret Schenck.
27—50, *John Eaton.
27—33, James Grover.
38—42, Cornelius Vanderveer.
43—60, Robert Lawrence.
51—62, *James Holmes.
61—68, 72—75, Richard Lawrence.
63—68, John Anderson.
69—71, Robert Hartshorne.
69—75, Edward Taylor.

Morris County.

1772—75, Jacob Ford.
72—75, William Winds.

Somerset County.

1709, Thomas Fitz Randolph.
*9, ——— Dennis.
10—14, Cornelius Longfield.
10—14, John Tunison.
16—19, 27, 29, Thomas Hall.
16—19, Benjamin Clark.
21—25, Robert L. Hooper.
21—25, 40—42, Thomas Leonard.
27—29, Thomas Farmar.
30—39, George Vannest.
30—33, §Isaac Vanzant.
33—39, Peter Dumont.
40—54, John Van Middlesworth.
40, †Hendrick Fisher.
43—44, Dirck Vas Veghten.
45—75, Hendrick Fisher.
54—67, *John Hoagland.
68, Abraham Vannest.
69—71, John Berrien.
72—75, John Roy.

WESTERN DIVISION.

At Large.

1703—04, William Biddle.
03—04, Joseph Cooper.
03—08, William Hall.
03—06, John Hugg, Jr.
03—09, John Kay.
03—06, Thomas Lambert.
03—06, Restore Lippincott.
03—06, John Mason.
03—06, John Smith.
03—04, William Steavenson.
04—08, Thomas Bryant.
04—06, Robert Wheeler.
04—06, Joshua Wright.
07—08, Peter Corson.
07—09, Richard Johnson.
07—08, Philip Paul.
07—08, John Thompson.
07—08, John Wills.
07—08, Bartholomew Wyatt.
09, Nathaniel Breading.
09, Nathaniel Cripps,
09, Ezekiel Eldredge.
09, John Kaighn.
09, John Lewis.
09, Hugh Middleton.
09, Hugh Sharp.
09, John Somers.

City of Burlington.

1703—06, Peter Fretwell.
03—09, Thomas Gardiner.
07—08, Samuel Jennings.
09, Thomas Rapier.
09—14, Robert Wheeler.
09, William Bustill.
10—14, Isaac Decow.
16—18, *Samuel Smith.
16—19, Daniel Smith.
21—25, John Allen.
21—25, Jonathan Wright.
27—29, John Rodman.
27—44, Isaac Pearson.
30—45, Richard Smith.
46—50, Richard Smith, Jr.
45—50, Daniel Smith.
51—60, Charles Read.
51—54, John Deacon.
46—66, Samuel Smith.
61—68, John Lawrence.
67—68, Thomas Rodman.
69—71, Abraham Hewlings.
69—71, Joseph Smith.
72—75, James Kinsey.
72—75, Thomas Polegreen Hewlings.

Burlington County.

1709—14, 21—29, Thomas Lambert.
09—Samuel Smith.
10—14, Joshua Humphreys.
16—19, Jacob Doughty.
16—19, Matthew Champion.
21—24, *William Trent.
27—42, *Mahlon Stacy.
30—33, Joshua Wright.
38—54, William Cook.
43—44, Thomas Shinn.
45—48, Samuel Wright.
49—51, Joshua Bispham.
51—57, *Barzillai Newbold.
54—60, 69—75, Henry Paxson.
57—60, Samuel Stokes.
61—68, Daniel Doughty.
61—68, Joseph Borden, Jr.
69—71, Joseph Bullock.
72—75, Anthony Sykes.

Cape May County.

1709—19, Jacob Spicer.
09—14, Peter Fretwell.
16, †Jacob Heulings.
16—19, Jeremiah Basse.
21—25, Humphrey Hughes.
21—29, Nathaniel Jenkins.
27—45, Aaron Leaming.
30—39, 44, Henry Young.
40—42, 46—71, Aaron Leaming.
43—44, John Willets.
44—65, *Jacob Spicer.
66—71, *Nicholas Stillwell.
71—75, Jonathan Hand.
72—75, Eli Eldredge.

Cumberland County.

1772—75, John Sheppard.
72—75, Theophilus Elmer.

Gloucester County.

1709—19, John Kay.
09—14, John Kaighn.
16, †Daniel Coxe.
16, †Richard Bull.
21—25, Samuel Cole.
21—29, 38—44, John Mickle.
27—33, William Harrison.
30—49, *Joseph Cooper.
45—48, Ebenezer Hopkins.
49—50, *James Hinchman.
50—54, William Mickle.
51—54, Joseph Ellis.
54—60, John Ladd.
54—65, *Samuel Clement.
61—68, David Cooper.
66—68, Samuel Clement.
69—75, Robert Friend Price.
69—75, John Hinchman.

Hunterdon County.

1727—33, John Porterfield.
27—33, Joseph Stout.
38—42, Benjamin Smith.
38—39, John Emley.
40—42, Joseph Peace.
43—45, William Mott.
43—44, ‡Andrew Smith.
44—45, Daniel Doughty.
72—75, Samuel Tucker.
72—75, John Mehelm.

Hunterdon and Morris Counties.

1746—54, William Mott.
46—54, John Emley.

Hunterdon, Morris and Sussex Counties.

1754—60, Joseph Yard.
54—60, Peter Middagh.
61—68, George Reading.
61—71, John Hart.
69—71, Samuel Tucker.

Town of Salem.

09, John Lewis.
09, ——— Parker.
10—14, Hugh Middleton.
10—14, 21—25, John Mason.
16—19, Isaac Sharp.
16, †Henry Joyce.
16—19, Richard Johnson.
21—25, Thomas Mason.

Salem County.

1709, Thomas Sheppard.
09—14, 21—25, Isaac Sharp.
10—14, 21—25, Bartholomew Wyatt.
16, †William Hall.
16, †William Clowes.
16—19, Dickinson Sheppard.
27—29, Joseph Keen.
27—29, Thomas Mason.
30—33, John Brick.
30—33, *James Whitton.
33,‡ 38—39, Joseph Reeves.
33—51, William Hancock.
40—41, *Richard Smith.
43—44, *Leonard Gibbon.
44, Moses Sheppard.
45—51, John Brick, Jr.
72—75, Grant Gibbon.
72—75, Benjamin Holme.

Salem and Cumberland Counties.

1751—62, *William Hancock.
51—54, Richard Wood.
54—71, Ebenezer Miller.
63—68, Edward Keasbey.
69—70, *Isaac Sharp.
71, Grant Gibbon.

Sussex County.

1772—74, *Thomas Van Horne.
72—75, Nathaniel Pettit.
74—75, Joseph Barton.

PRESIDENTS AND VICE PRESIDENTS OF COUNCIL AND SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

(Colony of New Jersey.)

Presidents of Council.

1703 to 1775.

* Died in office. ‡ Resigned. ‖ Seat forfeited. † Suspended.

1703—04, †Lewis Morris.
05—08, *Andrew Bowne.
08—34, ‖Lewis Morris.
35—36, *John Anderson.
36—47, *John Hamilton.
47—58, ‡John Reading.
58—64, *Robert Hunter Morris.
64—75, Peter Kemble.

Speakers of Assembly.

1703 to 1775.

* Died in Office. ‡ Resigned. † Expelled.

1703—04, Thomas Gardiner, City of Burlington.
04—06, Peter Fretwell, City of Burlington.
07, Samuel Jenings, City of Burlington.
08—09, Thomas Gordon, City of Perth Amboy.
09—14, John Kay, Gloucester.
16, †Daniel Coxe, Gloucester.
16—19, John Kinsey, Middlesex.
21—22, 25—29, John Johnston, City of Perth Amboy.
23—24, *William Trent, Burlington.
30—33, 38, John Kinsey, Jr., Middlesex.
38—39, Joseph Bonnel, Essex.
40—44, Andrew Johnston, City of Perth Amboy.
44—45, 48—51; 59—62, Samuel Nevill, City of Perth Amboy.
46—48, 54—58, Robert Lawrence, Monmouth.
51—54, Charles Read, City of Burlington.
63—65, ‡Robert Ogden, Essex.
65—70, 73—75, Courtland Skinner, City of Perth Amboy.
70—72, Stephen Crane, Essex.

MEMBERS OF COUNCIL,

1776 to 1844.

Atlantic County.

1837, Lewis M. Walker.
38—39, Japhet Ireland.
40—41, Mahlon Canfield.
42—44, Absolam Cordery.

Bergen County.

76, 82—83, John Fell.
77—78, Robert Morris.
79—81, Theunis Dey.
84—90, 92—95, Peter Haring.
91, 96—06, John Outwater.
07, 09—11, Peter Ward.
08, 12—13, William Colfax.
14—15, 18, Adrian Post.
16, 19—21, John D. Haring.
17, Martin Ryerson.
22—23, Christian Zabriskie.
24—26, 30, 32—33, Charles Board.
27—29, Nathaniel Board.
31, Jacob M. Ryerson.
34—35, Christian C. Zabriskie.
36—37, Samuel R. Demarest.
38—39, Francis Price.
40, Albert G. Doremus.
41—42, John Cassedy.
43—44, John H. Zabriskie.

Burlington County.

76, Richard Smith.
77, John Imlay.
78—80, 83, Peter Tallman.
81—82, John Cox.
84—86, 89—90, William Newbold.
87—88, Joseph Smith.
91, James Kinsey.
92, 1818—28, Caleb Newbold.
93—96, John Black.
97—1801, 04—09, George Anderson.
02—04, Samuel Hough.
10—13, John Beatty.
14, Caleb Earl.
15—17, William Irick.
18, 29—31, William N. Shinn.
32—33, Richard Campion.
34, James Newbold.
35—36, Charles Stokes.
37—41, William Irick.
42, Moffett Craig.
43—44, James S. Hulme.

Cape May County.

1776, Jonathan Hand.
77, 79—80, 82—83, Jesse Hand.
78, Jonathan Jenkins.
81, 85, Elijah Hughes.
84, 86—93, Jeremiah Eldredge.
94—95, 1806, 09—10, Matthew Whillden.
96—98, 1800, 04, Permenus Corson.
99, John T. Townsend.
1801—04, 07, Ebenezer Newton.
05—06, William Eldredge.
08, 12—13, Joseph Falkenberge.
11, Nathaniel Holmes.
14, Furman Leaming.
15—19, 24, 26—27, Joshua Swaine.
20—23, 25, Thomas H. Hughes.
28—30, Israel Townsend.
31—33, Joshua Townsend.
34—35, Jeremiah Leaming.
36—37, Richard Thomson.
38—39, Amos Corson.
40—41, Thomas P. Hughes.
42—44, Maurice Beesley.

1776 to 1844.

Cumberland County.

76—77, 82, Theophilus Elmer.
78, Ephraim Harris.
79, John Buck.
80, 84, Jonathan Elmer.
81, 83, 85—94, 96—97, 99—1800, Samuel Ogden.
95, Eli Elmer.
98, Joel Fithian.
1801—02, David Moore.
03—04, 10—11, George Burgin.
05—06, Abraham Sayre.
06, 08, 12—13, 15—17, 19, 22—25, Ebenezer Seeley.
07, Ebenezer Elmer.
09, James B. Hunt.
13, Ezekiel Foster.
14, 18, James Clark.
20—21, James D. Westcott.
26, Ephraim Bateman.
27—28, John Trenchard.
29—32, Elias P. Seeley.
33, 37, Israel Stratton.
34, David Reeves.
35—36, Joshua Brick.
38, Nathaniel Foster.
39—40, Samuel Barber.
41, Ephraim H. Whitecar.
42, David Whitaker.
43—44, Enoch H. Moore.

Essex County.

76—77, 79, Stephen Crane.
78, Abraham Clark.
80, James Caldwell.
81—84, Josiah Hornblower.
85—87, John Peck.
88, John Chetwood.
89, Jonathan Dayton.
90—97, John Condit.
98—1800, Daniel Marsh.
01, 06, 10—13, Charles Clark.
02—03, William S. Pennington.
04—06, 17—18, 23, John Dodd.
07, Moses Jacques.
08—09, Thomas Ward.
14, Charles Kinsey.
15—16, 25, 28, Amos Harrison.
19—22, 26, Silas Condit.
24, 30, John Dow.
27, Samuel Pennington.
29, Amzi Dodd.
31—32, Isaac H. Williamson.
33, Jacob M. Mead.
34, Oliver S. Halstead.
35, Stephen D. Day.
36, Andrew Parsons.
37, John J. Chetwood.
38—40, Amzi Armstrong.
41—42, William Chetwood.
43—44, Joseph S. Dodd.

Gloucester County.

1776—80, 84, John Cooper.
81, Joseph Hugg.
82—83, 85—86, Elijah Clark.
87—94, Joseph Ellis.
95—97, Joseph Cooper.
98—1802, Thomas Clark.
03—06, 11, Isaac Mickle.
06, 14, 16, Samuel W. Harrison.
07—10, Richard M. Cooper.
12—13, James Hopkins.
17—18, James Matlack.
19—20, John Baxter.
21—22, Michael C. Fisher.
23, 29, 31—32, Joseph Kaighn.
24—25, Isaac Wilkins.
26, John Moore White.
27, Christopher Sickler.
28, Jeremiah J. Foster.
30, 33—35, John W. Mickle.
36—38, John C. Smallwood.
39—40, Joseph Porter.
41, William R. Cooper.
42, Joseph Saunders.
43—44, Joshua P. Browning.

Hudson County.

1840, Abraham Van Santvoord.
41—42, John S. Condit.
43—44, Edwin V. R. Wright.

1776 to 1844.

Hunterdon County.

1776—81. John Stevens.
82, Joseph Reading.
83—84, Philemon Dickinson.
85—88, Robert-Lettis Hooper.
89, Benjamin Van Cleve.
90—1804, John Lambert.
05—06, John Wilson.
06—14, John Haas.
15, Aaron Vansyckle.
16—19, 21, 24—25, Elnathan Stevenson.
20, Thomas Prall.
22—23, John Cavanagh.
26—29, George Maxwell.
30, Thomas Capner.
31—32, Peter I. Clark.
33, Alexander Wurts.
34, Nathaniel Saxton.
35, 42—44, William Wilson.
36, Henry S. Hunt.
37—38, Joseph Moore.
39, James Snyder.
40—41, John Lilly.

Mercer County.

1838—39, Charles G. McChesney.
40—41, James White.
42—44, George Woolsey.

Middlesex County.

1776, John Wetherill.
77—79, Jonathan Deare.
80, 83, 88, Benjamin Manning.
81—82, John Beatty.
84—85, 96, Samuel Fitz-Randolph.
86—87, 89—94, Samuel Randolph.
95, 97, 99—1806, Ephraim Martin.
98, 1820, Andrew Kirkpatrick.
06, Ercuries Beatty.
07, 09, 14—17, 22, Ercurles Beatty.
08, 10, 12—13, James Schureman.
11, John James.
13, John Neilson.
18, John N. Simpson.
19, 21, 27—28, James T. Dunn.
23—24, 26, 30, Robert McChesney.
25, William Edgar.
29, James Cook.
30, Samuel Edgar.
32, John T. McDowell.
33, Josiah B. Howell.
34, Andrew Snowhill.
35, John Perrine, Jr.
36—38, 41, George T. McDowell.
39—40, David B. Appleget.
42—44, Abraham W. Brown.

Monmouth County.

1776, Nathaniel Scudder.
77—79, Joseph Holmes.
80—83, 89—92, 95, Elisha Lawrence.
84, John Imlay.
85, David Forman.
86—88, 99, Asher Holmes.
93—94, 1812—13, Thomas Henderson.
96—98, Elisha Walton.
1800, John Lloyd.
01—07, Thomas Little.
08, William Lloyd.
09, John A. Scudder.
10—11, 13—21, Silas Crane.
22, William Andrews.
23—24, William I. Bowne.
25, 28—29, William I. Emley.
26—27, Henry D. Polhemus.
30, Samuel G. Wright.
31, 34, John Patterson.
32—33, Daniel Holmes.
35—36, Thomas Aarowsmith.
37, William L. Dayton.
38—39, Benjamin Ollphant.
40, Peter Vredenburgh, Jr.
41—44, James Patterson.

1776 to 1844.

Morris County.

1776—80, Silas Condict.
81—84, John Carle.
85, John-Cleve Symmes.
86—88, 93—94, 96—1800, Abraham Kitchel.
89—90, William Woodhull.
91—92, 95, Ellis Cook.
1801—06, David Welsh.
07—14, Benjamin Ludlow.
15—22, Jesse Upson.
23—27, Silas Cook.
28—30, Edward Condict.
31—32, 40—41, James Wood.
33, Mahlon Dickerson.
34, William Monro.
35—36, Jephthah B. Munn.
37—38, William Brittin.
39, Jacob W. Miller.
42, Ezekiel B. Gaines.
43—44, John H. Stansborough.

Passaic County.

1837—38, Andrew Parsons.
39—40, Nathaniel Board.
41, Silas E. Canfield.
42, William Deckey.
43—44, Silas D. Canfield.

Salem County.

1776, 78—79, Andrew Sinnickson.
77, Edward Keasby.
80, 82, 86, Whitten Cripps.
81, 83—84, John Holme.
85, 87—93, John Mayhew.
94—96, Thomas Sinnickson.
97—99, 1801—04, William Parret.
1800, William Wallace.
04, 06—07, Jacob Hufty.
05—06, 09—13, Isaiah Shinn.
08, Samuel Ray.
13—17, Jedediah Dubois.
18, 20—22, John Dickinson.
19, Hedge Thompson.
23, 40, Josiah M. Reeve.
24—25, Zacheus Ray.
26—28, 32, Israel R. Clawson.
29, Philip Freas.
30, James Newell.
31, Henry Freas.
33, Charles Swing.
34, 37, William F. Reeve.
35, Samuel Humphreys.
36, Thomas Yarrow.
38—39, John A. Lambert.
41, Robert Newell.
42, Samuel Bolton.
43—44, Joseph C. Nelson.

Somerset County.

1776, William Paterson.
77, 93—97, James Linn.
78, Abraham Van-Neste.
79, 81—89, Ephraim Martin.
80, John Witherspoon.
90—92, Frederick Frelinghuysen.
98—1804, Peter D. Vroom.
04, Henry Vanderveer.
05—13, 15—19, John Frelinghuysen.
14, 26—29, Andrew Howell.
20—25, Peter I. Stryker.
30—34, James S. Green.
35, William Thompson.
36—38, Walter Kirkpatrick.
39, Augustus R. Taylor.
40—41, Joseph W. Scott.
42—44, George H. Brown.

1776 to 1844.

Sussex County.

1776, 80, John-Cleves Symmes.
77, 84—85, 89—90, Robert Hoops.
78—79, Robert Ogden.
81—83, Hugh Hughes.
86—88, Mark Thomson.
91—99, Charles Beardslee.
1800—04, William McCullough.
04, John Linn.
05—06, George Bidleman.
06, Jacob S. Thomson.
07—13, Barnabus Swayze.
13—15, William Kennedy.
16—18, Thomas Vankirk.
19—20, Robert W. Rutherford.
21, William T. Anderson.
22, Jeremy Mackey.
23—24, Jacob Thompson.
25—26, Thomas C. Ryerson.
27, Samuel Fowler.
28—31, 35, David Ryerson.
32, Peter Merkel.
33—34, 36, Samuel Price.
37—38, Richard R. Morris.
39—40, Daniel Haines.
41—42, Alexander Boyles.
43—44, Benjamin Hamilton.

Warren County.

1825, Jacob Thompson.
26—28, Jeremy Mackey.
29—30, Jonathan Robbins.
31, Samuel Wilson.
32—33, Charles Carter.
34—35, Charles Sitgreaves.
36—39, Robert H. Kennedy.
40, Caleb H. Valentine.
41, Henry H. Van Ness.
42—44, Charles J. Ihrie.

MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

1776 to 1844.

Atlantic County.

1837, Joseph Endicott.
38—39, Robert B. Risley.
40—41, Joseph S. Read.
42—44, George Wheaton.

Bergen County.

1776, Peter Zabriskie.
76, 83, Theunis Dey.
76, 84, 86, David Board
77—78, Joast Beam.
77, 81, Garret Leydecker.
77, 82, 87, 1815, John Outwater.
78—81, 87, Peter Wilson.
78, 97—1804, Thomas Blanch.
79, Robert Morris.
79—83, Isaac Blanch.
80, Gabriel Ogden.
82—83, 87, 94—95, Adam Boyd.
84—86, 92, 96, 1810—11, Jacob Terhune (Terheun),
84, Edow Merseallus.
85, Abraham Blauvelt.
85—86, 88—90, 93, Isaac Nicoll.
88—90, 93, John (A.) Benson.
90—91, Edmund W. Kingsland.
91, 95, John Haring.
91—92, 96, Henry Berry.
92—94, 96—1802, 04—06, Peter Ward.
94, William M. Bell.
95, Benjamin Blacklidge.
97—98, Robert Campbell.
99—1801, John Dey.
02—04, 06, Isaac Kipp.
03—04, Martin I. Ryerson.
04—06, 08—09, Adrian Post.
05—06, Odonijah Schuyler.
06—07, 09—11, William Colfax.
07, John Vanhorn.
07, Abraham Forshee.
08, 14—17, Albert C. Zabriskie.
08—09, 18, John Hopper.
10—11, 13, John A. Westervelt.
12—13, Martin Van Houten.
12—13, 19, Casparus Bogart.
12—13, Thomas Dickerson.
14, Richard Cadmus.
14, Jacob K. Mead.
15, 20—21, Charles Board.
15, Garret A. Lydacker.
16—17, Jacob Banta.
16—17, Cornelius Merseiles.
16, 21—22, Peter Sip.
18, Casparus Prior.
18, 24, Nathaniel Board.
19—20, 25—26, 29, Cornelius Van Winkle.
19, Silas Brinkerhoof.
20, Sebe Brinkerhoof.
21—23, John Westervelt, Jr.
22—23, 25—27, David I. Christie.
23—24, Garret Ackerson.
24, John Van Waggoner.
25, Henry B. Haggerman.
26, Charles Kinsey.
27, 30, Peter J. Terhune.
27, Cornelius D. Van Riper.
28, Christian Zabriskie.
28, Peter C. Westervelt.
28—29, Andrew P. Hopper.
29—30, John Ward.
30, 33, Samuel R. Demarest.
31, Garret Sip.
31, Andrew H. Hopper.
31, John R. Blauvelt.
32—33, Garret P. Hopper.
32—33, John M. Cornelison.
32, Samuel Demarest.
34, John F. Hopper.
34—35, Abraham Lydecker.
34, Peter I. Ackerman.
35, 36, Michael Saunier.
35, John H. Hopper.
36, Henry Doremus.
36, Jetur R. Riggs.
37—38, David D. Van Bussum.
37—38, Albert G. Lydecker.
37—38, John Cassedy.
39—40, John G. Ackerson.
39, Albert G. Doremus.
39—40, Albert J. Terhune.
41—42, James I. Demarest.
41—42, John H. Zabriskie.
43—44, William G. Hopper.
43—44, Jacob C. Terhune

1776 to 1844.

Burlington County.

1776—77, Peter Tallman.
76, 78, 83, Caleb Shreve.
76, Joseph Newbold.
77, Samuel Rogers.
77—82, Thomas Fenimore.
78—79, Josiah Foster.
79, 85—90, Joseph Biddle.
80, William Trent.
80, William Hough.
81—83, Israel Shreve.
81, 83, 90—92, 95, George Anderson.
82, Thomas Reynolds.
84, James Kinsey.
84, Cleayton Newbold.
84—85, 87, Richard S. Smith.
85, Joseph Smith.
86, David Ridgway.
86, Uriah Woolman.
87—89, Robert Strettell Jones.
88—90, Daniel Newbold.
91, Joshua M. Wallace.
91, Caleb Newbold.
92, 1801—04, John Lacey.
92—93, Thomas Hollenshead.
93—96, Samuel Hough.
93, Henry Ridgway.
94, Joseph Stokes.
94, John Van Emburgh.
95—96, Stacy Biddle.
96—1804, 06—09, 16—17, William Coxe, Jr.
97, 1820—22, Thomas Newbold.
97—1801, Job Lippincott.
97—1800, 02—07, William Stockton.
98, Joseph Budd.
99—1804, 08—17, 19, William Pearson.
1804—11, 13—14, William Irick.
04—06, Isaac Cowgill.
04—13, Caleb Earle.
10—15, Charles Ellis.
12—17, Samuel J. Read.
15—16, William Reeve.
17—19, 24, John Evans, Jr.
18—19, 23—24, William Griffith.
18—19, John Newbold.
18, Samuel Haines.
20, George Hulme.
20—22, 25—27, Gershom Mott.
20, William Stockton, Jr.
21—24, Richard L. Beatty.
21—23, William Woolman.
22, Samuel Deacon.
23—24, Jonathan Hough.
25—27, 29, Joshua S. Earl.
25—27, Isaiah Toy.
25—28, 37—41, John Emley.
28—30, Samuel Black.
28, Philip F. Howell.
28, Richard Eayre.
29, John Warren.
29, Charles M. Wells.
30, Charles Stokes.
30—35, George Deacon.
30, Richard Campion.
30—32, Benjamin H. Lippincott.
31—32, Joshua Wright, Jr.
31—32, Benjamin Shreve, Jr.
31—32, William R. Allen.
31, Samuel Black.
32—34, Israel Biddle.
33, John H. Rulon.
33, Zebedee M. Wills.
33—34, Isaac Hilliard.
33, George Black.
34, Benjamin Fish.
34, Amos Stiles.
34, Thomas Page, M.D.
35—36, Anderson Lalor.
35—36, Moses Wills.
35—36, Thomas F. Budd.
35—36, Benjamin Davis.
36, John W. Fennimore.
37—38, Jesse Richards.
37—38, Amos W. Archer.
37, Robert C. Hutchinson.
37, Phineas S. Bunting.
38—39, Bowes Reed Brown.
38, William W. Norcross.
39—41, William Black.
39—41, Levi Borton.
39—40, Elihu Mathis.
40—41, Isaac Stokes.
41—42, Thomas H. Richards.
42—44, John C. Deacon.
42—44, Benjamin Ridgway.
42—44, Joseph Satterthwait.
42, Thomas Harrison.
43—44, Thomas Harris.
43—44, Isaiah Adams

1776 to 1844.

Cape May County.

1776, Eli Eldridge.
76, Joseph Savage.
76—77, Hugh Hathorne.
77, 79, 84, Henry-Young Townsend.
77—78, 80—81, Jeremiah Eldredge.
78, John Hand.
78, 81, 87—88, 90—96, Richard Townsend.
79, James Whilden.
79, Jonathan Leaming.
80, 83, Joseph Hildreth.
80—82, 86—88, 91—93, 1804, Matthew Whilden.
82—83, 85—86, John Baker.
82, 84—92, 96, 98, Elijah Townsend.
84, Levi Eldredge (Resigned).
85, 89—90, Nezer Swain.
89, Eli Townsend.
93, Ebenezer Newton.
94, David Johnston.
94—95, Eleazer Hand.
95, Reuben Townsend.
96, 99, 1801, Abijah Smith.
97, 1800, Persons Leaming.
1802—04, 10, Joseph Falkinburge.
05—07, 09, 12—13, Thomas H. Hughes.
06, 08, 11, 15—17, 18—19, 22, Nicholas Willits.
13, Joshua Swain.
14, Robert M. Holmes.
20—21, 23, 26, 28—29, Joshua Townsend.
24—25, 27, Israel Townsend.
30—33, Jeremiah Leaming.
34—35, Richard Thomson.
36—37, Amos Corson.
38—39, Thomas P. Hughes.
40—41, Maurice Beesley.
42—44, Reuben Willets.

Cumberland County.

1776—77, 82—84, 86—87, 92, Ephraim Harris.
76, 78, 82—83, 85—86, 96, 99, 1800, Jonathan Bowen.
76—78, John Buck.
77, 94, Ephraim Seeley.
78—79, James Ewing.
79, 91—93, Joel Fithian.
79, Timothy Elmer.
80, Thomas Ewing.
80, Samuel Ogden.
80, Ladis Walling.
81—83, Joshua Ewing.
81, Joshua Brick.
81, Josiah Seeley.
84, William Kelsey.
84—85, 87—89, 91—92, John Burgin.
85—88, John Sheppard.
88—89, Eli Elmer.
89—91, 93—95, 1817, 19, Ebenezer Elmer.
90, 1800, Richard Wood, Jr.
93, 96—97, David Moore.
94—95, Benjamin Peck.
95, Ebenezer Seeley.
96—97, James Harris.
98, Isaac Wheaton.
98, John Sheppard, Jr.
99—1802, George Burgin.
1801—04, Azel Pierson.
03—04, Robert Smith.
04, Abijah Davis.
05—06, James Lee.
05—06, Jedediah Ogden.
06, 16, James D. Westcott.
06—07, Benjamin Champneys.
07—08, Jonathan Moore.
08—09, 11, 13, Ephraim Bateman.
09—15, Daniel Richman.
10, Isaac Watts Crane.
12—13, Stephen Willis.
14, Thomas Lee.
15—16, 20, 24, Nathan Leake.
15, 17, John S. Wood.
16, 18, Daniel Parvin.
17—18, John Sibley.
18—19, 21, John Lanning, Jr.
19—23, 25—28, 30, William B. Ewing.
20—23, Lucius Q. C. Elmer.
22, J. Mayhew.
23—25, Ishrael Stratton.
24, George Souder.
25, Edmund Sheppard.
26—29, Nathaniel Foster.
26—28, 36, Elias P. Seeley.
29, Philip Fithian.
29, Michael Swing.
30—31, Jeremiah Stratton.
30, William D. Barrett.

1776 to 1844.

31—32, John Lanning.
31, Henry Shaw.
32, 43—44, Josiah Shaw.
32, Reuben Hunt.
33, Jeremiah Stull.
33, Noah W. Flanagan.
33, William Lore.
34—36, Thomas E. Hunt.
34—35, 39, Isaac Newcomb.
34, 39, Ephraim H. Whitaker (Whitecar).
36, Peter Ladow.
37, Noah W. Flanagin.
37, Samuel Bowen.
37, David Whitaker (Whitecar).
38—39, Belford M. Bonham.
38, David Jones.
40, Lewis Rice.
40—41, Benjamin F. Chew.
40—41, William P. Seeley.
41, Elmer Ogden.
42, Thomas Ware.
42, Joseph Butcher.
42, John R. Cory.
43—44, Daniel L. Burt.
43—44, Joseph Taylor.

Essex County.

1776, 83—85, Abraham Clark.
76—82, 93, Caleb Camp.
76, 82—88, Henry Garritse.
77, Edward Fleming.
77—79, 81, Jacob Brookfield.
78, 82, Isaac Woodruff.
79—80, Josiah Hornblower.
80, 82—83, 85—86, 89, 93, Daniel Marsh.
81, Samuel Potter.
84, John Peck.
86—87, 90, Jonathan Dayton.
87—90, 94—97, Jonas Wade.
88—89, John Condit.
90, Abraham Ogden.
91—92, 94—96, Elias Dayton.
91—92, Matthias Williamson.
91—92, Israel Hedden.
93, 96, 98—1800, 06—07, Abraham Spear.
94—95, James Hedden.
97—99, William S. Pennington.
97, Recompence Stansbury.
98—1800, 05—06, 09, 16, Charles Clark.
1800—01, Jabez Parkhurst.
01, 04, 06, 10, Amos Harrison.
01, Ralph Post.
02—04, 07, 10, 24, 28, Abraham Godwin.
02—04, 08—09, 13, 15, 17—18, Israel Day.
02—04, Ezra Darby.
04, 06, James Willcock.
04, 06—09, Silas Whitehead.
05—06, 10—15, 20—23, 25, Samuel Pennington.
05—06, Moses Jacques.
05—06, 17—18, William Gould.
07, Abraham Vanhouten.
08—09, 19, Nathan Squier.
08, Andrew Wilson.
10, Joseph Quinby.
11, Thaddeus Mills.
11, 14, Samuel Condit.
11, Abraham Ackerman.
12—13, 19, Charles Kinsey.
12—14, James Wilson.
12—13, 16, Silas Condit.
14—15, Jonathan Dayton.
15—16, 20, 22—23, John Dow.
16, Isaac H. Williamson.
17—19, Thomas T. Kinney.
17—23, Samuel B. Miller.
20, 26—27, Stephen D. Day.
21—22, Philemon Dickerson.
21, Caleb Halstead.
23, 25, John Mann.
24, Francis C. F. Randolph.
24, 26—27, Amzi Dodd.
24—26, 28, William Stites.
25, John Travers.
26, Brant Van Blarcom.
27, Oliver S. Halsted.
27—28, Dennis Coles.
28, William Pennington.
29, Joseph C. Hornblower.
29, John J. Chetwood.
29, John Vail.
29, Luther Little.
30, 33, Cornelius G. VanRiper.
30—32, John J. Baldwin.
30—32, Ira F. Randolph.
30, Moses Smith.
30, Stephen J. Meeker.
31—32, David Martin.
31—32, John P. Jackson.
31—32, William Dickey.
33—34, Asa Whitehead.
33—34, John J. Bryant.
33, Robert Morrell.

1776 to 1844.

33—34, Gideon Ross.
34—35, Andrew Parsons.
34, Jonas Smith.
35—36, Jacob Flatt.
35—36, Joseph N. Tuttle.
35—36, James W. Wade.
35—36, John J. Chetwood.
36—37, William J. Pierson.
37, Stephen Dod.
37—38, Alexander C. M. Pennington.
37—38, John Littell.
37, Israel Crane.
38—39, Edward Sanderson.
38—39, William Stites.
38, Abraham V. Spear.
39—40, James H. Robinson.
39—40, Samuel H. Gardner.
40—41, William B. Baldwin.
40—41, Alexander Wilson.
40—41, Benjamin F. Brookfield.
41—44, Stephen Congar.
41, Jonas Smith.
41—42, David B. Lum.
41—42, Jabez Cook.
42—44, Lemuel W. Jacobus.
42—44, Jotham Potter.
42—44, Samuel C. Smith.
42—44, Jephtha Baldwin.
43—44, Isaac Van Wagenan.
43—44, John Runyon.

Gloucester County.

76, 92, Richard Somers.
76, Robert F. Price.
76, 1801, Isaac Mickle.
77, 78, Elijah Clark.
77, John Wilkins, Jr.
77, Isaac Tomlinson.
78, 81—85, 87—93, 1803—04, Joseph Cooper.
79—80, John Sparks.
79, Joseph Low.
79—80, Thomas Rennard.
80, Isaac Kay.
81—83, 90, Samuel Hugg.
78, 81—85, Joseph Ellis (Resigned).
84—88, 90—91, Thomas Clark.
85, David Davis.
86—89, Franklin Davenport.
86, John Kille.
89, 93, 95—97, 1800, 02, Abel Clement.
91—94, John Blackwood.
94, Benjamin Whitall.
94, 99, Thomas Wilkins.
95—97, 1800—02, Samuel French.
95—96, Thomas Somers.
97, Daniel Leeds.
98—99, Joshua L. Howell.
98—1802, Samuel W. Harrison.
98, James Wilkins.
1803—06, Robert Newell.
03—04, 15—16, Richard Risley.
05—06, Reuben Clark.
05—06, Samuel G. Champion.
06, 10—11, Matthew Gill.
06—07, 10, Michael C. Fisher.
07—08, 11, Jacob Glover.
07—08, 10, Benjamin Rulon.
08—09, Thomas Doughty.
08, 11, Joseph V. Clark.
09, John Brick.
12—17, Isaac Pine.
12—13, Joseph C. Swett.
12—13, Daniel Carrell.
13—14, 24, 26, Charles French (Jun.).
14, Nicholas Rape.
15—17, Edward Sharp.
17, 23, 28, John Estile (Estill).
18, 24, 26, Daniel Lake.
18—19, Samuel Kille.
18, Samuel L. Howell.
19, Jeremiah J. Foster.
19, Thomas Garwood.
20, Jehu Wilson.
20, William Tatem.
20, 23, John Moore White.
21—22, 25, 23, 34, John R. Scull.
21, 23, 28, Charles C. Stratton.
21—22, Joseph Kaighn.
22, Isaac Mickle, Jr.
24—25, Benjamin B. Cooper.
24, Thomas Chapman.
26—27, Thomas Bee.
27—28, 37—38, Joseph Porter.
27, 29, John W. Mickle.
29, Isaac Hinchman.
29—30, Japhet Ireland.
30—31, Jacob Howey.
30—31, 38—40, Charles Reeves.
30, Robert L. Armstrong.
31—32, Charles F. Wilkins.
31—32, Samuel B. Westcott.
32, John Gill, Jr.
32, 38—40, Elijah Bower.
33—35, Joseph Rogers.
33, Jesse Smith.

1776 to 1844.

33—35, William R. Cooper.
34—35, Samuel B. Lippencott.
35, Joseph Endicott.
36—38, Joseph W. Cooper.
36—37, James W. Caldwell.
36—37, David C. Ogden.
36, John Richards.
39—40, Joseph Franklin.
39—40, 42, Richard W. Snowden.
41, Joseph L. Pierson.
41—42, Thomas H. Whitney.
41, John B. Miller.
41, Charles Knight.
42, Samuel C. Allen.
42, Charles H. French.
43—44, Nathan T. Stratton.
43—44, Thomas B. Wood.
43—44, Benjamin Harding.
43—44, Samuel W. Cooper.

Hudson County.

1840, John S. Condit.
41—42, Abraham L. Van Boskerck.
43—44, Benjamin F. Welch.

Hunterdon County.

1776—78, John Hart.
76, 81, John Mehelm.
76, Charles Cove.
77—78, 82, Nehemiah Dunham.
77, 79—81, 83—88, 91—93, 95—98, 1800, 02, Benjamin Van Cleve.
78, David Chambers.
79—80, Jared Sexton.
79, William Gano.
80—85, 88, John Lambert.
82—84, Samuel Tucker.
85—87, Joab Houghton.
86—87, 89—90, 94. John Anderson.
88, Robert Taylor.
89, Joshua Corshen.
89, Charles Axford.
90—92, Thomas Lowrey.
90, 92, John Taylor.
91, 93—98, 1800, '2, Aaron D. Woodruff.
93—98, 1800, 02, Simon Wyckoff.
93, Samuel Stout.
94—95, David Frazer.
96—97, 99—1800, 02, Stephen Burrows.
97, Samuel R. Stewart.
98, Joseph Beavers.
98—99, 1801, 03—08, Joseph Hankinson.
99—1801, 03—06, 17, John Haas.
99, John Lequear.
1801, 03—06, Nathan Stout.
01—03, Peter Gordon.
04, Hugh Runyon.
04, Ellett Tucker.
05—06, 08, Joshua Wright.
06—14, Aaron Vansyckle.
07, John Dowers.
07—11, 21, Moses Stout.
09—11, 22, James J. Wilson.
10, Elnathan Stevenson.
11, Thomas Prall, Jr.
12—13, William Potts.
12—13, David Manners.
12—13, Benjamin Wright.
13—14, Edward Yard.
13—14, Samuel Barber.
13—14, John Opdycke.
15, Samuel L. Southard (Resigned).
15—16, John Farlee.
15—17, William Nixon.
15—16, 18—20, 23, Abraham Stout.
16—17, Thomas Prall.
17—18, Robert McNeely.
18—19, 27—29, Isaac G. Farlee.
18—23, George Maxwell.
19, 21, Isaac Taylor.
20, Israel Taylor.
20—21, 25—27, Thomas Capner.
22, Levi Knowles.
22, 27, Garret D. Wall.
23—28, 30—32, Enoch Clifford.
23—24, David Johnston.
24—26, Asa C. Dunham.
24, 28—31, Alexander Wurts.
25—26, 30, 33, John Barton.
28—29, Stacy G. Potts.
29, Gabriel Hoff.
30—33, Edward S. McIlvaine.
30—32, 34—35, William Marshall.
31—32, Cornelius Ludlow.
33—34, William H. Sloan.
33—34, Sutphin Garrison.
33, Andrew Weart.
33—34, John W. Urline.
34, William McKee.

1776 to 1844.

35—36, Joseph Brown.
35—37, John Hall.
35—36, Wilson Bray.
35—36, John Blane.
36, Andrew Larason.
37, James A. Phillips.
37—38, David Neighbour.
37, 43—44, Jonathan Pickel.
37, John H. Hartman.
38—40, Philip Hiller.
38, James Snyder.
39—40, George Servis.
39—40, Joseph Exton.
41, Jonathan Dawes.
41—42, Leonard H. Flomerfelt.
41—42, John B. Mattison.
41—42, Isaac R. Srope.
43—44, John Swackhamer.
43—44, John H. Case.
43—44, Joseph Johnson.

Mercer County.

1838—39, Josiah S. Worth.
38, Robert C. Hutchinson.
39—40, William Rosco.
40, James Wilson.
41, Isaac Baker.
41, Isaac W. Lanning.
41—42, John B. Mount.
42, Isaac Batten.
42, Henry W. Green.
43—44, Israel J. Woodward.
43—44, Richard J. Bond.
43—44, John Lowry.

Middlesex County.

1776, 82—88, 91, 99, 1802, John Combs.
1776, Daniel Moores.
76—78, 94—95, 99, Benjamin Manning.
77, 79, Matthias Baker.
77, Jacob Vandike.
78, 80, Jacob Schenck.
78, Ebenezer Ford.
79, John Neilson.
79, Thomson Stelle.
80—82, Jacob Suydam.
80, 88, Melancthon Freeman.
81, Jacob Martin.
81—82, John Conger.
83—85, 88, James Schuurman.
83, Samuel Fitz-Randolph.
84, Moses Bloomfield.
85—86, 87, 89, James Bonney.
86—87, James Douglass.
89, John Beatty.
89—90, 92—93, 96, 98, Thomas McDowell.
90—95, Peter Vredenbergh.
90—92, John Runyan.
93, John Rattoone.
94—98, James Morgan.
96, Joseph F. Randolph.
97—1804, Gershom Dunn.
97, Andrew Kirkpatrick.
1800, 14—15, William Edgar.
1800—01, John Neilson.
01—06, 12—13, 20, Erkuries Beatty.
03—10, 12—13, James Voorhees.
05—06, Andrew Elston.
06—10, 12—13, 15—16, 18, 27, James Parker.
06—07, Alexander Dunn.
08—10, George Boice.
11, John Brewster.
11, John L. Anderson.
11, 17, 26, James T. Dunn.
14—15, John N. Simpson.
14, Alexander Dunn.
16, Hezekiah Smith.
16—18, Allison Ely.
17—18, Frazee Ayres.
19, 25, 27—28, Charles Carson.
19, 21—22, Samuel Edgar.
19—22, 25—26, James Cook.
20—26, 30—31, John T. McDowell.
23—24, James F. Randolph.
23—24, David Schenck.
27—28, Andrew Snowhill.
28, Nicholas Booraem.
29, Littleton Kirkpatrick.
29, Abraham Cruser.
29, Josiah B. Howell.
30—31, Lewis S. Randolph.
30—31, Charles G. McChesney
31—32, David W. Vail.
32, John H. Disborough.
32, Simeon Lundy.
32, 34, Henry Vandyke.
33, John M. Tufts.
33, Abraham W. Brown.
33, 36, Samuel C. Johnes.
33—34, 37, Richard S. Field
34—35, Ralph M. Crowell.
34—35, Elias Runyon.

1776 to 1844.

35—38, George P. Malleson.
35, George T. McDowell.
36, Thompson Edgar.
36, William C. Alexander.
37—38, David B. Appleget.
37—39, Lewis Golding.
38, 40, Adam Lee.
39, Frederick Richmond.
39, 41, David Dunn.
39, Cornelius C. Cruser.
40—41, John Acken.
40, Israel R. Coriell.
40, Dean Britton.
41, Frazee Ayres.
41, Aaron Gulick.
42—44, John D. Field.
42, Warren Brown.
42—44, William Patterson.
42—44, William L. Schenck.
43—44, Joel B. Laing.

Monmouth County.

1776, 81—82, 92,
John Covenhoven.
76, Joseph Holmes, Jr.
76—79, James Mott, Jr.
77—78, 86, Peter Schenck.
77—79, Hendrick Smock.
79—81, Thomas Seabrook.
80, Nathaniel Scudder.
80—84, Thomas Henderson.
82—85, Daniel Hendrickson.
83, Peter Covenhoven.
84—86, 94—95, Elisha Walton.
85—1801, Joseph Stillwell.
87—93, Thomas Little.
87—89, James Rogers.
90—91, John Imlay.
93—96, James H. Imlay.
96, William Wickoff.
97, 1808, Robert Montgomery.
97—1800, William Lloyd.
98, 1800, 08, David Gordon.
99, Edward Taylor.
1801—07, James Cox.
01—04, 10—11, Peter Knott.
01—07, John A. Scudder.
04—07, 09, Henry Tiebout.
08, 12—13, Tylee Williams.
09, Silas Crane.
09—10, 13—14, John S. Holmes.
10—11, 13—14, 19—20,
Thomas Cox.
11, 13—14, James Anderson.
12—13, John Stillwell.
12—13, 23, 25—28, James Lloyd.
15—16, George Holcombe.
15—18, 20, Matthias Van Barkle.
15—18, Reuben Shreve.
17—19, 21, Charles Parker.
18—19, William Ten Eycke.
19, Jacob Butcher.
20, Samuel F. Allen.
20, Isaac Hance.
21—24, William I. Conover.
21—22, Corlis Lloyd.
21—27, John T. Woodhull.
22, John J. Ely.
23, Cornelius Walling.
24—26, Joseph Conover.
24—30, James West.
27, James Hopping.
28—30, Daniel H. Ellis.
28, Leonard Walling.
29—30, Augustus W. Bennett.
29—30, Ivins (W.) Davis.
31, 33, Benjamin Woodward.
31—36, Annaniah Gifford.
31, 33—35, Daniel B. Ryall.
31, 33—36, Thomas G. Height.
32, James S. Lawrence.
32, Nicholas Van Wickle.
32, Elisha Lippincott.
34—36, William Burtis.
36, Arthur V. Conover.
37, Samuel Mairs.
37, Edmund T. Williams.
37, Thomas Miller.
37, James Gulick.
38—39, James Craig.
38—39, Thomas E. Combs.
38—39, William P. Forman.
38—39, Garret Hiers.
40, John Meirs.
40, Henry W. Wolcott.
40, James Grover.
40, Charles Morris.
41—44, Thomas C. Throckmorton
41—44, John R. Conover.
41—44, Joseph Brinley.
41—44, Benjamin L. Irons.
41—44, Samuel R. Oliphant

1776 to 1844.

Morris County.

1776—78, Jacob Drake.
76—77, 79, 81—90, Ellis Cook.
76—77, William Woodhull.
78—79, Abraham Kitchel.
78, 95, David Thomson.
79, Alexander Carmichael.
80, William Winds.
80, John Carle.
80, Eleazer Lindsly.
81—82, 84, 86—90, 93—94, 97, 1801—04, 09.
Aaron Kitchel.
81—83, 85—88, 91, 95,
John Starke.
83, Jonathan Dickerson.
84—85, 89—90, Jacob Arnold.
91—94, 96—98, 1800, Silas Condit.
91—92, Hiram Smith.
92, John Wurts.
93—94, 96—97, 1800,
David Welsh.
95, John Debow.
96, John Cobb.
98—99, 1801—04,
William Corwin.
98—1800, Cornelius Voorhees.
99, William Campfield.
1802—04, Jonathan Ogden.
04—06, Jesse Upson.
05—09, Lewis Condict.
05—06, George Tucker.
06—08, Nicholas Neighbour.
07—13, Stephen Dod.
10—14, Jephthah B. Munn.
10, 13—15, Nicholas Mandeville.
11—13, Mahlon Dickerson.
13, 31, Leonard Neighbor.
14—22, David Thompson, Jr.
15—16, 19, Benjamin Condit.
15—16, Ezekiel Kitchell.
16—18, Samuel Halliday.
17—18, John S. Darcy.
17, 21—22, 24,
Benjamin McCurry (McCourry).
18—19, 21—24, 32,
William Brittin.
19—20, Silas Cook.
20—21, 23, 28—30,
William Monro.
20, Benjamin Smith.
22—23, 25, Ebenezer F. Smith
23—26, George K. Drake.
24, John Scott.
25—26, Joseph Dickerson.
25—27, Ephraim Marsh.
26, 35, John D. Jackson.
27, David Mills.
27, Stephen Thompson.
27, Walter Kirkpatrick.
28—30, Joseph Jackson.
28—30, Charles Hillard.
28—30, John Hancock.
31, Elijah Ward.
31, 33—34, Thomas Muir.
31, 35, James Cook.
32, Samuel Beach.
32, Jacob W. Miller.
32, Joseph Smith.
33—34, Joseph Dickerson, Jr.
33—35, Henry Hilliard.
33—34, Silas Lindsley.
35, Isaac Quimby.
36, John A. Bleeker.
36, William Dellicker.
36, Alexander Dickerson.
36, William Logan.
37—38, Lewis Condict.
37—38, Silas Tuttle.
37—38, Robert C. Stephens.
37—38, Ezekiel B. Gaines.
39—40, Abraham Brittin.
39—40, Ebenezer F. Smith.
39, Jacob Weise.
39—40, Paul B. De Bow.
40—41, James W. Drake.
41, Samuel B. Halsey.
41—42, William Stephens.
41, Thomas C. Willis.
42, Samuel C. Halsey.
42, David T. Cooper.
42—44, James Clark.
43—44, John M. Losey.
43—44, Samuel Willet.
43—44, George Vail.

Passaic County.

1837, Aaron S. Pennington.
37—38, Henry M. Brown.
38—39, Elisha Clarke.
39—40, John F. Ryerson.
40, James Speer.
41, George M. Ryerson.
41, Samuel A. Van Saun.
42, Martin I. Ryerson.
42, Adrian R. Van Houten.
43—44, William S. Hogencamp.
43—44, Thaddeus Board.

1776 to 1844.

Salem County.

1776, 86, 89, Edmund Wetherby.
76, Samuel Dick.
76, Elisha Basset, Jr.
77, 87—89, Benjamin Holme.
77—79, Whitten Cripps.
77, 82, 84—85, 87—88, Thomas Sinnickson.
78, 80, Allen Congleton, Jr.
78—80, John Mayhew.
79, 82, 84—85, Anthony Sharp.
80, 84, William Smith.
81, 83, 86, Ephraim Lloyd.
81—82, 84—85, 87—89, Edward Hall.
81, James James.
83, Thomas Norris.
86, 90—91, Samuel Sharp.
90, John Smith.
90, Benjamin Cripps.
91, 93, Bateman Lloyd.
91—95, 98, John Sinnickson.
92—95, 1800, Eleazer Mayhew.
92, 94, Thomas Clement.
95—97, William Wallice.
96, William Parret.
96, Gervas Hall.
97, Clement Hall.
97, 99, 1801, Artis Seagrave.
98, 1800, Anthony Keasby.
98—99, Joseph Shinn.
99—1800, Isaac Moss.
1801—04, Edward Burroughs.
01—04, Merryman Smith.
02—04, Samuel Ray.
04—14, Jeremiah Dubois.
05—06, Charles Jones.
05—06, Hedge Thompson.
06—08, Daniel Garrison.
06, Daniel Tracy.
07—08, Nathan Bassett.
09—10, 17, Philip Curriden.
09, 11, John Smith.
10, Samuel Miller.
11, Anthony Nelson.
12—13, Robert H. Van Meter.
12—15, 19, James Newell.
13—14, John Dickinson.
13, 26—27, Henry Freas.
15—16, Joseph Kille.
15, 19—20, 22, Morris Hancock.
16—18, Stacy Lloyd.
16, 18, John Mayhew.
17, Peter Bilderback.
18, Thomas Yarrow.
19, Thomas Murphy.
20, 30, Zaccheus Ray.
20—21, John G. Mason.
21, 23, 25, Robert G. Johnson.
21, 23, Abraham Swing.
22, Jonathan Richman.
22, John Sinnickson.
23, Aaron O. Dayton.
24—26, Samuel Humphreys.
24—25, Israel R. Clawson.
24, Samuel Clement.
26, Benjamin Archer.
27, 29, William N. Jeffers.
27, Thomas Sinnickson.
28, Edward Smith.
28, Jeremiah Foster.
28, William J. Shinn.
29, Jacob Wick.
29, 31, David Hurley.
30, Joseph C. Nelson.
30, John Summerill.
31, James Butcher.
31, Isaac Johnson.
32, Anthony Nelson.
32, James W. Mulford.
32, 34, 37, Isaac Johnson, 2d.
33, Nehemiah Garrison.
33, Richard P. Thompson.
33, Jacob Hitchner.
34, Samuel Humphreys.
34, Joseph Lippencott.
35—36, Hudson A. Springer.
35, Thomas J. Yorke.
35, William Cook.
36, Woodnut Petit.
36, H. J. Fries.
37, John Hall.
37, 42, John W. Maskell.
38, Joseph Hancock.
38—39, John Sumerille, Jr.
38—39, Moses Richman, Jr.
39, David Hurley.
40, John Dickinson.
40, Samuel Bolton.
40, Alexander G. Cattell.
41, John G. Ballinger.
41, William H. Nelson.
41, Thomas Flanagan.
42, Nathaniel Robbins, Sr.
42, Thomas Dickinson, Jr.
43—44, Samuel Capner.
43—44, Allen Wallace.
43—44, Thomas Bilderback.

1776 to 1844.

Somerset County.

1776, Jacob Bogart.
76, Alexander MacEowen.
76, Reoloff Vandike.
77—78, William-Churchill Houston.
77, Alexander Kirkpatrick.
77—79, Reoloff Sebring.
78, 80—81, 84, David Kirkpatrick.
79—88, 94, Edward Bunn.
79, Henry Vandike.
80, 84, Christopher Hoagland.
81—82, John Schuurman.
82, Deick Longstreet.
83, Cornelius Ten-Broeck.
83, 89, John Witherspoon.
84, 1800—04, Frederick Frelinghuysen.
85—89, 92, Robert Blaire (Blair).
85—87, David Kelley.
88, John Hardenbergh.
89, 1812—13, Jacob R. Hardenburgh.
90—91, 93, 95, Robert Stockton.
90—91, 94—96, 1811—13, Peter D. Vroom.
90—91, James Linn.
92, William Wallace.
92—99, 1811, Henry Southard.
93, Jonathan Ford Morris.
96—1810, 12—14, James Van Duyn.
97, John Stryker.
98, David Kelly.
99—1806, 11, William McEowen.
1804, 16—19, 22—23, James Stryker.
04, John Annin.
05—10, Peter I. Stryker.
07, Samuel Swan.
08—10, John N. Simpson.
13—15, Samuel Bayard.
13—19, Joseph Annin.
15, Andrew Howell.
16, Cornelius Van Horn.
17—19, Martin Schenck.
20—21, 23—25, Dickinson Miller
20—25, 30—31, Jacob Kline.
20—21, John H. Disborough.
22, Henry Vanderveer.
24—27, James S. Green.
26—27, James D. Stryker.
26—27, 29, Peter D. Vroom, Jr.
28—29, James S. Nevius.
28, William C. Annin.
28, John H. Voorhees.
29—31, Ferdinand S. Schenck.
30—31, 35, William Cruser.
32—34, John Brees.
32—34, William D. Stewart.
32—34, Cornelius L. Hardenburg.
35—36, Nicholas C. Jobs.
35, William D. McKissack.
36—38, David T. Talmage.
36—38, Henry Duryee.
37—38, Ralph Voorhees.
39—41, Henry H. Wilson.
39—41, Daniel Cory.
39—41, Arthur V. P. Sutphin.
42—44, Samuel Reynolds.
42—44, Peter Voorhees.
42—44, Peter Kline.

Sussex County.

1776—78, Casper Shaffer.
76, Abia Brown.
76—77, Thomas Peterson.
77, John MacMurtie.
78, Jacob MacCollum.
78, Benjamin MacCullough.
79, Mark Thompson.
79, 81, Peter Hopkins.
79, Anthony Broderick.
80, Edmund Martin.
80, Hugh Hughes.
80, Samuel Kennedy.
81, Joshua Swayze.
81—84, Isaac Van-Campen.
82, Isaac Martin.
82—92, Aaron Hankinson.
83, William Maxwell.
84—89, Charles Beardslee.
85—88, Christopher Longstreet.
89—90, John Rutherford.
90, Robert Ogden.
91—92, William Helmes (Helms).
91—92, Bidleman Voluntine (Valentine).
93—96, 99, William McCullough.
93—94, Martin Ryerson.
93—97, Peter Sharp.
95, George Armstrong

1776 to 1844.

96—97, Peter Smith.
97, Thomas Armstrong.
97—98, John Gustin.
98—1800, Joseph Gaston.
98—1806, Levi Howell.
98, William Runkle.
99—1802, Silas Dickerson.
1800, 04—06, 10—12, Joseph Sharp.
01—04, John Linn.
01—04, Abraham Shaver.
03—04, John Johnson.
04—06, 08—11, William Kennedy.
05—06, William Armstrong.
06—08, Henry Hankinson.
06, John Coursen.
06—07, Daniel Harker.
06, William A. Ryerson.
07—09, Aaron Kerr.
07—09, John Cox.
09—11, Richard Edsall.
10, George Bidleman.
11, Garret Vleit.
12—15, Simon Cortright.
12—15, James Davison.
12—15, Robert W. Rutherford.
13—15, Joseph Sharp.
16—17, Abraham Bidleman.
16—19, Robert C. Thomson.
16, William Darrah.
16, Peter Decker.
17—19, George Beardslee.
17—19, Jeremy Mackey.
18—19, 22—23, Thomas Teasdale, Jr.
20, Jacob Hornbeck.
20, Abraham Shaver.
20, Peter Kline.
20, 23, Joseph Coryell.
21—22, Leffert Haughawout.
21—22, 32—34, Benjamin Hamilton.
21, Jacob Ayres.
21—22, 24, James Egbert.
23, Abraham Newman.
23, 25—27, Joseph Chandler.
24, Daniel Swayze.
24, Evi A. Sayer.
24, Joseph Edsall.
25, Nathan A. Shafer.
26—27, Hiram Munson.
28—31, Peter Merkel.
28—29, James Evans.
30—31, Simeon McCoy.
30—31, John Hull.
32—34, Joseph Greer.
32—33, Peter Young.
34—35, Joshua Shay.
35—36, John Strader.
35—36, Joseph Linn.
36, Benjamin Hull.
37—38, William J. Willson.
37—38, Isaac Shiner.
37—38, John Hull.
39—40, Samuel Truex.
39—40, William H. Nyce.
39—40, Joseph Greer.
41—42, Isaac Bonnell.
41—42, David Hynard.
41—42, Nathan Smith.
43—44, Jesse Bell.
43—44, Absalom Dunning.
43—44, Timothy H. Cok.

Warren County.

1825, James Egbert.
25, Daniel Swayze.
26, Archibald Robertson.
26—27, Jacob Armstrong.
27—28, Jonathan Robbins.
28—29, Daniel Vleit.
29, Jacob Summers.
30, Samuel Wilson.
30—32, 35—36, Caleb H. Valentine.
30—31, Richard Shackelton.
31, 33, Charles Sitgreaves.
32—33, John Blair.
32—33, Isaac Shipman.
34, Jacob Brotzman.
34—37, George Flummerfelt.
34, Henry Hankinson.
35—36, John Young.
37—38, William Larrison.
37—38, Henry Van Nest.
38—39, Samuel Shoemaker.
39—41, George W. Smyth.
39—41, John Moore.
40—42, Jacob H. Winter.
42—44, Stephen Warne.
42—44, Abraham Wildrick.
43—44, Robert C. Caskey.

STATE SENATORS.

BY COUNTIES, FROM 1845 TO 1921.

(Note.—Years indicate those of Legislative Sessions during which Senators served or are to serve.)

Atlantic County.

45—47, Joel Adams.
48—50, Lewis M. Walker.
51—53, Joseph E. Potts.
54—56, David B. Somers.
57—59, Enoch Cordery.
60—62, Thomas E. Morris.
63—65, Samuel Stille.
66—68, David S. Blackman.
69—71, Jesse Adams.
72—74, William Moore.
75—77, Hosea F. Madden.
78—92, John J. Gardner.
93—98, Samuel D. Hoffman.
99—1901, Lewis Evans.
02—07, Edward S. Lee.
08—10, Edward A. Wilson.
11—16, Walter E. Edge.
17, 18, Emerson L. Richards.
19, Vacancy.
20—22, Charles D. White.

Bergen County.

45—47, Richard R. Paulison.
48—49, Isaac I. Harding.
50—51, John Van Brunt.
52—53, Abraham Hopper.
54—56, Daniel D. Depew.
57—59, Thomas H. Herring.
60—62, Ralph S. Demarest.
63—65, Daniel Holsman.
66—68, John Y. Dater.
69—71, James J. Brinkerhoff.
72—74, Cornelius Lydecker.
75—77, George Dayton.
78—80, Cornelius S. Cooper.
81—83, Isaac Wortendyke.
84—85, Ezra Miller.
86—89, John W. Bogert.
90—95, Henry D. Winton.
96—1900, William M. Johnson.
01—10, Edmund W. Wakelee.
11—13, Jas. A. C. Johnson.
14—16, Charles O'C. Hennessy.
17—22, William B. Mackay, Jr.

Burlington County.

45—46, James S. Hulme.
47—49, Thomas H. Richards.
50—52, Joseph Satterthwaite.
53—58, Joseph W. Allen.
59—61, Thomas L. Norcross.
62, Joseph W. Pharo.
63—64, William Garwood.
65—67, Geo. M. Wright.
68—70, Job H. Gaskell.
71—73, Henry J. Irick.
74—76, Barton F. Thorn.
77—79, Caleb G. Ridgway.
80—82, Wm. Budd Deacon.
83—85, Hezekiah B. Smith.
86—91, William H. Carter.
92—94, Mitchell B. Perkins.
95—97, William C. Parry.
98—1900, Howard E. Packer.
01—03, Nathan Haines.
04—06, John G. Horner.
07—09, Samuel K. Robbins.
10—12, Griffith W. Lewis.
13—15, Blanchard H. White.
16—19, Harold B. Wells.
20—21, Blanchard H. White.

Camden County.

45, Richard W. Howell.
46—48, Joseph C. Stafford.
49—51, John Gill.
52—54, Thomas W. Mulford.
55—60, John K. Roberts.
61—63, William P. Tatem.
64—66, James M. Scovel.
67—72, Edward Bettle.
73—81, William J. Sewell.
82—84, Albert Merritt.
85—87, Richard N. Herring.
88—90, George Pfeiffer, Jr.
91—96, Maurice A. Rogers.
97—1902, Herbert W. Johnson.
03—11, William J. Bradley.
12—16, William T. Read.
17, John B. Kates.
18—20, Joshua C. Haines.
21—23, Joseph E. Wallworth.

Cape May County.

45—46, Reuben Willets.
47—49, James L. Smith.
50—52, Enoch Edmunds.
53—55, Joshua Swain, Jr.
56—58, Jesse H. Diverty.
59—61, Downs Edmunds.
62—64, Jonathan F. Leaming.
65—67, Wilmon W. Ware.
68—70, Leaming M. Rice.
71—73, Thomas Beesley.
74—76, Richard S. Leaming.
77—79, Jonathan F. Leaming.
80—85, Waters B. Miller.
86—88, Joseph H. Hanes.
89—91, Walter S. Leaming
92—94, Lemuel E. Miller
95—97, Edmund L. Ross.
98—1903, Robert E. Hand.
04—06, Lewis M. Cresse.
07—12, Robert E. Hand.
13—15, Harry C. Wheaton.
16—18, Lewis T. Stevens.
19—21, William H. Bright.

Cumberland County.

45—46, Enoch H. More.
47—50, Stephen A. Garrison.
51—53, Reuben Fithian.
54—56, Lewis Howell.
57—59, John L. Sharp.
60—62, Nat. Stratton.
63—68, Providence Ludlam.
69—71, James H. Nixon.
72—74, C. Henry Shepherd.
75—77, J. Howard Willets.
78—80, George S. Whitcar.
81—86, Isaac T. Nichols.
87—89, Philip P. Baker.
90—92, Seaman R. Fowler.
93—1901, Edward C. Stokes.
02—10, Bloomfield H. Minch.
11—13, Isaac T. Nichols.
14—16, John A. Ackley.
17—19, J. Hampton Fithian.
20—22, Firman M. Reeves.

Essex County.

45, Joseph S. Dodd.
46—48, Stephen R. Grover.
49—51, Asa Whitehead.
52—54, Stephen Congar.
55—57, George R. Chetwood.
58—60, Charles L. C. Gifford.
61—63, James M. Quinby.
64—66, John G. Trusdell.
67—69, James L. Hays.
70—75, John W. Taylor.
76—78, William H. Kirk.
79—81, William H. Francis.
82—84, William Stainsby.
85—87, Frederick S. Fish.
88—90, A. F. R. Martin.
91—93, Michael T. Barrett.
94—99, George W. Ketcham.
1900—02, Thos. N. McCarter, Jr.
03—05, J. Henry Bacheller.
06—08, Everett Colby.
09—11, Harry V. Osborne.
12—16, Austen Colgate.
17, Edmund B. Osborne.
18—20, Charles C. Pilgrim.
21—23, William H. Parry.

Gloucester County.

45—48, John C. Smallwood.
49—51, Charles Reeves.
52—54, John Burk.
55—57, Joseph Franklin.
58—60, Jeptha Abbott.
61—63, John Pierson.
64—66, Joseph L. Reeves.
67—69, Woodward Warrick.
70—75, Samuel Hopkins.
76—78, Thomas P. Mathers.
79—81, John F. Bodine.
82—83, Thomas M. Ferrell.
84—87, Stacy L. Pancoast.
88—90, Joseph B. Roe.
91—93, George H. Barker.
94—96, Daniel J. Packer.
97—1902, Solomon H. Stanger.
03—05, Thomas M. Ferrell.
06—08, John Boyd Avis.
09—17, George W. F. Gaunt.
18—23, Edward L. Sturgess.

Hudson County.

45—47, Richard Outwater.
48—49, John Tonnele.
50, John Cassedy.
51—53, Abraham O. Zabriskie.
54—56, Moses B. Bramhall.
57—59, C. V. Clickener.
60—61, Samuel Westcott.
62—65, Theo. F. Randolph.
66—68, Charles H. Winfield.
69—71, Noah D. Taylor.
72—74, John R. McPherson.
75—77, Leon Abbett.
78—80, Rudolph F. Rabe.
81—83, Elijah T. Paxon.
84—86, William Brinkerhoff.
87—89, William D. Edwards.
90—91, *Edward F. McDonald.
92, Robert S. Hudspeth.
92—98, William D. Daly.
99—1900, Allan L. McDermott.
01—04, Robert S. Hudspeth.
05—07, James F. Minturn.
08—13, **James F. Fielder.
14—16, Charles M. Egan.
17—18, Cornelius A. McGlennon.
19, Edward I. Edwards.
20—22, Alexander Simpson.

Hunterdon County.

45—46, Alexander Wurts.
47—49, Isaac G. Farlee.
50—52, John Manners.
53—55, Alexander V. Bonnell.
56—58, John C. Rafferty.
59—61, Edmund Perry.
62—64, John Blane.
65—67, Alexander Wurts.
68—70, Joseph G. Bowne.
71—73, David H. Banghart.
74—76, Fred A. Potts.
77—79, James N. Pidcock.
80—82, Eli Bosenbury.
83—85, John Carpenter, Jr.
86—88, George H. Large.
89—91, Moses K. Everitt.
92—94, William H. Martin.
95—97, Richard S. Kuhl.
98—1900, John R. Foster.
01—03, William C. Gebhardt.
04—06, George F. Martens, Jr.
07—12, William C. Gebhardt.
13—21, George F. Martens, Jr.

Mercer County.

45—50, Charles S. Olden.
51—56, William C. Alexander.
57—59, Robert C. Hutchinson.
60—62, Jonathan Cook.
63—65, Edward W. Scudder.
66—68, Aug. G. Richey.
69—71, John Woolverton.
72—74, Charles Hewitt.
75—77, Jonathan H. Blackwell.
78—80, Crowell Marsh.
81—83, John Taylor.
84—86, George O. Vanderbilt.
87—92, John D. Rue.
93—98, William H. Skirm.
99—1904, Elijah C. Hutchinson.
05—07, Barton B. Hutchinson.
08—13, Harry D. Leavitt.
14—16, Barton B. Hutchinson.
17—19, James Hammond.
20—22, S. Roy Heath.

Middlesex County.

45—46, David Crowell.
47—49, Adam Lee.
50—52, Edward Y. Rogers.
53—55, Ralph C. Stults.
56—58, Henry V. Speer.
59—61, Abra. Everitt.
62—70, Amos Robbins.
71—76, Levi D. Jarrard.
77—79, George C. Ludlow.
80—82, Isaac L. Martin.
83—85, Abraham V. Schenck.
86—88, Daniel C. Chase.
89—94, Robert Adrain.
95—97, Charles B. Herbert.
98—1900, James H. Van Cleef.
01—03, Theodore Strong.
04—06, Wm. H. C. Jackson.
07—12, George S. Silzer.
13—15, William E. Ramsay.
16—18, William E. Florance.
19—21, Thomas Brown.

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*Mr. McDonald was unseated the last week of the session of 1890, and William S. Stuhr was given his seat. The first week of the session of 1891 Mr. Stuhr was unseated and Mr. McDonald resumed his seat.

**Became Acting Governor March 1st, '13; resigned October 28th.

Monmouth County.

45, Thomas E. Combs.
46—48, George F. Fort.
49—51, John A. Morford.
52—54, William D. Davis.
55—57, Robert S. Laird.
58—60, Wm. H. Hendrickson.
61—63, Anthony Reckless.
64—71, Henry S. Little.
72, Wm. H. Conover, Jr.
73—78, Wm. H. Hendrickson.
79—81, George C. Beekman.
82—84, John S. Applegate.
85—87, Thomas G. Chattle.
88—90, Henry M. Nevius.
91—92, Thomas S. R. Brown.
93, Henry S. Terhune.
94—96, James A. Bradley.
97—1902, Charles Asa Francis
03—11, Oliver H. Brown.
12—14, John W. Slocum.
15—19, Henry E. Ackerson, Jr.
20—23, William A. Stevens.

Morris County.

45—47, John B. Johnes.
48—50, Ephraim Marsh.
51—53, John A. Bleecker.
54—56, Alexander Robertson.
57—59, Andrew B. Cobb.
60—62, Daniel Budd.
63—65, Lyman A. Chandler.
66—70, George T. Cobb.
71, Columbus Beach.
72—74, Augustus W. Cutler.
75—77, John Hill.
78—80, Augustus C. Canfield.
81—86, James C. Youngblood.
87—92, George T. Werts.
93—95, Elias C. Drake.
96—98, John B. Vreeland.
99—1901, Mahlon Pitney.
02—04, Jacob W. Welsh.
05—09, Thomas J. Hillery.
10, Edward K. Mills.
11—13, Richard Fitzherbert.
14—16, Charles A. Rathbun.
17—18, Harry W. Mutchler.
19—22, Arthur Whitney.

Ocean County.

51—53, Samuel Birdsall.
54—56, Jas. Cowperthwaite.
57—62, William F. Brown.
63—68, George D. Horner.
69—71, John Torrey, Jr.
72—74, John G. W. Havens.
75—77, John S. Schultze.
78—80, Ephraim P. Emson.
81—83, Abram C. B. Havens.
84—92, George T. Cranmer.
93—95, George G. Smith.
96—98, Robert B. Engle.
99—1901, George G. Smith.
02—07, George L. Shinn.
08—09, William J. Harrison.
10, Thomas A. Mathis.
11—13, George C. Low.
14—16, Thomas A. Mathis.
17—19, David G. Conrad.
20—22, Harry T. Hagaman.

Passaic County.

45—46, Cornelius G. Garrison.
47—49, Martin J. Ryerson.
50—52, Silas D. Canfield.
53—55, Thomas D. Hoxsey.
56—58, Jetur R. Riggs.
59—67, Benjamin Buckley.
68—70, John Hopper.
71—73, Henry A. Williams.
74—76, John Hopper.
77—82, Garret A. Hobart.
83—88, John W. Griggs.
89—91, John Mallon.
92—94, John Hinchliffe.
95—97, Robert Williams.
98—1900, Christian Braun.
01—06, Wood McKee.
07—09, John Hinchliffe.
10—12, John D. Prince.
13—15, Peter J. McGinnis.
16—18, Thomas F. McCran.
19—21, Albin Smith.

Salem County.

45, William J. Shinn.
46—48, Benjamin Acton Jr.
49—51, John Summerill, Jr.
52—54, Allen Wallace.
55—57, Charles P. Smith.
58—60, Joseph K. Riley.
61—63, Emmor Reeve.
64—66, Richard M. Acton.
67—69, Samuel Plummer.
70—72, John C. Belden.
73—75, Isaac Newkirk.
76—78, Charles S. Plummer.
79—81, Quinton Keasbey.
82—84, George Hires.
85—87, Wyatt W. Miller.
88—90, William Newell.
91—93, James Butcher.
94—96, John C. Ward.
97—1902, Richard C. Miller.
03—05, James Strimple.
06—11, William Plummer, Jr.
12—13, J. Warren Davis.
14, Isaac S. Smick.
15—23, Collins B. Allen.

Somerset County.

45, George H. Brown.
46—48, William H. Leupp.
49—51, John W. Craig.
52—54, Moses Craig.
55—57, Samuel K. Martin.
58—60, James Campbell.
61—63, Rynier H. Veghte.
64—66, Joshua Doughty.
67—69, John H. Anderson.
70—72, Calvin Corle.
73—75, Elisha B. Wood.
76—78, Charles B. Moore.
79—81, John G. Schenck.
82—84, Eugene S. Doughty.
85—90, Lewis A. Thompson.
91—93, William J. Keys.
94—96, Lewis A. Thompson.
97—1902, Charles A. Reed.
03—05, Samuel S. Childs.
06—11, Jos. S. Frelinghuysen.
12—16, William W. Smalley.
17, Vacancy.
18—23, ***Clarence E. Case.

Sussex County.

45—46, Benjamin Hamilton.
47—49, Nathan Smith.
50—52, Joseph Greer.
53—55, Isaac Bonnell.
56—58, Zachariah H. Price.
59—61, Edward C. Moore.
62—64, Peter Smith.
65—67, Joseph S. Martin.
68—73, Richard E. Edsall.
74—76, Samuel T. Smith
77—79, Francis M. Ward.
80—82, Thomas Lawrence.
83—85, Lewis Cochran.
86—88, John A. McBride.
89—91, Peter D. Smith.
92—94, John McMickle.
95—97, Jacob Gould.
98—1903, Lewis J. Martin.
04—12, Jacob Cole Price.
13—18, Samuel T. Munson.
19—21, Henry T. Kays.

Union County.

58—60, John R. Ayres.
61—63, Joseph T. Crowell.
64—65, James Jenkins.
66, Philip H. Grier.
67—69, Amos Clark, Jr.
70—72, James T. Wiley.
73—75, J. Henry Stone.
76—78, William J. Magie.
79—84, Benjamin A. Vail.
85—87, Robert L. Livingston.
88—90, James L. Miller.
91—93, Frederick C. Marsh.
94—98, *Foster M. Voorhees.
99—05, Joseph Cross.
06—11, Ernest R. Ackerman.
12—17, Carlton B. Pierce.
18—23, **William N. Runyon.

Warren County.

45, Charles J. Ihrie.
46—48, Jeremy Mackey.
49—51, George W. Taylor.
52—54, Charles Sitgreaves.
55—57, William Rea.
58—60, Philip Mowry.
61—63, James K. Swayze.
64—66, Henry R. Kennedy.
67—69, Abraham Wildrick.
70—72, Edward H. Bird.
73—75, Joseph B. Cornish.
76—78, William Silverthorn.
79—81, Peter Cramer.
82—84, George H. Beatty.
85—87, James E. Moon.
88—90, Martin Wyckoff.
91—93, Johnston Cornish.
94—96, Christopher F. Staates.
97—99, Isaac Barber.
1900—1902, Johnston Cornish.
03—05, Isaac Barber.
06—11, Johnston Cornish.
12—23, Thomas Barber.

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*Became Acting Governor February 1st, '98; resigned October 18th.

**Served as Acting Governor May 16th, '19, to January 13th, '20.

***Served as Acting Governor January 13th, '20, to January 20th, '20.

ASSEMBLYMEN.

BY COUNTIES, FROM 1845 TO 1920.

Atlantic County.

45, 46, Joseph Ingersoll.
47—49, Mark Lake.
50, 51, Robert B. Risley.
52, John H. Boyle.
53, Thomas D. Winner.
54, Daniel Townsend.
55, Nicholas F. Smith.
56, 57, David Frambes.
58, John B. Madden.
59, Thomas E. Morris.
60—62, Charles E. P. Mayhew.
63, John Godfrey.
64, Simon Hanthorn.
65, Simon Lake.
66, 67, P. M. Wolfseiffer.
68, 69, Jacob Keim.
70, 71, Benj. H. Overheiser.
72, 73, Samuel H. Cavileer.
74, 75, Lemuel Conover.
76, 77, Leonard H. Ashley.
78, Israel Smith.
79, 80, James Jeffries.
81, George Elvins.
82, Joseph H. Shinn.
83, John L. Bryant.
84, 85, Edward North.
86, 87, James S. Beckwith.
88, James B. Nixon.
89, 90, Shepherd S. Hudson.
91, Smith E. Johnson.
92, Samuel D. Hoffman.
93, Charles A. Baake.
94, Frederick Schuchardt.
95, Wesley C. Smith.
96, 97, Marcellus L. Jackson.
98, 99, Leonard H. Ashley.
1900, 01, Charles T. Abbott.
02—07, Thomas C. Elvins.
08, 09, Martin E. Keffer.
10, Walter E. Edge.
11, Isaac Bacharach.
12, 14—16, Carlton Godfrey.
12, 13, 14, Emerson L. Richards
13, Joseph W. Salus.
15—17, Bertram E. Whitman.
17, Irving P. Parsons.
18, 19, 20, William A. Blair.
18, 19, Underwood Cochran.
20, Joseph A. Corio.

Bergen County.

45, William G. Hopper.
45, Jacob C. Terhune.
46, 47, John G. Banta.
46, 47, Jacob J. Brinkerhoff.
48, 49, John Ackerman, Jr.
48, 49, Henry H. Voorhis, Jr.
50, 51, John H. Hopper.
50—52, John Huyler.
52, John Zabriskie.
53, 54, Jacob I. Demarest.
53, 54, Abraham Van Horn.
55, 56, Ralph S. Demarest.
55, 56, Thomas W. Demarest.
57, 58, Daniel Holsman.
57, 58, Aaron H. Westervelt.
59, Andrew C. Cadmus.
59, 60, Enoch Brinkerhoff.
60, John A. Hopper.
61, 62, Abram Carlock.
61, 62, John R. Post.
63, 64, Thomas D. English.
63, 64, John Y. Dater.
65, 66, Isaac Demarest.
65, 66, Abraham J. Haring.
67, A. Van Emburg.
67, 68, Cornelius Christie.
68, 69, Henry G. Herring.
69, 70, Eben Winton.
70, 71, Henry A. Hopper
71, 72, Jacob G. Van Riper.
72, 73, George J. Hopper.
73, John J. Anderson.
74, 75, Henry C. Herring.
74, 75, John W. Bogert.
76, 77, John H. Winant.
76, 77, Barney N. Ferdon.
78, M. Corsen Gillham.
78, 79, Southey S. Parramore.
79, 80, John A. Demarest.
80, Oliver D. Smith.
81, 82, Elias H. Sisson.
81—83, 86, John Van Bussum.
83, 84, Peter R. Wortendyke.
84, *Jacob W. Doremus.
85, Peter Ackerman.
85, 86, Eben Winton.

*John W. Doremus was first elected, but died before Legislature convened.

87, 88, Anderson Bloomer.
87, Peter Ackerman.
88, 89, Charles F. Harrington.
89, 90, Abram De Ronde.
90, 91, George Zimmermann.
91, John H. Huyler.
92, 93, Samuel G. H. Wright.
92, 93, John J. Dupuy.
94, Walter Dewsnap.
94, 95, David D. Zabriskie.
95, 96, Fred'k L. Voorhees.
96, 97, Jacob H. Ullman.
97, 98, Abram C. Holdrum.
98, 99, John M. Bell.
99, 1900, Edmund W. Wakelee.
1900, Vacancy caused by death of John L. C. Graves.
01, 02, Joseph H. Tillotson.
01, 02, James W. Mercer.
03, 04, M. S. Ayers.
03, 04, George Cook.
05, 06, Clarence Mabie.
05, 06, John Heck.
07, 08, Guy L. Fake.
07, 08, James Devine, Jr.
09, 10, Joseph H. Scharff.
09, 10, Harry P. Ward.
11, G. R. Alyea.
11, Wm. H. Hinners.
12, William E. Ogden.
12, Frank M. Stevens.
12, 13, C. O'C. Hennessy.
13, John W. Zisgen.
13, 14, 15, Arthur M. Agnew
14, 15, Edgar A. De Yoe.
14, 15, John J. Johnson.
16, James T. Ackerman.
16, Herbert M. Bailey.
16—19, Walter G. Winne.
17, Roy M. Robinson.
17—20, W. Irving Glover.
18, Addison B. Burroughs.
19, 20, W. St. John Tozer.
20, John Y. Dater.

Burlington County.

45, Joseph Satterthwait.
45, Isaiah Adams.
45, 47, 48, John W. C. Evans.
45, Edward Taylor.
45, William Biddle.
46, Clayton Lippincott.
46, William Malsbury.
46, Garrit S. Cannon.
46, Stephen Willets.
46, Wm. G. Lippincott.
47, William Biddle.
47, 48, Joseph W. Allen.
47—49, John S. Irick.
47—49, Benjamin Kemble.
48—50, Edward French.
49—51, Samuel Stockton.
49—51, William R. Braddock.
50, 51, William S. Embley.
50—52, William Brown.
51—53, Allen Jones.
52, Benajah Antrim.
52—54, John W. Fennimore.
52, 53, Charles Haines.
53, 54, Mahlon Hutchinson.
53, 54, Jacob L. Githens.
54, Job H. Gaskill.
54—56, William Parry.
55, Josephus Sooy, Jr.
55, Benjamin Gibbs.
55, 57, Thomas L. Norcross.
55, 56, Elisha Gaunt.
56, Richard Jones.
56, William M. Collom.
56, 57, Jervis H. Bartlett.
57, 58, Samuel Keys.
58, Samuel C. Middleton.
57—59, Charles Mickle.
57—59, Ezra Evans.
58, 59, Charles S. Kemble.
59, 60, John Larzalere.
59—61, Samuel A. Dobbins.
60, 61, George B. Wills.
61, Joseph L. Lamb.
60—62, Robert B. Stokes.
60—62, William Sooy.
62, 63, John M. Higbee.
62, 63, Israel W. Heulings.
62—64, Wm. P. McMichael.
63—65, Henry J. Irick.
64, Jarett Stokes.
65, Samuel Stockton.
65, 66, Charles G. Lathrop.
66, 67, George W. Thompson.
66, 67, Samuel Coate.
66, 67, Andrew H. Fort.
67—69, Wallace Lippincott.
68, Chas. E. Hendrickson.
68, Charles Collins.
68—71, John J. Maxwell.
69, Theophilus I. Price.
69—71, Thomas C. Alcott.
70, Levi French.
70, 71, Abraham Perkins.
71—73, Edward T. Thompson.
72, Robert Aaronson.
72—74, E. Budd Marter.
72—74, George B. Borton.
73, 74, Townsend Cox.
74, Joseph P. Adams.
75, Levi French.
75, Charles J. Gordon.
75, Henry Moffett.
75—77, Samuel Taylor.
76, Daniel L. Platt.

76—78, John Cavileer.
76—78, Edward F. Mathews.
77—79, George Sykes.
78, 79, Wm. Budd Deacon.
79, Wm. R. Lippincott.
79, 80, John W. Haines.
80—82, William H. Carter.
80—82, Henry C. Herr.
80, 81, Abraham Marter.
81, John Cavileer.
82, Thomas M. Locke.
83, Horace Cronk.
83, 84, 87, Stacy H, Scott
83—86, Theodore Budd.
84—86, Thomas J. Alcott.
85, 86, Allen H. Gangewer.
87, 88, 90, R. C. Hutchinson.
87, 88, 89, William H. Doron.
88, 89, Albert Hansell.
89, George C. Davis.
90, 91, Mitchell B. Perkins.
90, 91, Lewis L. Sharp.
91, 92, A. Harry White.
92, 93, Howard E. Packer.
93, Micajah E. Matlack.
94, Augustus C. Stecher.
94, 95, Micajah E. Matlack.
95, 96, 97, George Wildes.
96, 97, Joshua E. Borton.
98, 1900, Joel Horner.
98—02, Charles Wright.
01—03, John G. Horner.
03—05, Benj. D. Shedaker
04—06, Samuel K. Robbins.
06—09, John B. Irick.
07—09, Griffith W. Lewis.
10, 11, Warren C. Pine.
10, 11, 12, Blanchard H. White.
13, 14, 15, Robert Peacock.
16—20, Emmor Roberts.

Camden County.

45, Joseph Kay, Jr.
45, John Redfield.
46, Joel G. Clark.
46, Gerrard Wood.
47, Edward Turner.
47, Joseph B. Tatem.
48, John C. Shreeve.
48, John E. Marshall.
49, Jacob Troth.
49, Joseph Wolohon.
50, 51, Charles D. Hineline.
50, 51, Thomas W. Hurff.
52, J. Kay.
52, Jonathan Day.
52, 53, J. O. Johnson.
53, Samuel Lytle.
53, 54, John K. Roberts.
54, 55, Samuel S. Cake.
55, James L. Hines.
54—56, Reiley Barret.
56, Evan C. Smith.
56, 57, John P. Harker.
57, T. B. Atkinson.
57, Joseph M. Atkinson.
57—59, *Samuel Scull.
58, Edmund Hoffman.
58, 59, Samuel M. Thorne.
59, Zebedee Nicholson.
60, Joseph Stafford, Jr.
60, George Brewer.
60, 61, John R. Graham.
61, James L. Hines.
61, 62, Joel P. Kirkbride.
62, Daniel A. Hall.
62, 63, Edwin J. Osler.
63, James M. Scovel.
63, 64, Chalkley Albertson.
64, Samuel Tatem.
64, 65, Paul C. Brinck.
65, John F. Bodine.
65, 66, Isaac W. Nicholson.
66, 67, George W. N. Custis.
66, 67, Thomas H. Coles.
67, Edward Z. Collings.
68, John Hood.
68, James Wills.
68, Chalkley Albertson.
69, Thomas H. Coles.
69, 70, Henry L. Bonsall.
69, 70, William C. Shinn.
70, Samuel Warthman.
71, Charles Wilson.
71, Isaac W. Nicholson.
71, 72, Stevenson Leslie.
72, Fred. Bourquin.
72—74, George B. Carse.
73, Isaac Foreman.
73, 74, William H. Cole.
74, Chalkley Albertson.
75, Henry B. Wilson.
75, 76, 79, 80, R. N. Herring.
75—77, Alden C. Scovel.
76, 77, Oliver Lund.
77, Samuel T. Murphy.
78, Isaiah Woolston.
78, Andrew J. Rider.
78, 79, Alonzo D. Nichols.
79, 80, Edward Burrough.
80, 81, Henry L. Bonsall.
81, 82, Chris. J. Mines, Jr.
81, 82, John H. McMurray.
82, Robert F. S. Heath.
83, George W. Borton.
83, John Bamford.

*In 1857 Mr. Scull was unseated by T. B. Atkinson.

83, 84, 93, Clayton Stafford.
84, John W. Branning.
84—87, Edward A. Armstrong.
85, Benjamin M. Braker.
85, 86, Henry M. Jewett.
86, George Pfeiffer.
87, Philip Young.
87, Henry Turley.
88, 89, Adam Clark Smith.
88, 89, 90, John Harris.
88, 89, George H. Higgins.
90, Franklin C. Woolman.
90, 91, 92, Abram W. Nash.
91, 92, Joseph M. Engard.
91, 92, also 73, 74, Wm. H. Cole.
93, George W. Henry.
93, 94, 95, Clayton Stafford.
93, 94, William J. Thompson.
94, William Watson.
95, George W. Barnard.
95, 96, 97, Louis T. Derousse.
96, 97, Frank T. Lloyd.
96, 97, Henry S. Scovel.
98, 99, John H. McMurray.
98, 99, Edgar J. Coles.
98—1902, William J. Bradley.
1900, F. F. Patterson, Jr.
00, 01, 02, Ephraim T. Gill.
01, 02, George A. Waite.
03, 04, John S. Roberts.
03—06, Henry S. Scovel.
03—09, Theodore B. Gibbs.
05—07, Samuel P. Jones.
07, 08, Frank B. Jess.
08, 09, Joseph Potter.
09, 10, Harry R. Tatem.
10, 11, 12, Albert De Unger.
10, 11, 12, George W. Whyte.
11, 12, 13, Isaac W. Coles.
13—16, John B. Kates.
13, James R. Carrow.
14—17, Garfield Pancoast.
14, Henry S. Scovel.
15—18, Charles A. Wolverton.
17—19, Ralph N. Kellam.
18, Paul N. Litchfield.
19, 20, T. Harry Rowland.
19, 20, Joseph F. Wallworth.
20, J. Heulings Coles.

Cape May County.

45, John Stites.
46, Samuel Townsend.
47, Richard S. Ludlam.
48, 49, Nathaniel Holmes, Jr.
50, 51, Mackey Williams.
52, Joshua Swaim.
53, Waters B. Miller.
54, 55, Jesse H. Diverty.
56—58, Downs Edmunds, Jr.
59, 60, Abram Reeves.
61, Jonathan F. Leaming.
62—64, Wilmon W. Ware.
65—67, 69, 70, Thos. Beesley.
68, Samuel R. Magonagle.
71—73, Richard S. Leaming.
74, Alexander Young.
75, Richard D. Edmunds.
76—78, William T. Stevens.
79, Daniel Schellinger.
80, 83—85, Jesse D. Ludlam.
81, 82, Furman L. Richardson.
86, 87, Alvin P. Hildreth.
88, Walter S. Leaming.
89, 90, 91, Eugene C. Cole.
92, 93, 94, Edmund L. Ross.
95, 96, Furman L. Ludlam.
97, Robert E. Hand.
98, Eugene C. Cole.
99, 1900, Ellis H. Marshall.
01—03, Lewis M. Cresse.
04—06, 12, Jas. M. E. Hildreth.
07—09, 17, Corsville E. Stille.
10, 11, Christopher S. Hand.
13, William Porter.
14, 15, Lewis T. Stevens.
16, 18, 19, Mark Lake.
20, Andrew C. Boswell.

Cumberland County.

45, Josiah Shaw.
45, 46, George Heisler.
45, 46, Lewis Howell.
46, Stephen A. Garrison.
47, Leonard Lawrence.
47, Jeremiah Parvin.
47, 48, Uriah D. Woodruff.
48, 49, Reuben Fithian.
48, 49, Richard Lore.
49, 50, John T. Nixon.
50, 51, Benj. Ayres.
50, 51, Joel Moore.
51, 52, Samuel Mayhew.
52, David Campbell.
53, Enos S. Gandy.
53, Lewis Woodruff.
54, Daniel Harris.
54, Morton Mills.
55, 56, James M. Wells.
55, 56, John F. Keen.
57, Uriah Mayhew.
57, Elias Doughty.
58, Elwell Nichols.
58, 59, Robert Moore.
59, Aaron S. Westcott.
60, Ebenezer Hall.
60, John Carter.
61, 62, William Bacon.

61, 62, J. Edmund Sheppard.
63, 64, B. Rush Bateman.
63, 64, Edward W. Maylin.
65—67, Robert Moore.
65—68, James H. Nixon.
68, Thomas D. Westcott.
69, C. Henry Shepherd.
69—71, William A. House.
70, 71, Charles C. Grosscup.
72, 73, George S. Whiticar.
72, 73, J. Howard Willets.
74, George B. Langley.
74, 75, Lewis H. Dowdney.
75—77, George W. Payne.
76, Isaiah W. Richman.
77, 78, Isaac T. Nichols.
78, James Loughron.
79, 80, Robert P. Ewing.
79, 80, Arthur T. Parsons.
81, John H. Avis.
81, 82, Charles Ladow.
82, Philip P. Baker.
83, Isaac M. Smalley.
83, 84, John B. Campbell.
84, 85, Jeremiah H. Lupton.
85, 86, Wilson Banks.
86, 87, Franklin Lawrence.
87, Thomas H. Hawkins.
88, Mulford Ludlam.
88, Isaac M. Smalley.
89, Thomas W. Treuchard.
89, 90, Reuben Cheesman.
90, 93, 94, John N. Glaspell.
91, James L. Van Syckel.
91, 92, Edward C. Stokes.
92, 93, Wilber H. Baxter.
94—96, Thomas F. Austin.
95—97, Bloomfield H. Minch.
97, 98, James J. Hunt.
98, 99, Wilson H. Shropshire.
99—1901, Jesse S. Steelman.
00, 01, 02, William J. Moore.
02—06, Louis H. Miller.
03—09, B. Frank Buck.
07, 08, Frank B. Potter.
09, 10, Isaac T. Nichols.
10, 12, Albert R. McAllister.
11, Walter E. Turner.
11, E. H. Whiticar.
13, John A. Ackley.
14—17, Raymond Sheppard.
18, 19, Firman M. Reeves.
20, David C. Blizzard, Jr.

Essex County.

45, Isaac Van Wagenen.
45, John Runyon.
45, 46, William M. Scudder.
45, 46, Hugh F. Randolph.
45, 46, Jabez Pierson.
45, 46, Keen Pruden.
45, 46, Alvah Sherman.
46, 47, George W. McLane.
46, 47, Parker Teed.
47, 48, A. S. Hubbeel.
47, 48, Jabez G. Goble.
47, 48, Francis B. Chetwood.
47, 48, Abraham Van Riper.
47, 48, Elston Marsh.
48, Hugh H. Bowne.
48, 49, Charles Harrison.
49, Hugh H. Bowne.
49, Lewis C. Grover.
49, 50, Joel W. Condit.
49, 50, Obadiah Meeker.
49, 50, William F. Day.
49, 50, Stephen Personett.
51, Wm. M. Whitehead.
50, 51, Isaac H. Pierson.
50, 51, Jonathan Valentine.
50, 51, David Wade.
51, Cornelius Boice.
51, 52, Reach Vanderpool.
51, 52, John C. Beardsley.
52, Thomas McKirgan.
52, John M. Clark.
52, William M. Sandford.
52, Silas Merchant.
52, John Munn.
52, James S. Bell.
52, 53, John B. Clark.
53, Stephen Day, Jr.
53, Grant J. Wheeler.
53, Edward T. Hillyer.
53, Charles T. Day.
53, Charles O. Bolles.
53, 54, Abiathar Harrison.
53, 54, Daniel Price.
53, 54, William Dennis.
54, David S. Craig.
54, Daniel H. Noe.
54, James N. Joraleman.
54, David Ripley.
54, 55, Hugh Holmes.
54, 55, Daniel D. Benjamin.
55, Charles O. Bolles.
55, Daniel F. Tompkins.
55, 56, Nehemiah Perry.
55, 56, James A. Pennington.
55, 56, Apollos M. Elmer.
55, 56, Joseph T. Hopping.
56, Warren S. Baldwin.
55, 56, Samuel R. Winans.
56, James E. Bathgate.
56, George H. Doremus.
56, 57, Wm. K. McDonald.
57, John C. Denman.
57, Moses P. Smith.
57, John L. Blake, Jr.
57, William B. Baldwin.
57, Charles L. C. Gifford.

57, Elihu Day.
57, 58, Charles C. Stewart.
57, 58, John C. Thornton.
58, Simeon Harrison.
58, James McCracken.
58, Joseph Booth.
58, Ira M. Harrison.
58, Thomas Kirkpatrick.
59, Gashier De Witt, Jr.
59, David Ayres.
59, Isaac P. Trimble.
59, David A. Hayes.
59, 60, Adolphus W. Waldron.
59, 60, James F. Bond.
59, 60, Amzi Condit.
60, James McCracken.
60, J. W. Hale.
60, 61, Frederick H. Teese.
60, 61, James Wheeler.
61, James E. Smith.
61, 62, James M. Lang.
61, 62, David Oakes.
61, 62, John Flintoft.
61, 62, George A. Halsey.
62, 63, Walter Tompkins.
62, 63, Corra Drake.
62, 63, John D. Freeman.
62, 63, John P. Jackson.
62, 63, Thomas McGrath.
63, Amzi Dodd.
63, John C. Littell.
63, 64, Adolph Schalk.
63, 64, James Smith.
64, Jeremiah DeCamp.
64, Ira M. Harrison.
64, 65, Rufus F. Harrison.
64, 65, Charles A. Lightpipe.
64, 65, Thomas B. Peddie.
64, 65, John C. Seiffert.
64, 65, Bernard Kearney.
65, J. B. S. Robinson.
65, John H. Landell.
65, James D. Cleaver.
65, 66, David Anderson.
66, William Bodwell.
66, John F. Anderson.
66, David Ayres.
66, James L. Hays.
66, 67, Albert P. Condit.
66, 67, Isaac P. Trimble.
66, 67, William H. Murphy.
66, 68, Edward L. Price.
67, Israel D. Condit.
67, Daniel Ayres.
67, William R. Sayre.
67, M. H. C. Vail.
67, 68, Samuel Atwater.
67, 68, Edward Hedden.
68, Josiah L. Baldwin.
68, 69, Josiah Speer.
68, 69, James Peck.
68, 69, John Kennedy.
68, 69, Timothy W. Lord.
68, 69, Francis Macken.
69, 70, James L. Gurney.
69, 70, John Hunkele.
69, 70, William W. Hawkins.
69, 71, James G. Irwin.
70, 71, Joseph F. Sanxay.
70, 71, Farrand Kitchell.
70, 71, Henry W. Wilson.
70, Chauncey G. Williams.
70, William R. Sayre.
70, Matthew Murphy.
71, Albert P. Condit.
71, William A. Ripley.
71, 72, Edmund L. Joy.
71, 72, Theodore Horn.
71, 72, Rochus Heinisch, Jr.
72, David Anderson.
72, Daniel Murphy.
72, Moses H. Williams.
72, 73, Samuel Wilde.
72, 73, Joseph G. Hill.
72, 73, Theodore Macknett.
73, L. M. Armstrong.
73, John W. Campbell.
73, 74, Elias O. Doremus.
73, 74, Phineas Jones.
73, 74, Aaron G. Baldwin.
73—75, Samuel Morrow, Jr.
74, James T. Vanness.
74, Moses E. Halsey.
74, 75, Thomas S. Henry.
74, 75, Julius C. Fitzgerald.
74, 75, William H. Kirk.
75, Andrew Teed.
75, Hugh Kinnard.
75, Patrick Doyle.
75, William Carrolton.
75, 76, David Dodd.
76, Charles H. Harrison.
76, Marcus S. Richards.
76, Philip W. Cross.
76, 77, Albert D. Traphagen.
76, 77, Francis K. Howell.
76, 77, S. V. C. Van Rensselaer.
76, 77, Elkanah Drake.
76, 80, James M. Patterson.
77, Joseph H. Wightman.
77, 78, Gottfried Krueger.
77, 78, Charles Gomer.
77, 78, James Malone.
77, 78, Edward D. Pierson.
78, Alexander Phillips.
78, Charles Holzwarth.
78, 79, Edward W. Crane.
78, 79, George S. Duryee.
78, 79, 82, Wm. H. F. Fiedler.
78, 79, Schuyler B. Jackson.
79, Charles A. Felch.
79, 80, Peter J. Gray.

79, 80, 83, 89, John Gill.
79—81, Harrison Van Duyne.
79—81, 83, Thomas O'Connor.
80, *William H. Brown.
80, 81, Elias A. Wilkinson.
80, 81, Thos. W. Langstroth.
80, 81, William R. Williams.
81, Joseph L. Munn.
81, William Wright.
81, **Chas. G. Bruemmer.
81, 82, Michael McMahan.
82, 83, John H. Parsons.
82, 83, David Young.
82, Robert McGowan.
82, Roderick Robertson.
82, Ulysses B. Brewster.
82, Edw'd R. Pennington.
82, Adam Turkes.
82, Edwin B. Smith.
83, Lucius B. Hutchinson.
83, James N. Arbuckle.
83, John H. Murphy.
83, William Hill.
83, 84, 93, John L. Armitage.
83—87, 93, William Harrigan.
84, Rush Burgess.
84, Frederick S. Fish.
84, Herman Lehlbach.
84, 85, George B. Harrison.
84, 85, David A. Bell.
84, 85, Edward Q. Keasbey.
84, 85, William E. O'Connor.
84, 85, Charlese Holzwarth.
85, Franklin Murphy.
85, 86, Henry M. Doremus.
85, 86, R. Wayne Parker.
85, 86, Augustus F. R. Martin.
86, Henry A. Potter.
86, Edwin Lister.
86, Jacob Schreihofer.
86, 87, Charles F. Underhill.
86, 87, Elias M. Condit.
86, 87, 93, John H. Peal.
87, Michael T. Barrett.
87, Elvin W. Crane.
87, 88, James Peck.
87, 88, Charles E. Hill.
87, 88, James Marlatt.
87—89, Frank M. McDermitt.
88, DeForrest P. Lozier.
88, Augustus Dusenberry.
88, James A. Christie.
88, 89, Thomas McGowan.
88, 89, Adrian Riker.
88, 89, Joseph Schmelz.
89, John Gill.
89, Moses Bigelow.
89, Geo. W. Wiedenmayer.
89, 90, Richard A. Price.
89, 90, 92, Leonard Kalisch.
89, 90, Reuben Trier.
90, 91, George Rabenstein.
90, 91, Thomas H. Pollock.
90, 91, Charles Trefz.
90, 91, John J. Bertram.
90, 91, Edward W. Jackson.
90—92, Thomas Smith.
90, 92, Edward H. Snyder.
91, Edward M. Taylor.
91, 92, John Nieder.
91, 92, John R. Hardin.
91, 92, George W. Ketcham.
92, Thomas F. Cavanagh.
92, James A. Dempsey.
92, Benedict Ulrich.
92, William L. Glorieux.
92, 93, Augustus C. Studer.
93, John L. Armitage.
93, William J. Kearns.
93, John H. Peal.
93, Timothy Barrett.
93, 94, William Harrigan.
93, 94, Joseph P. Clarke.
93, 94, Joseph M. Byrne.
93, 94, Thomas A. Murphey.
93, 94, Dennis F. Olvaney.
93, 94, J. Broadhead Woolsey.
94, Thomas P. Edwards.
94—96, Charles B. Duncan.
94, 95, John C. Eisele.
94, 95, Charles B. Storrs.
94, 95, George P. Olcott.
95, Frederick W. Mock.
95, 96, Amos W. Harrison.
95, 96, Alfred F. Skinner.
95, 96, James A. Christie.
95, 96, George L. Smith.
95, 96, David E. Benedict.
95, 96, Charles A. Schober.
96, Hayward A. Harvey.
96, 97, Thomas H. Jones.
96, 97, Albert J. Simpson.
96, 97, James J. Hogan.
97, 98, Charles W. Powers.
97, 98, George W. W. Porter.
97, 98, Edwin F. Steddig.
97, 98, Alvin C. Eble.
97, George B. Harrison.
97, 98, Jacob Rau, Jr.
97, 98, Peter B. Fairchild.
97, 98, Carl V. Bauman.
98, Joseph B. Johnson.
98, Oliver B. Dawson.
98, William C. Schmidt.

*In 1880, W. H. Brown was unseated by William R. Williams.
**Mr. Bruemmer was elected for 1882, but died before Legislature convened.

98, 99, Albert T. Guenther.
99, John L. Bullard.
99, 1900, Jacob Clark.
99, 1900, John W. Weseman.
99, 1900, John Kreitler.
99, 1900, Frederick J. Deleot.
99, 1900, G. F. Brandenburgh.
99, 1900, William Mungle.
99, 1900, John N. Klein.
99, 1900, John P. Dexheimer.
99, 1900, Benjamin F. Jones.
1900, George S. Campbell.
00—02, J. Henry Bacheller.
01, 02, Fred'k Cummings.
01—03, Wm. B. Garrabrants.
01—03, John Howe.
01—03, Robert W. Brown.
01—03, Ralph B. Schmidt.
01—03, Edward E. Gnichtel.
01—03, William G. Sharwell.
01—03, Edgar Williams.
01—03, Robert M. Boyd, Jr.
01—03, William A. Lord.
03—05, Frederick R. Lehlbach.
03—05, Everett Colby.
04, 05, William Pennington.
04, 05, Frederick Manners.
04, 05, Abraham Kaiser.
04, 05, Herbert W. Taylor.
04, 05, John J. Gallagher.
04, 05, Samuel F. Wilson.
04, 05, Edward D. Birkholz.
04, 05, H. L. Johnstone.
04, 05, Edward D. Duffield.
06, 08, 09, William P. Martin.
06, Gustav W. Roeber.
06, George F. Serbe.
06, 08, 09, Henry Clay Hines.
06, Philip C. Walsh, Jr.
06, Chas. R. Underwood.
06, Gustav A. Kayser.
06, Russell M. Everett.
06, 08, 09, Austen Colgate.
06, 08, William F. Morgan.
06, Gustav V. Sommer.
07, Edward H. Wright, Jr.
07, Simon Hahn.
07, John J. Baader.
07, Patrick H. Corish.
07, Thomas J. Mead.
07, John C. Groel.
07, John Breunnig.
07, John W. Lane.
07, Edgar E. Lethbridge.
07, Daniel J. Brady.
07, Harry F. Backus.
08, 09, Henry Young, Jr.
08, 09, William Roberts.
08, 09, John F. Clark.
08, James H. Lowrey.
08, 09, H. Stacy Smith.
08, 09, August J. Miller.
08, Rudolph A. Braun.
09, 10, Thomas H. Brooks.
09, 10, Lewis G. Bowden.
09, Elliot E. Ford.
10, William Lee.
10, Emil Wohlfarth.
10, Thomas Goldingay.
10, Thomas Gillen.
10, Robert S. Terhune.
10, J. William Huegel.
10, Coleman E. Kissam.
10, Duane E. Minard.
10, Harold A. Miller.
11, Harry F. Backus.
11, John J. Bracken.
11, James P. Mylod.
11, Charles W. Brown.
11, Mark F. Phillips.
11, Michael Leveen.
11, M. J. McGowan, Jr.
11, Frank P. Shalvoy.
11, Frank A. Boettner.
11, Wm. P. Macksey.
11, Edw. D. Balentine.
12, William M. Beard.
12, Henry F. Holloway.
12, Charles G. Linnenkohl.
12, Mortimer Lowy.
12, Robert E. Mitchell.
12, Frank J. Murray.
12, Fred Prout.
12, Thomas J. Smith.
12, William E. Stagg.
12, Fred G. Stickel, Jr.
12, Henry J. Thein.
12, William G. Weigel.
13, 14, Charles A. Nutting.
13, 14, Bennett H. Fishler.
13, John J. Bracken.
13, 14, Laurence McCabe, Jr.
13, John A. Matthews.
13, William E. Maguire.
13, Louis Lewis.
13, 14, Frank A. Foley.
13, 14, Hubert J. Rowe.
13, Simon L. Fisch.
13, Joseph F. Papscoe.
13, 14, Joseph B. Bloom.
14, James R. Byrne.
14, Edward C. Eaton.
14, Michael J. Quigley.
14, 15, Thomas J. Smith.
14—16, E. Morgan Barradale.
14—16, W. Clive Crosby.
15, 16, William P. Berry.
15, 16, Marcus W. De Camp.
15—17, Seymour P. Gilbert.
15—17, Harry D. Johnson.
15, 16, Charles C. Pilgrim.
15—17, Edward Schoen.

15—17, Eugene T. Scudder.
15, 16, George M. Titus.
15, H. Edward Wolf.
16, 17, Herbert J. Buehler.
16, Paul R. Silberman.
17, 18, Theodore J. Badgley.
17, Dudley Bramhall.
17, George W. Keating.
17, Charles A. LeMaster.
17, Andrew N. MacKinnon.
17, Samuel Press.
17, Gustave C. Wolber.
18, Augustus W. Abbott.
18, Edgar H. Bostock.
18, Frank B. Champion.
18, O. Bell Close.
18, Harry G. Eaton.
18, George S. Hobart.
18, Howell G. Lord.
18, Olindo Marzulli.
18, Walter R. Pruden.
18, Charles H. Stewart.
18, George G. Yarrow.
19, Edric C. Greaves.
19, Harry A. Augenblick.
19, 20, Elroy Headley.
19, 20, James F. Hyland.
19, 20 James J. Whalen.
19, 20, James J. Cross.
19, 20, Michael F. Judge.
19, 20, Joseph J. Finley.
19, 20, Louis R. Freund.
19, 20, Charles B. Casale.
19, 20, Joseph Siegler.
19, 20, Hugh C. Barrett.
20, Louis Lewis.
20, Felix Forlenza.

Gloucester County.

45, 46, Samuel W. Cooper.
45, 46, Benjamin Harding.
47, 48, John B. Miller.
47, 48, John B. Hilyard.
49, John Burk.
49, 50, John Duell.
50, Thomas Gaskill.
51, Edmund Weatherby.
51, 52, Benjamin C. Tatem.
52, Thomas Mills.
53, Joseph Abbott.
53, John V. Porch.
54, Joseph Franklin.
54, Benjamin Beckett.
55, 56, Jacob G. Tomlin.
55, 56, James B. Albertson.
57, John H. Bradway.
57, Benjamin Smith.
58, 59, John F. Thomas.
58, 59, George C. Hewitt.
60, *Joseph Harker.
60, 61, John Starr.
60, 61, †Joseph H. Duffield.
62, Thomas G. Batten.
62, 63, Allen Moore.
63, 64, E. C. Heritage.
64, 65, Nathan S. Abbott.
65, 66, William D. Wilson.
66, 67, William W. Clark.
67, Jacob J. Hendrickson.
68, Charles T. Molony.
68, Wm. B. Rosenbaum.
69, 70, Leonard F. Harding.
69—71, Nimrod Woolery.
71, 72, John S. Rulon.
72, John R. Middleton.
73, 74, Obadiah Eldridge.
73, 74, D. W. C. Hemmingway.
75, Simeon Warrington.
75, 76, Thomas B. Lodge.
76, 77, Samuel Moore.
77—79, Caleb C. Pancoast.
78, 79, Lawrence Locke.
80, 81, George Craft.
80, 81, Thomas M. Ferrell.
82, Abijah S. Hewitt.
83—85, Job S. Haines.
86, 87, Joseph B. Roe.
88—90, James West.
91, 92, James J. Davidson.
93—96, Solomon H. Stanger.
97—99, §David O. Watkins.
1900, 01, William P. Buck.
02—05, John Boyd Avis.
06—08, William C. Cattell.
09, 10, Walter Heritage.
11, 12, James Lafferty.
†13, Vacancy.
14—17, Oliver J. West.
18—20, Horace M. Fooder.

*Mr. Harker died during the session of 1860, and Mr. Duffield was elected to fill the vacancy.
†Vacancy caused by death of Edward C. Leeds.
§Became Acting Governor in '98.

Hudson County.

45, 46, Hartman Van Wagenen.
47, Benjamin F. Welsh.
48, Oliver S. Strong.
49, Jas. J. Van Boskerck.
50, Edward T. Carpenter.
51, 52, John Van Vorst.
52, Edmund T. Parker.
52, Joseph W. Hancox.
53, John Dunn Littell.
53, James S. Davenport.
53, Jacob M. Vreeland.
54, Clement M. Hancox.
54, Aug. F. Hardenbergh.
54, 55, Jacob M. Merseles.
55, Dudley S. Gregory, Jr.
55, John M. Board.
56, John D. Ward.
56, James T. Hatfield.
56, 57, George V. De Mott.
57, Robert Gilchrist, Jr.
57, 58, Robert C. Bacot.
58, William Voorhees.
58—60, Garret M. Van Horn.
59, Wm. H. Hemenover.
59, Samuel A. French.
60, W. H. Peckham.
60, N. C. Slaight.
61, Franklin B. Carpenter.
61, Theo. F. Randolph.
61, 62, Michael J. Vreeland.
62, Edward D. Reiley.
62, 63, George McLaughlin.
62, 63, Josiah Conley.
62, 63, John B. Perry.
62—64, Joshua Benson.
63, 64, James Lynch.
63, 64, Garret D. Van Reipen.
64, John B. Drayton.
64, 65, John Van Vorst.
64, 65, Abraham W. Duryee.
65, Delos E. Culver.
65, William E. Broking.
65, Hiram Van Buskirk.
65, 66, 69, 70, Leon Abbett.
66, John Ramsay.
66, Charles F. Ruh.
66, 67, O. D. Falkenburg.
66, 67, De Witt C. Morris.
66—68, Noah D. Taylor.
67, 68, Hosea F. Clark.
67, 68, A. O. Evans.
67, 68, John Dwyer.
68, John Van Vorst.
68, 69, Henry C. Smith.
69, 70, Sidney B. Bevans.
69, 70, James B. Doremus.
69, Elbridge V. S. Besson.
69, 71, Michael Coogan.
70, Abel I. Smith.
70, William Brinkerhoff.
70, 71, Herman D. Busch.
71, James F. Fielder.
71, John Anness.
71, George Warrin.
71, Josiah Hornblower.
72, James Stevens.
72, John A. O'Neill.
72, 73, George H. Farrier.
72, 73, Dennis Reardon.
72, 73, George S. Plympton.
72, 73, Henry Gaede.
72, 73, Jasper Wandel.
72, 73, Anthony J. Ryder.
73, John Lee.
73, 74, Richard C. Washburn.
74, Henry Coombs.
74, James K. Selleck.
74, 75, Alexander T. McGill.
74, 75, Patrick Sheeran.
74, 75, Alexander McDonnell.
74—76, John D. Carscallen.
74—77, Rudolph F. Rabe.
75, Thomas Carey.
75, Edward F. McDonald.
75, 76, John J. Toffey.
76, William A. Lewis.
76, Harry Brautigam.
76, Thomas C. Brown.
76, 77, Thomas J. Hannon.
76, 78, Alex. Jocobus.
77, Martin M. Drohan.
77, Lewis A. Brigham.
77, Elijah T. Paxton.
77, 78, Marmaduke Tilden.
77, 78, Alexander W. Harris.
77, 78, James Stevens.
78, Dudley S. Steele.
78, Edward P. C. Lewis.
78, 79, 81, T. J. McDonald.
78, 79, Henry Dusenberry.
79, John Owen Rouse.
79, Frank C. Frey.
79, G. A. Lilliendahl.
79, John E. Tangeman.
79, 80, Joseph Meeks.
79, 80, Samuel Stilsing.
80, Patrick Sheeran.
80, 81, Noah D. Taylor.
80, 81, Allan L. McDermott.
80, 81, J. Herbert Potts.
80, 81, James Curran.
80, 82, David W. Lawrence.
81, Frederick Payne.
81, 82, James J. Casey.
82, William McAdoo.
82, Robert McCague, Jr.
82, George H. Farrier.
82, David M. Durrell.
82, John O'Rourke.
82, 83, Thomas V. Cator.

82—84, James C. Clarke.
82—84, Dennis McLaughlin.
83, Peter F. Wanser.
83, John M. Shannon.
83, 84, Martin Steljes.
83, 84, Augustus A. Rich.
83, 84, Frank O. Cole.
83, 84, Joseph T. Kelly.
83—85, Edwin O. Chapman.
84, Michael J. O'Donnell.
84, 85, Cornelius S. See.
84, 85, 87, 88, S. D. Dickinson.
85, Thomas H. Kelly.
85, Isaac Romaine.
85, John W. Heck.
85, James J. Clark.
85, John Wade.
85, Fred Frambach, Jr.
85, 86, John C. Besson.
86, R. B. Seymour.
86, D. A. Peloubet.
86, A. B. Dayton.
86, T. J. McDonald.
86, 87, Philip Tumulty.
86, 87, John Pearson.
86, 87, 89, R. S. Hudspeth.
86, 87, Thomas F. Noonan.
86, 87, Edward Lennon.
87, Edward T. McLaughlin.
87, 88, William H. Letts.
87—89, John P. Feeney.
87—90, Wm. C. Heppenheimer.
88, Joseph Gallagher.
88, Charles W. Fuller.
88, *E. Frank Short.
88, 89, James F. Norton.
88, 89, Richard Brown.
88, 89, Edward P. Farrell.
89, Peter T. Donnelly.
89, Judson C. Francois.
89, 90, Laurence Fagan.
89, 92, Patrick H. O'Neill.
90, James Murphy.
90, James S. Erwin.
90, John F. Kelly.
90, 91, Michael Mullone.
90, 91, Henry Byrne.
90, 91, Andrew J. Boyle.
90, 91, Thomas B. Usher.
90—92, J. Herbert Potts.
91, Simeon H. Smith.
91, Henry Puster.
91, John F. Madden.
91, William D. Daly.
91, 92, James Moylan.
92, Thomas Magner.
92, James Tumilty.
92, George A. Heaney.
92, 93, Martin Lawless.
92, 93, Cornelius J. Tahen.
92, 93, John Zeller.
92—94, Timothy J. Carroll.
92—94, Michael J. Coyle.
93, Henry H. Holmes.
93, Adam J. Dittmar.
93, S. V. W. Stout.
93, 94, Ebenezer Berry.
93, 94, Max Salinger.
93, 94, Hugh A. Kelly.
94, Thomas Egan.
94, George W. Harding.
94, John Kerr.
94, Thomas McEwan, Jr.
94, Charles Erlenkotter.
94, 95, James Usher.
95, Henry C. Gruber.
95, James F. Blackshaw.
95, Henry M. Nutzhorn.
95, Frederick Schober.
95, Robert McAndrew.
95, William E. Drake.
95, 96, William N. Parslow.
95, 96, Pierce J. Fleming.
95, 96, Richard M. Smart.
95, 96, David H. Cagney.
96, Carl H. Ruempler.
96, John W. Queen.
96, John E. Hewitt.
96, Edward Hoos.
96, Joseph P. Mullin.
96, 98, Horace L. Allen.
96, 98, Charles T. Bauer.
97, Elmer W. Demarest.
97, William M. Klink.
97, Robert D. Urquhart.
97, Isaac F. Goldenhorn.
97, William G. Nelson.
97, John E. McArthur.
97, Theodore C. Wildman.
97, Charles M. Evans.
97, Clement DeR. Leonard.
97, William H. Dod.
97, Wm. O. Armbruster.
98, Alexander Simpson.
98, Adolph Walter, Jr.
98—1900, Allan Benny.
98—1900, James J. Murphy.
98, 99, James P. Hall.
98, 99, Fergus T. Kelaher.
98, 99, Michael J. Bruder.
98, 99, John J. Marnell.
98—1900, Tim. J. Carroll.
99, 1900, J. Emil Walscheid.
99—1901, Leon Abbett.
99—1901, Maurice Marks.
99—1901, John H. Vollers.
1900, 01, P. Anthony Brock.
00—02, Geo. G. Tennant.

*Mr. Short was elected to a second term of office, but he died before the Legislature met. Mr. Francois was chosen for the vacancy.

00, 01, 02, John J. Fallon.
00, 01, 02, Edward J. Rice.
01, 02, John A. Dennin.
01, 02, Patrick H. Connolly.
01, 02, Kilian V. Lutz.
01—03, Peter Stillwell.
02, William F. Hurley.
02, 03, C. G. A. Schumann.
02, 03, John J. Treacy.
02—03, Frederick Weismann.
02—05, James A. Hamill.
03, Michael J. Cannon.
03—05, Joseph C. Duff.
03, 04, William D. Kelly.
03, 04, James F. Fielder.
03, 04, J. W. Rufus Besson.
03—05, Edgar H. Loveridge.
03, 04, Thomas P. McGlennon.
04, 05, Myron C. Ernst.
04, 05, Godfrey B. Mattheus.
04, 05, Harry W. Lange.
04, 05, John Callery.
04, D. Kelsey Whitaker.
05, Archibald S. Alexander.
05, Edward A. Murphy.
05, Joseph A. Riordan.
05, William J. Boucher.
05, 06, Robert H. Scott.
06, John J. Coyle.
06, Joseph F. Galvin.
06, William A. Joerg.
06, James E. Woolley.
06, Edward K. Patterson.
06, E. W. Arrosmith.
06, Herman A. Berg.
06, J. Philip Dippel.
06, John H. Eggers.
06, Harry F. Thompson.
06, Theodore L. Bierck.
07, 08, 09, 10, Mark A. Sullivan.
07, 08, 09, 10, Charles P. Olwell.
07, 08, 09, 10, Jos. P. Tumulty.
07, 08, 09, 10, James Baker.
07, 08, C. E. Hendrickson, Jr.
07, 08, Charles H. Blohm.
07, Joseph A. Riordan.
07, Archibald S. Alexander.
07, 08, Philip Daab.
07, 08, 09, 10,
Oscar L. Auf der Heide.
07, 08, 09, Albert C. Eppinger.
07, 08, Valentine Holzapfel.
08, 09, Amadeus Valente.
08, 09, 10, 11, Edw. Kenny.
09, 10, W. C. Kackenmester.
09, 10, 11, 12, Wm. S. Davidson.
09, 10, 11, 12, Peter H. James.
09, Frederick H. Otto.
10, 11, James H. Christie.
10—13, 15, 16, James C. Agnew.
10, 11, 12, Cornelius Ford.
11, 12, Thomas M. Donnelly.
11, 12, 13, Charles M. Egan.
11—13, 15, Thomas F. Martin.
11, 12, 14, Thos. F. A. Griffin.
11, James J. McGrath.
11, 12, Chas. E. S. Simpson.
12, 13, 14, Joseph M. Branegan.
12, Geo. F. Brensinger.
12, 13, Philip Steuerwald.
13, 14, Magnus Bredenbek.
13, Arthur F. McGrath.
13, 14, 16, Harry Kuhlke.
13, Thomas C Mulligan.
13, Henry W. Moser.
13, Daniel J. Murray.
13, 14, Walter L. McDermott.
14, 16, George J. Brackner.
14, 16, Joseph Carroll.
14, Thomas P. Curran.
14, Clinton E. Fisk.
14, 16, Thomas G. Gannon.
14, Dennis Long.
14, Joseph P. Mulligan.
15, Francis P. Boland.
15, 17, Charles C. Colgan.
15, 17, Frank A. Dolan.
15, Archibald M. Henry.
15, Frank A. La Pointe.
15, 17, Jacob J. Singer.
15, Leo S. Sullivan.
15, Edward C. Zeiger.
15, Charles W. Ostrom.
15, 17, Ulysses G. Borden.
16, 17, Timothy F. Aaron.
16, Charles F. Dolan.
16, 17, John J. Dugan.
16, Dennis Dunn, Jr.
16, 17, Charles H. Felten.
16, 17, Allan W. Moore.
16, 18, Alexander Simpson.
17, 18, Dennis J. Gallagher, Jr.
17, 18, Joseph F. Hurley.
17, 18, William J. McGovern.
17, Theodore Taistra.
18, James A. Dugan.
18—20, Henry J. Gaede.
18, William J. Hanley.
18, Samuel L. Hirschberg.
18—20, James J. McAteer.
18, 19, Andrew E. Nolan.
18, 19, George W. Snow, Jr.
18, Edward P. Stout.
19, 20, James Bowen.
19, 20, John J. Coppinger.
19, 20, Michael J. Donovan.
19, 20, William M. Schultz.
19, 20, Francis A. Stanton.
19, 20, Edward J. Sullivan.
19, 20, Andrew Muro.
19, 20, Louis Silver.
20, William George
20, Lewis G. Hansen.

Hunterdon County.

45, John Swackhammer.
45, Amos Moore.
45, John H. Case.
45, 48, 49, Jonathan Pickel.
46, Henry Stevenson.
46, 47, Isaac R. Srope.
46, 47, Joseph Fritts.
46, 47, Frederick Apgar.
47—49, John Lambert.
48, 49, Andrew Banghart.
48, 49, David Van Fleet.
50, 51, John Marlow.
50, 51, Luther Opdycke.
50, 51, William Tinsman.
50—52, John R. Young.
52, Hiram Bennett.
52, 53, Peter H. Aller.
52, 53, Andrew Vansickle.
53, 54, John Lambert.
53, 54, Samuel H. Britton.
54, 55, Lewis Young.
54, 55, Peter E. Voorhees.
55, Jacob S. C. Pittenger.
55, Edward Hunt.
56, 57, William Sergeant.
56, 57, John M. Voorhis.
56, 57, Joseph W. Willever.
56, 57, John P. Rittenhouse.
58, 59, John H. Horn.
58, 59, William Snyder.
58, 59, Cornelius B. Sheets.
58, 59, Frederick Apgar.
60, Thos. Banghart, Jr.
60, 61, Charles Denson.
60, 61, Ambrose Barcroft.
60, 61, D. D. Schomp.
61, 62, Jacob H. Huffman.
62, 63, S. R. Huselton.
62—64, Joseph W. Wood.
63, 64, David H. Banghart.
64, 65, David B. Boss.
65, 66, James J. Willever.
65—67, William I. Iliff.
66, 67, Richard H. Wilson.
67, 68, Baltes Pickel.
68, 69, John Williamson.
68—70, Theodore Probasco.
69, 70, John P. Lare.
70, 71, John Kugler.
71, 72, Peter Voorhees.
71, 72, Aug. E. Sanderson.
73, 74, W. L. Hoppock.
73, 74, John Carpenter, Jr.
75, 76, James Bird.
75, 76, William W. Swayze.
77, 78, Henry Britton.
77, 78, John Hackett.
79, 80, Charles W. Godown.
79, 80, James N. Ramsey.
81, 82, George H. Mathews.
81, 82, Jacob Hipp.
83, 84, John V. Robbins.
83, 84, W. Howard Lake.
85—87, John C. Arnwine.
85—87, Chester Wolverton.
88—90, William H. Martin.
88—90, Laurence H. Trimmer.
91, 92, William B. Niece.
91—93, Benjamin E. Tine.
93, J. L. Chamberlin.
94, 95, Charles N. Redding.
94—96, William C. Alpaugh.
96—98, David Lawshe.
97—99, George F. Martens, Jr.
99—01, Oliver I. Blackwell.
00—02, W. A. Laudenberger.
03—05, James H. Willever.
06—08, 12, 13, 14, Oliver C. Holcombe.
09—11, John J. Matthews.
15—17, Harry J. Iobst.
18—20, David H. Agans.

Mercer County.

45, Israel J. Woodward.
45, Richard J. Bond.
45, *John Lowrey.
46, 47, Isaac Pullen.
46, 47, John M. Vancleve.
46, 47, William White.
48, Samuel C. Cornell.
48, 49, James M. Redmond.
48—50, Josiah Buzby.
49, John R. Dill.
50, John F. Hageman.
50, 51, John H. Phillips.
51, Eli Rogers.
51, Westley P. Danser.
52, William Napton.
52, John C. Ward.
52, Jeremiah Vandyke.
53, Abner B. Tomlinson.
53, Elijah L. Hendrickson.
53, Randal C. Robbins.
54, James H. Hill.
54, Franklin S. Mills.
54, Runey R. Forman.
55, James Vandeventer.
55, William Jay.
55, Garret Schenck.
56, Samuel Wooley.
56, 57, Geo. R. Cook.
56, 57, Andrew Dutcher.
57, 58, Jacob Van Dyke.
58, Jonathan S. Fish.
58, 59, Augustus L. Martin.

*Died in office.

59, Robert Aitken.
59, 60, Ed. T. R. Applegate.
60, Harper Crozer.
60, 61, Joseph Abbott.
61, William S. Yard.
61, 62, Morgan F. Mount.
62, John G. Stevens.
62, 63, Geo. W. Johnston.
63, Peter Crozer.
63, 64, James G. West.
64, James F. Bruere.
64, 65, John A. Weart.
65, 66, Alex. P. Green.
65, 66, Samuel Fisher.
66, 67, Thomas Crozer.
67, Charles W. Mount.
67, 71, Joseph H. Bruere.
68, Thomas J. Corson.
68, Thomas C. Pearce.
68, 69, Absalom P. Lanning.
69, John P. Nelson.
69, 70, James C. Norris.
70, Charles O. Hudnut.
70, 71, William H. Barton.
71, Liscomb T. Robbins.
72, Richard R. Rogers.
72, John H. Silvers.
72, 73, Alfred W. Smith.
73, 74, John N. Lindsay.
73, 74, Andrew J. Smith.
74, 75, Geo. O. Vanderbilt.
75, Samuel M. Youmans.
75, Robt. S. Woodruff, Jr.
76, Enoch H. Drake.
76, John Hart Brewer.
76, Robert L. Hutchinson.
77, William S. Yard.
77, J. Vance Powers.
77, 78, Horatio N. Burroughs.
78, 79, 82, Eckford Moore.
78, 79, John D. Rue.
79, William Roberts.
80, 81, Charles S. Robinson.
80, 81, Richard A. Donnelly.
80, 81, John V. D. Beekman.
82, 83, Nelson M. Lewis.
82, 83, William J. Convery.
83, 84, Joseph H. Applegate.
84, 85, A. Judson Rue
84, 85, John Caminade.
85, Benj. F. Chambers.
86, 87, S. B. Hutchinson.
86, James C. Taylor, Jr.
86, William Ossenberg.
87, Frederick Walter.
87, George D. Scudder.
88, Charles H. Olden.
88, Josiah Jones.
88, Lyman Leavitt.
89, Uriel T. Scudder.
89, Thomas S. Chambers.
89, 90, John Schroth.
90, Howell C. Stull.
90, 91, Jacob R. Wyckoff.
91, James H. Mulheron.
91, 92, Patrick T. Burns.
92, 93, James W. Lanning.
92, 93, Barton B. Hutchinson.
93, Charles G. Roebling.
94, 95, William L. Wilbur.
94, 95, John Ginder.
94, 95, William T. Exton.
96, 97, Elijah C. Hutchinson.
96, 97, Geo. W. Macpherson.
96, 97, J. Wiggans Thorn.
98, Frank M. Weller.
98, 99, John B. Yard.
98, 99, Henry J. Nicklin.
99, 1900, Ira W. Wood.
1900, 01, J. Warren Fleming.
1900, 01, Frederick P. Rees.
01, 02, George W. Page.
02, 03, Harry D. Leavitt.
02, 03, Bertrand L. Gulick.
03, 04, Thomas Colclough, Jr.
04, 05, Ralph Hulse.
04, 05, Thomas B. DeCou.
05—07, Alfred N. Barber.
06—08, Henry D. Thompson.
06, 07, William F. Burke.
08, 09, Edward H. Ginnelley.
08, 09, 10, George W. Housel.
09—11, Charles H. Mather.
10, 11, Allan B. Walsh.
11, 12, 13, George W. Adams.
12, John E. Gill.
12, 14, 15, Edgar G. Weart.
13, Erwin E. Marshall.
13, 14, Hervey S. Moore.
14—16, James Hammond.
15—17, A. Dayton Oliphant.
16—18, Josiah T. Allinson.
17, 18, Clinton H. Read.
18, 19, John E. Gill.
19, Hervey S. Moore.
19, 20, William H. Blackwell.
20, George W. Guthrie.
20, William A. Moore.

Middlesex County.

45, 46, Simeon W. Phillips.
45, 46, Ralph C. Stults.
45, 46, Daniel C. Dunn.
45, 46, Charles Abraham.
47, Garret G. Voorhees.
47, Theodore F. King.
47, John A. Davison.
47, 48, Richard McDowell.
48, Melancton F. Carman.
48, 49, Lewis S. Randolph.
48, 49, Aaron Gulick.
49, William A. Gulick.

49, 50, James Bishop.
50, Henry Vandyke.
50, Charles Abraham.
50, Israel R. Cortell.
51, David Dunn.
51, Peter F. Dye.
51, J. B. Johnson.
51, 52, Robert M. Crowell.
52, James Applegate.
52, 53, Josephus Shann.
53—55, Martin A. Howell.
53, 54, Abraham Everett.
54, 55, Samuel E. Stelle.
55, 56, William Hutchinson.
56, John T. Jenkins.
56, 57, Amos Robbins.
57, Henry Stults.
57, 58, John D. Buckelew.
58, 59, Garret I. Snedeker.
58—60, Ellis B. Freeman.
59, Andrew McDowell.
60, 61, Thomas Booraem.
60, 61, Elias Dey.
61, 62, Elias Ross.
62, Orlando Perrine.
62, 63, James T. Crowell.
63, 64, Miles Ross.
63, 64, David B. Wyckoff.
64, 65, Abraham C. Cortell.
65, James G. Goble.
65—67, 69, 70, Levi D. Jarrard.
66, 67, Nathan H. Tyrell.
66, 67, John W. Perrine.
68, George E. Strong.
68, 69, Alfred W. Jones.
68, 69, William M. Cox.
70, George E. Brown.
70, 71, Albert L. Runyon.
71, Edward F. Roberts.
71—73, Isaac L. Fischer.
72, Johnston Holcombe.
72, 73, Joseph C. Letson.
73, H. F. Worthington.
74, John Von Deursen.
74, John F. Ten Broeck.
74, 75, Joseph C. Magee, Jr.
75, James H. Van Cleef.
75, Josephus Shann.
76, Isaiah Rolfe.
76, 77, Charles A. Campbell.
76, 77, Daniel Z. Martin.
77, John Waldron.
78, 79, Isaac L. Martin.
78, 79, Patrick Convery.
78, 79, Vincent W. Mount.
80, Robert G. Miller.
80, John M. Board.
80, 81, Stephen M. Martin.
81, 82, James H. Van Cleef.
81, 83, Manning Freeman.
82, John Adair.
82, 83, James H. Goodwin.
83, 84, William R. Jernee.
84, 85, Edward S. Savage.
84, 85, Robert Carson.
85, 86, John Martin.
86, 87, John F. Ten Broeck.
86, 87, R. R. Vandenbergh.
87, 88, John Mulvey.
88, 89, Ephraim Cutter.
88, 89, Charles B. Herbert.
89, Daniel M. Kane.
90, 91, Luther H. Tappen.
90, 91, William C. Jacques.
90, 91, Charles H. Manahan.
92, 93, John H. Daly.
92, 93, Hezekiah Warne.
92—94, John W. Beekman.
94, William F. Harkins.
94—96, Andrew H. Slover.
95, 96, Edward W. Hicks.
95, 96, George H. Tice.
97, Alexander C. Litterst.
97, Jacob H. Whitfield.
97, James Fountain.
98, 99, Adam Eckert.
98, 99, Joseph H. Ridgeway.
98, 99, John J. Quaid.
1900, 01, Adrian Lyon.
1900, 01, H. Raymond Groves.
00—03, J. E. Montgomery.
02, Myron J. Whitford.
02, 03, W. H. C. Jackson.
03, Bernard M. Gannon.
04, 05, J. H. Thayer Martin.
04, 05, Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr.
04, 05, Frank C. Henry.
06, 07, Frank Crowther.
06, 07, William R. Drake.
06, 07, Edward E. Haines.
08, 10, 11, W. E. Ramsay.
08, 09, William C. Voorhees.
08, S. C. Van Cleef.
09, Rene P. F. Von Minden.
09, Edwin C. McKeag.
10, Edward Burt.
10, 11, Jno. V. L. Booraem.
11, 12, Aug. C. Streitwolf.
12, J. F. Ten Broeck.
12, 13, 14, J. P. Kirkpatrick.
13, 14, 15, Arthur A. Quinn.
13, 14, George L. Burton.
15, 16, E. Leon Loblein.
15, 16, Charles Anderson.
16, Richard J. Galvin.
17, 18, George S. Applegate.
17, 18, James A. Edgar.
17, 18, Fred. C. Schneider.
19, Andrew J. Wight.
19, 20, Fred W. De Voe.
19, Andrew Kirkpatrick.
20, Albert W. Appleby.
20, C. Raymond Lyons.

Monmouth County.

45, George F. Fort.
45, *Jas. H. Hartshorne.
45, 46, Andrew Simpson.
45—47, Hartshorne Tantum.
45—47, Joseph B. Coward.
46, 47, William Vandoren.
46, 47, John Borden.
47, Andrew Simpson.
48, William W. Bennett.
48, Joel Parker.
48, Ferdinand Woodward.
48, *Samuel Bennett.
48, Joel W. Ayres.
49, 50, Alfred Walling.
49, James Hooper.
49, John B. Williams.
49, 50, George W. Sutphin.
49, 50, James D. Hall.
50, William G. Hooper.
50, Charles Butcher.
51, Bernard Connolly.
51, 52, William H. Conover.
51, 52, Garret S. Smock.
51—53, Samuel W. Jones.
52, Charles Butcher.
53, Charles Allen.
53, Daniel P. Van Doren.
53, 54, Robert Allen.
54, Forman Hendrickson.
54, John L. Corlies.
54—56, Henry E. Lafetra.
55, John Vandoren.
55, Thomas B. Stout.
55, William H. Johnson.
56, 57, Jacob Herbert.
56, 57, John R. Barricklo.
56, 57, Samuel Beers.
57—59, John V. Conover.
57—60, Austin H. Patterson.
58, 59, George Middleton.
58, 59, Richard B. Walling.
60, J. J. McNinney.
60, 61, William H. Mount.
60, 61, James Patterson.
61, 62, William V. Ward.
61, 62, Charles Haight.
62, George C. Murray.
63—65, Michael Taylor.
63, 64, Osborn Curtis.
63, 64, David H. Wyckoff.
65, 66, Daniel A. Holmes.
65, 66, George Schenck.
66, William C. Browne.
67, 68, Charles Allen.
67, 68, Francis Corlies.
67, 68, Thomas S. R. Brown.
69, William H. Conover.
69, 70, Daniel H. Van Mater.
69, 70, Andrew Brown.
70—72, Austin H. Patterson.
71, William S. Horner.
71, 72, John T. Haight.
72, Wm. B. Hendrickson.
73, 74, John B. Gifford.
73, 74, John S. Sproul.
73—75, George W. Patterson.
75, 76, Chas. D. Hendrickson.
75, 76, William V. Conover.
76, 77, James L. Rue.
77, James H. Leonard.
77, 78, William H. Bennett.
78, George J. Ely.
78, 79, Arthur Wilson.
79, 80, 87, Sherman B. Oviatt.
79, 80, 92, 93, John D. Honce.
80, 81, 87, 88, G. H. Lufburrow.
81, Holmes W. Murphy.
81, 82, David A. Bell.
82, Benjamin Griggs.
82, 83, Peter Forman, Jr.
83, 84, Alfred B. Stoney.
83, 84, Thomas G. Chattle.
84, 85, Charles H. Boud.
85, William H. Grant.
85, 86, Frank E. Heyer.
86, William Pintard.
86, 87, W. S. Throckmorton.
88, 89, Edward B. Potts.
88, 89, Archibald A. Higgins.
89, William F. Patterson.
90, 91, Aaron E. Johnston.
90, 91, William D. Campbell.
90, 91, Charles H. Ivins.
92, 93, John D. Honce.
92, 93, Reuben G. Strahan.
92, 93, William Taber Parker.
94, Charles L. Walters.
94, Richard Borden.
94, 95, David D. Denise.
95, 96, Charles A. Francis.
95, 96, George B. Snyder.
96, Alfred Walling, Jr.
97, William H. Reid.
97, Oliver H. Brown.
97, Daniel E. Van Wickle.
98, 99, Joseph L. Butcher.
98, 99, Joseph C. Heyer.
98, 99, B. Drummond Woolley.
1900, 01, Charles R. Snyder.
1900, 01, Sam'l W. Kirkbride.
1900, 01, William Hyres.
02, William T. Hoffman.
02, Somers T. Champion.
02, 03, John A. Howland.
03, 04, Charles F. McDonald.
03, 04, Amzi M. Posten.

*Died in office.

04, William F. Lefferson.
05, 06, Edgar I. VanderVeer.
05, 06, Walter S. Reed.
05, 06, George C. Henry.
07, Isaac B. Davison.
07, T. Nelson Lillagore.
07, Frank J. Manson.
08, Wilbert A. Beecroft.
08, David E. Tantum.
08, John W. Keough.
09, 10, Joseph D. Bedle.
09, 10, Monroe V. Poole.
09, 10, Peter Vredenburgh.
11, Jas. A. Hendrickson.
11, 12, 16, 17, Elmer H. Geran.
11, 12, 13, *Leon R. Taylor.
13, 14, William E. Mount.
14, William Winans.
15—17, Harry G. Van Note.
15, John Thomson.
18, 19, T. Lloyd Lewis.
18—20, Dallas G. Young.
20, Richard W. Stout.

Morris County.

45, Timothy Kitchel.
45, 46, Matthias Kitchel.
45, 46, Henry Seward.
45, 46, George H. Thompson.
46, 47, Calvin Howell.
47, Richard Lewis.
47, Charles McFarland.
47, Samuel Hilts.
48, 49, Andrew I. Smith.
48, 49, David T. Cooper.
48, 49, Samuel Van Ness.
48, 49, Edward W. Whelpley.
50, John L. Kanouse.
50, Andrew Cobb.
50, Freeman Wood.
50, George H. Thompson.
51, Horace Chamberlain.
51, Jonathan P. Bartley.
51, Josiah Meeker.
51, 52, Cornelius B. Doremus.
52, 53, C. S. Dickerson.
52, 53, John D. Jackson.
52, 53, Robert Albright.
53, John L. Kanouse.
54, Andrew B. Cobb.
54, 55, William P. Conkling.
54, 55, William Logan.
54, 55, Aaron Pitney.
55, 56, Edward Howell.
56, Wm. M. Muchmore.
56, 57, William A. Carr.
56, 57, Daniel Budd.
57, 58, Benjamin M. Felch.
57, 58, Richard Speer.
58, 59, Lyman A. Chandler.
58, 59, John Naughright.
59, A. H. Stansborough.
59, 60, James H. Ball.
60, Eugene Ayres.
60—62, Nelson H. Drake.
60—62, Nathan Horton.
61, William W. Beach.
61, 62, John Hill.
62, 63, Jacob Vanatta.
63, William J. Wood.
63—65, Jesse Hoffman.
64, Henry C. Sanders.
64, 65, John Bates.
65, Alfred M. Treadwell.
66, John Hill.
66, 67, James C. Yawger.
66, 67, Elias M. White.
67, Lewis Estler.
68, Daniel Coghlan.
68, George Gage.
68—70, Jesse M. Sharp.
69, 70, Theodore W. Phoenix.
69, 70, Columbus Beach.
71, 72, Nathaniel Niles.
71, 72, W. B. Lefevre.
71—73, August C. Canfield.
73, 74, W. H. Howell.
73, 74, Jacob Z. Budd.
74—76, Elias M. Skellinger.
75, 76, James C. Youngblood.
75, 76, Edmund D. Halsey.
77, Abm. C. Van Duyne.
77, **Cummins O. Cooper.
77, 78, C. P. Garrabrant.
78, Francis J. Doremus.
78, Joshua S. Salmon.
79, 80, Charles F. Axtell.
79, 80, James H. Bruen.
79, 80, Holloway W. Hunt.
81, 82, William C. Johnson.
81, 82, 91, 92, John F. Post.
81, 82, Oscar Lindsley.
83, 84, James H. Neighbour.
83, 84, Amzi F. Weaver.
83—85, George W. Jenkins.
85, 86, John Seward Wills.
85, 86, Elias C. Drake.
86, 87, John Norwood.
87, 88, Samuel S. Lyon.
87, 88, John R. Pitney.
88, 89, Carnot B. Meeker.
89, 90, John Norris.
89, 90, William S. Naurright.

*Became Acting Governor in '13.

**In 1878, Cummins O. Cooper was unseated by Joshua S. Salmon.

90, 91, Jas. Preston Albright.
91, 92, Ford D. Smith.
93, Thomas J. O'Brien.
93, Sylvester Utter.
94, 95, Charles A. Baker.
94, 95, William C. Bates.
96, 97, Charles F. Hopkins.
96, 97, Joseph B. Righter.
98, 99, George E. Poole.
98—1900, Jacob W. Welsh.
1900, 01, Samuel L. Garrison.
01, 02, Chas. R. Whitehead.
02, 03, William T. Brown.
03, 04, Thomas J. Hillery.
04, 05, Charles A. Baker.
05, 06, John M. Mills.
06, 07, Richard J. Chaplin.
07, 08, Henry W. Buxton.
08, 09, James A. Lyon.
09, 10, Oscar B. Smith.
10, 12, William F. Birch.
11, Albert Bunn.
11, Eugene S. Burke.
12, Joseph G. Willis.
13, James J. Lyons.
13, Edward D. Neighbour.
14—16, 19, George W. Downs.
14—16, Harry W. Mutchler.
17, 18, Jacob J. Vreeland.
17, 18, Arthur Whitney.
19, 20, David Young.
20, Fletcher L. Fritts.

Ocean County.

51—53, Joel Haywood.
54, A. O. S. Havens.
55, 56, William F. Brown.
57—59, Edwin Salter.
60, Thomas W. Ivins.
61, Charles H. Applegate.
62, Ephraim Emson.
63, Edwin Salter.
64, 65, Jacob Birdsall.
66, 67, Job Edwards.
68, 69, G. W. Cowperthwaite.
70, 71, Albert M. Bradshaw.
72, Richard B. Parker.
73, John S. Shultze.
74, Edward M. Lonan.
75, 87, 88, 89, J. S. Goble.
76, Ephraim P. Emson.
77, Isaac A. Van Hise.
78—80, Rufus Blodgett.
81, William H. Bennett.
82, Clifford Horner.
83, George T. Cranmer.
84, Augustus W. Irons.
85, 86, George G. Smith.
90—92, Adolph Ernst.
93, 94, John T. Burton.
95, 96, Abraham Lower.
97, 98, Roderick A. Clark.
99—1901, Courtney C. Carr.
02, George W. Holman, Jr.
03, William J. Harrison.
04, 05, Cornelius C. Pearce.
06, George C. Warren.
07, Samuel S. Taylor.
08, 09, 10, Benj. H. Crosby.
11, 12, Harry E. Newman.
13—16, David G. Conrad.
17—19, Harry T. Hagaman.
20, Woodburn S. Cranmer.

Passaic County.

45, 46, George W. Colfax.
45, 46, Chileon F. De Camp.
47, Abm. Prall.
47, 48, Henry M. Van Ness.
48, John M. Demarest.
49, Oscar Decker.
49, 50, C. S. Van Wagoner.
50, 51, Thomas D. Hoxsey.
51, 52, Benjamin Geroe.
52, 54, John L. Laroe.
52, J. S. Fayerweather.
53, J. V. R. Van Blarcom.
53, Cornelius Van Winkle.
53, 54, Philip Rafferty.
54, Charles H. May.
55, William C. Stratton.
55, William M. Morrell.
55, 56, John Schoonmaker.
56, Peter H. Whritenor.
56—58, Benj. Buckley.
57, John J. Brown.
57, James B. Beam.
58, Patrick Magennis.
58, 59, Richard Van Houten.
59, Joel M. Johnson.
59—61, Samuel Pope.
60, Isaac Stagg.
60, 61, Isaac P. Cooley.
61, 62, Socrates Tuttle.
62—66, John N. Terhune.
62—66, Chandler D. Norton.
63, Samuel Pope.
63, 64, Joseph N. Taylor.
63, 64, Charles F. Johnson.
64, 65, Aaron Kinter.
65, 66, Garret Van Wagoner.
65, 66, Isaac D. Blauvelt.
67, E. A. Stansbury.
67, 68, David Henry.
67, 68, Joseph R. Baldwin.
68, 69, A. A. Van Voorhees.
69, 70, Hugh Reid.
69, 70, 72, C. Hemmingway.
70, Henry Hobbs.

70, Charles P. Gurnee.
71, 72, 75, Robert M. Torbet.
71, 78, 79, John O'Brien.
72, 73, Henry McDanolds.
73, George Barnes.
73, 74, Garret A. Hobart.
74, 75, David Henry.
74, 75, John P. Zeluff.
76, 77, John W. Griggs.
76, 77, John Sanderson.
76, 77, Jos. L. Cunningham.
78, John Kennell.
78, 79, John H. Robinson.
79, 80, George W. Conkling.
80, 81, Robert B. Morehead.
80, 81, Thomas B. Vreeland.
81, Jacob Latus.
82, Joseph A. Greaves.
82, 83, Patrick H. Shields.
82, 83, William F. Gaston.
82—85, 92, 93, 94, Thos. Flynn.
83, 84, Clark W. Mills.
84, William Prall.
84, Cornelius A. Cadmus.
85, 86, John Scheele.
85, 86, De Witt C. Bolton.
85, 86, George H. Low.
86, William B. Gourley.
87, 88, George Law.
87, John Donohue.
87, Robert A. Carroll.
87, 88, 89, James Keys.
88, James H. Rogers.
88, Eugene Emley.
89, John I. Holt.
89, Chas. T. Woodward.
89, William W. Welch.
90, Thomas McCran.
90, 91, John King.
90, 91, John F. Kerr.
90, 91, Robert Williams.
91, Richard Carroll.
92, James Parker.
92, 93, Frank Gledhill.
92, 93, John F. Smith.
93, 94, John I. Holt.
94, John McKelvey.
94, William I. Lewis.
95, Samuel Frederick.
95, 96, James Robertson.
95, 96, Samuel Bullock.
95, 96, 97, 99, 1900, John King.
96—98, Henry W. Gledhill.
97, Frank Atherton.
97, Phineas Bridge.
98, 99, Wood McKee.
98, 99, John W. Sturr.
98, John Donohue.
99—01, Vivian M. Lewis.
1900, Richard Berry.
00—03, Edmund G. Stalter.
01, 02, Wm. B. Davidson.
01—03, Hiram Keasler.
02, Raymond Bogert.
02, 03, 04, F. W. Van Blarcom.
03, Anton L. Pettersen.
03—05, George H. Dalrymple.
04, Jacob De Lazier.
04, 05, Ernest Shaw.
04, 05, 10, 11, Thos. R. Layden.
05, 06, George F. Wright.
05, 06, Henry Marelli.
06, Arthur M. Smethurst.
06, 08, 09, John D. Prince.
06, Colin R. Wise.
07, William A. Merz.
07, Abram Klenert.
07, Frank A. Pawelski.
07, Henry J. Earle.
07, John D. Van Blarcom.
08, 09, 10, 11, 12, Amos H. Radcliffe
08, Samuel McCoid.
08, 09, William B. Burpo.
08, Henry C. Whitehead.
09, 10, Edward T. Moore.
09, James G. Blauvelt.
10, 11, 12, Thomas F. McCran.
10, 11, 12, Leonard Pikaart.
11, Arthur P. Jackson.
12, William W. Watson.
12, G. H. Vermuelen.
13, Robert F. Buckley.
13, James E. Kerwin.
13, Robert A. Roe.
13, James Matthews.
13, Joseph A. Delaney.
14, 15, William J. Barbour.
14—17, George H. Dalrymple.
14, 15, William Hughes.
14—16, John Hunter.
14—17, Edmund B. Randall.
16, John H. Adamson.
16, Josiah Dadley.
17, Clinton D. Ackerman.
17—20, Henry G. Hershfield.
17—20, Fred J. Tattersall.
18, 19, Thomas Foxhall, Jr.
18—20, William R. Rogers.
18, Albin Smith.
19, 20, William W. Evans.
20, Grover P. Heinzmann.

Salem County.

45, David Wiley.
45, Isaiah Conklyn.
45, Robert Hewitt.
46, Ephraim Carel.
46, Charles Bilderback.
46, George Remster.
47, Joseph M. Springer.
47, James Vanmeter.
47, 48, Joseph Foster.
48, Benj. F. McCollister.

48, Joseph R. Chew.
49, James H. Trenchard.
49, Isaac Lippincott.
49, John Fowler.
50, Charles B. Newell.
50, David Sithens.
50, Benjamin Remster.
51, Smith Bilderback.
51, Charles Benner.
51, Harman Richman.
52, Jacob Hitchner.
52, John C. Lummis.
53, Nathaniel G. Swing.
53, John Blackwood.
54, Isaiah D. Clawson.
54, Richard Grier.
55, Joshua Thompson.
55, John Harris.
56, Joseph Kille.
56, Samuel Plummer.
57, William Beckett.
57—59, Thomas B. Jones.
58, 59, Alfred Simpkins.
60, Samuel Habermayer.
60, 61, Joshua Lippincott.
61, Owen L. Jones.
62, William P. Somers.
62, Samuel D. Miller.
63, Joseph Waddington.
63, 64, Joseph W. Cooper.
64, William N. Hancock.
65, William Callahan.
65, 66, A. M. P. V. H. Dickeson.
66, 67, Samuel Garrison.
67, John S. Newell.
68, Henry M. Wright.
68, 69, Andrew S. Reeves.
69, 70, Charles F. H. Gray.
70, David Evans.
71, John W. Dickinson.
71, John Hitchner.
72, Smith Hewitt.
72, 73, Daniel P. Darrell.
73, 74, William Izard.
74, 75, William B. Carpenter.
75, Charles P. Swing.
76, Richard Coles.
76—78, Quinton Keasbey.
77, John S. Elwell.
78, William C. Kates.
79—81, Henry Barber.
79—81, John T. Garwood.
82—84, Henry Combs.
85, 86, Joseph D. Whitaker.
87, William Newell.
88, Millard F. Riley.
89, 90, John C. Ward.
91, 92, James Strimple.
93, 94, William Diver.
95, 96, Charles W. Powers.
97, 98, Joseph E. Crispen.
99, Frank Wright.
1900, 01, Henry J. Blohm.
02, John Tyler.
03, Ephraim C. Harris.
04—06, Thomas E. Hunt.
07, 08, 10, Samuel A. Ridgway.
09, John D. Schade.
11, Chas. L. Richmond.
12, 13, Isaac S. Smick.
14, William M. Wheatley.
15—17, Lemuel H. Greenwood.
18, 19, Charles B. Robinson, Sr.
20, William S. Stiles.

Somerset County.

45, Peter Voorhees.
45, Samuel Reynolds.
45, Peter Kline.
46, James B. Elmendorf.
46, 47, Peter T. Beekman.
46, Jonathan Cory.
47—49, Samuel K. Martin.
47—49, F. V. D. Voorhees.
48—50, John M. Wyckoff.
50, Samuel S. Doty.
50, 51, 53, John De Mott.
51, Frederick D. Brokaw.
51, 52, Eugene S. Doughty.
52, Michael R. Nevius.
53, 54, John H. Anderson.
54—56, John S. Hoagland.
55, Alvah Lewis.
56, 57, Cornelius M. Schomp.
57, Cornelius N. Allen.
58, 59, Nehemiah V. Steele.
58, 59, 60, Elisha B. Wood.
60, 61, 70, J. W. Arrowsmith.
61—63, John G. Schenck.
62, 63, John M. Mann.
64, 65, Daniel Corey.
64, 65, 66, Rynier A. Staats.
66, 67, Ralph Davenport.
67, Peter A. Voorhees.
68, Abraham T. Huff.
68, 69, John J. Bergen.
69—71, John R. Staats.
71, James Doty.
72, 73, David D. Smalley.
72, 73, 74, Jno. G. Schenck.
74, 75, William P. Sutphin.
75—77, Joseph H. Voorhees.
76, 77, 91, 92, Jas. J. Bergen.
78—80, John Ringelmann.
78—80, J. Newton Voorhees.
81, John L. Oakey.
81, 82, William A. Schomp.
83, 84, Cornelius S. Hoffman.
85, 86, John Vetterlein.
87, George E. Pace.
88, Oscar Conkling.
89, 90, Jacob Klotz.

93, George H. Cramer.
94, 95, Frank W. Somers.
96, Charles A. Reed.
97, 98, Peter V. D. Van Doren.
99, 1900, Edward E. Cooper.
01, 02, Henry W. Hoagland.
03, 04, Sam'l S. Swackhamer.
05, 06, Irving Hoagland.
07, 08, 09, 10, Wm. W. Smalley.
11, Geo. M. La Monte.
12, William de La Roche Anderson.
13, 14, Azariah M. Beekman.
15, 16, Ogden H. Hammond.
17—19, John S. Amerman.
20, David Hastings.

Sussex County.

45, Absalom Dunning.
45, Jesse Bell..
45, Timothy H. Cook.
46, John Hunt.
46, 47, Peter Young.
46—48, Thos. D. Armstrong.
47—49, Peter Hoyt.
48—50, Jacob Hornbeck, Jr.
49, Martin Ryerson.
50, 51, Guy Price.
50, 51, William Simonson.
51, Daniel D. Decker.
52, George W. Collver.
52—54, Timothy E. Shay.
52, 55, Aaron K. Stinson.
53, 54, Benjamin Hamilton.
53, 54, Luther Hill.
55, James L. Decker.
55—57, Daniel D. Gould.
56—58, William Smith.
56—58, John W. Opdyke.
58, Sanford McKeeby.
59, 60, Martin Cole.
59, 60, 61, Charles Mackerly.
59, 60, 61, Daniel D. Decker.
61, William Price.
62, Thomas N. McCarter.
62—64, William H. Bell.
63, 64, Robert Hamilton.
65, Samuel Fowler.
65—67, William M. Iliff.
66, 67, 73, 74, F. M. Ward.
68—70, Hiram C. Clark.
68—70, Samuel H. Hunt.
71, Peter Smith.
71, 72, Lebbeus Martin.
75, 76, William Owen.
77, 78, George Greer.
79—81, Lewis J. Martin.
82—84, William E. Ross.
85—87, Horatio N. Kinney.
88—90, Andrew J. Bale.
91—93, Jacob Swartwout.
94—96, William P. Coursen.
97, Horace E. Rude.
98, 99, 1900, Elvin E. Smith.
1901, Theodore M. Roe.
02, 03, 04, Lewis S. Iliff.
05, Vacancy.*
06—08, Levi H. Morris.
09, 10, 11, 12, Chas. A. Meyer.
13, 14, 15, Henry T. Kays.
16, Edward Ackerson.
17, 18, Philip S. Wilson.
19, Harold M. Simpson.
20, Hugh C. Baldwin.

Union County.

58, Benjamin M. Price.
58, Carmon Parse.
59, William Stiles.
59, 60, Elston Marsh.
60, 61, David Mulford.
61, Israel O. Maxwell.
62, John J. High.
62, 63, Samuel L. Moore.
63, 64, Noah Woodruff.
64, 65, Philip Dougherty.
65, Joseph T. Crowell.
66, John R. Crane.
66, Thomas J. Lee.
67, A. M. W. Ball.
67, Enos W. Runyon.
68, 69, John H. Whelan.
68, 69, DeWitt C. Hough.
70, Albert A. Drake.
70, 71, 75, Ferd. Blancke.
71, Joseph W. Yates.
72, Andrew Dutcher.
72—74, William McKinley.
72, 73, John H. Lufberry.
73, Jabez B. Cooley.
74, 75, William H. Gill.
74, 75, Elias R. Pope.
76, 77, Moses F. Cary.
76, 77, Benjamin A. Vail.
76—78, John Egan.
78, Joseph B. Coward.
78—80, George M. Stiles.
79, 80, Philip H. Vernon.
79—82, John T. Dunn.
81, 82, George T. Parrott.
81—83, Frank L. Sheldon.
83, 84, Edward J. Byrnes.
83, 84, Asa T. Woodruff.
84, DeWitt C. Hough.

*Jackson R. Decker was elected, but died before meeting of Legislature.

85, Jacob Kirkner.
85, 86, Peter L. Hughes.
85—87, William H. Corbin.
86, 87, Wm. Chamberlain.
87, 88, John J. Matthews.
88—90, Foster M. Voorhees.
88—90, John Ulrich.
89, 90, Frederick C. Marsh.
91, 92, John Carroll.
91—93, George Kyte.
91—93, Thomas F. Lane.
93, Timothy M. Kelly.
94, 95, John N. Burger.
94, 95, Joseph Cross.
94, 95, Charles N. Codding.
96, 97, Henry Clauss.
96, 97, J. Martin Roll.
96, 97, William R. Codington.
98, 99, George A. Squire.
98, 99, Roger F. Murray.
98, 99, Robert G. Houston.
1900, 01, Ellis R. Meeker.
1900, 01, Chester M. Smith.
1900, 01, Charles S. Foote.
02, Frederick Miller.
02, 03, William Newcorn.
02, 03, William F. Hall.
03, 05, Edward S. Coyne.
04, Charles L. Moffett.
04, Joseph T. Hague.
04, Joseph H. Gunn.
05—07, Peter Tillman.
05—07, *Randolph Perkins.
06, Everard K. Tucker.
07, 08, John R. Moxon.
08, 09, 10, Carlton B. Pierce.
08, 09, Albert F. Kirstein.
09, 10, Augustus W. Schwartz.
10, 11, Lloyd Thompson.
11, Calvin E. Brodhead.
11, 13, H. J. McLaughlin.
12, William F. Groves.
12, George C. Otto.
12, George L. Babcock.
13, 14, William A. Leonard.
13, 14, John J. Griffin.
14, Francis V. Dobbins.
15—17, William N. Runyon.
15—19, Charles L. Morgan.
15—20, Arthur N. Pierson.
18—20, Arthur E. Warner.
20, Sidney W. Eldridge.

Warren County.

45, Abram Wildrick.
45, Stephen Warne.
45, 46, Robert C. Caskey.
46—48, Jonathan Shotwell.
46—48, Amos H. Drake.
47—49, Samuel Mayberry.
49—51, Andrew Ribble.
49—51, Benjamin Fritts.
50, 51, 53, John Loller.
52, John Cline.
52—54, John Sherrer.
52—54, David V. C. Crate.
54—56, George H. Beatty.
55—57, Archibald Osborn.
55—57, John White.
57—59, Isaac Leida.
58, Abm. S. Van Horn.
58, 59, William Felt.
59—61, Robert Rusling.
60, Philip Shoemaker.
60—62, John C. Bennett.
61, 63, David Smith.
62—64, William W. Strader.
63—65, Elijah Allen.
64—66, Charles G. Hoagland.
65, 66, Silas Young.
66—68, Andrew J. Fulmer.
67, 68, John N. Givens.
67—69, Nelson Vliet.
69—71, Absalom B. Pursell.
69—71, Caleb H. Valentine.
70—72, William Silverthorn.
72—74, Valentine Mutchler.
73—75, Joseph Anderson.
75, John M. Wyckoff.
76, William Carpenter.
76—78, Elias J. Mackey.
77—79, Silas W. De Witt.
79—81, Coursen H. Albertson.
80—82, William Fritts.
82, Robert Bond.
83—85, Stephen C. Larison.
83—85, Isaac Wildrick.
86, Thomas L. Titus.
86, 87, William M. Baird.
87—89, Samuel B. Mutchler.
88—91, Elphalet Hoover.
90—92, Daniel W. Hagerty.
92—94, L. Milton Wilson.
93, Richard H. Sheppard.
94, 95, Samuel V. Davis.
95, George W. Smith.
96—98, Alfred L. Flummerfelt.
96—98, William K. Bowers.
99—1901, Hiram D. White.
99—1901, Jacob B. Smith.
02, William R. Laire.
03—05, John A. Wildrick.
06—08, Joseph H. Firth.
09, Harry B. Moon.
10, 11, George B. Cole.
12, 13, 14, Henry O. Carhart.
15—18, Alonzo D. Herrick.
19, 20, Thomas A. Shields.

*Elected to fill vacancy caused by death of George H. Embree in 1905.

NEW JERSEY CENSUS.

Population by Minor Civil Divisions, 1920, 1915, 1910, Official.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

	1920	*1915*	*1910*
Absecon City	702	870	781
Atlantic City	50,707	51,667	46,150
Ward 1 13,497			
Ward 2 9,833			
Ward 3 11,028			
Ward 4 16,349			
Buena Vista Township	3,647	3,599	2,723
East Atlantic City	12	20	67
Egg Harbor City	2,622	2,416	2,181
Egg Harbor Township	1,360	1,856	1,110
Folsom Borough	217	266	232
Gallaway Township	2,115	2,115	1,976
Hamilton Township	2,406	2,432	2,271
Hammonton Town	6,417	5,896	5,088
Linwood Borough	638	610	602
Longport Borough	100	143	118
Margate City	249	291	129
Mullica Township	1,166	967	811
Northfield City	1,127	968	866
Pleasantville City	5,887	4,863	4,390
Ward 1 3,184			
Ward 2 2,703			
Port Republic City	340	422	405
Somers Point City	843	790	604
Ventnor City	2,193	1,676	491
Weymouth Township	1,166	973	899
	83,914	82,840	71,894

BERGEN COUNTY.

Allendale Borough	1,165	1,121	937
Alpine Borough	350	533	377
Bergenfield Borough	3,667	2,924	1,991
Bogota Borough	3,906	2,341	1,125
Carlstadt Borough	4,472	4,137	3,807
Cliffside Park Borough	5,709	4,778	3,394
Closter Borough	1,840	1,735	1,483
Cresskill Borough	942	922	550
Delford Borough	1,286	1,244	1,005
Demarest Borough	654	588	560

	1920	1915	1910
Dumont Borough	2,537	2,278	1,783
East Paterson Borough	2,441	.....	.....
East Rutherford Borough	5,463	4,576	4,275
Edgewater Borough	3,530	3,150	2,655
Emerson Borough	973	906	767
Englewood City	11,627	11,071	9,924
Ward 1 1,806			
Ward 2 2,211			
Ward 3 3,963			
Ward 4 3,647			
Englewood Cliffs Borough	594	532	410
Fairview Borough	4,882	4,016	2,441
Fort Lee Borough	5,761	5,288	4,472
Franklin Township	1,671	2,238	1,954
Garfield City	19,381	15,455	10,213
Ward 1 5,111			
Ward 2 4,499			
Ward 3 5,117			
Ward 4 4,654			
Glen Rock Borough	2,181	1,689	1,055
Hackensack Town*	17,667	15,856	14,050
Ward 1 5,884			
Ward 2 3,364			
Ward 3 3,061			
Ward 4 3,374			
Ward 5 1,984			
Harrington Park Borough	627	551	377
Hasbrouck Heights Borough	2,895	2,424	2,155
Haworth Borough	748	733	588
Hillsdale Township	1,720	1,444	1,072
Hohokus Borough	586	561	488
Hohokus Township	2,081	2,428	1,881
Leonia Borough	2,979	2,132	1,486
Little Ferry Borough	2,715	2,729	2,541
Lodi Borough	8,175	6,379	4,138
Lodi Township	987	904	693
Lyndhurst Township (Formerly Union.)	9,515	7,299	4,076
Maywood Borough	1,618	1,309	889
Midland Township	2,203	1,884	1,480
Midland Park Borough	2,243	2,130	2,001
Montvale Borough	779	728	522
Moonachie Borough	1,194	993	638
North Arlington Borough	1,767	1,079	437
Northvale Borough†	827	785	588
Norwood Borough	820	680	564
Oakland Borough	497	628	568

*Hackensack Town coextensive with New Barbadoes Township.

†Formerly Harrington Township.

	1920	1915	1910
Old Tappan Borough	404	323	305
Palisades Township	1,768	1,592	1,141
Palisades Park Borough	2,633	2,264	1,411
Park Ridge Borough	1,481	1,643	1,401
Ramsey Borough	2,090	1,973	1,667
Ridgefield Borough	1,560	1,187	966
Ridgefield Park Village, coextensive with Overpeck Township.	8,575	7,000	4,512
Ridgewood Village, coextensive with Ridgewood Township..	7,580	6,729	5,416
Riverside Borough	1,077	949	736
Rivervale Township	583	530	450
Rutherford Borough	9,497	8,347	7,045
Saddle River Borough	506	555	483
Saddle River Township	2,845	4,014	3,047
Teaneck Township	4,192	3,254	2,082
Tenafly Borough	5,650	2,999	2,756
Teterboro Borough	24	....	....
Upper Saddle River Borough...	251	364	273
Waldwick Borough*	1,296	1,167	970
Wallington Borough	5,715	4,071	3,448
Washington Township	194	218	100
Westwood Borough	2,597	2,217	1,870
Woodcliff Lake Borough	587	522	470
Woodridge Borough	1,923	1,500	1,043
	210,703	178,596	138,002

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

Bass River Township	612	735	685
Beverly City	2,562	2,450	2,140
Beverly Township	2,794	2,719	2,337
Bordentown City	4,371	4,095	4,250
Bordentown Township	596	529	608
Burlington City	9,049	9,044	8,336
Ward 1 1,444			
Ward 2 2,318			
Ward 3 2,529			
Ward 4 2,758			
Burliington Township	1,520	1,424	1,220
Chester Township	7,273	6,061	5,069
Chesterfield Township	1,133	1,228	1,130
Cinnaminson Township	1,587	1,585	1,266
Delran Township	1,475	1,409	1,031
Easthampton Township	539	486	508

*Formerly Orvil Township.

	1920	1915	1910
Evesham Township	1,284	1,396	1,408
Fieldsboro Borough	530	510	480
Florence Township	7,100	6,240	4,731
Lumberton Township	1,571	1,854	1,768
Mansfield Township	1,517	1,597	1,526
Medford Township	1,891	1,978	1,903
Mount Laurel Township	1,657	1,736	1,573
New Hanover Township	586	932	948
North Hanover Township	651	692	696
Northampton Township*	5,901	5,657	5,652
Palmyra Township	3,834	3,295	2,801
Pemberton Borough	800	793	797
Pemberton Township	1,444	1,865	1,679
Riverside Township	6,018	5,465	4,011
Riverton Borough	2,341	2,141	1,788
Shamong Township	414	500	483
Southampton Township	1,641	1,848	1,778
Springfield Township	1,223	1,329	1,278
Tabernacle Township	431	479	487
Washington Township	500	672	597
Westhampton Township	478	612	564
Willingboro Township	601	703	562
Woodland Township	548	678	475
Wrightstown Borough†	5,288	.....	.....
	81,770	74,737	66,565

CAMDEN COUNTY.

Audubon Borough	4,740	3,009	1,343
Barrington Borough	1,333	.....	.....
Berlin Township	2,093	2,076	1,611
Camden City	116,309	102,215	94,538
Ward 1	7,342		
Ward 2	7,444		
Ward 3	5,759		
Ward 4	4,840		
Ward 5	8,381		
Ward 6	7,894		
Ward 7	10,929		
Ward 8	15,839		
Ward 9	7,258		
Ward 10	9,616		
Ward 11	8,421		
Ward 12	8,886		
Ward 13	13,700		
Center Township	4,004	3,710	3,200

*Includes Mount Holly, unincorporated.
†Includes population (5,018) of Camp Dix.

	1920	1915	1910
Chesilhurst Borough	287	314	246
Clementon Township	3,491	2,605	2,794
Collingswood Borough	8,714	6,600	4,795
Delaware Township	2,331	2,227	1,706
Gloucester City	12,162	10,554	9,462
Ward 1 4,834			
Ward 2 7,328			
Gloucester Township	3,097	2,764	2,380
Haddon Township	2,708	2,082	1,465
Haddon Heights Borough	2,950	2,297	1,452
Haddonfield Borough	5,646	5,077	4,142
Laurel Springs Borough	911	791	.....
Magnolia Borough	1,245	977	.....
Merchantville Borough	2,749	2,242	1,996
Oaklyn Borough	1,148	793	653
Pensauken Township	6,474	5,213	4,169
Voorhees township	1,305	1,330	1,174
Waterford Township	1,917	1,936	1,484
Winslow Township	3,379	3,531	2,919
Woodlynne Borough	1,515	878	500
	190,508	163,221	142,029

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

Avalon Borough	197	323	230
Cape May City	2,999	2,513	2,471
Cape May Point Borough	121	170	162
Dennis Township	1,639	1,804	1,751
Lower Township	1,096	1,271	1,188
Middle Township	2,760	3,383	2,974
North Wildwood Borough	807	1,088	833
Ocean City	2,512	3,721	1,950
Sea Isle City	564	955	551
South Cape May Borough	10	19	7
Stone Harbor Borough	159	459	.....
Upper Township	1,272	1,589	1,483
West Cape May Borough	967	1,068	844
Wildwood City	2,790	3,858	.....
Wildwood Crest Borough	161	317	103
Woodbine Borough	1,406	1,869	2,399
Holly Beach Borough	.....	.....	1,901
Wildwood Borough	.....	.....	898
	19,460	24,407	19,745

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Bridgeton City	14,323	13,611	14,209
Ward 1 2,313			
Ward 2 3,502			

	1920	1915	1910
Ward 3 3,372			
Ward 4 3,200			
Ward 5 1,936			
Commercial Township	2,292	2,624	2,604
Deerfield Township	3,153	3,621	3,311
Downe Township	1,322	1,570	1,519
Fairfield Township	1,514	1,621	1,629
Greenwich Township	966	1,147	1,145
Hopewell Township	1,844	1,807	1,818
Landis Township	10,035	8,658	6,435
Lawrence Township	1,549	1,801	1,746
Maurice River Township	2,016	2,221	2,124
Millville City	14,691	13,307	12,451
Ward 1 2,866			
Ward 2 2,169			
Ward 3 3,397			
Ward 4 3,190			
Ward 5 3,069			
Stowe Creek Township	844	962	880
Vineland Borough	6,799	6,531	5,282
	61,348	59,481	55,153

ESSEX COUNTY.

Belleville Town	15,660	11,996	9,891
Ward 1 5,380			
Ward 2 6,323			
Ward 3 3,951			
Bloomfield Town	22,019	17,306	15,070
Ward 1 8,354			
Ward 2 6,631			
Ward 3 7,034			
Caldwell Borough	3,993	3,409	2,236
Caldwell Township	717	782	704
Cedar Grove Township	3,181	2,979	2,409
East Orange City	50,710	40,961	34,371
Ward 1 6,653			
Ward 2 7,328			
Ward 3 15,956			
Ward 4 7,263			
Ward 5 13,510			
Essex Fells Borough	598	538	442
Glen Ridge Borough	4,620	4,153	3,260
Irvington Town	25,480	20,342	11,877
Ward 1 7,008			
Ward 2 7,344			
Ward 3 11,128			
Livingston Township	1,126	1,202	1,025
Millburn Township	4,633	4,372	3,720

		1920	1915	1910
Montclair Town		28,810	25,029	21,550
Ward 1	5,793			
Ward 2	5,177			
Ward 3	5,449			
Ward 4	6,812			
Ward 5	5,579			
Newark City		414,524	366,721	347,469
Ward 1	30,047			
Ward 2	17,014			
Ward 3	35,343			
Ward 4	12,450			
Ward 5	20,863			
Ward 6	20,335			
Ward 7	17,102			
Ward 8	31,077			
Ward 9	34,698			
Ward 10	22,754			
Ward 11	20,976			
Ward 12	25,426			
Ward 13	38,396			
Ward 14	36,112			
Ward 15	16,010			
Ward 16	35,921			
North Caldwell Borough		466	664	595
Nutley Town		9,421	7,987	6,009
Ward 1	3,742			
Ward 2	2,874			
Ward 3	2,805			
Orange City		33,268	29,805	29,630
Ward 1	8,327			
Ward 2	5,352			
Ward 3	8,158			
Ward 4	6,912			
Ward 5	4,519			
Roseland Borough		609	593	486
South Orange Township		5,283	4,676	2,979
South Orange Village		7,274	5,866	6,014
Verona Borough		3,039	2,643	1,675
West Caldwell Borough		1,085	690	494
West Orange Town		15,573	13,610	10,980
Ward 1	4,945			
Ward 2	3,101			
Ward 3	3,142			
Ward 4	986			
Ward 5	3,399			
		652,089	566,324	512,886

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

	1920	1915	1910
Clayton Borough	1,905	1,729	1,926
Deptford Township	2,224	1,800	2,524
East Greenwich Township	1,483	1,614	1,406
Elk Township	951	1,042	1,022
Franklin Township	3,448	3,008	2,603
Glassboro Borough	3,073	3,030	2,821
Greenwich Township	1,751	1,155	874
Harrison Township	1,633	1,793	1,682
Logan Township	1,510	1,521	1,523
Mantua Township	2,002	1,849	1,529
Monroe Township	3,292	3,490	3,015
National Park Borough	1,000	529	325
Paulsboro Borough	4,352	2,876	2,121
Pitman Borough	3,385	2,577	1,950
South Harrison Township	583	687	694
Swedesboro Borough	1,838	1,738	1,477
Washington Township	1,460	1,626	1,396
Wenonah Borough	918	821	645
West Deptford Township	1,781	1,728	2,057
Westville Borough	2,380	2,036	.....
Woodbury City	5,801	5,288	4,642
Ward 1 1,279			
Ward 2 2,756			
Ward 3 1,766			
Woodbury Heights Borough	481	339	.....
Woolwich Township	973	1,311	1,136
	48,224	43,587	37,368

HUDSON COUNTY.

Bayonne City	76,754	64,461	55,545
Ward 1 17,296			
Ward 2 17,772			
Ward 3 16,150			
Ward 4 13,203			
Ward 5 12,333			
East Newark Borough	3,057	2,873	3,163
Guttenberg Town	6,726	6,322	5,647
Harrison Town	15,721	14,520	14,498
Ward 1 4,438			
Ward 2 1,503			
Ward 3 4,617			
Ward 4 5,163			
Hoboken City	68,166	67,611	70,324
Ward 1 10,691			
Ward 2 9,848			
Ward 3 18,224			

	1920	1915	1910
Ward 4 14,050			
Ward 5 15,353			
Jersey City	298,103	270,903	267,779
Ward 1 17,738			
Ward 2 19,820			
Ward 3 16,893			
Ward 4 15,288			
Ward 5 18,136			
Ward 6 19,816			
Ward 7 39,193			
Ward 8 38,626			
Ward 9 29,410			
Ward 10 26,363			
Ward 11 27,594			
Ward 12 29,226			
Kearny Town	26,724	22,150	18,659
Ward 1 5,459			
Ward 2 9,093			
Ward 3 6,308			
Ward 4 5,864			
North Bergen Township	23,344	20,679	15,662
Secaucus Town	5,423	4,906	4,740
Ward 1 2,987			
Ward 2 977			
Ward 3 1,459			
Union Town	20,651	21,739	21,023
Ward 1 5,563			
Ward 2 5,775			
Ward 3 9,313			
Weehawken Township	14,485	13,488	11,228
West Hoboken Town	40,074	38,776	35,403
Ward 1 12,625			
Ward 2 15,245			
Ward 3 12,204			
West New York Town	29,926	22,943	13,560
Ward 1 14,416			
Ward 2 6,294			
Ward 3 9,216			
	629,154	571,371	537,231

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

Alexandria Township	938	1,093	1,045
Bethlehem Township	798	975	980
Bloomsbury Borough	650	630	600
Califon Borough	513	.....	.....
Clinton Town	950	841	836
Clinton Township	1,987	2,157	2,108
Delaware Township	1,705	1,941	1,740
East Amwell Township	1,102	1,251	1,203

	1920	1915	1910
Flemington Borough	2,590	2,635	.....
Franklin Township	980	1,141	1,099
Frenchtown Borough	1,104	983	984
Glen Gardner Borough	818	.....	.....
Hampton Borough	916	843	914
High Bridge Borough	1,795	1,700	1,545
Holland Township	911	975	1,699
Kingwood Township	1,160	1,241	1,265
Lambertville City	4,660	4,600	4,657
Lebanon Township	1,083	2,211	2,179
Milford Borough	656	687	.....
Raritan Township	1,677	1,896	4,003
Readington Township	2,525	2,648	2,569
Stockton Borough	519	613	605
Tewksbury Township	1,279	1,734	1,742
Union Township	834	1,054	930
West Amwell Township	735	848	866
	32,885	34,697	33,569

MERCER COUNTY.

East Windsor Township	733	839	941
Ewing Township	3,475	3,261	1,889
Hamilton Township	14,580	11,143	7,899
Hightstown Borough	2,674	2,592	1,879
Hopewell Borough	1,339	1,341	1,073
Hopewell Township	3,249	3,430	3,171
Lawrence Township	3,686	3,339	2,522
Pennington Borough	965	944	722
Princeton Borough	5,917	5,678	5,136
Princeton Township	1,424	1,414	1,178
Trenton City	119,289	103,190	96,815
Ward 1	5,800		
Ward 2	5,620		
Ward 3	6,375		
Ward 4	9,808		
Ward 5	14,366		
Ward 6	4,321		
Ward 7	4,780		
Ward 8	8,381		
Ward 9	8,145		
Ward 10	11,791		
Ward 11	15,240		
Ward 12	9,280		
Ward 13	8,990		
Ward 14	6,391		
Washington Township	1,161	1,215	1,090
West Windsor Township	1,389	1,426	1,342
	159,881	139,812	125,657

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

	1920	1915	1910
Cranbury Township	1,083	1,533	1,424
Dunellen Borough	3,394	2,877	1,990
East Brunswick Township	1,857	1,865	1,602
Helmetta Borough	687	767	661
Highland Park Borough	4,866	2,901	1,517
Jamesburg Borough	2,052	1,865	2,075
Madison Township	1,808	2,123	1,621
Metuchen Borough	3,334	2,692	2,138
Middlesex Borough	1,852	1,310	.....
Milltown Borough	2,573	1,902	1,584
Monroe Township	2,625	2,581	1,723
New Brunswick City	32,779	30,019	23,388
Ward 1 4,823			
Ward 2 7,370			
Ward 3 3,510			
Ward 4 5,387			
Ward 5 6,810			
Ward 6 4,879			
North Brunswick Township	1,399	1,247	990
Perth Amboy City	41,707	39,719	32,121
Ward 1 4,827			
Ward 2 3,202			
Ward 3 3,845			
Ward 4 8,872			
Ward 5 6,826			
Ward 6 14,135			
Piscataway Township	5,385	3,624	3,523
Plainsboro Township	460	.....	.....
Raritan Township	5,419	3,412	2,707
Roosevelt Borough	11,047	8,049	5,786
Sayreville Borough	7,181	6,312	5,783
South Amboy City	7,897	7,482	7,007
Ward 1 2,110			
Ward 2 1,813			
Ward 3 1,974			
Ward 4 2,000			
South Brunswick Township	2,206	2,929	2,443
South River Borough	6,596	6,691	4,772
Spottswood Borough	704	683	623
Woodbridge Township	13,423	12,133	8,948
	162,334	144,716	114,426

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

Allenhurst Borough	343	203	306
Allentown Borough	634	642	634
Asbury Park City	12,400	10,910	10,150

	1920	1915	1910
Ward 1 9,366			
Ward 2 3,034			
Atlantic Township	1,074	1,200	1,205
Atlantic Highlands Borough ..	1,629	1,771	1,645
Avon Borough	647	707	426
Belmar Borough	1,987	2,553	1,433
Bradley Beach Borough	2,307	2,236	1,807
Brielle Borough	392	.....	.....
Deal Borough	420	227	273
Eatontown Township	2,682	2,164	2,076
Englishtown Borough	641	605	468
Fair Haven Borough	1,295	1,490	.....
Farmingdale Borough	474	483	416
Freehold Town	4,768	3,622	3,233
Freehold Township	1,498	2,338	2,329
Highlands Borough	1,731	1,759	1,386
Holmdel Township	1,100	1,315	1,058
Howell Township	2,549	2,931	2,703
Keansburg Borough	1,321	.....	.....
Keyport Borough	4,415	4,019	3,554
Long Branch City	13,521	14,565	13,298
Ward 1 1,550			
Ward 2 2,565			
Ward 3 2,377			
Ward 4 2,983			
Ward 5 2,175			
Ward 6 1,871			
Manalapan Township	1,080	1,467	1,375
Manasquan Borough	1,705	1,817	1,582
Marlboro Township	1,710	1,842	1,754
Matawan Borough	1,910	1,771	1,646
Matawan Township	1,856	1,833	1,472
Middletown Township	5,917	7,795	6,653
Millstone Township	1,405	1,255	1,461
Monmouth Beach Borough	410	652	485
Neptune Township	6,470	6,774	5,551
Neptune City Borough	539	614	488
Ocean Township	1,581	1,405	1,377
Raritan Township	1,659	1,955	1,583
Red Bank Borough	9,251	8,631	7,398
Rumson Borough	1,658	1,583	1,449
Seabright Borough	856	1,327	1,220
Sea Girt Borough	110	.....	.....
Shrewsbury Township	1,944	2,315	3,238
Spring Lake Borough	1,009	1,393	853
Upper Freehold Township	1,737	2,064	2,053
Wall Township	3,324	4,338	3,817
West Long Branch Borough ...	966	1,065	879
	104,925	107,636	94,734

MORRIS COUNTY.

	1920	1915	1910
Boonton Town	5,372	5,207	4,930
Ward 1 1,371			
Ward 2 1,387			
Ward 3 1,575			
Ward 4 1,039			
Boonton Township	684	527	428
Butler Borough	2,886	2,534	2,265
Chatham Borough	2,421	2,207	1,874
Chatham Township	736	818	812
Chester Township	1,195	1,357	1,251
Denville Township	1,205	1,012	.....
Dover Town	9,803	8,971	7,468
Ward 1 2,162			
Ward 2 1,961			
Ward 3 2,376			
Ward 4 3,304			
Florham Park Borough	787	970	558
Hanover Township	8,531	8,121	6,228
Jefferson Township	1,226	1,186	1,303
Madison Borough	5,523	5,628	4,658
Mendham Borough	969	1,248	1,129
Mendham Township	699	845	792
Montville Township	1,515	1,719	1,944
Morris Township	2,607	3,034	3,161
Morristown Town	12,548	13,006	12,507
Ward 1 3,498			
Ward 2 4,402			
Ward 3 2,616			
Ward 4 2,032			
Mount Arlington Borough	213	397	277
Mount Olive Township	1,008	1,084	1,160
Netcong Borough	1,800	1,680	1,532
Passaic Township	2,373	2,457	2,165
Pequannock Township	2,291	2,313	1,921
Randolph Township	2,509	2,545	2,307
Rockaway Borough	2,655	2,224	1,902
Rockaway Township	3,506	3,264	4,835
Roxbury Township	2,976	2,514	2,414
Washington Township	1,779	2,055	1,900
Wharton Borough	2,877	2,591	2,983
	82,694	81,514	74,704

OCEAN COUNTY.

Barnegat City Borough	69	77	70
Bay Head Borough	273	492	281
Beach Haven Borough	329	434	272

	1920	1915	1910
Beachwood Borough	40	.....	.....
Berkeley Township	576	900	597
Brick Township	2,084	2,308	2,177
Dover Township	2,198	2,676	2,452
Eaglewood Township	420	525	550
Harvey Cedars Borough	65	47	33
Island Heights Borough	194	368	313
Jackson Township	1,268	1,465	1,325
Lacey Township	504	678	602
Lakewood Township	6,110	4,662	5,149
Lavallette Borough	117	174	42
Little Egg Harbor Township	410	474	388
Long Beach Township	106	105	107
Manchester Township	1,034	998	1,112
Mantoloking Borough	37	50	.....
Ocean Township	286	374	397
Ocean Gate Borough	69	.....	.....
Plumsted Township	1,276	1,186	1,123
Pooint Pleasant Beach Borough,	1,575	1,204	1,003
Seaside Heights Borough	154	252	.....
Seaside Park Borough	179	275	101
Stafford Township	830	933	934
Surf City Borough	43	44	40
Tuckerton Borough	1,106	1,312	1,268
Union Township	803	998	982
	22,155	23,011	21,318

PASSAIC COUNTY.

Bloomingdale Borough	2,193	.....	.....
Clifton City	26,470	20,822	11,869
Ward 1 4,651			
Ward 2 3,348			
Ward 3 4,853			
Ward 4 8,059			
Ward 5 5,559			
Haledon Borough	3,435	2,890	2,560
Hawthorne Borough	5,135	3,999	3,400
Little Falls Township	3,310	2,928	3,750
North Haledon Borough	887	834	749
Passaic City	63,841	61,225	54,773
Ward 1 20,860			
Ward 2 12,242			
Ward 3 8,520			
Ward 4 22,219			
Paterson City	135,875	124,815	125,600
Ward 1 16,829			
Ward 2 14,813			
Ward 3 15,579			

	1920	1915	1910
Ward 4 18,872			
Ward 5 8,997			
Ward 6 4,816			
Ward 7 10,944			
Ward 8 10,048			
Ward 9 13,889			
Ward 10 12,510			
Ward 11 8,578			
Pompton Lakes Borough	2,008	1,400	1,060
Prospect Park Borough	4,292	3,853	2,719
Ringwood Borough	1,025	.....	.....
Totowa Borough	1,864	1,493	1,130
Wanaque Borough	2,916	.....	.....
Wayne Township	2,302	2,625	2,281
West Milford Township	1,763	1,877	1,967
West Paterson Borough	1,858	1,535	.....
Pompton Township	.....	6,068	4,044
	259,174	236,364	215,902

SALEM COUNTY.

Alloway Township	1,431	1,500	1,533
Elmer Borough	1,115	1,143	1,167
Elsinboro Township	374	432	419
Lower Alloways Creek Twp....	1,084	1,289	1,252
Lower Penns Neck Township ..	2,149	1,605	1,544
Mannington Township	1,456	1,653	1,606
Oldmans Township	1,328	1,324	1,364
Pennsgrove Borough	6,060	4,412	2,118
Pilesgrove Township	1,770	1,763	1,786
Pittsgrove Township	1,842	2,169	2,394
Quinton Township	956	999	1,091
Salem City	7,435	6,953	6,614
East Ward 4,282			
West Ward 3,153			
Upper Penns Neck Township...	6,259	1,559	744
Upper Pittsgrove Township ...	1,724	1,984	1,754
Woodstown Borough	1,589	1,507	1,613
	36,572	30,292	26,999

SOMERSET COUNTY.

Bedminster Township	1,088	1,342	2,375
Bernards Township	4,243	5,057	4,608
Boundbrook Borough	5,906	5,152	3,970
Branchburg Township	931	1,034	970
Bridgewater Township	1,934	2,039	1,742

	1920	1915	1910
East Millstone Town	427	.....	356
Franklin Township	2,955	3,090	2,395
Hillsboro Township	5,124	3,183	2,313
Millstone Borough	178	154	157
Montgomery Township	2,082	1,961	1,637
North Plainfield Borough	6,916	6,037	6,117
North Plainfield Township	1,116	985	886
Peapack-Gladstone Borough	1,226	1,346	.....
Raritan Town	4,457	4,028	3,672
Rocky Hill Borough	305	470	502
Somerville Borough	6,718	6,038	5,060
South Boundbrook Borough	1,302	1,108	1,024
Warren Township	1,083	1,099	1,036
	47,991	44,123	38,820

SUSSEX COUNTY.

Andover Borough	417	479	884
Andover Township	473	504	521
Branchville Borough	588	620	663
Byram Township	409	437	1,055
Frankford Township	936	1,096	1,004
Franklin Borough	4,075	3,262	.....
Fredon Township	269	448	457
Green Township	454	504	888
Hampton Township	592	700	671
Hardyston Township	1,928	2,030	5,210
Hopatcong Borough	179	234	146
Lafayette Township	634	687	683
Montague Township	534	630	621
Newton Town	4,125	4,433	4,467
Ogdensburg Borough	939	600	.....
Sandyston Township	727	796	855
Sparta Township	1,017	1,170	1,579
Stanhope Borough	1,031	1,028	1,031
Stillwater Township	671	891	796
Sussex Borough	1,318	1,251	1,212
Vernon Township	1,433	1,604	1,675
Walpack Township	258	304	286
Wantage Township	1,898	2,269	2,077
	24,905	25,977	26,781

UNION COUNTY.

Clark Township	794	541	469
Cranford Township	6,001	4,967	3,641
Elizabeth City	95,783	82,036	73,409

	1920	1915	1910
Ward 1 8,608			
Ward 2 7,471			
Ward 3 8,664			
Ward 4 6,522			
Ward 5 6,981			
Ward 6 9,991			
Ward 7 9,290			
Ward 8 9,634			
Ward 9 5,223			
Ward 10 8,853			
Ward 11 7,230			
Ward 12 7,316			
Fanwood Borough	724	699	471
Garwood Borough	2,084	1,642	1,118
Hillside Township	5,267	2,773	.....
Kenilworth Borough	1,312	997	779
Linden Borough	1,756	1,150	610
Linden Township	6,612	3,826	1,988
Mountainside Borough	493	421	362
New Providence Borough	1,203	1,132	873
New Providence Township	954	847	526
Plainfield City	27,700	24,516	20,550
Ward 1 5,925			
Ward 2 6,295			
Ward 3 5,947			
Ward 4 9,533			
Rahway City	11,042	9,586	9,337
Ward 1 2,306			
Ward 2 2,330			
Ward 3 2,857			
Ward 4 2,043			
Ward 5 1,506			
Roselle Borough	5,737	3,823	2,725
Roselle Park Borough	5,438	4,327	3,138
Scotch Plains Township*	2,343	1,970	1,616
Springfield Township	1,715	1,619	1,246
Summit City	10,174	9,136	7,500
Ward 1 4,816			
Ward 2 5,358			
Union Township	3,962	3,167	3,419
Westfield Town	9,063	8,147	6,420
Ward 1 3,464			
Ward 2 1,412			
Ward 3 2,408			
Ward 4 1,779			
	200,157	167,322	140,197

*Formerly Fanwood Township.

WARREN COUNTY.

	1920	1915	1910
Allamuchy Township	556	666	642
Alpha Borough	2,140	2,084	.....
Belvidere Town	1,793	1,823	1,764
Blairstown Township	1,361	1,447	1,718
Franklin Township	1,457	1,310	1,585
Frelinghuysen Township	682	788	1,074
Greenwich Township	1,050	1,014	904
Hackettstown Town	2,936	2,976	2,715
Hardwick Township	352	369	405
Harmony Township	1,444	1,465	1,490
Hope Township	948	1,074	1,119
Independence Township	933	1,151	867
Knowlton Township	1,073	1,192	1,556
Lopatcong Township	1,050	938	766
Mansfield Township	1,133	1,217	1,238
Oxford Township	2,035	1,975	3,444
Pahaquarry Township	128	196	205
Phillipsburg Town	16,923	15,430	13,903
Ward 1 2,950			
Ward 2 2,481			
Ward 3 3,062			
Ward 4 2,027			
Ward 5 2,524			
Ward 6 3,879			
Pohatcong Township	1,559	1,634	3,202
Washington Borough	3,341	3,250	3,567
Washington Township	1,002	1,078	1,023
White Township	1,161	1,237	.....
	45,057	44,314	43,187

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES.

Incorporated Place	County	1920	1915	1910
Absecon City	Atlantic	702	870	781
Allendale Bor.	Bergen	1,165	1,121	937
Allenhurst Bor.	Monmouth	343	203	306
Allentown Bor.	Monmouth	634	642	634
Alpha Bor.	Warren	2,140	2,084	.....
Alpine Bor.	Bergen	350	533	377
Andover Bor.	Sussex	417	479	884
Asbury Park City	Monmouth	12,400	10,910	10,150
Atlantic City	Atlantic	50,707	51,667	46,150
Atlantic Highlands Bor.	Monmouth	1,629	1,771	1,645
Audubon Bor.	Camden	4,740	3,009	1,343
Avalon Bor.	Cape May	197	323	230
Avon Bor.	Monmouth	647	707	426
Barnegat City Bor.	Ocean	69	77	70
Barrington Bor.*	Camden	1,333	.....	.....
Bay Head Bor.	Ocean	273	492	281
Bayonne City	Hudson	76,754	64,461	55,545
Beach Haven Bor.	Ocean	329	434	272
Beachwood Bor.*	Ocean	40	.....	.....
Belleville Town	Essex	15,660	11,996	9,891
Belmar Bor.	Monmouth	1,987	2,553	1,433
Belvidere Town	Warren	1,793	1,823	1,764
Bergenfield Bor.	Bergen	3,667	2,924	1,991
Beverly City	Burlington	2,562	2,450	2,140
Bloomfield Town	Essex	22,019	17,306	15,070
Bloomingdale Bor.*	Passaic	2,193	.....	.....
Bloomsbury Bor.	Hunterdon	650	630	600
Bogota Bor.	Bergen	3,906	2,341	1,125
Boonton Town	Morris	5,372	5,207	4,930
Bordentown City	Burlington	4,371	4,095	4,250
Bound Brook Bor.	Somerset	5,906	5,152	3,970
Bradley Beach Bor.	Monmouth	2,307	2,236	1,807
Branchville Bor.	Sussex	588	620	663
Bridgeton City	Cumberland	14,323	13,611	14,209
Brielle Bor.*	Monmouth	392	.....	.....
Burlington City	Burlington	9,049	9,044	8,336
Butler Bor.	Morris	2,886	2,534	2,265
Caldwell Bor.	Essex	3,993	3,409	2,236
Califon Bor.*	Hunterdon	513	.....	.....
Camden City	Camden	116,309	102,215	94,538
Cape May City	Cape May	2,999	2,513	2,471
Cape May Point Bor.	Cape May	121	170	162
Carlstadt Bor.	Bergen	4,472	4,137	3,807
Chatham Bor.	Morris	2,421	2,207	1,874
Chesilhurst Bor.	Camden	287	314	246
Clayton Bor.	Gloucester	1,905	1,729	1,926
Cliffside Park Bor.	Bergen	5,709	4,778	3,394
Clifton City*	Passaic	26,470	.....	.....
Clinton Town	Hunterdon	950	841	836
Closter Bor.	Bergen	1,840	1,735	1,483
Collingswood Bor.	Camden	8,714	6,600	4,795
Cresskill Bor.	Bergen	942	922	550
Deal Bor.	Monmouth	420	227	273

*Incorporated since 1915.

Incorporated Place	County	1920	1915	1910
Delford Bor.	Bergen	1,286	1,244	1,005
Demarest Bor.	Bergen	654	588	560
Dover Town	Morris	9,803	8,971	7,468
Dumont Bor.	Bergen	2,537	2,278	1,783
Dunellen Bor.	Middlesex	3,394	2,877	1,990
East Atlantic City	Atlantic	12	20	67
East Millstone Town	Somerset	427	.....	356
East Newark Bor.	Hudson	3,057	2,873	3,163
East Orange City	Essex	50,710	40,961	34,371
East Paterson Bor.*	Bergen	2,441	.....	.....
East Rutherford Bor.	Bergen	5,463	4,576	4,275
Edgewater Bor.	Bergen	3,530	3,150	2,655
Egg Harbor City	Atlantic	2,622	2,416	2,180
Elizabeth City	Union	95,783	82,036	73,409
Elmer Bor.	Salem	1,115	1,143	1,167
Emerson Bor.	Bergen	973	906	767
Englewood City	Bergen	11,627	11,701	9,924
Englewood Cliffs Bor.	Bergen	594	532	410
Englishtown Bor.	Monmouth	641	605	468
Essex Fells Bor.	Essex	598	538	442
Fair Haven Bor.	Monmouth	1,295	1,490	.....
Fairview Bor.	Bergen	4,882	4,016	2,441
Fanwood Bor.	Union	724	699	471
Farmingdale Bor.	Monmouth	474	483	416
Fieldsboro Bor.	Burlington	530	510	480
Flemington Bor.	Hunterdon	2,590	2,635	2,693
Florham Park Bor.	Morris	787	970	558
Folsom Bor.	Atlantic	217	266	232
Fort Lee Bor.	Bergen	5,761	5,288	4,472
Franklin Bor.	Sussex	4,075	3,262	.....
Freehold Bor.	Monmouth	4,768	3,622	3,233
Frenchtown Bor.	Hunterdon	1,104	983	984
Garfield City	Bergen	19,381	15,455	10,213
Garwood Bor.	Union	2,084	1,642	1,118
Glassboro Bor.	Gloucester	3,073	3,030	2,821
Glen Gardner Bor.*	Hunterdon	818	.....	.....
Glen Ridge Bor.	Essex	4,620	4,153	3,260
Glen Rock Bor.	Bergen	2,181	1,689	1,055
Gloucester City	Camden	12,162	10,554	9,462
Guttenberg Town	Hudson	6,726	6,322	5,647
Hackensack Town	Bergen	17,667	15,856	14,050
Hackettstown Town	Warren	2,936	2,976	2,715
Haddon Heights Bor.	Camden	2,950	2,297	1,452
Haddonfield Bor.	Camden	5,646	5,077	4,142
Haledon Bor.	Passaic	3,435	2,890	2,560
Hammonton Bor.	Atlantic	6,417	5,896	5,088
Hampton Bor.	Hunterdon	916	843	914
Harrington Park Bor.	Bergen	627	551	377
Harrison Town	Hudson	15,721	14,520	14,498
Harvey Cedars Bor.	Ocean	65	47	33
Hasbrouck Heights Bor.	Bergen	2,895	2,424	2,155
Haworth Bor.	Bergen	784	733	588
Hawthorne Bor.	Passaic	5,135	3,999	3,400
Helmetta Bor.	Middlesex	687	767	661
High Bridge Bor.	Hunterdon	1,795	1,700	1,545

*Incorporated since 1915.

Incorporated Place	County	1920	1915	1910
Highland Park Bor.	Middlesex	4,866	2,901	1,517
Highlands Bor.	Monmouth	1,731	1,759	1,386
Hightstown Bor.	Mercer	2,674	2,592	1,879
Hoboken City	Hudson	68,166	67,611	70,324
Hohokus Bor.	Bergen	586	561	488
Hopatcong Bor.	Sussex	179	234	146
Hopewell Bor.	Mercer	1,339	1,341	1,073
Irvington Town	Essex	25,480	20,342	11,877
Island Heights Bor.	Ocean	194	368	313
Jamesburg Bor.	Middlesex	2,052	1,865	2,075
Jersey City	Hudson	298,103	270,903	267,779
Keansburg Bor.*	Monmouth	1,321	.....	.....
Kearny Town	Hudson	26,724	22,150	18,659
Kenilworth Bor.	Union	1,312	997	779
Keyport Bor.	Monmouth	4,415	4,019	3,554
Lambertville City	Hunterdon	4,660	4,600	4,657
Laurel Springs Bor.	Camden	911	791	.....
Lavallette Bor.	Ocean	117	174	42
Leonia Bor.	Bergen	2,979	2,132	1,486
Linden Bor.	Union	1,756	1,150	610
Linwood Bor.	Atlantic	638	610	602
Little Ferry Bor.	Bergen	2,715	2,729	2,541
Lodi Bor.	Bergen	8,175	6,379	4,138
Long Branch City	Monmouth	13,521	14,565	13,298
Longport Bor.	Atlantic	100	143	118
Madison Bor.	Morris	5,523	5,628	4,658
Magnolia Bor.	Camden	1,245	977	.....
Manasquan Bor.	Monmouth	1,705	1,817	1,582
Mantoloking Bor.	Ocean	37	50	.....
Margate City	Atlantic	249	291	129
Matawan Bor.	Monmouth	1,910	1,771	1,646
Maywood Bor.	Bergen	1,618	1,309	889
Mendham Bor.	Morris	969	1,248	1,129
Merchantville Bor.	Camden	2,749	2,242	1,996
Metuchen Bor.	Middlesex	3,334	2,692	2,138
Middlesex Bor.	Middlesex	1,852	1,310	.....
Midland Park Bor.	Bergen	2,243	2,130	2,001
Milford Bor.	Hunterdon	656	687	.....
Millstone Bor.	Somerset	178	154	157
Milltown Bor.	Middlesex	2,573	1,902	1,584
Millville City	Cumberland	14,691	13,307	12,451
Monmouth Beach Bor.	Monmouth	410	652	485
Montclair Town	Essex	28,810	25,029	21,550
Montvale Bor.	Bergen	779	728	522
Moonachie Bor.	Bergen	1,194	993	638
Morristown Town	Morris	12,548	13,006	12,507
Mount Arlington Bor.	Morris	213	397	277
Mountainside Bor.	Union	493	421	362
National Park Bor.	Gloucester	1,000	529	325
Neptune City Bor.	Monmouth	539	614	488
Netcong Bor.	Morris	1,800	1,680	1,532
New Brunswick City	Middlesex	32,779	30,019	23,388
New Providence Bor.	Union	1,203	1,132	873
Newark City	Essex	414,524	366,721	347,469
Newton Town	Sussex	4,125	4,433	4,467
North Arlington Bor.	Bergen	1,767	1,079	437

*Incorporated since 1915.

Incorporated Place	County	1920	1915	1910
North Caldwell Bor.	Essex	466	664	595
North Haledon Bor.	Passaic	887	834	749
North Plainfield Bor.	Somerset	6,916	6,037	6,117
North Wildwood City	Cape May	807	1,088	833
Northfield City	Atlantic	1,127	968	866
Northvale Bor.*	Bergen	827	.....	.....
Norwood Bor.	Bergen	820	680	564
Nutley Town	Essex	9,421	7,987	6,009
Oakland Bor.	Bergen	497	628	568
Oaklyn Bor.	Camden	1,148	793	653
Ocean City	Cape May	2,512	3,721	1,950
Ocean Gate Bor.*	Ocean	69	.....	.....
Ogdensburg Bor.	Sussex	939	600	.....
Old Tappan Bor.	Bergen	404	323	305
Orange City	Essex	33,268	29,805	29,630
Palisades Park Bor.	Bergen	2,633	2,264	1,411
Park Ridge Bor.	Bergen	1,481	1,643	1,401
Passaic City	Passaic	63,841	61,225	54,773
Paterson City	Passaic	135,875	124,815	125,600
Paulsboro Bor.	Gloucester	4,352	2,876	2,121
Peapack-Gladstone Bor.	Somerset	1,226	1,346	.....
Pemberton Bor.	Burlington	800	793	797
Pennington Bor.	Mercer	965	944	722
Penns Grove Bor.	Salem	6,060	4,412	2,118
Perth Amboy City	Middlesex	41,707	39,719	32,121
Phillipsburg Town	Warren	16,923	15,430	13,903
Pitman Bor.	Gloucester	3,385	2,577	1,950
Plainfield City	Union	27,700	24,516	20,550
Pleasantville City	Atlantic	5,887	4,663	4,390
Pt. Pleasant Beach Bor.	Ocean	1,575	1,204	1,003
Pompton Lakes Bor.	Passaic	2,008	1,400	1,060
Port Republic City	Atlantic	340	422	405
Princeton Bor.	Mercer	5,917	5,678	5,136
Prospect Park Bor.	Passaic	4,292	3,853	2,719
Rahway City	Union	11,042	9,586	9,337
Ramsey Bor.	Bergen	2,090	1,973	1,667
Raritan Town	Somerset	4,457	4,028	3,672
Red Bank Bor	Monmouth	9,251	8,631	7,398
Ridgefield Bor.	Bergen	1,560	1,187	966
Ridgefield Park Village	Bergen	8,575	.....	.....
Ridgewood Village	Bergen	7,580	.....	5,416
Ringwood Bor.*	Passaic	1,025	.....	.....
Riverside Bor.	Bergen	1,077	949	736
Riverton Bor.	Burlington	2,341	2,141	1,788
Rockaway Bor.	Morris	2,655	2,224	1,902
Rocky Hill Bor.	Somerset	305	470	502
Roosevelt Bor.	Middlesex	11,047	8,049	5,786
Roseland Bor.	Essex	609	593	486
Roselle Bor.	Union	5,737	3,823	2,725
Roselle Park Bor.	Union	5,438	4,327	3,138
Rumson Bor.	Monmouth	1,658	1,583	1,449
Rutherford Bor.	Bergen	9,497	8,347	7,045
Saddle River Bor.	Bergen	506	555	483
Salem City	Salem	7,435	6,953	6,614
Sayreville Bor.*	Middlesex	7,181	6,312	5,783

*Incorporated since 1915.

Incorporated Place	County	1920	1915	1910
Sea Girt Bor.*	Monmouth	110	.....	.....
Sea Isle City	Cape May	564	955	551
Sea Bright Bor.	Monmouth	856	1,327	1,220
Seaside Heights Bor.	Ocean	154	252	.....
Seaside Park Bor.	Ocean	179	275	101
Secaucus Town	Hudson	5,423	4,906	4,740
Somers Point City	Atlantic	843	790	604
Somerville Bor.	Somerset	6,718	6,038	5,060
South Amboy City	Middlesex	7,897	7,482	7,007
South Bound Brook Bor.	Somerset	1,302	1,108	1,024
South Cape May Bor.	Cape May	10	19	7
South Orange Village	Essex	7,274	5,866	6,014
South River Bor.	Middlesex	6,596	6,691	4,772
Spottswood Bor.	Middlesex	704	683	623
Spring Lake Bor.	Monmouth	1,009	1,393	853
Stanhope Bor.	Sussex	1,031	1,028	1,031
Stockton Bor.	Hunterdon	519	613	605
Stone Harbor Bor.	Cape May	159	459	.....
Summit City	Union	10,174	9,136	7,500
Surf City Bor.	Ocean	43	44	40
Sussex Bor.	Sussex	1,318	1,251	1,212
Swedesboro Bor.	Gloucester	1,838	1,738	1,477
Tenafly Bor.	Bergen	5,650	2,999	2,756
Teterboro Bor.*	Bergen	24	.....	.....
Totowa Bor.	Passaic	1,864	1,493	1,130
Trenton City	Mercer	119,289	103,190	96,815
Tuckerton Bor.	Ocean	1,106	1,312	1,268
Union Town	Hudson	20,651	21,739	21,023
Upper Saddle River Bor.	Bergen	251	364	273
Ventnor City	Atlantic	2,193	1,676	491
Verona Bor.	Essex	3,039	2,643	1,675
Vineland Bor.	Cumberland	6,799	6,531	5,282
Waldwick Bor.*	Bergen	1,296	.....	.....
Wallington Bor.	Bergen	5,715	4,071	3,448
Wanaque Bor.*	Passaic	2,916	.....	.....
Washington Bor.	Warren	3,341	3,250	3,567
Wenonah Bor.	Gloucester	918	821	645
West Caldwell Bor.	Essex	1,085	690	494
West Cape May Bor.	Cape May	967	1,068	844
West Hoboken Town	Hudson	40,074	38,776	35,403
West Long Branch Bor.	Monmouth	966	1,065	879
West New York Town.	Hudson	29,926	22,943	13,560
West Orange Town	Essex	15,573	13,610	10,950
West Paterson Bor.	Passaic	1,858	1,535	.....
Westfield Town	Union	9,063	8,147	6,420
Westville Bor.	Gloucester	2,380	2,036	.....
Westwood Bor.	Bergen	2,597	2,217	1,870
Wharton Bor.	Morris	2,877	2,591	2,983
Wildwood City	Cape May	2,790	3,858	898
Wildwood Crest Bor.	Cape May	161	317	103
Woodbine Bor.	Cape May	1,406	1,869	2,399
Woodbury City	Gloucester	5,801	5,288	4,642
Woodbury Heights Bor.	Gloucester	481	339	.....
Woodcliff Lake Bor.	Bergen	587	522	470
Woodlynne Bor.	Camden	1,515	878	500

*Incorporated since 1915.

Incorporated Place	County	1920	1915	1910
Woodridge Bor.	Bergen	1,923	1,500	1,043
Woodstown Bor.	Salem	1,589	1,507	1,613
Wrightstown Bor.*	Burlington	5,288	.....	.....

*Incorporated since 1915.

Additional Incorporated Places.

The following incorporated places, not set out in the foregoing list, came into existence as herein set forth:

Hamburg Borough, Sussex County, Chapter 15, P. L. 1920.

Ocean Grove Borough, Monmouth County, Chapter 96, P. L. 1920.

Oceanport Borough, Monmouth County, Chapter 105, P. L. 1920.

Point Pleasant Borough, Ocean County, Chapter 299, P. L. 1920.

West Wildwood Borough, Cape May County, Chapter 302, P. L. 1920.

POPULATION BY COUNTIES, SINCE 1790.

	1790.	1800.	1810.	1820.	1830.	1840.
Atlantic	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8726
Bergen	12601	15156	16603	18178	22414	13190
Burlington	18095	21521	24979	28822	31107	32809
Camden	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cape May	2571	3066	3632	4265	4945	5324
Cumberland	8248	9529	12670	12668	14091	14322
Essex	17785	22269	25894	30793	41928	44512
Gloucester	13363	16115	19744	23089	28431	25509
Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9451
Hunterdon	20253	21261	24553	28604	31066	24661
Mercer	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	21498
Middlesex	15956	17890	20381	21470	23157	21873
Monmouth	16918	19872	22150	25038	29233	32912
Morris	16216	17750	21828	21368	23580	25777
Ocean	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Passaic	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16704
Salem	10437	11371	12761	14022	14155	16012
Somerset	12296	12815	14728	16506	17689	17457
Sussex	19500	22534	25549	32752	20349	27773
Union	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warren	.....	.....	.....	.....	18634	20342
Total	184239	211149	245562	277575	320779	372859

	1850.	1860.	1870.	1880.	1890.	1900.	1905.
Atlantic	8964	11835	14163	18704	28836	46402	59862
Bergen	14708	21618	31033	36786	47226	78441	100003
Burlington	43204	49370	53774	55402	58528	58241	62042
Camden	25569	34457	46206	62942	87687	107643	121555
Cape May	6432	7130	8529	9768	11268	13201	17390
Cumberland	17003	22605	34688	37687	45438	51193	52110
Essex	73995	98875	143907	189929	256698	359053	409928
Gloucester	14653	18444	21727	25886	28649	31905	34477
Hudson	21874	62717	129288	187994	275126	386048	449879
Hunterdon	29064	33654	36961	38570	35355	34507	33258
Mercer	27991	37411	46470	58061	79978	95365	110516
Middlesex	28671	34810	45057	52286	61754	79762	97036
Monmouth	30234	39345	46316	55538	69128	82057	87319
Morris	30173	34679	43161	50861	54101	65156	67934
Ocean	10043	11176	12658	14455	15974	19747	20880
Passaic	22577	29013	46468	68860	105046	155202	175858
Salem	19500	22458	23951	24579	25151	25530	26278
Somerset	19668	22057	23514	27162	28311	32948	36270
Sussex	22990	23845	23168	23539	22259	24134	23325
Union	.....	27780	41891	55571	72467	99353	117211
Warren	22390	28834	34419	36589	36553	37781	40403
Total	489703	672073	907149	1131116	1444933	1883669	2144134

For later figures see next page.

NEW JERSEY POPULATION BY COUNTIES.

County.	1920	1915	1910
Atlantic	83,914	82,840	71,894
Bergen	210,703	178,596	138,002
Burlington	81,770	74,737	66,565
Camden	190,508	163,221	142,029
Cape May	19,460	24,407	19,745
Cumberland	61,348	59,481	55,153
Essex	652,089	566,324	512,886
Gloucester	48,224	43,587	37,368
Hudson	629,154	571,371	537,231
Hunterdon	32,885	34,697	33,569
Mercer	159,881	139,812	125,657
Middlesex	162,334	144,716	114,426
Monmouth	104,925	107,636	94,734
Morris	82,694	81,514	74,704
Ocean	22,155	23,011	21,318
Passaic	259,174	236,364	215,902
Salem	36,572	30,292	26,999
Somerset	47,991	44,123	38,820
Sussex	24,905	25,977	26,781
Union	200,157	167,322	140,197
Warren	45,057	44,314	43,187
	3,155,900	2,844,342	2,537,167

AREA OF NEW JERSEY COUNTIES.

(Data furnished by Department of Conservation and Development.)

Counties.	Total Square Miles.	Total Acres.	Land Surface—Acres.	Water—Acres.
Atlantic	610.31	390,598	362,114	28,484
Bergen	246.17	157,547	151,848	5,699
Burlington	827.12	529,351	524,022	5,329
Camden	225.51	144,325	141,777	2,548
Cape May	450.91	288,585	169,815	....
Cumberland	674.33	431,541	320,241	111,300
Essex	129.72	83,023	81,377	1,646
Gloucester	341.45	218,528	212,236	6,292
Hudson	60.48	38,709	27,254	11,455
Hunterdon	439.12	281,037	279,919	1,118
Mercer	227.90	145,858	144,605	1,253
Middlesex	324.44	207,639	199,639	8,000
Monmouth	537.94	344,280	306,278	38,002
Morris	480.19	307,318	303,910	3,408
Ocean	750.91	480,584	407,903	72,681
Passaic	198.65	127,134	125,488	1,646
Salem	389.37	249,198	219,918	29,280
Somerset	305.02	195,213	194,965	248
Sussex	535.31	342,603	338,393	4,210
Union	104.94	67,164	65,717	1,447
Warren	364.65	233,376	231,769	1,607
The State	8,224.44	5,263,641	4,809,218	454,423

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES, BY STATES, 1920, 1910.

States.	1920.	1910.	Increase.	%
United States	105,708,771	91,972,266	13,736,505	14.9
Alabama	2,348,174	2,138,093	210,081	9.8
Arizona	333,903	204,354	129,549	63.4
Arkansas	1,752,204	1,574,449	177,755	11.3
California	3,426,861	2,377,549	1,049,312	44.1
Colorado	939,629	799,024	140,605	17.6
Connecticut	1,380,631	1,114,756	265,875	23.9
Delaware	223,003	202,322	20,681	10.2
District of Columbia	437,571	331,069	106,502	32.2
Florida	968,470	752,619	215,851	28.7
Georgia	2,895,832	2,609,121	286,711	11.0
Idaho	431,866	325,594	106,272	32.6
Illinois	6,485,280	5,638,591	846,689	15.0
Indiana	2,930,390	2,700,876	229,514	8.5
Iowa	2,404,021	2,224,771	179,250	8.1
Kansas	1,769,257	1,690,949	78,308	4.6
Kentucky	2,416,630	2,289,905	126,725	5.5
Louisiana	1,798,509	1,656,388	142,121	8.6
Maine	768,014	742,371	25,643	3.5
Maryland	1,449,661	1,295,346	154,315	11.9
Massachusetts	3,852,356	3,366,416	485,940	14.4
Michigan	3,668,412	2,810,173	858,239	30.5
Minnesota	2,387,125	2,075,708	311,417	15.0
Mississippi	1,790,618	1,797,114	*6,496	*0.4
Missouri	3,404,055	3,293,335	110,720	3.4
Montana	548,889	376,053	172,836	46.0
Nebraska	1,296,372	1,192,214	104,158	8.7
Nevada	77,407	81,875	*4,468	*5.5
New Hampshire	443,083	430,572	12,511	2.9
New Jersey	3,155,900	2,537,167	618,733	24.4
New Mexico	360,350	327,301	33,049	10.1
New York	10,384,829	9,113,614	1,271,215	13.9
North Carolina	2,559,123	2,206,287	352,836	16.0
North Dakota	645,680	577,056	68,624	11.9
Ohio	5,759,394	4,767,121	992,273	20.8
Oklahoma	2,028,283	1,657,155	371,128	22.4
Oregon	783,389	672,765	110,624	16.4
Pennsylvania	8,720,017	7,665,111	1,054,906	13.8
Rhode Island	604,397	542,610	61,787	11.4
South Carolina	1,683,724	1,515,400	168,324	11.1
South Dakota	636,547	583,888	52,659	9.0
Tennessee	2,337,885	2,184,789	153,096	7.0
Texas	4,663,228	3,896,542	766,686	19.7
Utah	449,396	373,351	76,045	20.4
Vermont	352,428	355,956	*3,528	*1.0
Virginia	2,309,187	2,061,612	247,575	12.0
Washington	1,356,621	1,141,990	214,631	18.8
West Virginia	1,463,701	1,221,119	242,582	19.9
Wisconsin	2,632,067	2,333,860	298,207	12.8
Wyoming	194,402	145,965	48,437	33.2

*Decrease.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES AND OUTLYING POSSESSIONS, 1920.

Continental United States, 105,708,771. Alaska, 54,899; American Samoa, 8,056; Guam, 13,275; Hawaii, 255,912; Panama Canal Zone, 22,858; Porto Rico, 1,299,809; Military and Naval, etc., service abroad, 117,238; Philippine Islands, 10,350,640; Virgin Islands of the United States, 26,051. Total, 12,148,738.

Total Continental U. S. and outlying possessions, 117,857,509.

POPULATION OF UNITED STATES CITIES HAVING 25,000 OR MORE INHABITANTS.

(The figures for 1920 are subject to correction.)

CITIES	Population 1920	Population 1910	% of Increase
Alabama.			
Birmingham	178,270	132,685	34.4
Mobile	60,151	51,521	16.8
Montgomery	43,464	38,136	14.0
Arizona.			
Phoenix	29,053	11,134	160.9
Arkansas.			
Little Rock	64,997	45,941	41.5
Fort Smith	28,811	23,975	20.2
California.			
Alameda	28,806	23,383	23.2
Berkeley	55,886	40,434	38.2
Fresno	44,616	24,892	79.2
Long Beach	55,593	17,809	212.2
Los Angeles	576,673	319,198	80.7
Oakland	216,361	150,174	44.1
Pasadena	45,354	30,291	49.7
Sacramento	65,857	44,696	47.3
San Diego	74,683	39,578	88.7
San Francisco	508,410	416,912	21.9
San Jose	39,604	28,946	36.8
Stockton	40,296	23,253	73.3
Colorado.			
Colorado Springs	30,105	29,078	3.5
Denver	256,369	213,381	20.1
Pueblo	42,908	44,395	*3.3
Connecticut.			
Bridgeport	143,538	102,054	40.6
Hartford	138,036	98,915	39.6
Meriden Town (including Meriden City)	34,739	32,066	8.3
Meriden City	29,842	27,265	9.5
New Britain Town, coextensive with New Britain City	59,316	43,916	35.1
New Britain City	59,316	43,916	35.1
New Haven Town	162,519	133,605	21.6
New London Town	25,688	19,659	30.7
Norwalk Town, coextensive with Norwalk City	27,700	24,211	14.4
Norwalk City	27,700	15,922	74.0
Norwich Town	29,685	28,219	5.2
Stamford Town, including Stamford City	40,057	28,836	38.9
Stamford City	35,086	25,138	39.6
Waterbury Town, coextensive with Waterbury City	91,410	73,141	25.0
Waterbury City	91,410	73,141	25.0

*Decrease.

CITIES	Population — 1920	Population — 1910	% of Increase
Delaware.			
Wilmington	110,168	87,411	26.0
District of Columbia.			
Washington	437,571	331,069	32.2
Florida.			
Jacksonville	91,558	57,699	58.7
Miami	29,549	5,471	440.1
Pensacola	31,035	22,982	35.0
Tampa	51,252	37,782	35.7
Georgia.			
Atlanta	200,616	154,839	29.6
Augusta	52,548	41,040	28.0
Columbus	31,125	20,554	51.4
Macon	52,995	40,665	30.3
Savannah	83,252	65,064	28.0
Illinois.			
Aurora	36,397	29,807	22.1
Bloomington	28,725	25,768	11.5
Chicago	2,701,705	2,185,283	23.6
Cicero Town	44,995	14,557	209.1
Danville	33,750	27,871	21.1
Decatur	43,818	31,140	40.7
East St. Louis	66,740	58,547	14.0
Elgin	27,454	25,976	5.7
Evanston	37,215	24,978	49.0
Joliet	38,406	34,670	10.8
Moline	30,709	24,199	26.9
Oak Park Village	39,830	19,444	104.8
Peoria	76,121	66,950	13.7
Quincy	35,978	36,587	*1.7
Rock Island	35,177	24,335	44.6
Rockford	65,651	45,401	44.6
Springfield	59,183	51,678	14.5
Indiana.			
Anderson	29,767	22,476	32.4
East Chicago	35,967	19,098	88.3
Evansville	85,264	69,647	22.4
Fort Wayne	86,549	63,933	35.4
Gary	55,378	16,802	229.6
Hammond	36,004	20,925	72.1
Indianapolis	314,194	233,650	34.5
Kokomo	30,067	17,010	76.8
Muncie	36,524	24,005	52.2
Richmond	26,765	22,324	19.9
South Bend	70,983	53,684	32.2
Terre Haute	66,083	58,157	13.6
Iowa.			
Cedar Rapids	45,566	32,811	38.9
Council Bluffs	36,162	29,292	23.5
Davenport	56,727	43,028	31.8
Des Moines	126,468	86,368	46.4
Dubuque	39,141	38,949	1.7
Sioux City	71,227	47,828	48.9
Waterloo	36,230	26,693	35.7

*Decrease.

CITIES	Population 1920	Population 1910	% of Increase
Kansas.			
Kansas City	101,177	82,331	22.9
Topeka	50,022	43,684	14.5
Wichita	72,128	52,450	37.5
Kentucky.			
Covington	57,121	53,270	7.2
Lexington	41,534	35,099	18.3
Louisville	234,891	223,928	4.9
Newport	29,317	30,309	*3.3
Louisiana.			
New Orleans	387,219	339,075	14.2
Shreveport	43,874	28,015	56.6
Maine.			
Bangor	25,978	24,803	4.7
Lewiston	31,791	26,247	21.1
Portland	69,272	58,571	18.3
Maryland.			
Baltimore	733,826	558,485	31.4
Cumberland	29,837	21,839	36.6
Hagerstown	28,066	16,507	70.0
Massachusetts.			
Boston	748,060	670,585	11.6
Brockton	66,138	56,878	16.3
Brookline Town	37,748	27,792	35.8
Cambridge	109,694	104,839	4.6
Chelsea	43,184	32,452	33.1
Chicopee	36,214	25,401	42.6
Everett	40,120	33,484	19.8
Fall River	120,485	119,295	1.0
Fitchburg	41,013	37,826	8.4
Haverhill	53,884	44,115	22.1
Holyoke	60,203	57,730	4.3
Lawrence	94,270	85,892	9.8
Lowell	112,759	106,294	6.1
Lynn	99,148	89,336	11.0
Malden	49,103	44,404	10.6
Medford	39,038	23,150	68.6
New Bedford	121,217	96,652	25.4
Newton	46,054	39,806	15.7
Pittsfield	41,751	32,121	30.0
Quincy	47,876	32,642	46.7
Revere	28,823	18,219	58.2
Salem	42,527	43,697	*2.7
Somerville	93,091	77,236	20.5
Springfield	129,563	88,926	45.7
Taunton	37,137	34,259	8.4
Waltham	30,915	27,834	11.1
Worcester	179,754	145,986	23.1
Michigan.			
Battle Creek	36,164	25,267	43.1
Bay City	47,554	45,166	5.3
Detroit	993,739	465,766	113.4
Flint	91,599	38,550	137.6

*Decrease.

CITIES	Population 1920	Population 1910	% of Increase
Grand Rapids	137,634	112,571	22.3
Hamtramck Village	48,615	3,559	1,266.0
Highland Park	46,499	4,120	1,028.6
Jackson	48,374	31,433	53.9
Kalamazoo	48,858	39,437	23.9
Lansing	57,327	31,229	83.6
Muskegon	36,570	24,062	52.0
Pontiac	34,273	14,532	135.8
Port Huron	25,944	18,863	37.5
Saginaw	61,903	50,510	22.6
Minnesota.			
Duluth	98,917	78,466	26.1
Minneapolis	380,582	301,408	26.3
St. Paul	234,595	214,744	9.2
Missouri.			
Joplin	29,855	32,073	*6.9
Kansas City	324,410	248,381	30.6
St. Joseph	77,939	77,403	0.7
St. Louis	772,897	687,029	12.5
Springfield	39,631	35,201	12.6
Montana.			
Butte	41,611	39,165	6.2
Nebraska.			
Lincoln	54,934	43,973	24.9
Omaha	191,601	124,096	54.4
New Hampshire.			
Manchester	78,384	70,063	11.9
Nashua	28,379	26,005	9.1
New Jersey.			
Atlantic City	50,682	46,150	9.8
Bayonne	76,754	55,545	38.2
Camden	116,309	94,538	23.0
Clifton	26,470	11,869	123.0
East Orange	50,710	34,371	47.5
Elizabeth	95,682	73,409	30.3
Hoboken	68,166	70,324	*3.1
Irvington Town	25,480	11,877	114.5
Jersey City	297,864	267,779	11.2
Kearny	26,724	18,659	43.2
Montclair	28,810	21,550	33.7
New Brunswick	32,779	23,388	40.2
Newark	414,216	347,469	19.2
Orange	33,268	29,630	12.3
Passaic	63,824	54,773	16.5
Paterson	135,866	125,600	8.2
Perth Amboy	41,707	32,121	29.8
Plainfield	27,700	20,550	34.8
Trenton	119,289	96,815	23.2
West Hoboken Town	40,068	35,403	13.2
West New York Town	29,926	13,560	120.7

*Decrease.

CITIES	Population 1920	Population 1910	% of Increase
New York.			
Albany	113,344	100,253	13.1
Amsterdam	33,524	31,267	7.2
Auburn	36,192	34,668	4.4
Binghamton	66,800	48,443	37.9
Buffalo	506,775	423,715	19.6
Elmira	45,305	37,176	21.9
Jamestown	38,917	31,297	24.3
Kingston	26,688	25,908	3.0
Mount Vernon	42,726	30,919	38.2
New Rochelle	36,213	28,867	25.4
New York City	5,621,151	4,766,883	17.9
Manhattan Borough	2,284,103	2,331,542	*2.0
Bronx Borough	732,016	430,980	69.8
Brooklyn Borough	2,022,262	1,634,351	23.7
Queens Borough	466,811	284,041	64.3
Richmond Borough	115,959	85,969	34.9
Newburgh	30,366	27,805	9.2
Niagara Falls	50,760	30,445	66.7
Poughkeepsie	35,000	27,936	25.3
Rochester	295,750	218,149	35.6
Rome	26,341	20,497	28.5
Schenectady	88,723	72,826	21.8
Syracuse	171,717	137,249	25.1
Troy	72,013	76,813	*6.2
Utica	94,156	74,419	26.5
Watertown	31,285	26,730	17.0
Yonkers	100,226	79,803	25.6
North Carolina.			
Asheville	28,504	18,762	51.9
Charlotte	46,338	34,014	36.2
Wilmington	33,372	25,748	29.6
Winston-Salem	48,395	22,700	113.2
Ohio.			
Akron	208,435	69,067	201.8
Canton	87,091	50,217	73.4
Cincinnati	401,247	363,591	10.4
Cleveland	796,836	560,663	42.1
Columbus	237,031	181,511	30.6
Dayton	152,559	116,577	30.9
East Cleveland	27,292	9,179	197.3
Hamilton	39,675	35,279	12.5
Lakewood	41,732	15,181	174.9
Lima	41,306	30,508	35.4
Lorain	37,295	28,883	29.1
Mansfield	27,824	20,768	34.0
Marion	27,891	18,232	53.0
Newark	26,718	25,404	5.2
Portsmouth	33,011	23,481	40.6
Springfield	60,840	46,921	29.7
Steubenville	28,508	22,391	27.3
Toledo	243,109	168,497	44.3
Warren	27,050	11,081	144.1
Youngstown	132,358	79,066	67.4
Zanesville	29,569	28,026	5.5

*Decrease.

CITIES	Population 1920	Population 1910	% of Increase
Oklahoma.			
Muskogee	30,277	25,278	19.8
Oklahoma City	91,258	64,205	42.1
Tusla	72,075	18,182	296.4
Oregon.			
Portland	258,288	207,214	24.6
Pennsylvania.			
Allentown	73,502	51,913	41.6
Altoona	60,331	52,127	15.7
Bethlehem	50,358	12,837	292.3
Chester	58,030	38,537	50.6
Easton	33,813	28,523	18.5
Erie	93,372	66,525	40.4
Harrisburg	75,917	64,186	18.3
Hazleton	32,277	25,452	26.8
Johnstown	67,327	55,482	21.3
Lancaster	53,150	47,227	12.5
McKeesport	45,975	42,694	7.7
New Castle	44,938	36,280	23.9
Norristown	32,319	27,875	15.9
Philadelphia	1,823,158	1,549,008	17.7
Pittsburgh	588,193	533,905	10.2
Reading	107,784	96,071	12.2
Scranton	137,783	129,867	6.1
Wilkes-Barre	73,833	67,105	10.0
Williamsport	36,198	31,860	13.6
York	47,512	44,750	6.2
Rhode Island.			
Cranston	29,407	21,107	39.3
Newport	30,255	27,149	11.4
Pawtucket	64,248	51,622	24.5
Providence	237,595	224,326	5.9
Woonsocket	43,496	38,125	14.1
South Carolina.			
Charleston	67,957	58,833	15.5
Columbia	37,524	26,319	42.6
South Dakota.			
Sioux Falls	25,176	14,094	78.6
Tennessee.			
Chattanooga	57,895	44,604	29.8
Knoxville	77,818	36,346	114.1
Memphis	162,351	131,105	23.8
Nashville	118,342	110,364	7.2
Texas.			
Austin	34,876	29,860	16.8
Beaumont	40,422	20,640	95.8
Dallas	158,976	92,104	72.6
El Paso	77,543	39,279	97.4
Fort Worth	106,482	73,312	45.2
Galveston	44,255	36,981	19.7
Houston	138,076	78,800	75.2
San Antonio	161,379	96,614	67.0
Waco	38,500	26,425	45.7
Wichita Falls	40,079	8,200	388.8

CITIES	Population 1920	Population 1910	% of Increase
Utah.			
Ogden	32,804	25,580	28.2
Salt Lake City	118,110	92,777	27.3
Virginia.			
Lynchburg	29,956	29,494	1.6
Newport News	35,596	20,205	76.2
Norfolk	115,777	67,452	71.6
Petersburg	31,002	24,127	28.5
Portsmouth	54,387	33,190	63.9
Richmond	171,667	127,628	34.5
Roanoke	50,842	34,874	45.8
Washington.			
Bellingham	25,570	24,298	5.2
Everett	27,644	24,814	11.4
Seattle	315,652	237,194	33.1
Spokane	104,437	104,402	†
Tacoma	96,965	83,743	15.8
West Virginia.			
Charleston	39,608	22,996	72.2
Clarksburg	27,869	9,201	202.9
Huntington	50,177	31,161	61.0
Wheeling	54,322	41,641	30.5
Wisconsin.			
Green Bay	31,017	25,236	22.9
Kenosha	40,472	21,371	89.4
La Crosse	30,363	30,417	*0.2
Madison	38,378	25,531	50.3
Milwaukee	457,147	373,857	22.3
Oshkosh	33,162	33,062	0.3
Racine	58,593	38,002	54.2
Sheboygan	30,955	26,398	17.3
Superior	39,624	40,384	*1.9

*Decrease.
†Less than one-tenth of one per cent.

BIOGRAPHIES

GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY.

EDWARD IRVING EDWARDS.

Governor Edwards was born in that part of Jersey City formerly known as the Town of Bergen, December 1st, 1863. He is a son of William W. Edwards and Emma J. Edwards, both of whom are now deceased. His father was a native of Wales, and his mother of England. He received his education at Public School No. 12, Jersey City High School and New York University. After leaving college he entered the law office of his brother, the late Senator William D. Edwards, but discontinued the study of the law to accept a position with the First National Bank, Jersey City, where he remained for about seven years, during which time he studied carefully the subject of finance and taxation. Overstudy and the confining nature of his work compelled him to sever his connections with the bank, and for several years thereafter he was interested in the general contracting business as a member of the firm of Edwards Brothers.

He served as Clerk to the Martin Act Commission during the busy years of that board, and was considered an authority on all matters relating to taxation. In 1903, at the request of the late Edward F. C. Young, then President of the First National Bank, Jersey City, he again became connected with that bank as an assistant to the President. He thereafter became Cashier and a Director, and finally President of this important institution, which position he holds at the present time.

Upon the election of Woodrow Wilson as Governor, and the control of the Legislature of 1912 by the Democratic Party, Mr. Edwards' knowledge of finance and taxation made him the logical choice for the position of Comptroller of the Treasury, and on February 7th, 1911, he was elected for the term of three years.

In 1913 he became a candidate for the office of State Treasurer, but by reason of the factional differences in the Democratic Party his election was opposed by Governor Wilson and other leaders, and he was defeated. He was one of the leaders in the movement which finally brought about the adoption of the commission form of government for Jersey City. He was also actively engaged in the campaigns which resulted in the nomination and election of James F. Fielder as Governor. Mr. Edwards was re-elected Comptroller of the Treasury for a further term of three years on February 20th, 1914. During the six years thus served as Comptroller he succeeded in having passed the Requisition Act, and by compelling a strict compliance with all of its requirements he established the "Pay As You Go" policy. He also succeeded in having passed the amendments to the Inheritance Tax statutes whereby the annual revenue derived from this source was increased from $750,000 to approximately $4,000,000. The constitutionality of these amendments have been upheld by the Supreme Court and the Court of Errors and Appeals of the State of New Jersey, and by the Supreme Court of the United States.

Possibly the greatest degree of confidence in the ability and judgment of Mr. Edwards was evidenced by the Republican Legislature of 1915, when it incorporated in the Appropriation Act the following provision:

"The Comptroller of the Treasury is hereby empowered and it shall be his duty in the disbursement of funds available for the general uses of the State, to first provide for the maintenance of the administration of the government of the State, and of its courts, and of its penal, correctional and charitable institutions, and to apply the remainder of such available funds in such manner and to such purpose for which appropriation may have been made as in his judgment may best conserve the interest of the State."

Mr. Edwards retired from the office of State Comptroller in 1917, but on November 5th, 1918, he returned to public life as State Senator from Hudson County, having been elected to fill the unexpired term of Cornelius McGlennon, who had resigned to become a candidate for Congress. The demand that he become a candidate for Governor became so insistent that not-

withstanding a strong desire to retire from public life and to devote his time to his private business affairs, he yielded to the State-wide sentiment and announced his candidacy. Never an orator or debater, Mr. Edwards nevertheless made an effective campaign by frankly stating and steadfastly maintaining his attitude on all matters of public interest. He fought hard but clean and established for himself the reputation of being a man of conviction and great courage. In the contest for the nomination he defeated James Nugent of Essex County. Notwithstanding the plurality of 69,647 by which Governor Edge was elected in 1916, Mr. Edwards was elected Governor over N. A. K. Bugbee, the Republican candidate, by a plurality approximating 15,000.

Governor Edwards had the united support of the New Jersey Democracy for the Presidential nomination at the San Francisco Convention in June, 1920, and, besides the votes of the entire New Jersey delegation in that Convention, received votes for several ballots from other States as well.

Early in his life Mr. Edwards took an active part in the State Militia, being a member of Company F, 4th Regiment, Jersey City. He passed through the various ranks and became Captain, in which capacity he served for several years. Like all one hundred per cent Americans, Mr. Edwards took a deep interest in war work, and gave freely of his energy and ability to the Allied cause. His son, E. I. Edwards, Jr., served during the war and was overseas for almost two years, returning to this country at the close of the war.

Mr. Edwards was married on November 14, 1888, to Miss Jule Blanche Smith, daughter of Captain and Mrs. William Smith. They have a son, Captain E. I. Edwards, Jr., and a daughter, Miss Elizabeth Edwards. Mr. Edwards is a vestryman of Saint Paul's Episcopal Church of Jersey City. He is a member of Bergen Lodge, F. & A. M., of Jersey City, American Banking Association, New Jersey State Bankers' Association, Zeta Psi Fraternity, and many other social fraternities and civic organizations.

UNITED STATES SENATORS.

JOSEPH S. FRELINGHUYSEN, Raritan.

Senator Frelinghuysen was born March 12th, 1869, at Raritan, N. J., and has always made that town his home. His ancestor, Rev. Theodorus Jacobus Frelinghuysen, came from Holland in 1720 and was the pioneer in establishing the Reformed Dutch Church in New Jersey. Major-General Frederick Frelinghuysen, who served with great distinction in the Revolutionary war, and who was a member of the Continental Congress, was his great grandfather. General John Frelinghuysen, an officer in the war of 1812, was his grandfather. Theodore Frelinghuysen, United States Senator, Chancellor of the University of New York, and candidate for Vice-President with Henry Clay on the Whig ticket, was a great uncle. His father, Frederick John Frelinghuysen, was a prominent lawyer and closely identified with the political and religious life of Somerset county.

Senator Frelinghuysen's inclination for and activity in public affairs is a natural heritage. Forced by stress of circumstances to surrender his natural inclination for a college education, he, after preparing for college at the Somerville Grammar school, obtained employment as clerk in a fire insurance office, and has since that time built up a business in New York City which is recognized as one of the foremost general agencies in the country, representing nearly a score of large and profitably conducted fire insurance companies.

Senator Frelinghuysen served eight years in Troop 3, Squadron A Cavalry, New York, and rose to the position of Second Lieutenant. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war he went to the front as Second Lieutenant of the troop formed from that organization. For special services rendered in that campaign he was recommended to the President by Brigadier-General Guy V. Henry, his commanding officer, for promotion to Brevet First Lieutenant for zealous and efficient services in Porto Rico.

He served several years as chairman of the Somerset County Republican Executive Committee. In 1902, he made his first campaign for political honors as a candidate for State Senator and under the most adverse conditions was defeated by Samuel S. Childs, Democrat, by a small plurality. In 1905, he was again nominated for the same position against the same opponent, and was elected by a plurality of 1,056, and in 1908, he was re-elected to the Senate, over Colonel Nelson Y. Dungan, Democrat. During his career as State Senator he has always taken a prominent part in legislation. He was the father of the famous Frelinghuysen Automobile law, generally recognized as one of the most efficient enactments on the subject yet passed in this country. He has also secured the enactment of many acts of especial benefit to the agricultural industry of the State. He was instrumental in having the live stock commission created and while serving on a special commission to investigate the school system secured knowledge which he later utilized in framing various bills for the thorough re-organization of the school system. He was one of the special committee who drafted the present Civil Service law, and in 1909, he served as chairman of the Special Committee on Finance, also other important committees and in other years he held influential assignments in the preparation of legislation.

He was party leader on the floor of the Senate in 1909, and upon the resignation of President Robbins he was unanimously elected as his successor in the chair. He was re-elected President of the Senate in 1910. During the absence of Governor Fort from the State in those years, Senator Frelinghuysen, by virtue of his position, served as Acting Governor.

He was chosen President of the State Board of Agriculture in 1912, and still holds that position. Upon the creation of the New State Board of Education in 1911, Governor Wilson appointed Mr. Frelinghuysen a member of that body for a term of two years, and in 1913 he was given a full term of eight years. He became President of the board in 1915.

Senator Frelinghuysen is active in social and philanthropic enterprises; is a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce; N. J. State Chamber of Commerce; Down Town Association; Raritan Valley

Grange No. 153; the Union League Club, of New York; of the Somerville Board of Trade; Solomon's Lodge No. 46, F. and A. M.; Somerville Lodge No. 885, B. P. O. E., Plainfield, and is trustee of the Somerset hospital.

At the primary election held on September 26th, 1916, for United States Senator and Governor, Senator Frelinghuysen for the former office received a plurality of 7,878 votes over ex-Governor Franklin Murphy. At the regular election held on November 7th, he received a plurality of 74,696 over James E. Martine, Democrat.

1916—Frelinghuysen, Rep., 244,715; Martine, Dem., 170,019; Doughty, Soc., 13,358; Barbour, Pro., 7,178; Katz, Soc.-Lab., 1,826.

WALTER EVANS EDGE, Atlantic City.

Senator Edge was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 20th, 1873. Shortly afterward his father moved to Pleasantville, New Jersey, a community located five miles from Atlantic City. There the boy entered the public schools and graduated. This was all the schoolroom education that he was destined to receive, for stress of circumstances made it necessary for him to forego a college course and to earn a living.

With scarcely more than a dollar of capital, but with an ambition which is characteristic, Walter Edge started to earn money in the humble, but strenuous post of "printer's devil" at the Atlantic Review, Atlantic City's oldest newspaper. Later, at the age of sixteen, he secured a position with the Dorland Advertising Agency of Atlantic City. At the time this was merely a local business, specializing in hotel advertising. Young Edge took such a keen interest in it and displayed such aptitude that when the proprietor died, about two years later, he purchased the business.

Given a free rein under his own management, Edge aimed high. Plans for developing the business beyond Atlantic City, throughout the country and even into Europe did not prove visionary. He started a daily newspaper in Atlantic City and put into practice a co-operative advertising idea in which his news-

paper, his advertising agency and newspapers thoughout the country participated. In a remarkably short time Atlantic City and its famous hotels and attractions became advertised from one end of the earth to the other. All hotel men in Atlantic City cheerfully testify to the part which Edge played in giving the map its "greatest resort." The agency developed until its field became first national, handling advertising north, south, east and west in the United States, and then international, advertising outputs of Europe. Edge opened offices in New York, London, Paris, Berlin and elsewhere. His newspaper, the Atlantic City Daily Press, progressed from a mere hotel advertising medium to the leading news medium of Atlantic City. In the meantime Edge purchased the Atlantic City Evening Union and conducted it as the afternoon edition of his morning publication. Later, as the time which he devoted to private business became wholly occupied with his growing international advertising business and his activities in home banking and other institutions, he leased both newspapers to a company, consisting of young men who had been faithful in his employ, and he is not now in any way connected with their management.

In politics, as in business, Walter Edge began as an apprentice. In business life he started as an office boy, with errands to run and floors to sweep; in public life, as one of the minor employes of the New Jersey Senate. In 1897, '98, '99 he served as Journal Clerk of the Senate, and in 1901, '02, '03, '04 was Secretary of that body. He acquired a taste for military life from responding to the call of the country at the outbreak of the war with Spain in 1898 and from his activities in the Morris Guards an independent military company of Atlantic City which mustered into the service during the Spanish-American War as Company F, Fourth New Jersey Volunteer Infantry. Edge was commissioned second lieutenant of this company. Some years later he served as captain of Company L, Third Regiment, New Jersey National Guard. He was a member of the personal staff of Governors Murphy and Stokes and subsequently was Lieutenant-Colonel and Chief of Ordnance Department on the staff of Major-General C. Edward Murray, New Jersey National Guard. In Atlantic City there is a Walter

E. Edge Garrison of the Army and Navy Union. Mr. Edge is also the head of the Boy Scout movement in Atlantic county.

In 1904, Colonel Edge was a presidential elector and in 1908, an alternate delegate-at-large to the Republican National Convention in Chicago. In 1909, he was elected to the Assembly from Atlantic county by the phenomenal plurality of 7,798 over Burgan, the Democratic candidate. Thus "phenomenal pluralities" were not exactly new to Colonel Edge when he was elected Governor in 1916 by a margin of 69,647 votes—18,003 more than the largest plurality ever received by a gubernatorial candidate in New Jersey.

Colonel Edge had the distinction of serving as Republican leader of the House of Assembly during the first year that he occupied a seat in that body. He was elected to the State Senate in 1910 by a plurality of 5,496 over Langham, Democrat. In 1912, he was the majority leader on the floor of the Senate. In 1913, the Colonel was re-elected to the Senate by a plurality of 3,990 over Shaner, Democrat. In 1915, he served as President of the Senate with much dignity, ability and impartiality. For five weeks in 1915 he was Acting-Governor of the State while Governor Fielder was attending the Panama-Pacific Exposition in California, and this brief special "term" was characterized by close application to the executive duties.

It was during his service in the Senate, however, that the Colonel carved his record for progressive legislation and made possible his famous gubernatorial slogan of "A Business Man With a Business Plan." As member of a research commission he studied conditions and statutes which resulted in the framing of the Workmen's Compensation act, one of the first practical-working laws of the kind in this country. He fathered this bill in the legislature. Besides successively completing the task of protecting working women with a ten-hour law and securing legislation safeguarding factory workers against dangerously-constructed workshops and occupational diseases, Senator Edge found time to serve as head of the Economy and Efficiency Commission which initiated legislation eliminating political commissions and consolidating various boards and departments of New

Jersey in the interest of economy and increased efficiency. These bills he personally sponsored and fought through to final passage in the legislature against bitter political opposition. Later on he introduced the State Budget System Bill, aimed to systematize New Jersey's finances and make the Governor the responsible head of the fiscal system. Another act which he initiated, creating the Central Purchasing Bureau, is designed to save money by purchasing supplies for the State and its institutions on a wholesale scale and following a fixed standard. It was Senator Edge, too, who thought of legislation abolishing the useless State Census, which had cost $100,000.

With this comprehensive record for constructive legislation at his back, Colonel Edge entered the race for the office of Governor in 1916 on a platform of "business government." His program consisted of a pledge to apply ordinary business principles to the thirty-million-dollar business of the State of New Jersey. His outlined plan designated "the Governor as the business manager, the legislature the board of directors and the people the stockholders." The stockholders approved the record and liked the plan.

In the first two years of his administration the Governor has succeeded in carrying out the plan; all departmental activities have been consolidated and coordinated and New Jersey's institutions have been centralized under a single managing head; prison contracts have been abolished and the State-use system substituted. As "War Governor," Edge has ever been alert and resourceful.

Governor Edge "inherited" a taste for public life. Two great uncles were members of the Pennsylvania Legislature and another for years was Collector of the Port of Philadelphia. His great grandfather was a judge in the courts of Pennsylvania for forty years.

On June 5th, 1907, Governor Edge married Lady Lee, only daughter of Mrs. Sarah Lee Phillips of Memphis, Tennessee. She died suddenly in July, 1915, leaving a robust baby boy, Walter Edge, Jr., who is now the bright particular star of the Edge household. The latter consists of Governor Edge, Mrs. Phillips and the little boy.

Walter Evans Edge was nominated as a candidate for Governor at the primary election held on September 26th, 1916, by a plurality of 3,611 over Austen Colgate. At the regular State election held on November 7th, 1916, he was elected Governor over H. Otto Wittpenn, Democrat, by a plurality of 69,647. He was inaugurated on January 16th, 1917, for a term of three years. The salary is $10,000 per annum.

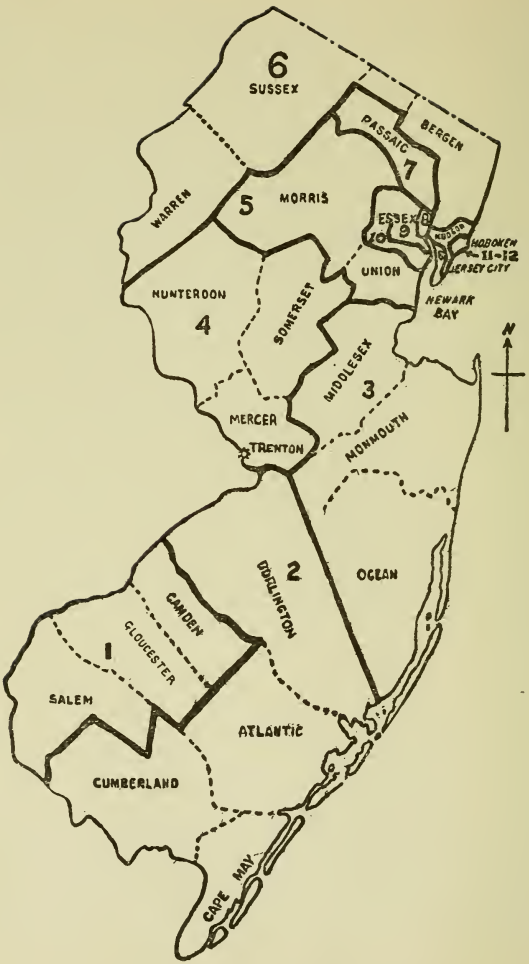
1916—Edge, Rep., 247,343; Wittpenn, Dem., 177,696; Krafft, Soc., 12,900; Vaughan, Nat. Pro., 5,873; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,334. Edge's plurality, 69,647.

At the primary election held on September 24th, 1918, Governor Edge was nominated by the Republican party for United States Senator to succeed the late Senator William Hughes, defeating George L. Record by a plurality of 71,575, the total vote being Edge, 88,741; Record, 17,166; Edward W. Gray, 16,958.

The Governor was elected for the full term of six years at the following general election, November 5th, with a plurality of 25,279 over George M. LaMonte, Dem.

1918—Edge, Rep., 179,022; LaMonte, Dem., 153,743; Reilly, Soc., 14,723; Wallace, Single Tax, 2,352; Day, Nat. Pro., 5,816. Edge's plurality, 25,279. This includes both the civilian and soldier vote.

The Governor resigned his office on May 16 and took the oath of office as United States Senator May 19th, 1919. His term will expire in 1925.



New Jersey Congressional Districts.

NEW JERSEY CONGRESSMEN.

FIRST DISTRICT.

Camden, Gloucester and Salem Counties.

FRANCIS F. PATTERSON, JR.

(Rep., Camden.)

Mr. Patterson was born in Newark, N. J., July 30th, 1867. He was educated at the Woodbury Academy and early took up newspaper work with his father, F. F. Patterson, Sr., who established the Camden Courier in 1862. The subject of this sketch was New Jersey editor of the Philadelphia Record from 1891 to 1894. For many years past he has been the manager of the Camden Post-Telegram. Mr. Patterson was a member of the New Jersey Assembly in 1900, and from 1901 to 1921 he was County Clerk of Camden County, having been elected for four terms, no other clerk ever having served more than two terms. Affable, but forceful, Mr. Patterson is very popular and a recognized leader in the Republican party in South Jersey. He is a member of many clubs and fraternal organizations, is president of the West Jersey Trust Company and the Pyne Point Building and Loan Association.

At the November election in 1920 he was elected to Congress for the short term to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William J. Browning and for the full term beginning March 4th, 1921.

Mr. Patterson was married in 1896 to Isabelle F. Leyburne and they have two sons in college and two daughters at school. The Patterson home is at 327 Cooper Street, Camden.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Cape May, Atlantic, Cumberland and Burlington Counties.

ISAAC BACHARACH.

(Rep., Atlantic City.)

Mr. Bacharach was born in Philadelphia, Pa., January 5th, 1870, and is in the real estate business. He is a graduate of the Atlantic City High School of the

class of 1885. He is a director of the Second National Bank of Atlantic City, the Pleasantville Trust Company and the Atlantic Safe Deposit and Trust Company; treasurer of the South Jersey Title and Finance Company, and president of the Atlantic City Lumber Company. Mr. Bacharach was a member of the Council of Atlantic City from January 1st, 1907, to January 1st, 1910, and was re-elected to that body for another term of three years from January 1st, 1910. He was elected to the House of Assembly in 1912. In 1914 he was elected to Congress; in 1916 re-elected, and again in 1918 by a plurality of 12,134 over French, Dem. He was re-elected for a fifth term in 1920.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Middlesex, Monmouth and Ocean Counties.

THEODORE FRANKLIN APPLEBY.

(Rep., Asbury Park.)

Mr. Appleby was born at Old Bridge, Middlesex County, N. J., October 10th, 1864. He was educated in the Asbury Park Schools, Pennington Seminary and Fort Edward Institute, from which latter he graduated in 1885. For the past thirty-five years he has been engaged in the real estate business. He is now President of the T. Frank Appleby Company, a corporation with its main office in Asbury Park and with branches at Allenhurst and Bradley Beach.

Mr. Appleby has been unusually active in public and civic affairs in Asbury Park. He served two terms as Mayor of that city, was ten years on the Board of Education there and for several years was a member of Common Council and five times President of that body. He also was a member of the State Board of Education from 1894 to 1902. Mr. Appleby took an active part in the acquisition by Asbury Park of the ocean beach front from Founder James A. Bradley.

The Congressman's political activities include his having been a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1896 and having served one term on the Monmouth County Tax Board.

In the business field Mr. Appleby is a Director of the Asbury Park and Ocean Grove Bank, Vice-President of the Asbury Park Building and Loan Association, member of the Asbury Park Chamber of Commerce and member of the New Jersey Fire Insurance Underwriters, as well as the Real Estate League of New Jersey.

Mr. Appleby was elected to the Sixty-seventh Congress by a plurality of 26,302 over Dr. William E. Ramsay, Democrat, of Perth Amboy.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hunterdon, Somerset and Mercer Counties.

ELIJAH C. HUTCHINSON.

(Rep., Trenton.)

Mr. Hutchinson was born at Windsor, Mercer county, N. J., August 7th, 1855, and is a merchant miller. He has been treasurer of the Trenton Bone and Fertilizer Company since its organization in July, 1889, and its manager since 1892. He does a large business with his flour mill and grain elevator, which are situated in Hamilton township, also President of the Trenton Flour Mills Co. in Trenton, and has large interests in two potteries, being Vice-President of N. J. China Pottery Co. and Treasurer of Cochran, Drugan & Co., and is a Director of Broad St. Bank and Mercer Trust Co. He was a director of the Inter-State Fair Association and was its first treasurer, having served three years in that position.

Mr. Hutchinson was a member of the House of Assembly in 1896-97; State Senator, 1899-1904, and President of the Senate 1903. He served as State Road Commissioner three years—1905-8. In 1914 he was elected to the National House of Representatives, re-elected in 1916 and again in 1918 and 1920.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Union and Morris Counties.

ERNEST R. ACKERMAN.

(Rep., Plainfield.)

Mr. Ackerman was born in New York City, June 17th, 1863, and is a cement manufacturer. He was educated in the Plainfield public schools; graduated from the High School with the class of 1880. He became a member of the Plainfield Common Council, serving for the years 1891 and 1892. In 1905 he was elected to the State Senate and re-elected in 1908. In 1911 he was elected President of the State Senate, and during Governor Wilson's absence from the State he served as Acting Governor of New Jersey on several occasions. The passage of the first Civil Service law was largely due to his efforts and he introduced and pushed to final passage the first Employers' Liability Bill in New Jersey. He was Secretary of the New Jersey Presidential Electors in 1897, and was a delegate to the Repulican National conventions of 1908 and 1916.

Mr. Ackerman is President of the Lawrence Portland Cement Company; a Director of the Plainfield Trust Company; a Trustee of the New Jersey State Chamber of Commerce; a Trustee of Rutgers College; a member of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America; a Director of the Young Men's Christian Association and a member of the Plainfield Boy Scouts Council; a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and a member of the Engineers Club of New York. He belongs to the Union League Club, the Bankers Club of America and India House of New York City; is a member of the Chamber of Commerce of New York, the Merchants Association of New York, serving on the Committees of Commercial Law and City Traffic. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education by Governor Edge for the unexpired term to July 1st, 1921, of the Hon. Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, elected United States Senator.

Mr. Ackerman was elected a member of the National House of Representatives on November 5th, 1918, and re-elected in 1920.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

Bergen, Sussex and Warren Counties and the Townships of Pompton and Milford in Passaic County.

RANDOLPH PERKINS.

(Rep., Woodcliff Lake Borough.)

Mr. Perkins was born in Dunellen, New Jersey, on November 30th, 1871, son of James H. and Elizabeth Perkins; admitted to the New Jersey Bar in June, 1893; elected Mayor of Westfield, Union County, April, 1905; member of the New Jersey House of Assembly from Union County, 1905, 1906 and 1907, majority leader in 1906; Chairman of the Republican County Committee Bergen County, from 1911 to 1916, inclusive; elected to the House of Representatives in Congress in 1920, over Thomas Shields, Democrat, plurality 28,570.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Passaic County, excepting the Townships of Pompton and West Milford.

AMOS H. RADCLIFFE.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Mr. Radcliffe was born in Paterson, January 16th, 1870. He attended the public schools and was graduated from the Paterson High School. He entered his father's shop as an apprentice to the blacksmith trade, and in the meantime he spent a year at the New York Trade Schools at night time, from which he was graduated. He spent two years at night time under instruction as draughtsman, and entered into partnership with his father and brother in 1896, and upon the incorporation of the James Radcliffe & Sons Company in 1907 he was made Secretary, which office he still holds with the firm.

Mr. Radcliffe served six years in the State National Guard and was honorably discharged as a sergeant.

Mr. Radcliffe served in the Assembly five years, from 1907 to 1912. He was elected Sheriff of Passaic county in 1912. In 1915 he won the Republican nomination for Mayor of Paterson and was elected by a

plurality of 1,573 over J. Willard DeYoe, the Democratic candidate. In 1917 he was re-elected as Mayor by a plurality of 3,385 over John Stafford, Democrat. He was elected to the Sixty-sixth Congress by a plurality of 3,934, defeating Judge Joseph A. Delaney, Dem. He was re-elected to the Sixty-seventh Congress in 1920.

Mr. Radcliffe is a member of practically all the leading clubs and fraternal organizations in Paterson.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

The Eighth, Eleventh and Fifteenth wards of the city of Newark, the towns of Belleville, Bloomfield and Nutley, all in the county of Essex, and the towns of Harrison and Kearny, the borough of East Newark, the Seventh ward of the city of Jersey City and the city of Bayonne, all in the county of Hudson.

HERBERT W. TAYLOR.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Taylor was born in Belleville, N. J., on February 19th, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of Belleville and Harrison and studied law in the University of the City of New York, where he finished his course in 1891. In early life before taking up the practice of law Mr. Taylor did newspaper work. Mr. Taylor has had an unusually active political career. He served in the Newark Common Council from the Eighth Ward from 1899 to 1903 and was a member of the New Jersey Assembly during the sessions of 1904 and 1905. For four years, from 1913 to 1917, he was chairman of the Essex County Republican Committee and from 1916 to 1919 he was County Counsel of Essex County. At present he is County Attorney for the same county.

Mr. Taylor in 1895 married Miss Florence Watson of Belleville, N. J., and they have five children, three girls and two boys.

Besides being an attorney and counselor in New Jersey, Mr. Taylor has also been admitted to practice in New York.

The Congressman was elected to the Sixty-seventh Congress at the November, 1920, election, defeating the then incumbent, Cornelius A. McGlennon.

NINTH DISTRICT.

The cities of East Orange and Orange and the First, Third, Sixth, Seventh, Thirteenth and Fourteenth Wards of the City of Newark.

RICHARD WAYNE PARKER.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Parker was born August 6th, 1848, in Morristown, New Jersey, and is a son of the late Cortlandt Parker of Newark. He has lived in Newark all his life and was graduated in 1864 at Phillips Academy, Andover; at Princeton College in 1867, Columbia College Law School in 1869, was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in June, 1870, and was made Counselor in June, 1873. He began his practice in Newark with the law firm of Parker & Keasby, and continued under the title of Cortlandt and Wayne Parker. He was a member of the New Jersey Legislature in 1885 and 1886; was defeated for Congress in 1892; was elected in 1894, and thereafter serving from 1895 to 1911; was defeated at the next two elections, and in 1911 was elected again and continued to serve until 1919. At the November election in 1920 he was once more elected, receiving a plurality of 12,001 over Congressman Daniel Minihan, Democrat. Mr. Parker has led a very active career both as a lawyer and a legislator. His ability and industry were marked not only in the New Jersey Legislature, but also in the National House of Representatives, where he has already served eight consecutive terms.

TENTH DISTRICT.

The Second, Fourth, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Twelfth and Sixteenth wards of the city of Newark, the towns of Irvington, Montclair and West Orange, the boroughs of Caldwell, Essex Fells, Glen Ridge, North Caldwell, Roseland, Verona, West Caldwell, and the townships of Caldwell, Cedar Grove, Livingston, Millburn, South Orange and the village of South Orange, all in the county of Essex.

FREDERICK R. LEHLBACH.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Lehlbach was born in New York City, January 31st, 1876. Upon the death of his father in 1884 he moved to Newark where he has since resided. He attended the public schools of Newark and went from the High School to Yale University, graduating therefrom in the class of 1897. He then studied law in the New York Law School and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey in February, 1899, and has practiced his profession since that time. Mr. Lehlbach has been an active worker for the success of the Republican party since attaining his majority and he has served as a member of the Essex County Republican Committee. In 1899 he was elected a member of the Board of Education of Newark from the Third ward, and in 1902 he was elected to the House of Assembly and served three years, 1903, 1904, 1905, from Essex county. During his term he took an active part in legislation. Upon the organization of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes he was appointed clerk of that body for a term of five years, and served in that office from March, 1905, until April, 1908, when he resigned to accept the office of Second Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas of Essex County. Shortly thereafter he was promoted to First Assistant Prosecutor, which office he resigned in April, 1913. Since then he has been practicing law in Newark, being the senior member of the firm of Lehlbach & Van Duyne. Mr. Lehlbach was a member of the Sixty-fourth and Sixty-fifth Congresses and was re-elected to the Sixty-sixth by a plurality of 587 over Flanagan, Dem. Again Mr. Lehlbach was elected in 1920 to the Sixty-seventh Congress.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT.

The townships of Weehawken and North Bergen, the towns of Guttenberg, West Hoboken, West New York and Union and the borough of Secaucus, the city of Hoboken and the Second ward in the city of Jersey City, all in the county of Hudson.

DR. ARCHIBALD E. OLPP.

(Rep., West Hoboken.)

Dr. Olpp, who is the first Republican to be elected to Congress from the Eleventh District since it was created ten years ago, is a practicing physician and was formerly a chemist. He was born in Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, May 12th, 1882, and received his early education at the Moravian Public School, from which he graduated in 1899. Four years later he graduated from Lehigh University. Subsequently he took a medical course at the University of Pennsylvania and finished there in 1908.

Mr. Olpp's prior public offices consist of his having been town physician of West Hoboken from 1913 to 1915 and to having been twice chosen school physician of Secaucus.

In the election in November, 1920, Mr. Olpp was elected to Congress over John J. Egan, Democrat, who served the district for four successive terms.

TWELFTH DISTRICT.

The First, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards of Jersey City, all in the county of Hudson.

CHARLES F. X. O'BRIEN.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Mr. O'Brien is a native of Jersey City. He is a graduate of Fordham University, New York, having received the degrees of A.B. and A.M. After finishing his college course he studied law at the New York Law School and was subsequently admitted as a member of the New Jersey bar.

When Commission Government was first established in Jersey City, Mr. O'Brien was appointed Judge of the Second Criminal Court, and later was one of the five successful City Commissioners elected by the people. At the conference among the Commissioners he was chosen Director of Public Safety.

At the Democratic National Convention held in San Francisco, June, 1920, Mr. O'Brien was selected to make the nominating speech placing the name of Governor Edwards before the Convention as the Democratic Presidential nominee, and his oration was regarded as one of the big events of the Convention.

Upon the record he made as Judge and as one of the Jersey City Commissioners, Mr. O'Brien was elected to the Sixty-seventh Congress by more than five thousand majority, although the rest of the Democratic ticket was overwhelmingly defeated, he being the only Democrat elected to Congress from New Jersey.

Mr. O'Brien belongs to a number of social and fraternal organizations in Hudson County. He is married and lives with his wife and three children at No. 407 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City.

STATE SENATORS.

Atlantic County.

CHARLES DOUGHTY WHITE.

(Rep., Atlantic City.)

Senator White was born at Denton, Md., July 8th, 1875, and is a hotel proprietor. He is son of Josiah White, formerly of Philadelphia, Pa., and Mary Kirby Allen, of Haddonfield, N. J. He lived on a farm at Denton until 1887, and moved to Atlantic City that year. He attended public schools and High School, also Swarthmore College, being a member of the class of 1895—arts course. He was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania, class of 1896—law. The Senator practiced law in Philadelphia five years and then entered the firm of Josiah White & Sons, owners and managers of the hotels Marlborough-Blenheim and Luray, Atlantic City, with which institutions he is still connected.

The Senator was a member of Atlantic City Council, 1911-12, and City Commissioner of Atlantic City, 1916-1920, being Director of Streets and Public Improvements. He was an Alternate Delegate to the Republican National Convention at Chicago in 1916.

He was elected to the State Senate in 1919 by a plurality of 3,045 over Lafayette J. Brown, Democrat, the vote being 8,048 to 5,003.

Bergen County.

WILLIAM B. MACKAY, JR.

(Rep., Hackensack.)

Senator Mackay, Jr., was born in Greenock, Scotland, August 21st, 1876. After going through the public schools in Hackensack, N. J., he studied law in the office of George R. Dutton and attended the N. Y. Law School. He was admitted to the bar at the June term, 1899, and became a counsellor-at-law at the February term, 1906. He was appointed a Supreme

Court Commissioner on April 16th, 1915, and a Special Master in Chancery of N. J. on January 18th, 1918. In the fall of 1916 he was the Republican candidate for State Senator and received the unusual plurality of 6,930 votes over his opponent, Arthur M. Agnew. He was the father of the Mackay Local Option Bill, which was introduced in the Legislature and became a law in the year 1918. He took an active part during the past three years in all progressive legislation that was introduced and passed by the Legislature. In 1919 he introduced the tunnel bill, which was the culmination of a number of legislative acts and the persistent efforts on the part of many prominent men of the State. This important piece of legislation will be the means of connecting the State of New Jersey with the State of New York by a tunnel. In 1919 he was the candidate for re-election and received the unusual plurality of 7,692 votes over ex-Judge William M. Seufert, the Democratic nominee. Senator Mackay was chosen majority floor leader in the Senate for the 1921 session.

Burlington County.

BLANCHARD H. WHITE.

(Rep., Mount Holly.)

Senator White was born on the old homestead farm in Springfield township, Burlington county, N. J., June 30th, 1864, and is the son of Benjamin White and is a lawyer by profession. He attended the public schools and was graduated under the late County Superintendent Edgar A. Haas and Preceptor William E. Gaskill, of the Juliustown public school, and then engaged in mercantile business as traveling salesman, after which he secured a position in the Eddystone Print Works, at Eddystone, Delaware county, Pa. Upon the death of his brother, A. Harry White, February 10th, 1892, who was a member of the Legislature in 1891-92, he returned home and took up the study of law in the office of Charles E. Hendrickson, since a Justice of the Supreme Court, and finished his course in the office of Eckard P. Budd, then Prosecutor of

Burlington county. He was admitted to the bar at the June term, 1896, and has been practicing his profession since, with his office at Mount Holly.

Mr. White is always in sympathy with every movement to better the condition of the whole people, and every measure framed for honest, economic government. Equal taxation and other needed reforms can always count upon his earnest, honest support.

He is prominently associated with the Masons, Odd Fellows, Knights of Pythias, B. P. O. E., Brotherhood of the Union, and is a Past Great Sachem of the Great Council, Improved Order of Red Men of the State of New Jersey.

He served three terms in the House of Assembly and one term in the Senate, 1913-16. In 1919 he was elected to the Senate to fill the unexpired term of Harold B. Wells, who had resigned to become Judge of Burlington county. The Senator's majority over Thomas C. Shreve, Democrat, was 2,773, the vote being 7,878 to 5,105.

Camden County.

JOSEPH F. WALLWORTH.

(Rep., Haddonfield.)

Mr. Wallworth was born in Philadelphia February 24th, 1876, and is member of the firm of J. Wallworth's Sons, Philadelphia, manufacturers of cotton and wool waste. He has been a member of the Camden County Republican Executive Committee four years, and is associated with the following organizations: President of the Haddonfield Republican Club, member Camden Lodge of Elks, of various Masonic fraternities, of the Crescent Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Trenton, and of the Union League Club of Philadelphia.

He was re-elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 7,371 over Collins, high Democrat, the total vote being 17,193 to 9,822. After two years in the Assembly Mr. Wallworth in 1920 was elected to the State Senate for a term of three years.

Cape May County.

WILLIAM H. BRIGHT.

(Rep., Wildwood.)

Senator Bright was born at Bridgehampton, Michigan, October 21st, 1863, and is in the real estate and insurance business. He was Sheriff of Cape May county, 1905-1908, and was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 1,524 over William Porter, Dem., receiving 2,366 votes to 842 for Porter, Dem. Mr. Bright last year was Chairman of the Corporations, Riparian Rights, Soldiers' Home and State Library Committees, besides serving on other committees.

Cumberland County.

FIRMAN M. REEVES.

(Rep., Millville.)

Senator Reeves was born at Millville, N. J., September 20th, 1877, and is in the drug business. He was educated in the Millville public schools and was graduated from Bridgeton Business School. He has always taken an active part in the civic affairs of the city. He is a director of the Mechanics National Bank and president of the Hope Building and Loan Association, and treasurer of the Firemen's Relief Association, all of Millville. He is a member of Millville Lodge, B. P. O. E.; Fraternal Order of Eagles, Loyal Order of Moose and Tuscola Tribe, Red Men. He was a member of the Assembly in 1918-'19, and was elected State Senator by a majority of 1,409 over Charles S. Stevens, Dem., at the fall election in 1919. His plurality was 1,409.

Essex County.

WILLIAM H. PARRY.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Parry was born at Mount Holly, November 11th, 1877. He is the only son of the late Dr. William C. Parry, who represented Burlington County in the State Senate from 1895 to 1898. He is a graduate of

the Friends' High School at Moorestown, the Mount Holly Academy, the University of Pennsylvania and the law school of the University of Michigan. For several years he was secretary of the New Jersey League of Republican Clubs. He was admitted to the New Jersey Bar on November 11th, 1901, and shortly afterwards commenced the practice of law in Newark, where he is still practicing. He resided for a number of years at Nutley, where he was town recorder and afterwards town attorney for a period of four years. He now resides at 578 Summer Avenue, Newark. During the war he was a Four-Minute Man in New York, Newark and Orange and is credited with having addressed more theatre audiences than any other Four-Minute Man in the State. He is President of the North End Civic League and of the Federation of Improvement Associations of Newark. He was counsel in the recent probe of the Newark tax board. This is the first time that he has been a candidate for office. He is a member of the University of Michigan Club of New York, the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York, Speakers' Club of New York, Lincoln Club of Newark, Newark Real Estate Board, Woodside Council, Royal Arcanum; Crystal Lodge, Knights of Pythias; Nutley Lodge of Elks, and other organizations. Mr. Parry was elected to the State Senate at the fall election in 1920.

Gloucester County.

EDWARD LUTZ STURGESS.

(Rep., Glassboro.)

Senator Sturgess was born at Glassboro, N. J., April 29th, 1868, and for over thirty years has conducted a general insurance agency. Previously he was a machinist by occupation.

He has ripe experience in county affairs and legislative matters which essentially qualify him for the duties of a law maker. In the Gloucester County Board of Freeholders he served as a member for an unexpired term, but did not seek a reelection, and was County Clerk of the same county for five years, dating from November, 1907. In the routine of legislative work he was clerk to the Committee on High-

ways, of the Senate, in 1915; calendar clerk in the session of 1916, and in 1917 President Gaunt of the Senate honored him with the confidential position of private secretary. When the commission to codify the road laws was created in 1915 he was chosen secretary of that body, and in 1916 filled a similar office to the commission appointed to investigate toll roads and bridges.

In 1917 he was elected to the Senate by the phenomenal plurality of 2,073 over his Democratic opponent, John H. Hobday, receiving 4,017 votes; Hobday, 1,944; Soc., 1,482; Pro., 303. Mr. Sturgess was re-elected to the Senate in 1920 by a still greater plurality.

Hudson County.

ALEXANDER SIMPSON.

(Dem., Jersey City.)

Senator Simpson was born in Jersey City June 12th, 1872, and is a lawyer. He was formerly a newspaper representative. He has had much experience in legislation, having been a member of the Assembly in 1898, 1916, '18. He was minority leader the latter two years.

He was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 21,015 over Harlan Besson, Rep., the vote being 44,780 to 23,765.

Hunterdon County.

GEORGE F. MARTENS, JR.

(Dem., Old Wick, formerly New Germantown.)

Senator Martens was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., February 21st, 1867. He served three years in the House of Assembly—1897, '98 and '99 and as State Senator—1904 to 1907, 1913 to 1915; was re-elected in 1915 and again in 1918, being the only Senator who was ever given a fourth term in Hunterdon county. Last year he served on the Committees on Agriculture, Boroughs and Townships, Game and Fish, Unfinished Business, Reform School for Boys, School for Feeble-Minded Children and Treasurer's Accounts.

In 1918 his plurality was 133, receiving 3,322 votes to 3,189 for Thomas, Rep.

Mercer County.

S. ROY HEATH.

(Dem., Trenton.)

Senator Heath was born in Ewing Township, Mercer county, N. J., in 1884, and in business is a lumberman, being vice president and treasurer of Samuel Heath Company, which firm succeeded his father, the late Samuel Heath, one of the best known lumbermen in New Jersey, and one of Trenton's prominent business men. He was educated in the country district school, State Model School and Princeton University. He has been a press agent, sales agent and superintendent, and was a member of the Board of Managers of the State Village for Epileptics for one year, having been appointed by Governor Fielder. He takes a very active part in the affairs of Trenton and the Chamber of Commerce.

The Senator married Janet Field Curtis in 1910, and they have four children, Curtis Franklin, Mary Elizabeth, Dartha and S. Roy, Jr.

On November 4th, 1919, he was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 2,050 over Assemblyman John E. Gill, the vote being Heath, Dem., 11,875; Gill, Rep., 9,825.

Mr. Heath is the first Democratic Senator from Mercer county in thirty-four years, since 1886, when George O. Vanderbilt occupied the seat.

Middlesex County.

THOMAS BROWN.

(Dem., Perth Amboy.)

Senator Brown was born in England on December 3d, 1877, while his parents were sojourning through that country. Since the first year of his life he has resided continuously in the County of Middlesex. He graduated from the New York Law School in 1905 with the degree of LL.B., and was admitted to the bar as an attorney in February term, 1907, and as a counselor-at-law three years later. He was elected Senator by plurality of 1,378 over Edgar, Rep., the vote

being 8,836 to 7,458. Last year he served on the Committees on Judiciary, Municipal Corporations, Printed Bills, Riparian Rights, New Jersey Reformatory, Soldiers' Home, Epileptic Village and Industrial School for Colored Youth.

The Senator was president of the Democratic State Convention, which was held in Trenton September 30th, 1919, and in 1920 was the Democratic floor leader in the Senate.

Monmouth County.

WILLIAM A. STEVENS.

(Rep., Long Branch.)

Senator Stevens was born at Stapleton Heights, Staten Island, July 19th, 1879, and is a lawyer. He was educated in public schools of Long Branch, graduating from High School in 1897; studied later at New Jersey State Normal School, Trenton, N. J.; entered law offices of Public Utility Commission President John W. Slocum in 1899 as a law student; entered New York Law School in fall of 1899, graduating with degree of Bachelor of Laws, class of 1901, and was admitted to N. J. Bar in February, 1902. Mr. Stevens has specialized on municipal law and especially commission government law. He has been city counsel for the city of Long Branch and Boards of Education and Health from 1912 to the present time; borough attorney of West Long Branch for past eleven years; for Deal past four years, and Monmouth Beach 1912 to 1916. He is married and has two daughters, eleven and fourteen, respectively.

He was elected to the State Senate in 1919 for an unexpired term and was re-elected for a full term in 1920.

Morris County.

ARTHUR WHITNEY.

(Rep., Mendham.)

Senator Whitney was born July 5th, 1871, at Morris Plains, N. J., and lived there until his marriage in 1906, when he moved to his present farm in Mendham township. After a successful business career of

twenty years as a banker and broker he first ran for public office in 1916, when he was elected to the House of Assembly. He was returned to the Assembly in 1917, and in 1918 elected to the Senate to fill out the unexpired term of Senator Mutchler.

Senator Whitney's banking experience has led him to take much interest in the financial management of the State, and he has served on the Committee on Appropriations since his first year in the Legislature. In 1917 he acted as chairman for the Assembly of the Appropriations Committee, and in 1918 was chairman of the Joint Committee on Appropriations, an honor only once before accorded a Senator in his first year, and has continued since to hold that chairmanship. He was chairman of the Commission for the Investigation of County and Township Roads, which rendered a report at the 1919 session of the Legislature.

He was re-elected to the State Senate in 1919 by a plurality of 3,653 over Judge Joshua Salmon, his Democratic opponent, and was high man on the Republican ticket. Whitney, 8,806; Salmon, 5,153.

Ocean County.

HARRY T. HAGAMAN.

(Rep., Lakewood.)

Senator Hagaman was born at Toms River, N. J., June 2d, 1869, and is an editor and publisher. He is son of ex-Sheriff John Hagaman, of Toms River; has always been a Republican, and is a member of a number of secret societies. He was Secretary of the Ocean County Tax Board for four years. Mr. Hagaman is a director of the Lakewood Trust Company, the largest financial institution in Ocean county; was vice-president of the New Jersey Editorial Association in 1918, is a charter member and a director of the Lakewood Chamber of Commerce, is grand master-at-arms of the Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias of N. J.; a thirty-second degree Mason and a member of Salaam Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Newark, N. J. He served three years in the House of Assembly.

He was elected State Senator without opposition, receiving a total vote of 3,061.

Passaic County.

ALBIN SMITH.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Senator Albin Smith was born at Franklin Furnace, Sussex county, N. J., and is a counselor-at-law. He was educated in the Paterson public schools and later was employed as a telegraph operator and railroad clerk. He attended the New York Law School (evening division) and passed his New Jersey bar examination in June, 1905, and counselor in June, 1911.

He was an Alderman of the city of Paterson in 1903-1907, and was elected to the Assembly of New Jersey November, 1917.

In November, 1918, he was elected to the Senate of New Jersey.

Salem County.

COLLINS B. ALLEN.

(Rep., Salem.)

Senator Allen, a prominent farmer in Mannington township, Salem county, N. J., was born on the old Homestead farm, August 9th, 1866. He entered the local public school, afterward attended a private school in Salem. He was elected a member of the Board of Education of Mannington township in 1896, appointed district clerk of that board in 1897 and now holds both positions. In 1897 he was elected township clerk and held that office until he was nominated for the Senate. Mr. Allen served as sheriff of Salem county for a term of three years, beginning in 1905.

He is a director of the Salem National Banking Company, also a director of the South Jersey Farmers' Exchange. He is a member of Salem Grange No. 172, and held the office of master for two years, and is also a member of Forest Lodge No. 7, K. of P.

He was elected to the Senate in 1914 by a plurality of 519 over Smick, Democrat, and was re-elected in 1917 by the increased plurality of 1,707 over David A. English, Democrat, the total vote being, Allen, 3,776; English, 2,069; Pro., 331. In 1920 Senator Allen was re-elected to the Senate for a third term.

The Senator was chosen majority leader for the session of 1920 and was made President of the Senate for the 1921 session.

Somerset County.

CLARENCE EDWARDS CASE.

(Rep., Somerville.)

Senator Case was born in Jersey City, N. J., September 24th, 1877, and is a lawyer. He is a graduate of Rutgers Preparatory School, 1896; Rutgers College, 1900; New Jersey Law School, 1902, and received the honorary degrees—B.A., M.A., LL.B.—and is a member of the following fraternities: Delta Upsilon, Phi Betta Kappa, Phi Delta Phi, and is a member of the Elks, Masons and Knights of Pythias.

The Senator was clerk of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, 1909, and Private Secretary to the President of the Senate, 1910.

He was County Judge, Somerset county, from 1910 to 1913, when he resigned.

He was elected to the Senate in 1917 by a plurality of 1,920 over Peter B. Hall, Democrat, the total vote being, Case, 4,202; Hall, 2,282; Pro., 185. In 1919 he was majority leader during the session of the Senate and served as chairman of the Committees on Judiciary, Finance and Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases and member of the Committees on Education, Commerce and Navigation and Home for Feeble-Minded Women.

The Senator served as chairman of the legislative committee, representing the State of New Jersey in conference with a like committee from the State of New York in the matter of the New York-New Jersey port, and he has also been a member of the commission to investigate and report on tax assessment.

He was President of the Senate for the session of 1920 and served as Acting Governor from January 13th to January 20th, 1920. In the fall of 1920 the Senator was re-elected to the Senate for another three-year term.

Sussex County.

HENRY T. KAYS.

(Dem., Newton.)

Senator Kays was born at Newton, N. J., September 29th, 1878, and is a lawyer. He was graduated from Newton public school in 1896; from the English and Classical School in 1898; entered Princeton University in 1899, and was graduated in the spring of 1903. He taught science in the English and Classical School of Newton two years. He studied law at Newton in the law offices of Thomas M. Kays, his father, and was admitted to the New Jersey bar in February, 1910. He was a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Sussex county from May, 1910, to June, 1911, and has served as counsel of the board since January, 1917. He was Federal Food Administrator for Sussex county. He served as a member of the House of Assembly in 1913, '14, '15, and was elected to the Senate in 1918 by a plurality of 430, receiving 2,487 votes to 2,057 for Wilson, Rep. Last year he served on the Committees on Corporations, Education, Labor and Industries, Miscellaneous Business, Passed Bills, State Library and Reformatory for Women. Mr. Kays was chosen Democratic floor leader for the session of 1921.

Union County.

WILLIAM N. RUNYON.

(Rep., Plainfield.)

Senator Runyon was born at Plainfield, N. J., March 5th, 1871, and is a lawyer. He was prepared for college at the Plainfield High School; graduated from Yale in 1892 and from the New York Law School in 1894; was admitted to the New York bar in 1894; to the New Jersey bar as attorney, 1898, and counselor, 1901.

He was a member of the Plainfield Common Council for two years, 1897-'98; City Judge, 1899-1910, and for three years, 1915-'16-'17, was a member of the Assembly.

He was elected State Senator in 1917 for a full term. In 1919 he was chosen president of the Senate and administered the duties of that office with much credit and impartiality.

Upon the resignation of Walter E. Edge as Governor May 16th, 1919, President Runyon, by virtue of his office, became Acting Governor and served as such until January, 1920. Governor Runyon was a candidate for the Republican nomination for Governor at the State primary election on September 23d, but was defeated by Newton A. K. Bugbee. The Governor carried his own county by a plurality of 5,376 over Bugbee. Mr. Runyon was re-elected to the Senate in 1920.

Warren County.

THOMAS BARBER.

(Dem., Phillipsburg.)

Senator Barber was born at Port Warren, Warren County, New Jersey, May 11th, 1868; and is a physician by profession. He is a lineal descendant of John Barber, Esq., who settled at what is now Lopatcong Township, prior to 1740. Dr. Barber's ancestors were actively engaged in the Revolution. His great grandfather, Barber, was for some time a revolutionary soldier. His great grandfather, Thomas Kennedy, a nephew of General William Maxwell, was a member of Kennedy's brigade of teams. His great grandfather, Henry Stroh, Sr., was wounded at the battle of Trenton. His great great grandfather, Mathias Shipman, was Lieutenant Colonel of Second Sussex Regiment. His great great grandfather, Jonas Hartzell, was a member of a committee of safety. His grandfather, Henry Stroh, Jr., was a sergeant in the war of 1812. Dr. Barber received his early education in the public schools, and prepared for college at the Phillipsburg and Easton High Schools. He entered Lafayette in 1891, graduated in the arts, 1895; and in medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, 1898. He located in Phillipsburg and has since practiced in conjunction with his brother, Dr. Isaac Barber. In the 1911 election, in Phillipsburg alone, he received a majority of 1,568, the largest majority ever given a

candidate for any office in the history of the municipality. The Doctor was then elected to the Senate by a plurality of 2,152 over Marvin A. Pierson, Republican. He was re-elected in 1914 by the increased plurality of 2,439 over Shoemaker, Republican, and again in 1917 by a plurality of 780 over John C. Sharpe, Republican. The total vote was: Barber, 3,775; Sharpe, 2,995; Pro., 388.; Soc., 144. In 1920 Dr. Barber was re-elected to the Senate for a fourth term.

Summary.

Senate—Republicans	15	Democrats.....	6	=	21
House—Republicans	59	Democrats.....	1	=	60
	74		7		81

Republican majority on joint ballot, 67.

One vacancy in the Assembly owing to the death in December, 1920, of John R. Rosser, elected from Hudson County.

When Regular Senatorial Elections Occur.

In 1921—Cape May, Burlington and Passaic, now represented by Republicans, and Hunterdon, Middlesex and Sussex represented by Democrats, 6.

In 1922—Atlantic, Bergen, Cumberland, Morris and Ocean, now represented by Republicans, and Hudson and Mercer, represented by Democrats, 7.

In 1923—Camden, Essex, Gloucester, Somerset, Salem, Monmouth and Union, now represented by Republicans, and Warren, represented by a Democrat, 8.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Atlantic County.

WILLIAM A. BLAIR.

(Rep., Elwood.)

Mr. Blair was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1882, and is a farmer, and was formerly a mechanical engineer. He was a member of the Board of Chosen Freeholders, Atlantic county, in 1916-17. He was re-elected to the Assembly for a fourth term at the November, 1920, election. Last year he was chairman of the Committees on Education, Militia, Miscellaneous Business and New Jersey Reformatory and was a member of the Committees on Rules and Soldiers' Home.

JOSEPH A. CORIO.

(Rep., Atlantic City.)

Mr. Corio was born in Philadelphia, Pa., June 11th, 1887, and is an attorney and counselor-at-law. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney, December, 1911, and as a counselor, July, 1915. He was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

Bergen County.

W. IRVING GLOVER.

(Rep., Englewood.)

Mr. Glover was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., October 2d, 1879, and is treasurer of the Afton Holding Corporation of New York. He was a member of the Board of Freeholders of Bergen county from January 1st to December 31st, 1915. He was re-elected to the Assembly for a fifth term in the election of 1920.

Mr. Glover was Speaker of the 1920 Assembly and by reason of his urbanity and the fairness of his rulings, was a very popular official.

WILLIAM ST. JOHN TOZER.

(Rep., Bogota.)

Mr. Tozer was born in New York City November 7th, 1885, and is a lawyer practicing in New York and New Jersey. He has resided in New Jersey since 1895. He attended public schools and New York Preparatory School and studied law at New York Law School evenings and in law office daytime. He was admitted to practice in New York in 1910 and in New Jersey in 1913.

Mr. Tozer, as Councilman of the Borough of Bogota, served from August, 1916, to January 1st, 1918, and May, 1918, to January, 1919. He was re-elected to the Assembly for a third term at the November, 1920, election. Last year he was chairman of the Committee on Industrial School for Girls and a member of the Committees on Federal Relations, Incidental Expenses and Ways and Means.

JOHN Y. DATER.

(Rep., Ramsey.)

Mr. Dater was born at Ramsey, N. J., August 27th, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his home town and later took a business course in a Paterson college. By choice he entered the printing business in his early twenties and soon after started the Ramsey Journal, a weekly newspaper, which he has edited and published for nearly twenty-eight years, and is still engaged in publishing. He has always been interested in educational affairs and has served on his local Board of Education for nearly twenty-four years, fifteen years of that time as president. He has also been prominent in educational affairs of the State. In Y. M. C. A. matters he has also been intensely interested and was the first county chairman of the Bergen County Y. M. C. A., a position which he held for two years. The election as a member of the Assembly is the first elective office he has held. He was re-elected to the Assembly for a second term in 1920.

He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, the I. O. O. F., Jr. Order of United American Mechanics. Also a member of the Legislative Correspondents' Club and

of the New Jersey Press Association, and has served as president of the State Federation of District Boards of Education of the State.

Burlington County.

EMMOR ROBERTS.

(Rep., Moorestown.)

Mr. Roberts was born at Moorestown, Burlington county, N. J., March 13th, 1890, and is a fruit grower and farmer. He is a graduate of Swarthmore College, 1911, and Cornell Short Agricultural Course, 1912. He owns and directs five large fruit farms in Burlington county. He is also a director of Stokes Seeds Farms Company, a member of the national committee of seed inspection and certification, and a director of Moorestown Trust Company. Mr. Roberts was a member of Delaware Farmers' Institute Lecturing Staff, 1913, and New Jersey, 1914-15, and lectures considerably in eastern agricultural colleges. He is a member of the Public Library Commission.

Before his election to the Assembly, Mr. Roberts never held public office. In 1920 he was given a sixth term as Assemblyman, unusual in Burlington county.

Last year he served as chairman of the Committees on Agriculture and Federal Relations, besides being a member of other important committees.

Camden County.

T. HARRY ROWLAND.

(Rep., Camden.)

Mr. Rowland was born in Boston, Mass., May 22d, 1888, and is a lawyer. He is a graduate of Lafayette College, and studied law at the University of Pennsylvania and Temple Court. He was a member of the Board of Education of the city of Camden seven years, and is a member of the Camden Lodge of Elks and Ionic Lodge of Masons.

Mr. Rowland was re-elected to the Assembly for a third term at the November, 1920, election and upon

organization of the 1921 Assembly was made chairman of the Republicans, which carried with it the majority leadership.

J. HEULINGS COLES.

(Rep., Moorestown R. D.)

Mr. Coles was born at Colestown, N. J., April 26th, 1876, and is a farmer and dairyman. He is a son of Isaac W. Coles, who was an Assemblyman in 1911, '12, '13. Mr. Coles was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the 1920 election.

WILLARD T. GIBBS.

(Rep., Clementon.)

Mr. Gibbs was born at Kirkwood, N. J., August 2d, 1866. He was educated at the Friends' Central School, Philadelphia. He is engaged in the real estate business and is President of the Clementon Real Estate Company. He is also a banker and is President of the Clementon National Bank. Another position held by Mr. Gibbs is that of President of the Clementon Building and Loan Association.

From 1908 to 1912 Mr. Gibbs was a member of the Camden County Tax Board. Mr. Gibbs at one time was engaged in the contracting business. He was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election.

Cape May.

ANDREW C. BOSWELL.

(Rep., Ocean City.)

Mr. Boswell was born at New Gretna, N. J., September 26th, 1873, and is an attorney-at-law. He is son of Rev. John H. Boswell, deceased. He received his education in the public schools, Pennington Seminary, University of Pennsylvania and New York Law School, and entered the office of W. Holt Apgar, Trenton, before being admitted to practice. He is solicitor for Ocean City, having been appointed in 1915, and reappointed in 1919, and is also solicitor for Avalon. He is a member of F. & A. M. and K. of P.

He was elected to the Assembly in November, 1920, for a second term.

Cumberland County.

DAVID C. BLIZZARD, JR.
(Rep., Port Norris.)

Mr. Blizzard was born at North Port Norris, Cumberland county, N. J., August 3d, 1872, and is a wholesale oyster dealer. He has been actively engaged in the planting and growing of oysters in Delaware Bay and Maurice River Cove since 1892, also in the fruit business. He is especially interested in growing a high grade quality of goods to meet with the approval and needs of the people.

Mr. Blizzard was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the 1920 election.

Essex County.

WARREN PATTEN COON.
(Rep., Newark.)

Rev. Warren Patten Coon was born in Boston, Mass., January 8th, 1879. He was educated in Boston University and New York University and finally in Drew Theological Seminary. He is a clergyman and a member of the Newark Conference of the Methodist Church. He was chaplain of the First Regiment, New Jersey National Guard when that organization was on the Mexican border in 1916; and he served as chaplain of the 113th Infantry, 29th Division, A. E. F. Also he was made chaplain of the Officers' Reserve Corps, U. S. Army, and is a chaplain in the American Legion.

The Reverend Mr. Coon never held any political office before being elected to the Assembly at the November, 1920, election, except that he was borough clerk of Haledon, Passaic county, for one year in 1912. He is a member of Salaam Temple, Mystic Shrine, of Newark, a member of the I. O. O. F. and Past Councillor of General Putnam Council, Jr. O. U. A. M. Also he is Field Secretary of the New Jersey Patriotic League.

PHILIP D. ELLIOT.

(Rep., Caldwell.)

Mr. Elliot was born at Grafton, Massachusetts, March 6th, 1886, and is a lawyer. He graduated from Williams College in 1908 with the degree A.B., and from the New York Law School in 1911 as a LL.B.

Mr. Elliot was police recorder of Caldwell during 1918, 1919 and 1920 and was a member of the Caldwell Board of Education in 1920. He is the author of "A Digest of New Jersey Statutes" for law students. Among the organizations to which Mr. Elliot belongs are Caldwell Lodge, F. & A. M., Zeta Psi Fraternity and Phi Delta Phi Legal Fraternity.

Mr. Elliot married Miss Dorothy Colby in 1912 and they have two children.

This is Mr. Elliot's first election to the Assembly.

FRANK B. CHAMPION.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Champion was born in Dorchester, N. J., January 29th, 1876, and is a traveling salesman. He was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and at Pierce's Business College in that city. He was a bookkeeper in Brooklyn, N. Y., until 1901, when he accepted a position as office manager in a factory in Newark and in 1907 was given control of a large territory for the same concern and has been a traveling salesman ever since.

Mr. Champion is much interested in civic affairs and takes a particular interest in welfare work among young men.

At the November, 1920, election Mr. Champion was chosen by the voters of Essex county for the Assembly for a second time, he having been a member of the House during the session of 1918.

GEORGE S. HOBART.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Hobart was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., October 24th, 1875, and is a lawyer. He was brought up on a farm at Marlboro, Monmouth county; prepared for college at high school in Freehold and at Glenwood Institute, at Matawan; graduated from Rutgers College in the class of 1896, and thereafter began the study of law in the office of Hon. William H. Vreden-

burgh, former judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals, at Freehold. He continued the study of law in the office of Collins & Corbin, in Jersey City, and at New York Law School.

At the outbreak of the Spanish War in 1898, Mr. Hobart enlisted in the Third New Jersey Regiment, U. S. Volunteers, and shortly thereafter received a commission as major in the Adjutant-General's Department. He was assigned to duty with the Seventh Army Corps, under command of Major-General Fitzhugh Lee, and served under him until near the close of the war, when he resigned to resume the study of law.

He was graduated from New York Law School in the class of 1899; was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney at the June term, 1899, and as counsellor at the June term, 1902, and shortly thereafter became a member of the firm of Collins & Corbin, with whom he has since been associated. He was admitted to the bar of the United States Supreme Court in December, 1914.

He served in the New Jersey Assembly in the Session of 1918. His business address is 243 Washington Street, Jersey City, and also 128 Market Street, Newark, N. J., where his firm has recently opened a branch office.

Mr. Hobart was elected Speaker of the 1921 Assembly.

HARRY GILLETTE EATON.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Eaton was born at Newark, N. J., Feb. 23d, 1866. He was educated in the public school near Mendham, N. J., a grammar school in New York City, and the high school in Long Island City, N. Y. Being of a mechanical turn of mind he became connected with a large wagon manufacturing and wheelwright company in Long Island City, N. Y. After some time with this firm the military spirit of his father (Amherst Eaton, First Lieutenant 8th N. J. Vol. during the Civil War), developed, and he joined the 1st U. S. Cavalry, then stationed at Fort Custer, Montana. He served there five years, during which time he was in several campaigns and engagements against hostile Indians throughout Montana, Dakota and Wyoming. He is

now a member of the National Indian Veterans Camp, No. 6, of Newark, N. J. On his return from the west he became connected with a large mineral company of East Orange, N. J., as salesman for ten years, during which time he became interested in the study and development of the telephone, and for the past twenty years has been with the New York Telephone Company, New Jersey division. He takes an active interest in fraternal, military and social organizations and holds membership in Northern Lodge, No. 25, F. & A. M.; Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Essex County Forest No. 8; Craftsmen's Club, No. 25, General Putnam Council, No. 137, Jr. O. U. A. M. (treasurer for twenty-one years); Court South End 1652, I. O. O. F., Crescent No. 1, Court of the Orient, Director of the Jr. Order Building and Loan Association for twenty-five years, The Telephone Society, Bay View Wheelmen, Senior Vice Department Commander Army and Navy Union, S. & D. of L., No. 31, and several others.

Mr. Eaton is a veteran of the 1st N. J. Infantry, having served two enlistments in that organization and one enlistment in the 5th Regiment, and was supply sergeant at the Mexican border in 1916. Mr. Eaton is a believer in American principles and is a direct descendant of the Pilgrim Fathers who landed on the shores of Connecticut in 1562. He was a member of the 1918 Legislature, was chairman of the Militia, Games and Fisheries and Printing committees, and has always been a staunch Republican. He was elected over William H. Smith, high Democrat, with a plurality of 60,762.

Mr. Eaton is classified as a veteran of the World's War, as he was held on the National Reserve from Nov., 1916, until July, 1917, when he was discharged, and took an active part in a military way in protecting municipal interests in Newark.

PEARCE R. FRANKLIN.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Franklin was born in Newark, March 31st, 1892, and is a lawyer by profession. He was educated at the Barrington High School of Newark, graduating in 1911, and in 1915 finished his course at the New York Law School.

Before his admission to the practice of law Mr. Franklin was a reporter on the then Morning Star of Newark, and afterward did special work with the Newark Board of Works examining titles to meadow property at Port Newark before this property was acquired by the city.

While at the Barrington High School Mr. Franklin was a member in 1910 and 1911 of the school's baseball team which won the state scholastic championship. He was also an all around athletic champion of the Newark Y. M. C. A. in 1913 and 1914.

Mr. Franklin is a member of St. Cecile Lodge, No. 193, F. & A. M., holds the office of Esquire in Newark Lodge of Elks, and is a past chancellor commander of Henry Clay Lodge, Knights of Pythias. Also he belongs to the Newark Athletic Club and the Automobile Club of Newark.

Mr. Franklin has held no other public office and was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election.

DANIEL A. M'MILLIN.

(Rep., East Orange.)

Mr. McMillin was born in Ontario, Wayne county, New York, August 30th, 1874. He was educated in the schools of Western New York and is a graduate of the Rochester Business Institute and Lincoln-Jefferson University. He has been associated with both public and private schools and colleges in New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. From 1900 to 1906 was in Federal service as bookkeeper under the Navy Department at the Philadelphia Navy Yard. Since February 1st, 1912, he has been head of the commercial department of Central High School, Newark.

Mr. McMillin resides in East Orange and is a member of the Board of Education of that city. He is a member of East Orange Lodge, No. 208, F. & A. M., Jersey City Consistory, Scottish Rite and Salaam Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S. At one time he was president of the New Jersey High School Teachers' Association, and for the past ten years has been a member of the Executive Board of the Eastern Commercial Teachers' Association, the last six of which he has served as secretary.

RYNIER VEGHTE TAYLOR.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Taylor was born at Hopewell, Mercer county, on September 11th, 1873. He was educated in the public schools of Stoutsburg and Somerville, New Jersey; is a linotype operator and printer by trade. He has been connected with the Somerset Democrat and the Unionist-Gazette, of Somerville; the Newark Daily Advertiser and Newark Evening News, and is now superintendent of the Laidlaw-Smith Typesetting Co. of Newark.

In 1915 he was appointed to fill an unexpired term on the Newark Board of Education, being subsequently reappointed, and is now entering on his sixth year of service on that board, where he served for three years as chairman of the Committee on Instruction and Educational Supplies, the board's most important committee.

In 1917 he was selected by the Board of Trade of Newark as one of its five candidates for City Commissioner, and in 1918 was a candidate for the Assembly from Essex county. That year he served as assistant in the office of the Supervisor of Bills of the House, and during the same year was appointed government appeal agent for the Third District of Newark. He also has served on several citizens' committees appointed by the Mayor of Newark, the Citizens' Health Committee being one of them.

JENNIE C. VAN NESS.

(Rep., East Orange.)

Mrs. Van Ness is one of the first two women to be elected to the New Jersey Legislature. She was elected to the 1921 Assembly from Essex county at the November, 1920, election. Born in Chicago, she was educated in the public and normal schools of that city and taught school before her marriage to Frank W. Van Ness. She also taught for a while during the world war as a war emergency necessity owing to a shortage of teachers.

Mrs. Van Ness has been unusually active in civic affairs. She was successful in securing a public playground in Milwaukee, Wisconsin, and two playgrounds in Peru, Indiana. Also she was instrumental in the

establishment of a circulating library at Dalton, Georgia. As first vice-president of the Community Club of the Oranges, Mrs. Van Ness opened and directed a surgical dressing unit and aided in other work in providing comfort for our soldiers. Also she was interested in the work for sailors at Colonia and Cape May and was vice-chairman of the Women's Three-Minute Speakers in New Jersey under the Women's Council of National Defence. In addition she was one of the women speakers in the Liberty Loan drives.

Mrs. Van Ness is Sixth Regional Director of the New Jersey League of women voters, was president of the Orange Political Study Club and was chairman of the Home and School Department of the First Ward Local Interest Club of East Orange.

Mrs. Van Ness, with her husband, lives at 19 Glenwood Place, East Orange, and they have three daughters attending the public schools in that city.

MARGARET B. LAIRD.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mrs. Laird's home is at 34 Goldsmith Avenue, Newark. She drew the plans for the house herself, according to her ideas of making housekeeping simple and efficient. She is the wife of Reginald M. Laird, a druggist, and besides her daughter, has a son, Robert, nineteen. She is of Scotch descent, and was born in Newark. She is a graduate nurse, having been in the class of 1907 at the City Hospital Training School.

In 1916 she was appointed to the Board of Health by City Commissioner Raymond, who was then Mayor, but the Democratic majority in the Common Council refused to confirm the appointment. The following year she was appointed by Mr. Raymond to the committee of ten in charge of "Bundle Day." During the 250th Newark anniversary celebration she was a member of the Mayor's committee of fifty women.

For the past four years Mrs. Laird has been State Treasurer of the National Woman's Party. Formerly she was secretary of the Essex County Suffrage Association.

In the 1915 campaign for suffrage she was chairman for Newark for the National American Woman's

Suffrage Association. She is one of the trustees of the Contemporary and has been a member of the legislative and civic committees of that organization. During the Liberty Loan drives she was chairman for the Contemporary. She is a member of the women's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A., the Red Cross, the Y. W. C. A. and the State Health Nurses' Association.

Mrs. Laird is one of the first two women ever elected to the New Jersey Assembly.

CHARLES B. DUTCHER.

(Rep., Newark.)

Mr. Dutcher was born in Newark, June 12th, 1881. He was educated in the public schools and Wood's Business College and is now a manager. Although always an active Republican Mr. Dutcher never before held public office. He was organizer of the Essex County Voters' League and secretary of the society for five years.

Among the fraternal organizations to which Mr. Dutcher belongs are Newark Lodge, No. 7, F. & A. M.; Tall Cedars of Lebanon, Pride of Gen. Henry W. Lawton Council, Daughters of Liberty, and Gen. Henry W. Lawton Council, No. 284, Jr. O. U. A. M. Of the latter organization Mr. Dutcher is a past councillor.

WALTER GILBERT ALEXANDER.

(Rep., Orange.)

Walter Gilbert Alexander was born December 1st, 1880, at Lynchbug, Va. His parents were Royal Alexander and Amelia Terry. At the age of eight he began work as messnger in a jewelry store, working after school hours. In this way he earned enough to be entirely self-supporting. At fourteen, after having finished one and a half years in the Lynchburg High School, he entered Lincoln University, being the youngest student in his class and the youngest one that had ever matriculated at this institution. Throughout the entire four years he was first honor man, winning the Bradley Medal in Science and delivering the Latin salutatory on Commencement day.

In September, 1899, Mr. Alexander entered Bost College of Physicians and Surgeons and was graduated from this institution in June, 1903, winning first prizes for the best theses on "Tuberculosis" and "Cerebral Localization." He practiced for more than a year in Kimball, W. Va., and then moved to Orange, N. J., where he has built up a very large practice. Has been actively interested in all movements and enterprises for the welfare and progress of his race. Has been identified with all civic movements in the Oranges. Is connected with a large number of fraternal and business organizations.

For nine years Dr. Alexander has been General Secretary of the National Medical Association, and is a member of several other medical societies. Was a candidate for the Assembly on the Progressive ticket in 1912 and was candidate for Orange City Commissioner in 1914, and for the Assembly on the Republican ticket in 1919. Dr. Alexander is the first colored man elected to a State office in New Jersey.

Gloucester County.

HORACE M. FOODER.

(Rep., Williamstown.)

Dr. Fooder was born on September 6th, 1884, in Philadelphia, Pa., and is a physician. He was educated in the Philadelphia public schools and attended the Philadelphia high school; began the study of medicine at Medico-Chirurgical College at Philadelphia, and graduated in 1908 from that institution. He is a member of the American Medical Association, Philadelphia Medical Club, Physicians' Motor Club of Camden, president of the Gloucester County Medical Society, and also a member of the Odd Fellows and Elks lodges.

He was elected as the first Republican Freeholder from Monroe township in twenty-one years and in 1916-17 was director of the board. He is chairman of the Board of Fire Commissioners of that township and physician to the Board of Health.

The doctor was re-elected to the Assembly for a fourth term at the November, 1920, election.

Last year he was chairman of the Committees on Railroads and Canals and Sanitorium for Tuberculous Diseases, besides serving on other committees.

Hudson County.

HAROLD B. TUTTLE.

(Rep., Jersey City.)

Mr. Tuttle was born in Jersey City, May 6th, 1888, and is employed in the engineering department of the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Company at 23 Wall Street, New York. He was educated in the public schools and attended the Bay Street High School, Jersey City. He is a member of Hiram Lodge, No. 17, F. & A. M., Highland Council, No. 297, Jr. O. U. A. M., and Oasis, No. 4, Court of the Orient.

Mr. Tuttle was chosen to the Assembly at the November, 1920, election. He has never held any other political position, but was an unsuccessful candidate for the Assembly in 1919.

JAMES A. TEMPLETON.

(Rep., Jersey City.)

Mr. Templeton was born in Jersey City January 29th, 1887. He was educated in the public schools of Jersey City and was for a time a bank clerk with the National City Bank of New York. His present occupation is that of an inspector.

Mr. Templeton served his country in France during the world war. He was elected to the Assembly for the first time in November, 1920, and has never held any other political office.

THOMAS LOUGHRAN, SR.

(Rep., Jersey City.)

Mr Loughran was born in New York City in the old Greenwich village section, May 30th, 1849. He graduated from a high school and spent three years at St. Francis Xavier College in the same city, following this up with a special course at Columbia University.

Mr. Loughran is a potter by trade and worked at his trade for several years in Trenton potteries. Afterward he was manager of the Morrisania China Works in Upper New York and for fifteen years has been in the pottery business in Jersey City.

From 1914 to 1917 Mr. Loughran was a member of the Board of Education of Jersey City and also served

as president of the board. This is the only public office ever held by Mr. Loughran, except for a short time he served a clerkship in New York City in 1879. In politics always a Republican, Mr. Loughran, however, supported Col. Roosevelt for President in 1912, when the latter ran as a Progressive and he stumped the State in 1913 for Everett Colby when the latter was a candidate for Governor on the Progressive ticket.

ARTHUR H. NELSON.

(Rep., Jersey City.)

Mr. Nelson was born in Jersey City, N. J., on October 19th, 1881, and has been a resident of that city all his life. He received his education in the public schools of Jersey City and has also studied insurance law in New York City. He is a member of Jersey City Lodge, No. 211, B. P. O. E., and has been engaged in the coal business for the past fourteen years, previous to which he was in the theatrical profession.

Mr. Nelson is a broker, dealing exclusively in steam coal, supervising in the distribution for exclusive use in factories, office buildings, hotels, etc. He is rated as a coal expert and has fulfilled the duties of fuel administrator. He has never before held or aspired to hold public office, but upon receipt of several complaints relative to alleged rent profiteering which upon personal investigation developed into out-and-out profiteering and upon further personal investigation finding this condition to be rather prevalent in Jersey City, particularly among the poorer class of our people, he decided to endeavor to be elected to membership of our Legislature, sincerely anticipating thereby to be of material assistance in relieving this deplorable and un-American situation.

Mr. Nelson was the only Republican candidate in Hudson county to receive the endorsement of the Central Labor Union and Building Trades Council.

JOSEPH J. LOORI.

(Rep., Jersey City.)

Joseph John Loori is a resident of Jersey City, where he was born twenty-nine years ago. He was graduated from Public School No. 9 and from Hasbrouck Institute in Jersey City, and then entered upon

a course of technical study at Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y., where he attended lectures for two years. At the age of twenty-one years he determined upon a legal career and entered the New Jersey Law School at Newark, from which institution he was graduated in 1915 with the degree of LL.B. He has since then continuously practiced his profession in his home city and maintains an office at 586 Newark Avenue.

Mr. Loori has been since his majority an active Republican in the politics of Hudson county, manifesting always a keen interest in public affairs. Though he has never before held public office, he was elected to the Assembly at the general election of 1920 by the highest vote cast in Hudson county at that election for any Republican candidate, excepting only the presidential nominees. His vote was 86,901, a plurality of 11,280 over Crawford, the highest legislative candidate of the Democrats.

While Mr. Loori is an ardent worker in the interest of his party's organization, he is so on principle, and has very definite ideas of the sound and proper relation of party discipline to American politics, in which parties are ever a natural and necessary feature. He adheres to the Roosevelt standard of striving for party strength as the only safe means in a free government of serving the general good.

ALBERT E. STEPHENS.

(Rep., Bayonne.)

Mr. Stephens was born in Jersey City, May 23d, 1896, and is now Assistant Tax Assessor of the City of Bayonne. He was graduated from Horace Mann School and Bayonne High School and was a law student at George Washington University until our entrance into the war, at which time he enlisted in the air service, and, after completing the courses at the U. S. School of Military Aeronautics, Princeton, N. J., and the U. S. Flying Field at Waco, Texas, he was commissioned as a Lieutenant Reserve Military Aviator. He served eighteen months and on his return took an active part in the organization of former service men. He is a member of Waco Lodge, No. 92, F. & A. M., and of the Peter E. Leddy Post, American Legion. He has always been an ardent Republican

and a hard worker for the party although he never held office before his election to the 1921 Assembly.

FRANCIS R. ENGLEKE, JR.

(Rep., North Bergen.)

Mr. Engleke was born in New York City August 25th, 1885, and was educated in the public schools of North Bergen. His business is that of a mason.

Mr. Engleke was elected to the Assembly for the first time in November, 1920, and has never before held public office.

EDWARD K. PATTERSON.

(Rep., Harrison.)

Mr. Patterson was born in Harrison, N. J., November 7th, 1873, and was educated in the public schools of that municipality. His occupation is that of a clerk. Mr. Patterson has been active in the affairs of his home town and for two years was assistant chief of the Harrison Fire Department. This is his second time to be elected to the Assembly. In 1906 when Hudson county elected a solid Republican delegation to the New Jersey Assembly, as it did in 1920, Mr. Patterson was one of his party's candidates.

JOHN B. STEPHENS.

(Rep., Jersey City Heights.)

Mr. Stephens was born in Hoboken, September 21st, 1893, and received a public school education. His business is that of a foreign exchange broker.

Mr. Stephens has never before held public office. He was elected to the Assembly at the November, 1920, election.

RUTHERFORD B. SEIBEL.

(Rep., West New York.)

Mr. Seibel was born in Guttenberg, N. J., February 28th, 1877. He was educated in the Guttenberg public schools and is engaged in the coal business. Formerly he was in the food and drug business.

Mr. Seibel is a member of the West New York School Board, having held the position since 1917. Previous to that he was a member of the Public Li-

brary Commission of that municipality. He also was the Republican nominee for Congress in the then Tenth District in 1910. This is his first election to the New Jersey Assembly.

Mr. Seibel during the 1920 campaign expressed himself as very much in favor of the creation of a State Housing Commission.

WILLIAM F. FALLON.

(Rep., Jersey City.)

Mr. Fallon was born in Jersey City, September 11th, 1883, and was educated in St. Peter's Parochial School in that city. His business is that of electrical contractor.

Mr. Fallon was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election, and has never before held public office. He is a member of Jersey City Lodge of Elks and is also a member of the Knights of Columbus.

Hunterdon County.

A. LINCOLN MOORE.

(Rep., Hampton.)

Dr. Moore, a clergyman, author and lecturer, was born at Mays Landing, N. J., son of Isaiah Wells Moore and Hannah Frederica (Albright) Moore. He was educated at Bucknell and Yale Universities, and has the degrees B.A., M.A. and D.D. He married Miss K. May Wolverton in 1892. He served as pastor of Baptist churches in Philadelphia, New York, Franklin, Pa., and East Cleveland, and was President of the New York Baptist Ministers' Conference in 1905, Moderator Southern New York Baptist Association, 1906, and President Baptist Ministers' Union of Pennsylvania, 1912. Dr. Moore was also delegate to the Baptist World Congress, London, England.

Dr. Moore is ex-chaplain of the 112th Engineers, United States Army, and since being invalided from the army has had his permanent residence at Hampton, where he formerly had been a frequent visitor. He belongs to the Phi Kappa Psi Fraternity, the Masonic Order, Union League Club, Philadelphia, and other organizations.

Mercer County.

WILLIAM HARTWELL BLACKWELL.

(Rep., Titusville.)

Mr. Blackwell was born at Washington's Crossing, N. J., July 22d, 1882. The Blackwell homestead is now the property of the State, to be used for a park to commemorate the crossing of the Delaware. He received his early education in the township schools and later attended the State Model School, Trenton, from which he graduated in 1901. Shortly after graduation he assumed management of the "Lowland" fruit farms, near Titusville, and is still engaged in growing fruit, specializing in Bartlett pears.

Mr. Blackwell has always been active in grange and agricultural work. He was President of the Mercer County Board of Agriculture for three years, during which time the Board was reorganized and placed in closer touch with the State body. He is Past Master of Titusville Grange, No. 163, a member of Mercer County Pomona Grange and of the New Jersey State Grange, President of the Pleasant Valley Vigilant Society, a member of the New Jersey State Horticultural Society, the Sons of the Revolution, the Republican Club and Cyrus Lodge, No. 148, F. and A. M.

Mr. Blackwell never held political office before his election to the Assembly. He was re-elected to the Assembly for a third term at the November, 1920, election.

GEORGE W. GUTHRIE

(Rep., Trenton.)

Mr. Guthrie was born at Trenton, N. J., October 12th, 1881, and is a printing pressman. He never held public office before. He was sergeant-at-arms, N. J. Senate, session of 1919, and is a member of the following organizations and lodges: Mercer Lodge, F. & A. M., Scottish Rite; Knights of Pythias, P. O. S. of A., Modern Woodmen, Republican Club of Trenton, Printing Pressmen's Union, financial secretary Mercer County Central Labor Union, secretary Printing Pressmen and Assistants' League of New Jersey.

He was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

CLINTON H. READ.

(Rep., Trenton.)

Dr. Read was born at Wattsburg, Pa., November 30th, 1862, and is a physician, and was formerly a druggist. With his parents he removed to Williamstown, N. J., when three years old. He was educated in the public schools of that town. He learned the drug business in Philadelphia in which he engaged in his native place. He was graduated in medicine in 1893 at the Medico Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, and then located and practiced at Tullytown, Pa., in 1894. He removed to Trenton in 1903, where he has followed his profession to the present time. The doctor was a member of Tullytown, Pa., council from 1894-1902; the last two years being president, and also a member of the Bucks County Board of Pension Examiners, acting as secretary of same 1895-1903. He was postmaster under President Harrison in Williamstown, N. J., 1889-1893.

Dr. Read was a member of the Assembly during the sessions of 1917 and 1918 and was again elected at the November, 1920, election.

Middlesex County.

ALBERT WESTBROOK APPLEBY.

(Rep., Old Bridge.)

Mr. Appleby was born at Old Bridge, N. J., February 27th, 1873, and is a merchant. He served as a member of the Township Committee three years, 1905-06-07. He was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

C. RAYMOND LYONS.

(Rep., New Brunswick.)

Mr. Lyons was born at New Brunswick, N. J., December 25th, 1894, and is a lawyer.

After completing his High School work in 1913, Mr. Lyons entered Fordham University, New York City, was graduated June 14th, 1916, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. The following November he was admitted to practice law at the age of 21 years.

During the time he was at law school Mr. Lyons studied with Edmund A. Hayes and Chester R. Holman, of New Brunswick. Upon his admission he formed a partnership with Frederick F. Richardson, County Solicitor for Middlesex county, New Jersey, under the firm name of Richardson & Lyons.

In 1918 Mr. Lyons enlisted in the U. S. Marines and after completing the necessary course of training at Paris Island, S. C., was assigned to the Marine Barracks at Dover, N. J., where he was awaiting overseas orders when the armistice was signed.

Mr. Lyons is a member of several organizations and among other important positions in fraternal organizations is state treasurer of the N. J. Moose Association. His law fraternity is Delta Theta Phi. Held no previous public office.

He was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

EDWARD J. PETERSON.

(Rep., Perth Amboy.)

Mr. Peterson was born in Perth Amboy, June 7th, 1889. He graduated from the Perth Amboy Grammar School and Trainer's Business College at that place and studied the Swedish language in private schools.

Mr. Peterson is chief timekeeper and paymaster with the American Smelting and Refining Company, Maurer, N. J. In his earlier days he engaged in newspaper work, starting as a printer's "devil" and becoming a reporter on several papers and finally publisher of the Perth Amboy Weekly Press in 1915.

Mr. Peterson was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election and has never before held any public office.

Monmouth County.

CLINTON B. LOHSEN.

(Rep., Keansburg.)

Mr. Lohsen was born March 12th, 1888, and was educated in the Middletown township and Atlantic Highlands public schools. He has been engaged in the banking business since 1903.

Mr. Lohsen has served as a member and chairman of the township committee of his township continuously since 1913. He was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election.

EDWARD A. SEXSMITH.

(Rep., Belmar.)

Mr. Sexsmith was born at Kortright, Delaware county, New York, July 24th, 1853, and is a farmer. He attended Franklin Institute, New York, and taught school two years in New York State. He then was principal of schools in New Jersey for sixteen years. Having become interested in farming while engaged in teaching, he dropped his profession and devoted his time to his farm at Belmar. Mr. Sexsmith held the position of Assistant Supervisor of Bills in the Senate from 1905 to 1909, inclusive, and Supervisor of Bills from 1910 to 1912, inclusive. He has been a member of the Monmouth County Board of Agriculture for many years and assisted in establishing the farm demonstration movement in that county. He has been a lecturer at farmers' institutes and other agricultural meetings throughout the State, and in 1916 was elected a member of the State Board of Agriculture. He s serving his second term as Township Collector. He was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 12,175 over Richard Newman, high Democrat.

Morris County.

GEORGE W. DOWNS.

(Rep., Madison.)

Mr. Downs was born at Hackettstown, N. J., October 14th, 1855. He was educated in the public schools of his native town. He is engaged in the paper board business.

Mr. Downs was elected to the Assembly for the fifth time at the November, 1920, election, he having served in the Assembly during the sessions of 1914, 1915, 1916 and 1918. The subject of this sketch has been active in the affairs of Madison for many years. From 1904 to 1910 he was a councilman and in 1910 and again in

1911 he was elected Mayor. It was largely through his efforts that the Board of Public Improvements was organized in Madison in 1912 and he also was prominent in the formation in 1913 of the Mayors' Society of Morris County, of which organization he was made President. Mr. Downs is a member of Madison Lodge. No. 93, F. & A. M., the Madison Golf Club and the Madison Board of Public Improvement.

SAMUEL K. OWEN.

(Rep., Butler.)

Dr. Owen, a practicing dentist, was born in Goshen, N. Y., August 19th, 1876. He studied at the Goshen, N. Y., High School, and the University of Pennsylvania. He has been following his profession in Butler since 1900.

Dr. Owen has served as a member of Common Council in Dover and has been chief of the fire department of the borough of Butler for seventeen years. He was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election.

Ocean County.

WOODBURN S. CRANMER.

(Rep., Cedar Run.)

Mr. Cranmer was born at Cedar Run, N. J., May 9th, 1868, and is a general merchant. He has been an automobile dealer since 1908, and a dealer in motorcycles and bicycles since 1900. He has been postmaster since 1891, was a member of the Board of Freeholders from 1907 to 1913, was director during the last year of service, and was clerk of Stafford township soon after becoming of age. All his life he has been interested in church work and public improvements.

He was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

Passaic County.

HENRY G. HERSHFIELD.

(Rep., Pompton Lakes.)

Mr. Hershfield was born in 1876, in St. Louis, Mo., and is the son of Lewis Harris Hershfield, a pioneer of Montana, and a grandson of Harris Hershfield, one of the early settlers of Kansas. He was educated in the public schools in Helena, Montana, and at Columbia University, New York City, taking the Academic and Legal courses. At the outbreak of the Spanish War, he entered the government service, being detailed for duty to the Indian Reservations, resigning in 1900 to take up newspaper work on the New York Morning Journal. He is now in the fire insurance business, representing several companies for northern New Jersey, with offices in New York City and Pompton Lakes.

In 1914 he was appointed foreman of the first chancellor-drawn grand jury for Passaic county and in 1916 was elected a delegate to the Republican Convention in Chicago, representing the 7th Congressional district.

He is now serving his fourth consecutive term as mayor of the borough of Pompton Lakes, being each time the nominee of both the Republican and Democratic parties.

Largely through his efforts the borough built and operated one of the few successful municipally owned water and electric light plants, which has proven to be a signal success. He was an organizer of the 1st National Bank of Pompton Lakes, also the Pompton Lakes Building and Loan Association, and is a director in both of those institutions as well as in several insurance and real estate companies.

He belongs to the Masons, Odd Fellows, Mechanics, the Theta Delta Chi fraternity, the Graduate Club of New York City, and the Old Guard Veteran Battalion of New York State.

Mr. Hershfield was re-elected to a fifth term at the November, 1920, election.

Mr. Hershfield was the Republican leader in the 1920 Assembly.

FREDERICK J. TATTERSALL.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Mr. Tattersall was born in Paterson, December 24th, 1869, and has lived in that city all his life. He attended the public schools of Paterson and is a graduate of the Paterson High School. He learned the plumbing trade and engaged in it for twenty years, but is now acting as sales manager with the John S. Norton Company of Jersey City and Paterson. Mr. Tattersall is a member of the Master Plumbers' Association, Benevolent Lodge No. 45, F. & A. M., and Fabiola Lodge No. 57, K. of P. He has always been an ardent Republican and a hard worker for the party, although he never held office before his election to the Assembly.

He was given a fifth term at the November, 1920, election.

WILLIAM WADSWORTH EVANS.

(Rep., Paterson.)

Mr. Evans was born at Paterson, N. J., October 5th, 1887, and was educated in the public schools of that city and was graduated from the Paterson High School in 1905, and the New York Law School in 1908. He was admitted to practice law in New York State in March, 1909, and in New Jersey in November, 1911. He was Assistant Journal Clerk of the Senate in 1911, and Secretary to Speaker Thomas F. McCran in 1912. He was re-elected to Assembly for a third term at the November, 1920, election.

LESTER F. MELONEY.

(Rep., Clifton.)

Dr. Lester Foye Meloney was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 16th, 1881. He came to Clifton, N. J., with his parents when he was an infant and has resided there for the past thirty-eight years. He attended school in Clifton, then at the Passaic High School and the New York Preparatory School, after which he entered Columbia University, New York, where he took up his professional work in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, graduating from the Medical School in 1905. After his graduation he further advanced his medical

work in the New York Lying-in Hospital, at the French Hospital in New York City, at St. Bartholomew's Clinic, a specialty clinic in New York City and at Sanford Hall, Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.

Dr. Meloney was then appointed surgeon to the Katala Hospital in Alaska. The doctor came home to pay a visit to his parents and while at home his father died and he decided to remain at home with his mother and an invalid brother and has practiced medicine in Clifton and taken an active part in civic affairs since the spring of 1908.

He was next appointed township physician and then medical inspector of schools and his activities were of such importance to the township that his friends demanded his candidacy for the township committee and he was elected a committeeman in 1914. His arguments defeated an attempt to annex a part of Aquackanonk township to the City of Passaic. Dr. Meloney took a very active part in the welfare of the people and when the township was made a second class city he was elected a member of the City Council and was its President for the first year of the city's life. He was an examining physician on the Passaic County Draft Board No. 2, a member of the Volunteer Medical Service Corps No. 22732. He is a member of the B. P. O. E. (Elks), No. 387, Passaic, of Clifton Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons, of Acquackanonk Grange No. 183. P. of H., of the Passaic County Medical Society, of the Medical Society of New Jersey and of the American Medical Association.

Dr. Meloney was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election.

JOHN JOSEPH ROEGNER.

(Rep., Passaic.)

Mr. Roegner was born in Passaic, March 19th, 1895. He was educated in the Passaic High School, Seton Hall College and Fordham University, at which latter institution he studied law and received the degree of Bachelor of Laws. Mr. Roegner is now practicing his profession in Passaic. During the world war he enlisted on April 30th, 1917, and served as a lieutenant in the 48th Infantry of the U. S. Regular Army.

Mr. Roegner was elected to the Assembly for the first time at the November, 1920, election.

Salem County.

WILLIAM S. STILES.
(Rep., Pedricktown.)

Mr. Stiles was born in Oldman's township, Salem county, N. J., September 14th, 1869, and is a farmer. He attended schools in the vicinity. He was elected a member of the Township Committee in 1908 and again in 1912, and was chairman during both terms. He was a member of the Board of Education nine years and its president five years, and was appointed Journal Clerk of the Senate in 1916-17-18.

Mr. Stiles was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

Somerset County.

DAVID HASTINGS.
(Rep., Bound Brook.)

Mr. Hastings was born at Belfast, Ireland, February 7th, 1864, and is in the real estate and insurance business. He was formerly secretary of the Bound Brook Woolen Mills. He has resided in Bound Brook for over thirty-six years and saw the town grow up to what it is today, and has been, and is, interested in all matters pertaining to the welfare of the community. At the present time he is associated with the Bound Brook Water Co., Building and Loan Association, the Board of Trade, of which he is president, and a director in the First National Bank of Bound Brook.

Mr. Hastings was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

Sussex County.

HUGH CUMMINS BALDWIN.
(Rep., Sussex.)

Mr. Baldwin was born at Newton, N. J., December 11th, 1887, and is an attorney and counselor-at-law. He is son of James E. Baldwin and Anna F. Baldwin;

was educated at the Newton High School, English and Classical School of Newton, and the New York Law School, from which last-named institution he was graduated in 1909, with the degree of LL.B. Also studied law under Charles D. Thompson, of Jersey City, and Thomas M. Kays, of Newton; was admitted to the bar of New Jersey at the February term, 1911, and was almost immediately appointed a Master in Chancery by Chancellor Walker, and was later admitted to practice as a counselor. Mr. Baldwin started practicing his profession in Newton, but in 1913 removed to Sussex. He enjoys a fine practice and of recent years has been retained in many of the more important cases in the Sussex county courts.

He was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

Union County.

ARTHUR N. PIERSON.

(Rep., Westfield.)

Mr. Pierson was born at Westfield, N. J., June 23d, 1867, and is in the wholesale sewer pipe and clay products business, with offices in New York City. He was educated in the public school, Pingry Academy, and John Leal's Academy. He is president of the Westfield Board of Trade and of the Westfield Town Plan and Art Commission. Mr. Pierson has always voted the Republican ticket.

In 1914 he was elected to the Assembly by a plurality of 2,696; in 1915 by 4,019; in 1916 by 7,162; in 1917 by 5,241; in 1918 by 3,720, and in 1919 by 3,387.

Mr. Pierson served as Chairman of the Commission for the Survey of Municipal Financing for four years; was the author of the Municipal Finance Laws of 1917 and 1918, and the Tax and Tax Sale Acts of 1918. He is Chairman of the Pension and Retirement Fund Commission for the Revision of the Pension Laws of the State.

Among the important laws of which he was the author are the Pierson Budget Act, the Pierson Bond Act, the Pierson Sinking Fund Act, the Tax Act (Revision of 1918) and the Tax Sale Act (Revision of 1918) and the Physical Training Law of 1917.

Mr. Pierson was the majority leader in the session of 1918, which lasted only eight weeks, being the shortest since the year 1847, and his skillful leadership was largely instrumental in bringing about that record-breaking event in that period of legislation. He served as Speaker during the session of 1919 with much credit and impartiality, giving every satisfaction in a house that was a tie politically.

He was re-elected to the Assembly for a seventh term at the November, 1920, election.

ARTHUR EDWARD WARNER.

(Rep., Elizabeth.)

Mr. Warner was born in East Providence, R. I., May 15th, 1878, and is secretary-treasurer of Perth Amboy Printing Company, and was formerly an editor and newspaper writer. He has resided in Elizabeth for the last eleven years.

After graduating from the high school of his native town he engaged in newspaper work in Providence. By newspaper writing and school teaching, he paid his way through Dartmouth College, graduating in 1904 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. Following his graduation he was vice principal and instructor in science and mathematics at the Newport, Vt., Academy—1904-05. He was editor of the Lawrence, Mass., Telegram, city editor Bridgeport, Conn., Telegram, acting editor Hartford, Conn., Post, and for several years a member of the editorial staff of the Newark Evening Star. He assisted in organizing the Perth Amboy Printing Company, a corporation that succeeded the commercial department of the Perth Amboy Evening News.

Mr. Warner has taken a prominent part in Union county affairs for some years back, but held no public office until his election to the Assembly in 1917. Last year he was a member of the Committees on Municipal Corporations, Bill Revision and Ways and Means, and Chairman of the Committee on State Library, and was appointed Chairman of the Assembly Commission to investigate juvenile courts and domestic relation laws.

He was re-elected to the Assembly for a fourth term at the November, 1920, election.

SIDNEY WINTRINGHAM ELDRIDGE.

(Rep., Elizabeth.)

Mr. Eldridge was born at Elizabeth, N. J., March 7th, 1883, and is a lawyer. He was secretary of the Union County Board of Taxation, 1909 to 1912; Republican member Elizabeth City Council from the Tenth ward for two terms, beginning January 1st, 1917, to January 1st, 1920. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney, March 7th, 1904; as counselor-at-law, February term, 1907, always practicing his profession in the city of Elizabeth, Union county, New Jersey; is a member of Union County and New Jersey State Bar Associations, also various patriotic, business, fraternal, athletic and social organizations. He has been active in the prosecution of the war activities and all local matters of a public and semi-public character.

Mr. Eldridge was elected to the Assembly for a second term at the November, 1920, election.

Warren County.

HARRY RUNYON.

(Dem., Belvidere.)

Mr. Runyon has the distinction of being the only Democrat elected to the Assembly at the November, 1920, election. He was born in Hope township, Warren county, December 8th, 1891. He was educated in the public schools, graduating from the Hackettstown High School in 1912. He then took up the study of law and was admitted to practice in 1915.

Mr. Runyon has served as a secretary to the Warren County Tax Board and also was for two years Mayor of Belvidere. In May, 1917, he enlisted in the United States Regular Army and served for two years until he was honorably discharged in May, 1919.

Mr. Runyon is a Past Noble Grand of the I. O. O. F., a member of the Masonic Order, of the Knights of Pythias and of the American Legion.

His first election to the Assembly was at the recent election.

THE JUDICIARY.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Third Circuit—Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware.

MAHLON PITNEY, Justice.

Mahlon Pitney, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was born in Morristown, New Jersey, February 5th, 1858, a son of Henry C. Pitney, who served from 1889 to 1907 as a Vice-Chancellor of New Jersey. He was graduated from the College of New Jersey (now Princeton University) in 1879; admitted to practice law in New Jersey in 1882; elected to Congress from that State as a Republican in 1894 and re-elected in 1896, serving in the Fifty-fourth and Fifty-fifth Congresses; elected in 1898 to serve in the State Senate for a term of three years, and in 1901 was president of that body; from November, 1901, until January, 1908, was an associate justice of the New Jersey Supreme Court, and in the later month became Chancellor of the State, in which office he served until he took his seat in the Supreme Court of the United States; was appointed by President Taft on March 13th, 1912, to be an Associate Justice of that court, and took the oath of office five days later. Has received the degree of LL.D. from Princeton University and from Rutgers College.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS.

Third Circuit—Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware.

Circuit Court Judges.

Joseph Buffington, Pennsylvania; Victor B. Wooley. Delaware; J. Warren Davis, New Jersey.

J. WARREN DAVIS, Salem.

Judge Davis was born in Elizabeth City, N. C., March 4th, 1867, and spent his boyhood days at that place and at Norfolk, Va., where his father, John Smithson Davis, moved when the District Attorney was a boy. He received his early education at Elizabeth City and

Norfolk in the public schools. He prepared for college at Chester Academy, Chester, Pa., and graduated valedictorian of his class in 1892. He graduated from Bucknell University in 1896, from Crozer Theological Seminary in 1899, at both of which places he was one of the commencement speakers. Upon his graduation at Crozer he was elected instructor in Hebrew and Greek. He pursued past graduate studies in history and philosophy at the University of Chicago in 1901, and at the University of Leipsic, Germany, in 1902 and 1903, during which time he took lectures at the Universities of Berlin and Halle. He returned to America and entered the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania in 1904, and graduated in 1906, since which time he has practiced law with his brother, James Mercer Davis, of Mount Holly, N. J., under the firm name of Davis & Davis, with their principal office in the Security Trust Building, Camden, N. J. He is a member of the bar of New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and of the State bar associations of both States.

He has the degrees of A.B., A.M., B.D. and B.L.

He was one of the charter members of the Kappa Sigma fraternity in college, and was a member of the Supreme Executive Committee, the executive of the fraternity-at-large for two years, being Worthy Grand Master of Ceremonies, having charge of the secret work of the fraternity. He was District Grand Master of the Second District, extending from Connecticut to Virginia, for two years. He is a member of the following fraternal organizations: Masons, Odd Fellows, Red Men, Mechanics, P. O. S. of A., Grange, Knights of Pythias, Loyal Order of Moose, Tall Cedars and Eagles.

In 1911 he was elected to the Senate of New Jersey from Salem county by a plurality of 732 over William Plummer, Jr., his predecessor in office. Mr. Davis served as Senator until June 4th, 1913, when he was appointed District Attorney for the State of New Jersey. He filled that office until May 29th, 1916, when he qualified as a Judge of the U. S. District Court for New Jersey. In 1920 Judge Davis was appointed one of the judges of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Third Circuit.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

JOHN RELLSTAB, Trenton.

Judge Rellstab, who was born in Trenton, N. J., September 19, 1858, is a son of John and Theresa (Schaidnagel) Rellstab, the former a native of Switzerland and the latter of Bavaria. He obtained his education in the parish school of the Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church and the public schools of the city of Trenton. Before he was fourteen years of age he began to learn the pottery trade. During the latter part of his apprenticeship he began the study of law at night, having entered his name with the late Levi T. Hannum. In order to complete his law studies he left the trade of potter after becoming a journeyman and took a clerical position in the office of the New Jersey Pottery Company, later taking charge of the company's salesrooms in New York City and subsequently becoming salesman on the western and southern routes for the same firm. At a later period he served in the capacity of commercial traveler for the East Trenton pottery. Having chosen law as his profession, he kept steadily on with that one end in view and was finally admitted to the bar at the November term, 1882, and as a counselor at the November term, 1889. At one time he was a partner of the late Judge James Buchanan. He served in the capacity of solicitor for the borough of Chambersburg from 1884 to 1888, and for the city of Trenton from 1889 to 1892, and from 1894 to 1896. In the last-named year he was made Judge of the District Court for the city of Trenton, serving until 1900, when he was made Judge of Mercer county. He was reappointed to the latter office in 1905. In politics Judge Rellstab is a staunch supporter of Republican principles. In religious faith he adheres to that of the Presbyterian Church, in which he is a ruling elder and teacher of the men's Bible class. He is one of the directors of the Young Men's Christian Association, the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Work of the same society, the chairman of the Advisory Board of the Florence Crittendon Mission, and a member of the Board of Managers of the New Jersey Children's Home Society. He was appointed United States District

Judge on May 6, 1909, and was confirmed on May 18. He was succeeded by Frederick W. Gnichtel as Judge of the Mercer County Court.

CHARLES FRANCIS LYNCH, Paterson.

Judge Lynch was born in Franklin borough, Sussex county, N. J., January 9th, 1884. His offices are in the Post-Office Building, Newark, and at 140 Market street, Paterson. He attended the public schools at Franklin in 1901, removed to Paterson and entered the law offices of Michael Dunn, now Prosecutor of the Pleas, as a student and clerk, remained there several years and then entered the law offices of Pierce & Greer, New York City. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey at the November term, 1906. Shortly thereafter he became associated with former United States Senator William Hughes in the practice of law. Mr. Lynch was appointed Second U. S. District Attorney in June, 1913, was promoted to First Assistant in September, 1914, and became District Attorney May 29th, 1916. In June, 1919, he was appointed U. S. District Court Judge by President Wilson and was sworn into office on July 19th, 1919.

JOSEPH L. BODINE, Trenton.

Mr. Bodine was born at Trenton, November 6th, 1883. He is a son of the late Dr. Joseph L. Bodine. He graduated from Princeton in 1905, and Harvard Law School in 1908, studied law with Judge G. D. W. Vroom, and was admitted to practice as an attorney at the November term, 1908, and as a counselor three years afterwards. He was appointed Assistant United States Attorney in 1915 by Judge J. Warren Davis, and continued in this position during the term of Judge Charles F. Lynch as United States Attorney. Mr. Bodine was appointed United States Attorney on July 15th, 1919, by President Wilson, and in 1920, upon the elevation of Judge J. Warren Davis to the Circuit Court of Appeals bench, Mr. Bodine was made one of the three United States District Court Judges for the District of New Jersey.

COURT OF CHANCERY.

Chancellor.

EDWIN ROBERT WALKER, Trenton.

Chancellor Walker was born in Rochester, New York, September 13th, 1862, where his father, Dr. Walter Walker, practiced medicine and surgery, but since 1869 he has lived in Trenton, the home of his maternal ancestors, two of whom were officers in the American army during the Revolutionary war, and one of whom was State Treasurer of New Jersey.

Mr. Walker went to the Model School until 1878, when he left to become clerk in the office of the late Hon. Henry S. Little, then Clerk in Chancery. While serving a clerkship in the Chancery office he studied law with the late Col. S. Meredith Dickinson and afterwards with Judge Garret D. W. Vroom. He was admitted to the bar at the June term of the Supreme Court, 1886, and at once thereafter commenced the practice of his profession, in which he was actively engaged until appointed to the bench. In 1891-92 Mr. Walker was counsel for the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Mercer, and in 1892-93 was city counsel for the corporation of Trenton. Mr. Walker was Judge-Advocate of the Second Regiment, N. G. N. J., with the rank of Captain in 1906, and in 1907 was made Judge-Advocate of the Second Brigade with the rank of Major. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie on October 29, 1907, for a full term of seven years, to succeed Vice-Chancellor Bergen, who resigned to become a Justice of the Supreme Court. On March 18th, 1912, Governor Wilson nominated Mr. Walker for the office of Chancellor to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Chancellor Mahlon Pitney, and he was promptly confirmed by the Senate.

In 1916 Rutgers College conferred the degree of LL.D. upon Chancellor Walker. He was nominated for another term by Governor Edge in 1919, and was paid the unusual compliment of an immediate confirmation by the Senate, an honor rarely bestowed except in the case of a Senator or a former Senator.

The Chancellor is a Democrat in politics. His term will expire March 18th, 1926.

Vice-Chancellors.

EUGENE STEVENSON, Paterson.

Vice-Chancellor Stevenson was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., June 28, 1849. He moved to Paterson with his parents in 1866, and has since resided there. He was graduated from the New York University as a Bachelor of Arts in the class of 1870, and was also graduated from the Law Department of the same institution. Subsequently he entered the law office of Socrates Tuttle, father-in-law of the late Vice-President Hobart, where he continued his studies. In June, 1874, Mr. Stevenson was admitted to the bar as an attorney-at-law, and three years later was made a counsellor. In 1881 he was appointed a Prosecutor of the Pleas for Passaic county by Governor Ludlow. He served a full term of five years in that office. He did not seek a reappointment. Since that time he has never held a public office, although he has often been sought as a candidate for such. Prior to his elevation to the bench he enjoyed a very large practice in the higher courts of the State. He was appointed Vice-Chancellor on April 16, 1901, for a full term of seven years. He was reappointed in 1908 and again in 1915. In politics he is a Democrat. His term will expire in 1922.

EDMUND B. LEAMING, Camden.

Vice-Chancellor Leaming, who was born at Seaville, Cape May county, N. J., sixty-one years ago, is the son of ex-Senator and Dr. Jonathan F. Leaming and a brother of Dr. Walter S. Leaming, now deceased, who also served as Senator from Cape May. The Vice-Chancellor was, with his brother, educated under a private tutor, and subsequently as a post graduate in the University of Pennsylvania, and thereafter studied law with the late Judge and former Congressman James Buchanan in Trenton. United States Judge William M. Lanning, Congressman Ira Wood, Prosecutor of the Pleas Eugene Emley, Alfred L. Black, Samuel W. Beldon and Samuel Walker, Jr., were law students in Trenton at the same time and prepared for the bar with Vice-Chancellor Leaming. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in February, 1881, and as a counselor in February, 1884. From Trenton he went to Seattle, and then to San Francisco, where he practiced his profession for a brief period. Upon his return to New

Jersey he formed a co-partnership with Samuel W. Beldon. Upon its dissolution by the appointment of Mr. Beldon as general counsel of the Fidelity Trust Company, at Newark, N. J., he practiced by himself in Camden and until he was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie on September 21, 1906, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Martin P. Grey. In 1913 he was appointed for another term by Chancellor Walker and was again reappointed in 1920. His term will expire September 21st, 1927.

VIVIAN M. LEWIS, Paterson.

Vice-Chancellor Lewis was born at Paterson, N. J., June 8th, 1869. Prior to his admission to the bar he was engaged as correspondent of several New York newspapers. He was appointed judge-advocate of the old Second Regiment, National Guard, in July, 1896, and served until the reorganization in 1899, when he was placed on the retired list with the rank of captain. He was elected to the Assembly in 1898, 1899 and 1900, and was leader of the Republican majority on the floor of the House during his last term. He was for many years one of the counsel of the State Board of Health. He was elected City Counsel of Paterson in 1904 for a full term of office, but resigned upon his appointment by Governor Murphy as Clerk in Chancery, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Edward C. Stokes, who was elected Governor. He was nominated for a full term of office in 1905, by Governor Stokes, and was confirmed by the Senate. He served in that office until April, 1909, when he was appointed Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, which office he held until April 3d, 1912, when he was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker. He was reappointed in 1919 and his term will expire April 3d, 1926.

Vice-Chancellor Lewis was the Republican candidate for Governor in 1910.

JOHN H. BACKES, Newark.

Vice-Chancellor Backes was born in Trenton, N. J., August 18th, 1863. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney at the November term, 1884, and in February, 1888, he was licensed as a counsellor. He has always practiced his profession in Trenton. In politics he is a Democrat.

Mr. Backes was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker on February 22d, 1913, for a term of seven years and was reappointed in 1920. His term will expire February 21st, 1927.

JOHN GRIFFIN, Jersey City.

Vice-Chancellor Griffin was born in Jersey City, June 26th, 1858. He was educated in the public schools and at an early age entered the law offices of Bedle, Muirheid & McGee as a student. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in June, 1881, and as a counsellor three years later. At one time he was a partner of James A. Romeyn, and subsequently became a junior partner in the old firm headed by the late Governor Bedle. He specialized in admiralty law, of which he became a recognized authority. He has had an extensive practice in all the higher courts of the State and in the Supreme Court of the United States. Much of the municipal laws of the State have been framed by him, and for seventeen years he has been counsel to the Board of Freeholders of Hudson county.

Mr. Griffin was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker, March 20th, 1913, for a term of seven years and was reappointed in 1920. His term will expire March 20th, 1927. In politics the Vice-Chancellor is a Democrat.

JOHN E. FOSTER, Atlantic Highlands.

Vice-Chancellor Foster was born in New York City, September 22d, 1864, and moved to Monmouth county, in this State, in 1879. He graduated from the Law School of Columbia College in 1886, and was admitted to the bar as an attorney at the November term, 1886, and as a counsellor three years later.

In 1900 he was appointed Prosecutor of the Pleas for Monmouth County and held that position until 1904, when he was appointed Law Judge of that county; he held the position of Law Judge by reappointments for eleven years and until he resigned in 1915.

He was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker on January 15th, 1916, for a full term. In politics he is a Republican.

MALCOLM G. BUCHANAN, Trenton.

Vice-Chancellor Buchanan was born in Trenton, March 10th, 1881. He is a son of former State Librarian Henry C. Buchanan and a nephew of the late James Buchanan, for a number of years Equity Reporter and Advisory Master of the Court of Chancery. He was graduated from Princeton University in the class of 1900 and from the Harvard Law School in 1903. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney at the June term, 1904, and received his counselor's license at the corresponding term in 1907. He began the active practice of law immediately upon admission as a member of the firm of James & Malcolm G. Buchanan. The practice of the firm was extensive and varied.

Since the death of his uncle in 1916, Vice-Chancellor Buchanan continued alone in the practice of law and had one of the most extensive practices in the middle section of the State. He has been essentially a trial lawyer, appearing frequently in all the courts, from those of first instance to the Court of Errors and Appeals, and has acquitted himself in a way to attract attention of the bench and bar.

He was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker and took the oath of office on October 15th, 1919.

JAMES F. FIELDER, Jersey City.

Vice-Chancellor Fielder was born in Jersey City, February 26th, 1867. His ancestors on his mother's side were Hollanders and on his father's side, English. They were among the earliest settlers in the State of New Jersey. The families of both father and mother of Governor Fielder have been well known in the religious and political history of the State. His mother was Eleanor A. Brinkerhoff, a sister of former Senator William Brinkerhoff. His father was George B. Fielder, Register of Hudson county, and member of the Forty-third Congress. His paternal grandfather was a member of Assembly from the county of Hudson in 1871, and his maternal grandfather was for many years a county judge of Hudson county.

The Vice-Chancellor attended the public schools and high school of his home city, and later finished at the Selleck School at Norwalk, Conn. He attended

Columbia University Law School, from which he graduated in 1887 with the degree of LL.B. After his graduation he served his apprenticeship in the office of his uncle, ex-Senator Brinkerhoff, and was admitted to the bar in 1888. He was a member of the House of Assembly from Hudson county in 1903 and 1904, and in 1907 was elected to the Senate. In 1910 he was re-elected by the largest majority of votes ever given to a State Senator from his county.

He was elected President of the Senate in 1913 and when Governor Wilson resigned his office March 1, President Fielder became Acting Governor and served until October 28, when he resigned as Senator to take part in the campaign for Governor, for which office he was nominated at the State primary election held September 23d, 1913, by a majority of 45,299 over Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr. He was succeeded by Leon R. Taylor, Speaker of the House of Assembly. At the regular State election which followed the Governor defeated Edward Casper Stokes by a plurality of 32,886. Presient-elect Wilson paid him the highest enconiums. On June 24th, 1895, the Vice-Chancellor married Mabel Chatwell Miller, of Norwalk, Conn.

He was appointed Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Walker and was sworn into office November 2d, 1919.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justice.

WILLIAM S. GUMMERE, Newark.

Chief Justice Gummere was born in Trenton, June 24th, 1852, and is a son of the late Barker Gummere, who for many years was one of the acknowledged leaders of the bar of New Jersey. The Justice was educated at the old Trenton Academy and the Lawrenceville School, and was graduated from Princeton College in 1870. He studied law with his father, and upon being admitted to the bar he practiced for a time in the office of G. D. W. Vroom, when that gentleman was Prosecutor of the Pleas for Mercer county. Subsequently Mr. Gummere formed a co-partnership with his uncle, the late ex-Governor Parker, in Newark, and after that had been dissolved he was associated with Oscar Keen, of the same city. This continued until

the late Edward T. Green was made Judge of the United States District Court, when Mr Gummere succeeded him as counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, with offices in Trenton. On February 18th, 1895, he was appointed by Governor Werts as a Justice of the Supreme Court, to succeed the late Justice Abbett for a term of seven years, and he was unanimously confirmed by the Senate on the day following. On January 28, 1901, he was nominated by Governor Voorhees for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, to take effect on November 16, 1901. and he was confirmed on February 4th following. The nomination was made to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Chief Justice David A. Depue, who, after serving a period of thirty-five years on the bench, vacated the office on November 16th, 1901. Chief Justice Gummere took the oath of office on November 19, 1901. He was reappointed by Governor F'ort on January 22d, 1908, and was at once confirmed by the Senate. In 1915 he was nominated for another term by Governor Fielder and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. In politics he is a Republican. His term will expire in 1922. His circuit comprises Essex county.

FRANCIS J. SWAYZE, Newark.

Justice Swayze was born in Newton, Sussex county, May 15th, 1861, and is a son of Jacob L. Swayze. He was graduated from Harvard College in 1879, and afterward studied law in the office of Martin Rosenkrans, in Newton. He also took a course at Harvard Law School, and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey in June, 1882, and was made a counselor-at-law three years later.

The Judge served as Chairman of the Sussex Republican County Committee from 1886 to 1889. He was a member of the Republican State Committee from 1889 to 1892, and was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1892. In that year he removed to Newark and thereafter confined himself to the practice of his profession. He became a member of the law firm of Colie & Swayze, later Colie, Swayze & Titsworth. On February 13th, 1900, he was nominated by Governor Voorhees as a Circuit Court Judge to succeed Francis Child and he was unanimously confirmed by the Senate for a term of seven years. On January 13, 1903, he was nominated by Governor Murphy as a Justice of the Supreme Court to succeed Justice Collins, who had resigned, and the nomination was confirmed by the Senate on January 20, for a full term of seven years. He

was renominated in 1910 and again in 1917. His term will expire January 23d, 1924. His circuit comprises the county of Hudson.

THOMAS WHITAKER TRENCHARD, Trenton.

Justice Trenchard was born in Centreton, Salem county, N. J., December 13th, 1863. His father was William B. Trenchard, for many years Clerk of the County of Cumberland. The Judge was educated in the public schools of Bridgeton and in the South Jersey Institute, from which he was graduated in the class of 1882. He read law in the office of Porter and Nixon, and was admitted to the bar as an attorney at the November term of court in 1886, and as a counselor in February, 1893. He practiced law in Bridgeton, and in 1899 he was appointed Law Judge of Cumberland county by Governor Voorhees. In 1904 he was reappointed by Governor Murphy. He served as City Solicitor of Bridgeton from 1892 to 1899, and was a member of the House of Assembly in 1889. During many years he was Solicitor for the Board of Health of Bridgeton. He was one of the organizers of the Cumberland County Bar Association and has served as its president. In 1896 he was chosen a Presidential Elector, when he cast his ballot for McKinley and Hobart. The Judge is a member of the Society of the Sons of the Revolution. On June 8th, 1906, Governor Stokes appointed him a Justice of the Supreme Court, to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Justice Dixon. He was nominated and confirmed for a full term in 1907. In 1914 he was re-appointed for another term by Governor Fielder and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Mercer, Hunterdon and Warren. Justice Trenchard was reappointed in 1921.

CHARLES W. PARKER, Jersey City.

Justice Parker was born at Newark, N. J., October 22, 1862, and is a son of the late Cortlandt and Elizabeth W. (Stites) Parker. He received his preliminary education at Pingvy School, Elizabeth, N. J., and Phillips Exeter Academy, Exeter, N. H. He was graduated from Princeton College with honors in 1882; read law under the direction of his father and at Columbia Law School from 1882 to 1885; received these degrees: A.M., Princeton, 1885; LL.B., Columbia, 1885; LL.D., Princeton, 1919; was admitted to

the New Jersey bar as an attorney in June, 1885, and as a counselor at the February term, 1890. He practiced his profession in Newark till 1890, and thereafter in Bayonne City, and since 1891 in Jersey City. In 1898 he was appointed a District Court Judge for Jersey City, and in 1903 he was reappointed. He resigned that office in 1903 and accepted an appointment by Governor Murphy as a Judge of the Circuit Court. The appointment was unanimously confirmed by the Senate and he took his seat on March 2, 1903. This office he held until October, 1907, when he resigned to become a Justice of the Supreme Court, to which office he was nominated by Governor Stokes and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate on September 25 for a full term of seven years. He succeeds John Franklin Fort, who had resigned upon his nomination as the Republican candidate for Governor. He served as Assistant Adjutant General of the State from 1902 to 1907, after twelve years enlisted and commissioned service in the Essex Troop and Fourth Regiment, and was aide de camp on the staff of Governor Franklin Murphy, during the latter's term of office. In politics the Justice is a Republican. His term will expire in 1921. He was reappointed by Governor Fielder in 1914 and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Morris, Bergen and Somerset.

JAMES J. BERGEN, Somerville.

Justice Bergen is a lineal descendant of Han Hanson Bergen, who came from Holland to New York city and was the progenitor of nearly all those bearing the name in America. He married Sarah Rappelyea, who, it is said, was the first white child born in the New Netherlands. Mr. Bergen's New Jersey ancestor was a grandson of the original emigrant, and owned considerable tracts of land in the counties of Somerset and Hunterdon. The family is among the oldest of the Holland-Dutch settlers in this country, and its members have always been conspicuous in business, professional and public affairs.

The Justice is a son of John J. and Mary A. (Park) Bergen, and was born October 1, 1847, in Somerville, N. J., where he has always resided. He attended the old brick academy in his native town, and was grad-

uated from Calvin Butler Seminary of the same place in 1863. At the age of seventeen he entered upon the study of law with the late Hugh M. Gaston, of Somerville, with whom he remained until he was admitted as an attorney at the November term in 1868. During the following year he practised his profession in Plainfield, N. J. On January 1, 1870, he returned to Somerville and formed a law partnership with his preceptor, Mr. Gaston, which was continued under the firm name of Gaston & Bergen for twenty years, when Mr. Gaston withdrew. He was made a counselor in November, 1871.

He was elected to the Legislature in 1875, 1876, 1890 and 1891, serving as Speaker of the Assembly during the sessions of 1891 and 1892, and in 1896 was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention. In 1877 he was appointed by Governor Bedle as Prosecutor of the Pleas of Somerset county, which office he held for six years. He was president of the Board of Commissioners of Somerville and of the savings bank for a long time, and has been a director of the First National Bank of that place. He was especially active in organizing police and fire departments, and is credited with creating the public sentiment which made possible the introduction of a sewage system and other public improvements in Somerville.

In March, 1904, he was appointed a Vice-Chancellor by Chancellor Magie for a full term of seven years, and on October 11, 1907, Governor Stokes sent his nomination as a Justice of the Supreme Court to the Senate, which was confirmed without reference. He took the oath of office on October 16, 1907. His term will expire October 11th, 1921. He was re-appointed by Governor Fielder in 1914 and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Union and Middlesex. In politics he is a Democrat.

JAMES F. MINTURN, Hoboken.

Justice Minturn was born at Hoboken, N. J., July 16th, 1860. He was educated in the Hoboken public schools and the Martha Institute. Afterward he entered college, but was forced to retire owing to ill health, and he completed his studies under the tutelage of Prof. Louis Barton, a graduate of Rutgers

College. He was graduated from the Columbia College Law School, New York, with the degree of LL.B. He then entered the office of Ogden & Niven in Hoboken and there completed his study of New Jersey law. He was admitted to the bar of New York as an attorney and counselor. In 1884 he was appointed Corporation Attorney of Hoboken and was retained in that office until he became a Circuit Judge, twenty-one years altogether, despite political changes in administration.

He represented Hoboken in many notable law suits, carrying them through the highest courts of the State and the United States Courts. In 1889 he represented that city in the dispute over the ownership of the river front, in which the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company and the Pennsylvania Railroad Company were parties in litigation. The case went through the State Courts and was taken to the United States Supreme Court.

The Justice was counsel for the late Henry George in the celebrated case of the John Hutchins will, of Camden, in which considerable money was bequeathed for the circulation of George's works. After going through the Court of Chancery, it was taken on appeal to the Court of Errors and Appeals, where the claim of Mr. George was sustained. Mr. Minturn at one time declined the appointment of District Court Judge of Hoboken. He was one of the organizers of the Hudson County and State Bar associations. In 1903 he wrote an article, which appeared in the New Jersey Law Journal, discussing the proposed constitutional amendments, taking the ground, while not opposing them, that they were insufficient for the relief of the courts. He also contributed to Belford's Magazine an article, entitled "The Iniquities of the Tariff." A Latin scholar and linguist, he is also an orator and a lecturer of high rank.

In 1884 Mr. Minturn was appointed Judge-Advocate of the old Second Regiment, National Guard, and served seven years and until the regiment was amalgamated with the Fourth. He is an honorary member of the DeLong Guards of Hoboken. He has always taken an active interest in military affairs and has won several medals at the Sea Girt ranges and qualified as an expert marksman.

The Justice was one of the organizers of the Free Public Library of Hoboken and of the State Charities Aid Association. He also helped organize the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and was its counsel for several years. He has been president of the First National Bank of Guttenburg and vice-president of the Ocean County Trust Company.

He was elected Senator in Hudson county in 1904 and served in that office until he took his seat as Circuit Judge. He was nominated for the Judgeship by Governor Stokes on June 21, 1907, was unanimously confirmed by the Senate and was sworn into office on July 31. On January 22, 1908, he was nominated by Governor Fort as Justice of the Supreme Court, and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. The degree of LL.D. was conferred on the Justice at Seton Hall College in June, 1908.

He was nominated for another term in 1915 by Governor Fielder and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate.

In politics he is a Democrat, and his term will expire in 1922. His circuit comprises the counties of Passaic and Essex.

SAMUEL KALISCH, Newark.

Justice Kalisch was born in Cleveland, Ohio, April 18, 1851. He is a son of Isidor Kalisch, D.D., a noted Jewish divine, who was a pioneer in the establishment of Reformed Judaism in this country and died in Newark in 1886. Mr. Kalisch was educated in the public schools of Lawrence, Mass., and Detroit, Mich., and was also under the private tutelage of his father. He was graduated from the Columbia College Law School, New York, with the degree of LL. B. in 1870, and was in the office of the late William B. Guild, Jr., until he was admitted to the bar. He was city attorney of the city of Newark in 1875. He devoted himself to a general practice of the law and built up an extensive and lucrative practice. He was one of the most prominent trial lawyers in the state and was counsel in many notable cases, both civil and criminal. In politics he is a Democrat. He was appointed by Governor Wilson June 16th, 1911, and by Governor Edge in 1918. His term will expire June 16th, 1925. His circuit comprises the counties of Monmouth, Burlington and Ocean.

CHARLES C. BLACK, Jersey City.

Justice Black was born on a farm in Burlington county, near Mount Holly, N. J., on July 29th, 1858. He was prepared for college at the Mount Holly Academy, and entered Princeton College in 1874, being graduated with the class of '78. He studied law at Mount Holly, N. J., and at the University of Michigan, at Ann Arbor. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney in June, 1881, and as a counselor in June, 1884. After being admitted to the bar he located at Jersey City, and has practiced law there until his appointment to the bench under the firm name of Black & Dayton.

He served for five years as a member of the Hudson County Board of Registration under the Ballot Reform Law. He was appointed as a member of the State Board of Taxation on March 21st, 1891, for a term of five years, was re-appointed for another term in 1896, and again in 1901. He was again appointed in 1904 for a term of five years. Mr. Black has made valuable additions to the literature of the law in his "Proof and Pleadings in Accident Cases," "New Jersey Law of Taxation" and "Law and Practice in Accident Cases." Mr. Black was the Democratic candidate for Governor in 1904. He was appointed a member of "The Equal Tax Commission" by Governor Murphy. Governor Stokes nominated him on March 30, 1905, as a member of the new Board of Equalization of Taxes, and he was at once confirmed by the Senate. He served on that board until he was appointed a Circuit Judge by Governor Fort, on January 22d, 1908, to succeed Judge Minturn, who was appointed to the bench of the Supreme Court. The justice was appointed on June 13th, 1914, by Governor Fielder to a vacancy in the Supreme Court caused by the death of Justice Voorhees, which occurred on June 1st. He was nominated for a full term in 1915 and was unanimously confirmed by the Senate. His circuit comprises the counties of Atlantic, Cape May, Cumberland and Salem. His term will expire in 1922.

FRANK S. KATZENBACH, JR., Trenton.

Justice Katzenbach was born at Trenton, New Jersey, November 5th, 1868, and is a son of Frank S. Katzenbach and Augusta (Mushbach) Katzenbach. He received his preliminary education at the State Model

School, in Trenton, from which he graduated in the year 1885. He then entered Princeton College, and graduated from that institution in June, 1889. He read law with James Buchanan and Carroll Robbins, of Trenton, and attended the Columbia Law School during the years 1890 and 1891. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar as an attorney-at-law at the November Term, 1892, and as a counselor-at-law at the November Term, 1895. He practiced his profession in the City of Trenton from November, 1892, to June 1st, 1920. He succeeded Justice Garrison.

In April, 1898, Justice Katzenbach was elected alderman-at-large of the Trenton City Council and presided for two years over the City Council. On November 5th, 1901, he was elected Mayor of the City of Trenton for a term of two years and was re-elected on November 3d, 1903, for a like term. In September, 1907, he was nominated by the Democratic party as its candidate for Governor.

His circuit comprises the counties of Gloucester and Camden. His term will expire April 15th, 1927.

Circuit Court Judges.

FRANK T. LLOYD, Camden.

Judge Lloyd was born at Middletown, Delaware, October 29th, 1859. He was graduated from the Middletown Academy, and after removing to Camden, in 1875, learned the trade of a compositor. During his apprenticeship he studied law with the Hon. James Otterson, of Philadelphia, and was admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania in 1882. He was admitted to the New Jersey bar as an attorney in February, 1897, and as a counselor in February, 1900. In 1899, upon the death of the incumbent, he was designated by the Court to prosecute the pleas in Camden county, and was thereafter successively appointed to the position of Prosecutor by Governor Voorhees in 1900 and Governor Stokes in 1905. This position he held at the time of his appointment in 1906 by Governor Stokes to the bench of the Circuit Court. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1896 and 1897, the later year being chairman of the Judiciary Committee of that body, and is the author of the present marriage law of the State. He was a mem-

ber of the Franchise Commission whose recommendations were in 1906 enacted into law by the Legislature. Judge Lloyd's circuit comprises the counties of Camden, Ocean, Mercer and Middlesex. In 1914 he was reappointed by Governor Fielder and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. He was reappointed in 1921 by Governor Edwards. In politics he is a Republican.

WILLIAM H. SPEER, Jersey City.

Judge Speer was born in Jersey City, N. J., October 21st, 1868. He was educated in Hasbrouck Institute in Jersey City and at Columbia University in New York city. He studied law at Columbia University Law School and in the office of John Linn in Jersey City. At the November term, 1891, he was admitted to the bar of New Jersey, and was made a counselor-at-law in June, 1895.

After being admitted to the bar, Judge Speer became a member of the firm of Linn & Speer, his partner being Clarence Linn, a son of John Linn. This partnership continued for a number of years. Mr. Speer was twice vice-president of the Hudson County Bar Association, and became its president in 1903. On February 8th, 1903, Mr. Speer, having been appointed by Governor Franklin Murphy and confirmed by the Senate to the office of Prosecutor of the Pleas for Hudson county, qualified as such and held the office until December 30th, 1907, when he was appointed by Governor Edward C. Stokes as a Circuit Court Judge to succeed Charles W. Parker. On January 22d, 1908, he was appointed for a full term by Governor Fort, and in 1915 he was re-appointed by Governor Fielder.

Judge Speer has been active in politics, and is a member of the Republican party. At the time of his appointment as Judge he was a member of the firm of Speer & Kellogg, his partner being Frederick S. Kellogg. His circuit comprises the county of Hudson. His term will expire in 1922.

NELSON Y. DUNGAN, Somerville.

Judge Dungan was born May 3, 1867, at Lambertville, Hunterdon county, N. J. He moved to Somerset county with his parents in 1873 and has lived there ever since, residing at the present time at Somerville.

From 1883 to 1889 he was a teacher in the public schools of the county, teaching the last four years in Somerville.

He was admitted to the bar as an attorney-at-law at the November term, 1890, and as a counselor, November term, 1893, and as an attorney and counselor of the United States Supreme Court, November, 1896. He is also an attorney and counselor of the State of New York and of the District of Columbia. He is a special master in Chancery and a Supreme Court Commissioner. From 1895 to 1900 he was Prosecutor of the Pleas of Somerset county, and served as a member of the Board of Managers of the New Jersey State Village for Epileptics from 1903 to 1907. He was associated with John F. Reger under the firm name of Dungan & Reger, from April 1st, 1898, to March 24, 1911.

As a member of the National Guard of New Jersey he gained considerable prominence. He enlisted in the Guard as a private in Company H, Third Regiment, July 26, 1888, and served through the various grades until March 25, 1907, when he was elected Colonel of the Second Regiment, Infantry, which office he held at the time of his appointment to the Circuit Court, and was subsequently, February 21st, 1912, appointed Brigadier-General by brevet. He was retired from the office of Colonel of the Second Regiment the day after he received his commission as Judge, which was March 24th, 1911. He was re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1918. His circuit comprises the county of Essex. His term will expire on March 24th, 1925. In politics he is a Democrat.

LUTHER A. CAMPBELL, Hackensack.

Judge Campbell was born in Bergen county, N. J., November 28th, 1872. He read law with his father, the late Abraham D. Campbell, and was admitted to the bar in February, 1894. He formed a partnership under the name of A. D. & L. A. Campbell, which lasted until his father's death in October, 1896. Besides representing a large number of other municipalities in Bergen county, he served as counsel to Hackensack for twelve years successively and as counsel to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of Bergen county for six years successively.

Acting Governor Taylor appointed Mr. Campbell a Circuit Judge on January 6th, 1914. This was an ad interim appointment, and on January 20th, Governor Fielder sent his name to the Senate for a full term of office, and he was promptly confirmed. He was reappointed by Governor Edwards in 1921. His circuit comprises the county of Hudson.

GEORGE S. SILZER, Metuchen.

Judge Silzer was born at New Brunswick, April 14th, 1870. He was educated in the public schools, and was graduated from the High School in 1888, being the valedictorian of his class; was admitted to the bar as an attorney in November, 1892, and as counselor in November, 1899. He practiced his profession in New Brunswick until his appointment as Circuit Court Judge in 1914.

He has served in the New Brunswick Board of Aldermen, and as chairman of the Democratic County Committee. In 1906 he received a unanimous nomination for State Senator in Middlesex county and conducted a successful campaign on the principle of anti-bribery. In 1909 he was renominated and re-elected by an increased plurality of 1,879 over Judge Hicks, Republican. During his six years service as senator he took a very prominent part in legislation and was one of the leaders of his party. In 1912 he was appointed prosecutor of the pleas of Middlesex county by Governor Wilson and served in that office until August 25th, 1914, when he was made a circuit judge by Governor Fielder. He was appointed for a full term of office in 1915. His term will expire January 25th, 1922. His circuit comprises the counties of Passaic, Union, Somerset, Sussex and Warren.

WILLARD W. CUTLER, Morristown.

Judge Cutler was born in Morristown, Morris county, New Jersey, on November 3d, 1856.

He studied law with his father, Hon. Augustus W. Cutler, and upon being admitted to the bar at once began the practice of his profession.

In December, 1882, he was appointed by Governor George C. Ludlow, Prosecutor of the Pleas for Morris county, to fill a vacancy, and continued to hold that position by re-appointments until 1893 when he re-

signed to accept the position of President Judge of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas of that county.

Upon the completion of his term as President Judge in 1898, he resumed the practice of law, having his office in his home town, and continued in active practice until he accepted the position of Circuit Court Judge in 1916.

His term will expire March 15th, 1923. His circuit comprises the counties of Bergen, Hudson, Essex, Hunterdon, Monmouth and Morris.

WORRALL F. MOUNTAIN, East Orange.

Judge Mountain was born March 10th, 1877, at Brooklyn, New York. Shortly thereafter his family moved to New Jersey. He was graduated from the East Orange High School in 1894 and from Newark Academy in 1896. In 1900 he received the degree of B.S. from Princeton University. For a time he was employed by a steamship company of New York, and for two years thereafter he taught in the East Orange High School, while attending the evening classes in the New York Law School.

In 1903 he received the degree of LL.B. from the latter institution. In 1904 he received the degree of M.S. from Princeton University. He was admitted to practice in New Jersey as an attorney in November, 1904, and as a counselor in November, 1907. For ten years he was a member of the law firm of Raymond, Mountain, Van Blarcom & Marsh, with offices in the city of Newark. In May, 1909, he was nominated, ad interim, Judge of the District Court of the City of East Orange by Governor Fort. In January, 1910, his nomination for this position for the full term was sent to the Senate and was confirmed by it. In November, 1914, he was elected Mayor of the city of East Orange and on January 1st, 1915, resigned as Judge to assume his mayoralty duties. In November, 1916, he was re-elected Mayor of East Orange for a second term. In January, 1919, he was nominated by Governor Edge as Judge of the Circuit Court and this nomination was confirmed by the Senate. In politics the Judge is a Republican. His term will expire in January, 1926. His circuit comprises the County of Essex.

RALPH W. E. DONGES, Camden.

Although born at Donaldson, Pa., May 5th, 1875, Ralph W. E. Donges has been a resident of Camden and identified with its activities most of his life. He is the son of Dr. John W. Donges, a member of the city board of assessors and for over a generation one of the best known physicians in Camden.

Educated at a private school and graduating from Rugby Academy in 1892, he read law with former Judge John W. Wescott, being admitted to the bar at the February term, 1897, and receiving his counsellor's degree three years later. He has practiced law since, having offices at Third and Market Streets, Camden, with his brother, Raymond R. Donges.

Always identified with the Democratic party, he was appointed a member of the Public Utility Commission on February 19th, 1913, by Governor Wilson. He was elected president of that body and won an enviable reputation for his fairness and his grasp of the many knotty problems that confronted that body.

His term would have expired in 1919, but at the outbreak of the war with Germany he at once took a very active part, having for years been prominently identified with the National Guard, rising from second lieutenant of Company C, to captain and quartermaster of the regiment, a position he held from 1905 to 1913. He resigned on May 16th, 1918, to enter the army.

From May 29th, 1917, to May 1st, 1918, he was chairman of the Camden City Draft Board No. 2, as well as chairman of the National Guard Committee and a member of the Executive Committee of the Camden Public Safety Committee. He was also a member of a special war committee of five of the National Association of the Public Utility Commissioners of the United States, dealing with utility problems growing out of the war.

In February, 1918, he became a member of the planning staff of Major-General George W. Goethals, Quartermaster-General and Assistant Chief of Staff. From March to May he was Assistant Chief of Administration in the office of General Goethals, who was Director of the Purchase, Storage and Traffic Division of the General Staff.

When he entered the army he accepted a commission as Lieutenant-Colonel. As a member of War Department Board of Appraisers it was his duty to conduct proceedings and make awards for compensation for property of every character which was commandeered, or produced under compulsory process for the War Department. The total awarded by this board aggregated millions of dollars' worth of war materials.

He personally conducted trials and wrote opinions in more than five hundred and fifty cases before the Board of Appraisers.

Judge Donges was named to the New Jersey Circuit Court bench by Governor Edwards in 1920. Judge Donges' circuit comprises the counties or Atlantic, Burlington, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem.

Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals.

(Specially appointed.)

(Term of office, six years. Compensation, $20 a day for actual service. No mileage.)

JOHN JOSIAH WHITE, Atlantic City.

Judge White was born on his father's farm near Mount Holly, Burlington county, N. J., August 16, 1863. He is the eldest son of Josiah White and Mary Kirby (Allen) White, the ancestors of both of whom have been earnest members of and often prominent ministers in the Society of Friends in New Jersey and Pennsylvania since the first of them came to America, attracted by William Penn's "Invitation to Friends" emigrated thither in search of religious liberty during the latter part of the seventeenth century. Among these direct ancestors of Judge White who thus emigrated to America were Christopher White, who came in 1677 and settled at Alloways creek, Salem county, N. J.; William Haines, who settled at Bur lington in 1682; also Samuel Smith, in 1694, who was a member of Assembly until his death in 1718; Joseph Kirkbride, who came to Philadelphia in 1682, and Mahlon Stacy, who settled in what is now South Trenton, in 1678, all from England, and besides these other distinguished ancestors from the same country.

Another ancestor was Isaac Shoemaker, from Cresheim (now Kriegshein) on the Rhine, who was one of a party of eighty German Quakers who founded Germantown.

Judge White attended Swarthmore College two years, leaving at the end of his sophomore year to enter as a student of law in the office of Nathan H. Sharpless, one of the leaders of the Philadelphia bar. He also attended the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, receiving his B. L. degree in 1884. He was admitted the same year to the bars of Philadelphia and Delaware counties, and three years later to the bar of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. He continued in active practice in Philadelphia until 1901, when he removed to Atlantic City and with his father and two brothers built the Marlborough-Blenheim hotel, of which they have since continued to be the sole owners and managers.

On June 14, 1911, he was appointed by Governor Wilson a Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals to fill a vacancy caused by the death of Judge George R. Gray. In politics the Judge is a Republican. On January 29th, 1912, the Judge was nominated for a full term of office and was duly confirmed by the Senate. He was reappointed by Governor Edge and his term will expire February 6th, 1924.

ERNEST J. HEPPENHEIMER, Jersey City.

Judge Heppenheimer was born in Jersey City, N. J., February 24th, 1869, and is in the life insurance business. He attended Public School No. 8 in Jersey City until ten years of age, then spent three years at school in Germany. Upon returning to America he went to Peekskill Military Academy for three years, and finished at Phillips Academy, Andover, Mass. He was a member of the firm of F. Heppenheimer's Sons, lithographers, in New York, until its formation into the American Lithographic Company, when he retired to engage in cattle raising in Texas. He conducted an extensive cattle ranch until 1897, when he returned to his native city. Together with prominent business men of the State he founded the Colonial Life Insurance Company of America, with its head office in Jersey City; became Secretary in 1897, Second Vice-President

in 1902, and President in 1906. He was President of the Board of Aldermen, Jersey City, January, 1910, to June, 1913, when the commission form of government came into existence. He served as Commissioner of Finance, Jersey City, 1910 to 1913; was a Presidential elector in 1912; President New Jersey Harbor Commission, 1912 to 1913, and resigned the latter position in March, 1913, after appointment by Governor Wilson as Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals. He was reappointed in 1919 and his term will expire February 26th, 1925.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, Paterson.

Judge Williams was born in Paterson, N. J., March 16th, 1860, and is a lawyer by profession. He was graduated from Princeton College in 1881, and from Columbia College Law School in 1884. He studied law with his father, the late Senator Henry A. Williams, in Paterson. In 1884 he was admitted to the bar as an attorney, and in 1887 as a counselor. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1890 and 1891, and in the latter year received the minority nomination for Speaker. In 1894 he was elected to the State Senate from Passaic county and served a full term of three years. He served on various important committees and in 1896 he was chosen to fill a vacancy in the presidency of the Senate upon the resignation of Lewis A. Thompson, of Somerset. In 1897 Mr. Williams was elected president for a full term. He has represented Passaic county as a member of the Republican State Committee. Upon the resignation of General Joseph W. Congdon, as a member of the Board of Railroad Commissioners, March 17th, 1909, Mr. Williams was appointed to the vacancy, resigning from the Board of Riparian Commissioners, of which he had been a member since 1904, being chairman at the time of his resignation. His term expired on May 1st, 1913. The death of Judge Conger of the Court of Errors and Appeals occurred on May 1st, 1914, and Governor Fielder appointed Mr. Williams to the vacancy. He was appointed for a full term in 1915 and was reappointed in 1921.

FRANK M. TAYLOR, Hackensack.

Judge Taylor was born in Fairview, Bergen county, July 23d, 1873. He moved to Hackensack, N. J., in 1880, where he has since resided. He has been a member of the firm of Lasher & Taylor, general agents of Hartford Fire Insurance Company, for past twenty years, having charge of the company's affairs for the States of New York and New Jersey. He served as president and member of the governing body of Hackensack for a period of six years.

In 1913, was appointed by Governor Fielder to serve as his personal military aide with rank of Colonel; was re-appointed to that position by Acting Governor Taylor and re-appointed in 1914 by Governor Fielder, which position he still holds. He was appointed by Governor Fielder, Judge of the Court of Errors and Appeals in 1915. His term expires April 10th, 1921. In politics he is a Democrat.

WALTER P. GARDNER, Jersey City.

Judge Gardner was appointed by Governor Fielder to succeed Judge Vredenburgh, whose term expired February 8th, 1916. He has been a resident of Jersey City since his birth there in 1869.

After being graduated from the Jersey City High School in 1886, he was employed in the First National Bank of New York City. Meanwhile he commenced the study of law in association with Marshall Van Winkle, having registered in the office of John Linn, but discontinued same to take up a course in bank accounting and commercial law. After a service of nine years with the bank, he was made cashier of the banking house of Groesbeck & Sterling and on Mr. Sterling's death, became a partner in the new firm of Groesbeck & Co., members of the New York Stock Exchange.

In 1911 Judge Gardner was elected a director in the New Jersey Title Guarantee and Trust Company of Jersey City, and two years later retired from the bond business to take up the active duties of a vice-president of that trust company, which position he continues to hold.

Judge Gardner is a member of the Executive Committee of the New Jersey State Bankers Association, and is president of the Hudson county group of banks.

In 1913 he was appointed by President Wilson a member of the New Jersey Commission for the Panama-Pacific International Exposition and served on its Executive Committee. In politics, Judge Gardner is a Republican. His term expires February 8th, 1922.

HENRY ELIJAH ACKERSON, JR., Keyport.

Judge Ackerson was born in Holmdel township, near Hazlet, Monmouth county, New Jersey, October 15th, 1880. In 1890 his parents moved to Keyport, N. J. where he entered the local public school and was graduated from the Keyport High School in 1898 with high honors. He was then employed for a time as a clerk in the People's National Bank of Keyport, and then entered the Packard Commercial School, New York City, and after his graduation there, became secretary to the manager of a New York brokerage firm, and during this employment he continued his education with the Senftner Preparatory School in New York City, attending the night classes, with the view of preparing himself to take up the study of law. He passed the New York Regents' examinations in 1900 and was admitted to the New York Law School, from which he graduated in the year 1902 at the head of a large class of students, with an exceptionally high average in his examinations, and as a result of this record he was appointed Professor of Pleading and Practice at the Law School, which position he occupied for two years, being at the same time connected with a law firm in Jersey City. He was admitted to the New Jersey Bar as an attorney-at-law, March 7th, 1904, and was made a counsellor-at-law and Master in Chancery November 28th, 1909.

On May 1st, 1906, Mr. Ackerson left the law firm in Jersey City to engage in the practice of law by himself in his home town of Keyport, where he has practiced continuously ever since. He served as attorney of the Borough of Keyport from January 1st, 1909, to January 1st, 1914, and has been counsel for the township of Holmdel continuously since January 1st, 1909. On February 11th, 1914, he was appointed counsel to the Board of Chosen Freeholders of the county of Monmouth, which office he now holds.

He is a director of and attorney for the People's National Bank of Keyport, and is Vice-President of the Keyport Free Public Library Association. He is a member of the Royal Arcanum, being a Past Regent of that order and has also served as Supervising Deputy Grand Regent for that order in Monmouth county.

In 1914 he was elected to the State Senate and re-elected in 1917. He resigned as Senator in 1919 to qualify for the judgeship. His term will expire April 12th, 1925.

U. S. OFFICERS FOR NEW JERSEY.

District Attorney.

ELMER H. GERAN, Matawan.

Mr. Geran was born in Matawan, N. J., October 24th, 1875. He graduated from the Glenwood Military Institute, Matawan, in 1892, from Peddie Institute, Hightstown, in 1895, from Princeton University in 1899 and from the New York Law School in 1901. He was a member of the New Jersey Assembly in 1911, 1912, 1915 and 1916 and during the latter two years was the Democratic floor leader. In 1912 Governor Wilson appointed Mr. Geran a member of the New Jersey Water Supply Commission. This office Mr. Geran resigned in 1915 to become Assistant Prosecutor of Monmouth county. In 1917 Mr. Geran was elected sheriff of Monmouth county and in 1920 President Wilson appointed him United States District Attorney for New Jersey.

Clerk U. S. District Court.

GEORGE T. CRANMER, Trenton.

Mr. Cranmer was born at Barnegat, N. J., December 6th, 1848. He was formerly engaged in the banking and brokerage, real estate and insurance business. He has been an active member of the State National Guard for a number of years, and from 1875 to 1899 was Quartermaster of the Seventh Regiment. In 1878 he was the Republican candi-

date for member of Assembly, but was defeated by Hon. Rufus Blodgett, since a United States Senator. In September, 1879, without his solicitation, he was appointed by President Hayes Collector of Customs for the District of Little Egg Harbor, N. J., which office he resigned July 1st, 1880. In 1882 he was again nominated for member of Assembly and elected over William J. Harrison by a majority of 477. In 1883 he was unanimously nominated for Senator, and elected over ex-Senator Ephraim P. Emson by a plurality of 36. In 1886 he was renominated for Senator, and elected over Judge Richard H. Conover by a plurality of 743. In 1889 he was again unanimously renominated for Senator, and elected over ex-Senator Ephraim P. Emson by a plurality of 272. He always took an active part in the proceedings of the Senate, and for many years was Chairman of the Senate Republican caucus, and also of the joint Republican caucus. In 1889 he was unanimously nominated by the Republican caucus for President of the Senate. He was an alternate Delegate-at-Large to the National Republican Convention at Chicago in 1888, and also to the Minneapolis Convention in 1892. In October, 1891, at a convention of the State League of Republican Clubs, he was elected an alternate Delegate-at-Large to the National Convention of Republican Clubs. He was appointed to his present office by the late Judge Green, in January, 1893, to succeed Linsly Rowe, who had resigned. No fixed salary, but instead, fees.

United States Marshal.

ALBERT BOLLSCHWEILER, Perth Amboy.

Mr. Bollschweiler was born in Schopfheim, Baden, Germany, April 26th, 1860. He was educated in ward schools, and after graduation he entered upon his life's work in clay products as an apprentice in Wiesbaden, Germany. Later he went to Switzerland and spent two years, returned to Germany, and from there came to the United States in 1882 He began operating in the terra cotta business in Boston, and came from that city to Perth Amboy, went to Chicago, and on February 23d, 1888, he settled permanently in Perth Amboy. He engaged in the terra cotta business for himself in 1890, and became one of the founders of the Standard Terra Cotta Works, now a branch of the Atlantic Terra Cotta

Company. He served as its president and general manager. He specialized in the manufacture of ceramic products, and became president of the Perth Amboy Ceramic Company. Mr. Bollschweiler is a member of Raritan Lodge, No. 661, F. and A. M.; Perth Amboy Lodge, No. 784, B. P. O. E.; Middlesex Council, Royal Arcanum; Perth Amboy Camp, W. O. W., and of Local No. 273, American Federation of Musicians. He was elected for three consecutive terms to serve as Mayor of Perth Amboy, beginning in 1907, serving about five years, until he became Sheriff of Middlesex county in 1911, which position he resigned to accept the appointment of United States Marshal in December, 1913. He was re-appointed in 1917 and 1919. His term is four years, and salary $3,000 per annum.

STATE OFFICERS.

Secretary of State.

THOMAS F. MARTIN.

Mr. Martin was born in Hartford, Conn., January 30th, 1868. He is a newspaper editor and publisher by profession and for the past fifteen years he has been the owner and editor of the Hudson Dispatch, published at Union Hill, Hudson county. This paper has grown from a local daily to one which now has an extensive circulation throughout the county of Hudson and a State-wide influence.

Mr. Martin is a member of Palisade Council No. 483, Knights of Columbus, the Cartaret Club of Jersey City, and a charter member of the North Hudson Board of Trade. His legislative career began in 1911. He served in the House of Assembly that year, in 1912, and again in 1913. He was again elected to the House of 1915, when he was chosen as the leader of the Democratic members on the floor.

Mr. Martin takes more gratification out of the result of his efforts in connection with the attempt to enact Morris Canal legislation than any other bill in the passage or defeat of which he played any part. As the Democratic leader Mr. Martin vigorously opposed legislation that he thought would prove detri-

mental to the best interests of the State, and time has justified the position taken by him.

When Governor Fielder was called upon to name a new Secretary of State because of the death of David S. Crater, the then secretary, Mr. Martin was accorded a tribute such as has never before been extended to any man in this State. Every member of the House of Assembly, of which he was a member, waited upon the Governor, and regardless of their politics, they asked for the naming of Mr. Martin to the place. Governor Fielder named Mr. Martin as Secretary of State, April 5th, 1915, for a term of five years. Mr. Martin was reappointed for another full term in 1920 by Governor Edwards.

Assistant Secretary of State.

WILLIAM L. DILL, Paterson.

Mr. Dill was born in Freeburgh, Pa., March 15th, 1874. His father was Major William H. Dill, commander of the famous 118th Regiment N. Y. Vol. Inf., and one of the foremost educators in the State of Pennsylvania at the time of his death.

Mr. Dill came to New Jersey in 1888 and at once engaged in the fire and life insurance business; he was named by the late John Hinchliffe as private secretary to the mayor in 1902, and served in that capacity during the fire, floods and labor troubles which trinity of disasters made Paterson famous the world over. After his retirement from the mayor's office on December 31st, 1903, he was named secretary of the Passaic River Flood District Commission and upon the completion of this work was appointed secretary of the Taxpayers' Association of Paterson, a civic organization banded together to do the work which a Board of Trade would have done, had such a body existed in the silk city. He resigned this position to become clerk to the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners in 1908 and remained with such board until December 31st, 1913, when he resigned.

Mr. Dill was for many years secretary to the Democratic Senate Minority and when his party assumed control of the Senate, he was unanimously chosen by his party as Senate Secretary for the years 1913

and 1914. He was a member of the Passaic County Board of Taxation for four years, serving as president during the last three years of his term. Mr. Dill resigned from the tax board to assume the duties of Assistant Secretary of State, to which office he was appointed on April 5th, 1915. By virtue of his office he is Commissioner of the Motor Vehicle Department. He was reappointed in 1920.

In politics Mr. Dill has always been an ardent Democrat and is regarded as one of the best organizers within the ranks of his party. His acquaintance is State wide. He was secretary of the Democratic State Committee for some years and resigned in 1919.

State Treasurer.

WILLIAM THACKARA READ, Camden.

Senator Read was born in Camden, N. J., November 22d, 1878, and is a counsellor-at-law of New Jersey. He was educated in the public schools of Camden and William Penn Charter School of Philadelphia and was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1900 with degree of Bachelor of Science. He was registered as a law student in the office of J. Willard Morgan, former State Comptroller, and attended the Law School of the University of Pennsylvania. He was admitted to the bar of New Jersey as an attorney at the November term, 1903, and as a counsellor three years later. Since his admission he has practiced law at Camden. He is vice-president of the First National Bank of Camden, and solicitor of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Camden; a director of the West Jersey Trust Company of Camden, member of the New Jersey Society of Pennsylvania, of the New Jersey State Bar Association, and of the American Bar Association, and has been district examiner of the Board of Education of the city of Camden over eight years; has been solicitor of the borough of Riverton from January 1st, 1910 to 1919. In March, 1909, he was appointed second lieutenant of the Third Regiment, N. G. N. J., and assigned to the First Battalion as Quartermaster and Commissary. In 1909, '10, '11 he was an expert rifle-

man, a member of the Third Regiment rifle team 1910-11, and a member of New Jersey State Rifle Team, 1910. In the spring of 1913 he was appointed to serve on the staff of Adjutant-General Sadler with the rank of Major. In May, 1917, he was appointed an Assistant Inspector General of Rifle Practice on the staff of General Spencer, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, and in 1918 was promoted to the rank of Colonel. He is a member of Camden Lodge, No. 15, F. and A. M., Siloam Chapter, Van Hook Council, Excelsior Consistory 32d Degree, Tall Cedars of Lebanon and Crescent Temple. He is also a member of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, and the Union League of Philadelphia, Sons of the Revolution, N. J. State Rifle Association, Rotary Club, Camden Lodge of Elks. In 1911 he was elected to the Senate by a plurality of 1,255 over French, Democrat, and in 1914 his plurality over Bleakly, Democrat, was increased to 9,530.

He was also a member of the Jury Reform Commission. He was minority leader on the floor of the Senate in 1913 and 1914, and majority leader in 1915. He was President of the Senate in 1916 and discharged the duties of the office with much ability and impartiality. He resigned the office of State Senator on March 29th, and became State Treasurer on April 1st. In 1919 he was elected for a second term. His term is three years and will expire April 1st, 1922. His salary is $6,000 per annum.

State Comptroller.

NEWTON ALBERT KENDALL BUGBEE, Trenton.

Mr. Bugbee was born at Minneapolis, Minn., on April 21st, 1876. He is the son of Alvin Newton and Lucy Kendall Bugbee.

At about the age of twelve (12) years he moved, with his parents, to Templeton, Mass., where he finished his education in the public schools of that town.

At the age of eighteen (18) he started his business career at the Edge Moor Bridge Works, Wilmington, Del., and came to Trenton about twenty (20) years ago and entered the employ of the New Jersey Steel

and Iron Co., from which position he resigned to start in business for himself, on January 1st, 1904.

He is secretary and treasurer of the Newton A. K. Bugbee Co., Inc., structural iron work contractors. The company occupies a prominent position in the business world and Mr. Bugbee, himself, is very active in public affairs and all that tends toward the prosperity of the nation. He is a director of the Mechanics National Bank of Trenton; was elected chairman of the Republican State Committee in September, 1913, and re-elected three years later. He wielded much influence in the great Republican victories in New Jersey in 1916, 1917 and 1918.

Mr. Bugbee was elected State Comptroller in a joint meeting of the Legislature, held on January 30th, 1917, for a term of three years in succession to Edward I. Edwards. He was re-elected in 1920 for another three year term.

He was the Republican candidate for Governor in 1919, but was defeated by Edward I. Edwards, Democrat.

State Purchasing Agent.

EDWARD E. GROSSCUP, Wenonah.

Mr. Grosscup was born in Bridgeton, Cumberland county, August 2, 1860, and is a son of the late Charles C. and Anna D. Grosscup. The father, Charles C. Grosscup, was a member of the Legislature in 1870 and 1871.

Mr. Grosscup, the subject of this sketch, has been prominent in Democratic politics in New Jersey for years. In 1896 he was the candidate of his party in Cumberland county for sheriff and in 1898 was the Democratic nominee in the same county for State Senator against Governor Edward C. Stokes.

In 1899 Mr. Grosscup changed his residence from Cumberland to Gloucester county and in the latter county in 1906 was the opponent of ex-Senator J. Boyd Avis for the Assembly. In 1908 Mr. Grosscup was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the first district against Congressman Henry C. Loudenslager. For years Mr. Grosscup served as a member of the State Board of Education. He is at present a

member of the Democratic State Committee, representing Gloucester county, and while a resident of Cumberland county served in a similar capacity as representative of that county.

Mr. Grosscup is extensively engaged in real estate operations. Governor Wilson nominated him as a member of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes on April 20, 1911, for a term of five years and he was immediately confirmed by the Senate.

He resigned that office to assume the duties of State Treasurer, for which he was chosen by a joint meeting of the Legislature held on January 28th, 1913. On August 24th, 1911, he was elected Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, was re-elected in 1913-16, and resigned in 1918. He rendered very effective service to his party during the Presidential campaign of 1912, and in the Gubernatorial campaign of 1913, and also did hard work in the Presidential and Gubernatorial campaign of 1916. He was nominated as Purchasing Agent by Governor Fielder March 21st, 1916, and unanimously confirmed by the Senate on the twenty-ninth of that month. His term will expire April 1st, 1921, and salary $5,000 a year.

Attorney General.

THOMAS F. McCRAN, Paterson.

The nomination of Mr. McCran to the office of Chief Law Officer of the State was sent to the Senate by Governor Edge on January 14, 1919, when it received a prompt and an unanimous confirmation. This is one of the most popular appointments made by the Governor and deserved tribute to the brilliant Paterson lawyer.

Mr. McCran, who was born in Newark, December 2d, 1875, is a son of Thomas McCran who was an Assemblyman from Passaic County in 1890. His rudimentary education was received in the Paterson schools when he entered Seton Hall College and was graduated from that institution with the degree of B.S. in June, 1896. In September of that year he became a student in the law office of William B. Gourley, former Assemblyman; was admitted to the bar, as an attorney, November, 1899, and as counselor, February, 1911. He practiced in Mr. Gourley's office until March, 1907, and then went in business for himself.

Close study, untiring industry, probity and perseverance led him step by step up the ladder of success in his profession and now he is Attorney General of New Jersey.

Mr. McCran's record: City Attorney of Paterson, 1907-12; Assemblyman, 1910-11-12; minority leader, 1911; Speaker, 1912; Senator, 1916-17-18; majority leader, 1917; chairman of the Republican State Convention, 1917; President of the Senate and Acting Governor, 1918; Attorney General, 1919. As an orator, ready debater and good parliamentarian, he is well and favorably known throughout the State and outside as well. During his incumbency of the chair in each House, his rulings were prompt and strictly impartial.

His Alma Mater, June 13, 1917, conferred upon him the degree of LL.D. He is president of the Franklin Trust Co. of Paterson.

Mr. McCran's term of office is five years and salary, $7,000.

Assistant Attorney General.

WILLIAM NEWCORN, Plainfield.

Mr. Newcorn was born at Cracow, Austria, in 1868, and came to this country with his parents as a child of two years. He was educated in the public schools of New York City. He then moved to Plainfield and opened a sporting goods store and devoted his evenings to the study of law. He was admitted to the bar as an attorney in June, 1897, and became counselor in February, 1903. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1902-03; was appointed Judge of the District Court of the City of Plainfield on May 20th, 1906, and served in that capacity until March 12th, 1912; served as a member of the Union County Republican Committee and the Plainfield City Committee for the past 28 years. He is a member of the Improved Order of Red Men, the Elks, Knights of Pythias and Woodmen of the World. On January 28th, 1919, he was appointed Assistant Attorney General.

Adjutant-General.

FREDERICK GILKYSON, Trenton.

General Gilkyson was born in Yardley, Pa., December 1st, 1868. He is the son of Colonel Stephen R. Gilkyson who commanded the 6th Regiment, Infantry, New Jersey Volunteers, Civil War. He was educated in the Trenton public schools, and entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in 1884, resigning in 1905 as Assistant Freight Agent, Trenton, to accept the office of Vice President and General Manager of the Bellmark Pottery Company, Trenton.

The General served as clerk to the Trenton Park Board Commissioners; Tax Receiver, city of Trenton, for two terms, 1904-1908, and was appointed Commissioner of Public Roads, January 22d, 1908, for a term of three years.

General Gilkyson entered the National Guard of the State as private, Company A, 7th Regiment, March 2d, 1885; commissioned Battalion Adjutant, July 9th, 1894; subsequently served as Adjutant, 2d Regiment; Adjutant-General, 2d Brigade, and was appointed Assistant Adjutant-General of the State, with the rank of Colonel, December 30th, 1907. During the Spanish-American War, Colonel Gilkyson served as Battalion Adjutant, 4th Regiment, New Jersey National Guard Volunteer Infantry; honorably discharged April 6th, 1899.

Upon the declaration of war, April 6th, 1917, General Gilkyson was detailed to duty in the Adjutant-General's office, and assigned as Chief of the Bureau of Enrollment and in charge of the operation of the Selective Service law, and appointed Acting Adjutant-General, July 25th, 1917, vice Brigadier General Charles W. Barber, mustered into the Federal service. On February 27th, 1918, he was nominated as Adjutant-General and was promptly confirmed by the Senate.

Quartermaster-General.

C. EDWARD MURRAY, Trenton.

General Murray was born in Lambertville, N. J., July 17th, 1863. He is the only son of J. Howard Murray and Wilhelmina Solliday Murray, and came to Trenton with

his parents in 1865. He received his education at the State Model School and the Stewart Business College. In 1883 he became associated with his father in the mechanical rubber manufacturing business. In 1892 he became sole proprietor of the business, and to-day has other large manufacturing interests. From boyhood he has taken a great deal of interest in affairs of the city of Trenton, as well as the Republican party, and in 1894 he was elected City Clerk, which office he kept until he declined re-election in 1904. In 1900 he represented the Second Congressional District as alternate to the National Republican Convention and in 1904 was elected a delegate to represent the Fourth Congressional District at the National Republican Convention.

His military career began with his enlistment in Company A, Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. J., December 12, 1885. On June 30, 1890, the late Brigadier-General William H. Skirm, then Colonel of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. J., appointed him Paymaster of the Regiment with the rank of first lieutenant. On June 30, 1895, he was commissioned Captain and Paymaster. On May 2, 1899, he was retired under the act reorganizing the National Guard. March 8, 1905, Governor Edward C. Stokes appointed him Quartermaster-General, to succeed the late Brevet Major-General Richard A. Donnelly, and was commissioned Brigadier-General April 5, 1905.

General Murray is one of the best known and most popular among the public men of Trenton. He has distinguished himself as a leader of his party and many of its victories in Trenton and Mercer county are mostly to his credit. He has a host of friends among people of all shades of political opinion, and as an employer of labor he stands high in the estimation of wage workers.

Clerk of the Supreme Court.

ENOCH L. JOHNSON, Atlantic City.

Mr. Johnson, who was appointed Clerk of the Supreme Court of New Jersey by Governor Edge in 1918, was born in Atlantic county, New Jersey, January 20th, 1883, is the son of the late Smith E. Johnson, who was elected four times as Sheriff of Atlantic county.

Mr. Johnson was educated in the public schools of Atlantic City and Mays Landing. He began his career

in politics at an early age, being employed in the sheriff's office of Atlantic county as clerk and under-sheriff for a period of ten years. He developed rapidly in politics and was elected Sheriff of Atlantic county in 1908. Shortly after the conclusion of his term he was chosen by the Board of Freeholders of Atlantic county for County Collector. He has been Secretary of the Atlantic County Republican Executive Committee for fourteen years. In addition to his political career Mr. Johnson has been active in business circles in Atlantic City and county. He is one of the owners of the Atlantic County Record, a weekly paper printed and published at the county seat of Atlantic county. He is also Secretary of the Atlantic Real Estate and Investment Company, taking an important part in the development of Atlantic City real estate. He is a member of the Masonic and Elks Lodges. His term will expire in 1923. His salary is $6,000 a year.

Clerk in Chancery.

JESSE R. SALMON, Newark.

Mr. Salmon was born near Flanders, Morris county, N. J., March 16th, 1863, and has lived in Newark since 1868. For nearly twenty years he was an official stenographer in the Court of Chancery, serving under Vice-Chancellors Emery, Pitney, Howell and Lane. He has always been actively interested in Republican politics, and was the first Supervisor of Bills of the Senate in 1899, 1900 and 1901, after the old engrossing system was abandoned.

Mr. Salmon was appointed by Governor Edge in 1919 as Clerk in Chancery and his term of office expires April 15th, 1924. His salary is $6,000.

Keeper of the State Prison.

JAMES H. MULHERON, Trenton.

Mr. Mulheron was born in 1854, of Scotch-Irish parents, in Greenwich Village, New York City, and moved to Jersey City with parents in 1860. He attended public schools No. 1 and No. 2 in that city, and then learned the potters' art.

He moved to Trenton in 1878, and was connected with the Cook Pottery as secretary and manager until retiring from that firm in 1910. He was elected to the Common Council of Trenton in 1886 and served three years in that body, and while a member helped reorganize the police department and inaugurated the patrol system; helped establish the fire department, park system and electric lighting for the city. He served in the Legislature in 1891 from the old Second District of Mercer county; as Tax Commissioner for five years, and as chairman of Republican County Committee for seven years. He was appointed by Governor Edge Principal Keeper of the New Jersey State Prison, January 29th, 1917, was confirmed next day, and resigned the chairmanship of the Republican county Committee, February 1st, He is a member of the Republican Club of Trenton, Carteret Club, Knights of Pythias, Brotherhood of the Union, Elks, and Fraternal Lodge of Masons and a member of Crescent Temple.

His term of office will expire January 30th, 1922, and salary $5,000 and maintenance.

State Librarian.

FRANCIS E. CROASDALE, Atlantic City.

Mr. Croasdale was born in Atlantic City, N. J., on October 6th, 1886. His parents, Charles Wilson Croasdale, who served during the Civil War with the Pennsylvania Reserves and was mustered out as Brevet Captain, serving later as a commissioned officer in the Third U. S. B. V., and Anna Conover Croasdale, who formerly resided in Gloucester City, N. J., were among the pioneer settlers of Atlantic City. He was educated in the public schools of Atlantic City, and graduated from the Atlantic City High School in 1904. A class-mate of his was Wu Chao Chu, son of Wu Ting Fang, the former Chinese diplomat in this country who created much comment at the time by insisting that his boy be educated in the free schools of New Jersey. Immediately after graduating, Mr. Croasdale took a reportorial position on the Atlantic City Daily Press, which at that time was published

by Governor Edge. He was studying law at the same time in the offices of Eugene G. Schwinghammer, Esq., Atlantic City. A few years later Mr. Edge appointed him editor of the newspaper. He also served as its legislative correspondent in Trenton. Some time later, Mr. Croasdale, with two other employes, organized a company and leased the Press and the Atlantic City Evening Union from Mr. Edge.

In April, 1919, the Press Union Publishing Co. was formed and incorporated and the property was purchased from Governor Edge. Mr. Croasdale is a director and vice-president.

Mr. Croasdale served as secretary to Governor Edge from the time of his inauguration until May 16th, 1919, when the Governor resigned to become United States Senator. In 1915 Mr. Croasdale served as private secretary to Speaker of the House of Assembly Carlton Godfrey. He toured the State with Colonel Walter E. Edge and Senator Joseph S. Frelinghuysen in the campaign of 1916, handling the newspaper publicity work.

In 1916 he married Helen Florence Thorne, of Atlantic City. They live in Atlantic City.

He was appointed State Librarian in 1919 for a term of five years. His salary is $3,000 a year.

Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.

WILLIAM E. TUTTLE, JR., Westfield.

Mr. Tuttle was born at Horseheads, New York, December 10th, 1870, and was educated at the Elmira Free Academy and Cornell University. He has been engaged in the lumber business in Westfield since 1897.

He was elected to the House of Representatives from the Fifth Congressional District in 1910, re-elected in 1912, and, although leading his ticket by large margins, was the unsuccessful candidate of his party in 1914 and 1916. While in Congress he was a member of the Joint Commission which revised the laws fixing the compensation to railroads for the transportation of the mails and was actively identified with many reforms in the postal service. He was a delegate to the

Democratic National Conventions in 1908 and 1916. In 1915 Congressman Tuttle was appointed by President Wilson the sole Commissioner of the United States to the National Exposition of Panama. He has served many years as Chairman of the Union County Democratic Committee. He is Vice President of the Peoples Bank and Trust Company and a director of the Mutual Building and Loan Association of Westfield and is actively engaged in several business enterprises.

Mr. Tuttle was appointed by Governor Edge a member of the Board of Conservation and Development February 27th, 1918, and confirmed by the Senate for a term of four years.

Mr. Tuttle was appointed Commissioner of Banking and Insurance by Governor Edwards on January 17th, 1921, and was confirmed the same day by the Senate.

Commissioner Department of Labor.

(The Bureau of Industrial Statistics is merged with this Department.)

LEWIS T. BRYANT, Atlantic City.

Colonel Bryant was born in July, 1874, in Atlantic county, N. J. He was graduated from the Pennsylvania Military College at Chester, Pa., with the degree of civil engineer; was admitted to the New Jersey bar in 1898; mustered into the United States Volunteer Army as Captain of Company F, Fourth New Jersey Volunteer Infantry July 14th; promoted to Major in the same regiment in the spring of 1899, and was made Assistant Inspector General of the National Guard of New Jersey, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, in the spring of 1899, which position he stills holds. On January 8th, 1904, the Colonel was appointed Inspector of Factories and Work shops, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of John C. Ward. The title of the office was changed to that of Commissioner of Department of Labor by an act of the Legislature, and on March 24th, 1904, the Colonel was appointed as such by Governor Murphy, and was confirmed by the Senate on the next day for a term of three years, at $2,500 a year. In 1907 he was given another term by Governor Stokes at a salary of $3,500, and he was reappointed by Governor Fort in 1910. On February

18th, 1913, Governor Wilson appointed the Colonel for another term of office. The Colonel served as secretary of the New Jersey Commission, Louisiana Purchase Exposition, from December 9, 1903, until the end. He is identified with the hotel interests in Atlantic City. His term is three years, and his salary is $6,000 per annum. He served as secretary of the Jamestown Exposition Commission. He was re-appointed by Governor Edge. His term will expire September 2d, 1923.

State Board of Taxes and Assessment.

FRANK B. JESS, President, Haddon Heights.

Mr. Jess was born in Philadelphia, Pa., November 3d, 1870, and is a lawyer by profession. He began newspaper work as a reporter in 1887, subsequently went to Philadelphia as news editor of "The Call," since suspended, then became successively news editor, Washington correspondent and financial editor of "The Bulletin." He was admitted to the New Jersey Bar in 1897, having studied law under the supervision of his brother, the late William H. Jess. He was a member of Council of the borough of Haddon Heights from its incorporation, in 1904, to January 1st, 1906, and of the Board of Education of Haddon township from 1902 till the organization of the Board of Education of Haddon Heights in 1904, and is still a member of the latter board. At present he is Solicitor of the borough of Haddon Heights. Mr. Jess served two terms, 1907-1908, as an Assemblyman from Camden county, and in the latter year he was speaker, when he won high commendation as a presiding officer. He was appointed Chief Examiner of the Civil Service Board on May 8, 1908, and served in that capacity until April 16, 1909, when he was nominated and confirmed as a member of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes. He was appointed president of the board in 1910, to succeed Carl Lentz, for a term of five years. In 1915 he was re-appointed, and upon the creation of the new Board of Taxes and Assessment Mr. Jess was appointed a member and confirmed by the Senate for a term of two years at a salary of $3,000 per annum. He was re-appointed by Governor

Edge in 1917, and on February 28th, 1918, was appointed by the same Governor as President of the Board for a full term, beginning July 1st, which will expire July 1st, 1921.

HARRY W. MUTCHLER, Rockaway.

Mr. Mutchler was born at Asbury, N. J., October 8th, 1862, and is a traveling salesman. He has resided in Morris county practically all his life. When a young man he attended the Phillipsburg High School. His first employment was as clerk in a general store at New Foundland, N. J., where he remained seven years, and next he became acting manager for Lawrence & King, at Stanhope, N. J., and subsequently was employed by the Richards Beach Company, at Hibernia, for seven years as bookkeeper, and for over twenty years has been a traveling salesman for Edward D. Depew & Co., wholesale grocers, of New York City. This firm having retired, he is now associated with J. S. Sills & Sons.

Mr. Mutchler is a member of Acacia Lodge, No. 20, F. & A. M.; Citizens Lodge, No. 144, I. O. O. F.; Jr. O. U. A. M.; and he is also a member of the Rockaway Fire Department and Board of Trade, and a director of the Rockaway First National Bank and trustee of Dover General Hospital. He was a member of the Borough Council of Rockaway and served as Mayor two terms, 1908 to 1912.

He served three years as a member of the House of Assembly and in 1916 was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 1,876 over James J. Lyons, Dem. He served two years of his term when he resigned the office to accept membership of the Board of Taxation and Assessment to which he was appointed by Governor Edge, February 27th, 1918, for a full term of three years, and was promptly confirmed by the Senate.

MAHLON REID MARGERUM, Trenton.

Major Margerum was born in Trenton October 28th, 1856. He was educated in Trenton public schools and graduated from the Rider-Moore and Steward Business College. He has been closely associated with Trenton's business and political activities; was a member of the National Guard of the State of New Jersey

for twenty-five years; enlisted as a private, rising to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. He served on the staffs of Major-General Peter F. Wanser, Brigadier-Generals Quincey O'Mara Gilmore and Dennis F. Collins, also on the staffs of Governors Edward Casper Stokes and Walter Evans Edge. He was commissioned a Major in the United States Army on December 4th, 1917, and detailed to Governor Walter E. Edge as Aide in the operation of the Selective Service Regulations.

The Major was appointed by Governor Edge a member of the Board of Taxes and Assessment in 1919 and was confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire July 1st, 1922.

ISAAC BARBER, Phillipsburg.

Dr. Barber was born at Forty Fort, Luzerne county, Pa., September 4th, 1854, and is a physician by profession. His father, a native of Warren county, removed to his native state in 1858. The doctor received his early education in the public schools, entered Blair Presbyterian Academy to prepare for college in 1869, Lafayette in 1872, and graduated in 1876. He studied medicine under the preceptorship of Professor Traill Green, of Easton, Pa., and graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1879. He served as Medical Referee of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company in New York City for one year, located in Phillipsburg in July, 1880, and has since continued in the active practice of his profession. He has served as city physician and was a member of the Board of Health for two years. He was appointed Pension Examining Surgeon under the Cleveland administration July 1, 1893. He was elected to the State Senate in 1896 by a plurality of 1,130 over Cramer, Republican, and served a full term of three years, and in 1902 he was elected for another term by a plurality of 749 over William R. Laire, the Republican candidate. In 1912 he was nominated by Governor Wilson as a member of the State Board of Assessors for a term of four years, and was promptly confirmed by the Senate. Upon the creation of the new Board of Taxes and Assessment he was nominated as a member for a three-year term by Governor Fielder and was confirmed by the Senate. This term expired in 1918. In 1920 Mr. Barber was

again named to this board by Governor Edwards and confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire in 1923.

JAMES BAKER, Jersey City.

Mr. Baker was born in Jersey City, December 2d, 1872, and was educated in the schools of Jersey City and in St. Peter's College. His business is that of New Jersey representative of DeLaurier's Column Mould Company of New York.

Mr. Baker was a member of the Assembly in 1907, 1908, 1909 and 1910. He served ten years as chief clerk in the office of Register of Deeds of Hudson and was also for a time Registrar of Vital Statistics for the same county. In 1920 he was nominated by Governor Edwards to the State Board of Assessment and Taxes and was promptly confirmed.

Mr. Baker has actively participated in every political campaign in this State for the last fifteen years. His splendid oratorical ability has been recognized by the Democratic State Committee in many gubernatorial elections. He has a large personal acquaintance among public officials in New Jersey and has a host of warm friends in both political camps.

FRANK D. SCHROTH, Secretary, Trenton.

Mr. Schroth was born in Trenton, October 18th, 1884, and has always resided there. He is a son of the late Assemblyman, John Schroth, and like his father, has always been actively interested in public affairs. Mr. Schroth is a newspaper man by profession, having been connected with the Trenton True American while a morning paper, correspondent for several out of town papers, and general legislative reporter for the Trenton Evening Times up to the time of his appointment as Secretary of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment. Mr. Schroth was secretary to Prosecutor A. M. Beekman of Somerset county when the latter was Speaker of the House of Assembly, during the session of 1914. Later he was appointed State Supervisor of Census by the late David S. Crater, Secretary of State, and was retained in that position by Secretary of State Thomas F. Martin, until the work was finally completed. Mr.

Schroth was appointed secretary on December 14th, 1915, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Irvine E. Maguire.

FRANK A. O'CONNOR, Clerk and Field Secretary, West Orange.

Mr. O'Connor was born in the city of New York, August 25th, 1867, and is a master plumber. He was graduated at St. John's School, Orange, N. J. He was Town Assessor, 1894 to 1904; Collector, 1904 to 1912 inclusive, and was again re-elected in 1912. He was the first Assessor to tax gas, water, telephone, trolley and other public service corporations and advocate right of way and franchise taxes, and first Assessor to make inspection of New York city tax rolls and discover hundreds of thousands of dollars being sworn off in that city by men giving New Jersey as their legal residence, where they had only summer homes, and paid, in many cases, not even a poll tax, with the result of adding such sums to New Jersey ratables.

Mr. O'Connor has been a life long Democrat, and for many years served on the State Committee list of speakers. He was an Alternate Delegate to the National Democratic Convention at Denver in 1908, from the Ninth Congressional district. He was appointed clerk of the State Board of Equalization of Taxes in April, 1913, and served in that office until July 1st, 1915, when he became Field Secretary of the New Board of Taxes and Assessment.

Board of Public Utility Commissioners.

JOHN WEBLEY SLOCUM, President, Long Branch.

Judge Slocum was born April 23d, 1867, at Long Branch, N. J., and he has always made that city his home. The name of his ancestor, John Slocum, appears in the old records May, 1668, as one of the associate patentees of Monmouth county. He was admitted to practice as an attorney-at-law of this State in June, 1888, and as counselor four years later. Mr. Slocum served as city solicitor of Long Branch for eight years and was elected Senator from Monmouth county in November, 1911. He was chosen president of the Senate for the session of 1914, and sworn in as acting governor of the State during Governor Fielder's western trip in June of that year.

He is a member of the American Bar Association, the New Jersey Bar Association, Trustee of the Monmouth County Bar Association and a member of the Monmouth County Historical Association. He is also a large stockholder in the Long Branch Daily Record and the president of that corporation.

At the expiration of his term as Senator, Governor James F. Fielder appointed him Judge of the Monmouth Common Pleas Court. He resigned this position May 1st, 1915, to accept the appointment on the Board of Public Utility Commissioners. He was made President of the Board in May, 1918, upon the resignation of Ralph W. E. Donges. In politics he is a Democrat and his term will expire May 1st, 1921. His salary is $7,500 a year.

Note.—The four commissioners whose biographies are here given were removed from office by Governor Edwards, after a hearing on October 13th, 1920, and the removals were sustained by the Supreme Court. The case was then carried to the Court of Errors and Appeals by the removed commissioners. Governor Edwards meanwhile sent to the Senate for confirmation the names of others who up to January 20th had not been favorably acted upon by the Senate. For later information see "Notes" at beginning of Manual.

GEORGE FAIRHURST WRIGHT, Paterson.

Mr. Wright was born in Paterson on February 26th, 1873. His education was received in the public schools of his native city. He was elected to the Assembly in 1904 from Passaic county, and served two terms. In June, 1907, he was appointed for two years as a member of the State Water Supply Commission by Governor Stokes. In 1909 he was reappointed for the full term of five years by Governor Fort. He was elected President of the Commission for the year 1914. Mr. Wright became a member of the State Republican Committee in 1912 and has continued as such to the present time, being now its Vice Chairman.

On January 1st, 1916, he became Receiver of Taxes of the city of Paterson. In 1916 he was appointed a member of the North Jersey District Water Supply Commission for the term of one year by Governor Fielder. In 1917 he was re-appointed for the full term of four years by Governor Edge. He resigned from the last two positions in February, 1918, and was thereupon appointed by Governor Edge as a member of the Board of Public Utility Commissioners for a term of six years. His salary is $7,500 per annum.

HARRY L. KNIGHT, Medford.

Mr. Knight was born in Burlington county, N. J., July 24th, 1868. He attended the public schools of the county and worked as a boy on a farm. He began work as a telegraph operator and agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad in 1891 and held that position until he resigned to become postmaster of Medford in 1905. He resigned as postmaster when elected Clerk of Burlington county in 1909 and was re-elected in 1914, being the first Clerk ever filling that office for a second term in that county. He resigned the office when appointed on the present board in 1919.

Mr. Knight served several years as Township Clerk, Collector and on the Board of Education of Medford township. He has been a fire insurance agent and broker for a number of years; is president and principal owner of the Medford Concrete Co., of the Central Record Publishing Co., and is owner and manager of several cranberry properties. He is a member of a number of fraternal and beneficial orders, and in-

terested in all local improvements. His term expires May 1st, 1925, and salary $7,500.

ANDREW GAUL, JR., Ridgefield.

Mr. Gaul was born in Hoboken, N. J., forty-two years ago. After graduating from the Hackensack High School he got his early business training in Wall street, New York. In 1908 he established a steamboat freight service between New York and Hackensack. When a vacancy occurred in July, 1916 in the Board of Freeholders, Mr. Gaul was appointed and then elected to the office the following November. He was chairman of the War Savings Stamp campaign committee in the county, which sold more than $1,000,000 worth of stamps.

He was appointed a Public Utility Commissioner in 1919 for a term of six years. His term expires 1925.

Vacancy.

Alfred S. March resigned as a commissioner March 16th, 1920, and the vacancy had not been filled up to February 1st, 1921.

ALFRED N. BARBER, Secretary, Trenton.

Mr. Barber was born in Lambertville, N. J., May 19th, 1867. In 1884 he entered the employ of the New Jersey Steel and Iron Company, working for that company until it became absorbed by the American Bridge Company, when he resigned as contracting agent to accept a position in the sales department of John A. Roebling's Sons Company. He worked in the office of the City Clerk of Trenton from April, 1880, to July, 1884, and served as an Assemblyman from Mercer county for three years—1905, '06 and '07—and during the latter year was Republican leader. Mr. Barber was appointed secretary of the Board of Railroad Commissioners soon after the creation of that board, in 1907. His salary is $4,000.

Counsel.

L. EDWARD HERRMANN, Jersey City.

Mr. Herrmann is a lawyer, was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, July 6th, 1876, was educated in the Public Schools of Jersey City, and graduated from the

Jersey City High School in 1895, from which he entered New York University and graduated in 1898. Subsequently he attended the New York Law School. While a law student he taught in the Night Schools of Jersey City, and subsequently became engaged on the reportorial staff of the Jersey City News and Jersey Journal. He studied law in the offices of John L. Keller, John W. Heck and Augustus Zabriskie, and was admitted to the bar as an attorney in June, 1901, and as a counsellor in November, 1908. In politics he is a Democrat and was a member of the Board of Education of Jersey City for two terms. He served as secretary to Governor James F. Fielder during his terms as President of the Senate, Acting-Governor and Governor, and succeeded Frank H. Sommer as counsel to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners of the State of New Jersey in May, 1916. He is a member of the University Club of Hudson County, Carteret Club and Down Town Club.

State Civil Service Commission.

JOHN DYNELEY PRINCE, President, Ringwood.

Professor Prince was born in New York City, April 17th, 1868, and is a professor in Columbia University. He was formerly Dean of the New York University. He is a Ph.D. from the Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. (1892), and has been a voluminous writer on historical, philological and historico-legal subjects. The Professor was president of the Board of Education of Pompton township, Passaic county, 1902-1905, and was re-elected in 1907, and was president of the United School Boards of Passaic county in 1904. He was a member of the Assembly from that county in 1906, 1908 and 1909, and Speaker the latter year. In 1909, the Professor was elected State Senator from Passaic, and in 1912 was President of the Senate. He was Acting Governor for the period when Governor Wilson was out of the State.

Governor Edge, on March 30th, 1917, appointed the Professor a member of the Civil Service Commission for a term of two years and also as president of that body. He was reappointed in 1919 and his term expires in 1924. His salary is $3,500 a year.

WILLIAM KRUSE DEVEREUX, Asbury Park.

Mr. Devereux, a native of Trenton, is a son of Franklin Devereux, a pioneer Prohibitionist, and one of the seven to sign the call for the first Republican meeting held in New Jersey. He is descended in a direct line from Conrad Weiser, a missionary among the Indians and one of General George Washington's trusted scouts. Forced to leave school when a lad, he learned the printers' trade and later drifted into newspaper work. He was one of the founders of the Trenton Sunday Advertiser, and for sixteen years was part owner and editor of the Asbury Park Spray, Monmouth county's pioneer daily newspaper. For over thirty years he has been a legislative correspondent and is the head of the Legislative News Bureau. He served for seventeen years as secretary of the New Jersey State Democratic Committee and coined that popular slogan, "Win with Wilson." When the County Tax Boards were first established, he was named as a member of the Monmouth county board by Governor Stokes, and was reappointed by Governors Fort, Wilson and Fielder. He is a Past Exalted Ruler of Asbury Park Lodge of Elks and a former Councilman of that resort. He was appointed a member of the Civil Service Commission by Governor Walter E. Edge on March 30th, 1917, and was named for a full term in January, 1918. His salary is $3,000 a year. His term expires in 1923.

EDWARD HENRY WRIGHT, Newark.

Mr. Wright was born in Newark, N. J., February 13th, 1873, and is a lawyer by profession. He was educated at St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H., from 1885 to 1890, and entered the Princeton class of 1894. He studied law in the office of McCarter, Williamson & McCarter, Newark, and the New York Law School, and was admitted to the bar of New Jersey, June 21st, 1897. He is the grandson of the late United States Senator William Wright, of New Jersey, and Steven Thomas Mason, first Governor of Michigan, and is the son of the late Colonel Edward H. Wright, aid on the staff of the late Generals Winfield Scott and George B. McClellan. He was a member of the House of Assembly in 1907, and made a good record as a legislator. Governor Wilson appointed Mr. Wright a Civil Service Commissioner

on February 17th, 1913, for a term of four years. Under the new law, Governor Edge appointed him a member of the Civil Service Commission on March 30th, 1917, for the four-year term. His salary is $3,000 a year. His term expires in 1921.

WILLIAM D. NOLAN, Somerville.

Mr. Nolan was born at Pleasant Grove, Schooley's Mountain, Morris county, N. J., November 8th, 1880; moved to Somerville in 1888, and attended the public schools of Somerville and also Packards Business College in New York. After finishing there he went in the employ of the New Jersey Central Railroad, at No. 143 Liberty street, New York, in 1896, which he quit in 1900, and then was given a position by Senator Joseph S. Frelinghuysen in the insurance business at William street, New York. Subsequently, started in business with Mr. A. C. Swinton and formed the firm of Nolan & Swinton, at No. 12 West Main street, Somerville, and No. 1 Liberty street, New York. The partnership was dissolved July 1st, 1911, and Mr. Nolan has since conducted the business for himself at No. 12 West Main street, Somerville. He has taken an active part in Somerset county politics in the past fifteen years. He was appointed a member of the Civil Service Commission by Governor Edge, March 30th, 1917, for the five-year term. His salary is $3,000 a year.

THEODORE H. SMITH, Jersey City.

Mr. Smith was born in Jersey City, New Jersey, on August 4th, 1878, and has lived there since that time. He was educated in private and public schools in Jersey City and at Trinity School, New York City, New York.

He is descended in a direct line from John Cadmus, who was the second male child born in Jersey City. Mr. Smith's grandfather served two terms as postmaster of Jersey City.

After leaving school, Mr. Smith was employed in the law office of Babbitt & Lawrence; later he accepted a position with the Chapultepec Land Improvement Company. This company developed the exquisite residential section in the suburb of Mexico City, Mexico, which, before the present disturbances in that country was known as the "American Colony." He is

the secretary and a director in this company. He is a member of the Jersey City and Carteret Clubs, and is also president of the Union Building and Loan Association.

He has been a lifelong Republican, and was appointed by Governor Fielder to the Civil Service Commisson in 1916, but retired upon the reorganization of that board in 1917. He was again appointed to the board for a full term of five years by Governor Edwards in 1920.

CHARLES P. MESSICK, Chief Examiner and Secretary, Trenton, N. J.

Mr. Messick was born near Georgetown, Sussex county, Delaware, on June 4th, 1882, and received his early educational training in the rural schools of that county. At the age of seventeen, he began teaching in the country schools and continued for a period of four years, in the meantime preparing for entrance to college. In September, 1903, he entered Delaware State College and was graduated from that institution in 1907, with the degree of A.B. Two years later he received his Master's degree from the same institution, and in 1910 received the degree of A.M. from the University of Pennsylvania.

During his college career he was a leader in many college activities and won distinction in scholarship, in military science and athletics. He is a member of the Phi Kappa Phi Honorary Society and of the Sigma Nu Fraternity, being the organizer of the local chapter at Delaware College.

After graduation from college he removed to New Jersey, and for five years was head of the Department of History in the Trenton High School. He has been connected with the New Jersey State Civil Service Commission since 1910, and has devoted his entire time to the work since 1912. As Assistant Chief Examiner he has directed and developed the work of the Examination Department. In 1914, he was tendered the Chief Examinership of the Municipal Civil Service Commission of Philadelphia, but chose to remain with the New Jersey Commission.

Mr. Messick was appointed Supervisor of the Trenton Evening Schools in September, 1916, and has been unusually successful in reorganizing and improving

the evening school work. On being appointed to his present position, he resigned the supervisorship. His salary is $4,800 a year.

State Board of Education.

MELVIN A. RICE, President, Leonardo, Monmouth Co.

Mr. Rice was born in New York State, August 13th, 1871. He was graduated from the State Normal School at Cortland in June, 1890. He is president of Donald W. MacLeod & Company, importers of flax and jute, 690 Broadway, New York City. Mr. Rice was appointed in 1911 by Governor Wilson, a member of the State Board of Education and was re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1919, and his term will expire in 1927.

JOHN CHARLES VAN DYKE, Vice-President, New Brunswick.

Dr. Van Dyke, university professor, was born in New Brunswick, N. J., April 21st, 1856; son of Judge John and Mary Dix (Strong) Van Dyke; studied at Columbia; studied art in Europe many years, and L. H. D., Rutgers, 1889; unmarried. He was admitted to the bar in 1877, but never practiced; Librarian, Sage Library, New Brunswick, since 1878, and Professor of History of Art, Rutgers, since 1889. Is lecturer at Columbia, Harvard and Princeton; a member of the National Institute of Arts and Letters. Author of "Books and How to Use Them," "Principles of Art," "How to Be Judge of a Picture," "Art For Art's Sake," "History of Painting," "Old Dutch and Flemish Masters," "Modern French Masters," "Nature For It's Own Sake," "The Desert," "Old English Masters, With Coles' Engravings," "The Meaning of Pictures," "The Opal Sea," "Studies in Pictures," "The Money God," "The New New York," "What Is Art?," "New Guides to Old Masters;" Editor of "College Histories of Art," "History of American Art," "The Studio," 1883-1884, "American Art Review," "International Quarterly," etc.

He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education in 1911 and re-appointed February 12th, 1918, for a full term of eight years.

COL. D. STEWART CRAVEN, Salem.

Col. Craven was born on a farm near St. Georges, Delaware, February 20th, 1873. The family is one of Scotch Presbyterian ancestry. He was educated in the public schools of Salem (to which city his parents moved in 1880), at the Lawrenceville Academy, Lawrenceville, N. J., and at the Virginia Military Institute, Lexington, Va.

The Salem Glass Works were founded by a relative of Col. Craven's, in partnership with two other business men of the city, in 1863, and Col. Craven begun his business career with this industry in 1892. He is now vice-president.

In 1899, General W. J. Sewell, Division Commander of the National Guard of N. J., appointed Mr. Craven a member of his staff with the rank of Major. In 1905, he was appointed assistant quartermaster-general with the rank of colonel.

He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education in 1911 by Governor Wilson, and re-appointed by Governor Fielder for the full term, April, 1916. His term will expire in 1924.

JOHN P. MURRAY, Jersey City.

Mr. Murray was born in Jersey City, in 1872. In 1891 he was graduated from St. Peter's College, Jersey City, in which city he resides. In 1893 he was graduated from the New York Law School and admitted to the New York bar. Since then he has practiced law in New York City. He was counsel to the Senate School Investigation Committee and drafted the laws for the re-organization of the State School system. He was also counsel for the Economy and Efficiency Commission and drafted the laws for the consolidation and re-organization of the various State departments. He is a Democrat in politics.

He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education in 1911. In 1912 he was reappointed for a term of eight years and again in 1920 for another full term. His present term will expire in 1928.

THOMAS WHITNEY SYNNOTT, Wenonah.

Mr. Synnott was born at Glassboro, N. J., in 1845. He is a son of Myles Synnott, M.D., and Harriet Heston Whitney Synnott, and was educated in the public schools and West Jersey Academy. Engaged

in glass manufacturing at Glassboro in 1865, in connection with the Whitney Glass Works, and became the first president of the company when it was later incorporated. He retained this position until 1892 when he retired from active business to devote his energies to benevolent work. (The glass works at Glassboro were acquired by Colonel Thomas Heston, the great-grandfather of the subject of this sketch, at the close of the Revolutionary War, and long known as Heston's Glassworks. Later the name was changed to Whitney Glass Works.)

Mr. Synnott is a trustee of Lincoln University, of Keswick Colony, School for Christian Workers, president of Board of Trustees of Princeton Theological Seminary, member of Board of Aid for Colleges of the Presbyterian Church, and of the Board of Publication and Sabbath School Work of the Presbyterian Church, and Executive Committee of the World's S. S. Work; of the National Institute of Social Sciences and of the National Economic League and of the Union League of Philadelphia. He is treasurer of the Inter-Church Federation of New Jersey; vice-president of the New Jersey State S. S. Asso. and of the Lord's Day Alliance of the United States and president of the Lord's Day Alliance of New Jersey, member of the Sons of the Revolution, of the Society of Colonial Wars, vice-president of the General Board of Education of the Presbyterian Church in the U. S. A., and trustee of the Presbyterian Home of the Synod of New Jersey, president of the First National Bank of Glassboro, N. J., and director in numerous corporations.

In politics, a Republican. Has never held political office. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Education by Governor Fielder and his term expires July 1st, 1923.

ROBERT LYNN COX, Montclair.

Mr. Cox was born on a farm in Joe Davies county, Ill., November 27th, 1865. He was educated in country schools and village high school; went to Buffalo, N. Y., when nineteen years of age, and entered the employ of the Buffalo School Furniture Company as a shipping clerk in foundry department; continued in this employment for several years and later became superintendent; next associated with his uncle in publish-

ing and printing business in New York and Buffalo, and while engaged in this activity took up the study of law; was admitted to the bar in July, 1898, after having received from the University of Buffalo the degree of LL.B., then engaged in general practice of law as senior partner successively with the firms of Cox & Kimball, Cox, Kernan & Kimball and Cox, Kimball & Stowe. He represented the second assembly district in the city of Buffalo in the New York Assembly in the years 1903, 1904, 1905 and 1906, serving on the Cities, General Laws, Codes and Judiciary Committees, and was chairman of the last-named committee in 1906. He removed to New York in 1907 to accept the position as attorney and secretary of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents. Upon the death of Grover Cleveland in 1908, Mr. Cox succeeded him as chief executive officer of the association under title of general counsel and manager, and continued in this position until end of the year 1916, when he resigned to accept the office of third vice-president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company of New York.

Mr. Cox is a Royal Arch Mason and Past Master of Washington Lodge, No. 240, F. & A. M. of Buffalo, N. Y.; member of the Phi Delta Phi Fraternity, American Bar Association, also of the Manhattan and Republicans clubs in New York, and member and director of the Montclair Golf Club and various other clubs in Montclair, N. J., where he has resided for several years. He was appointed a member of the Board of Education in 1917 by Governor Edge for a full term of office, which will expire in 1925.

OSCAR W. JEFFERY, Englewood.

Mr. Jeffery was born at Washington, New Jersey, June 7th, 1872, and is son of Oscar Jeffery and Emma L. Jeffery. He was educated at the public schools of Washington, the Bordentown Military Institute and Princeton University, Class of 1894. He graduated from the New York Law School in 1896 and was admitted to the bar of the State of New York in the same year. Since then he has been continuously engaged in the practice of law in New York City for years as a member of the firm of Wetmore & Jenner, which has now been succeeded by Sexton, Jeffrey, Kimball & Eggleston. He is a member of the Board of Educa-

tion of Englewood, and was appointed a member of the State Board of Education by Governor Edge February 27th, 1918, to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Edgar H. Sturtevant. His term will expire July 1st, 1922.

Vacancy.

Commissioner of Education.

CALVIN N. KENDALL, Princeton.

Mr. Kendall was born in Augusta, N. Y., February 8th, 1858. He was graduated from Hamilton College with the degree of A.B. in 1882. He has received the following honorary degrees: A.M. from Yale in 1900, and from the University of Michigan in 1909; Litt.D. from Hamilton College in 1911, and from Rutgers College in 1912; and LL.D. from New York University in 1913.

As an educator, Mr. Kendall has had a long and successful career. He was a teacher in the rural schools of New York State for two years; principal of the Jackson High School, Jackson, Mich., 1885 to 1886; superintendent of schools in Jackson, 1886 to 1890; superintendent of schools, Saginaw, Mich., 1890 to 1892; superintendent of schools, New Haven, Conn., 1895 to 1900; superintendent of schools, Indianapolis, and a member of the State Board of Education, Indiana, 1900 to July, 1911.

In addition to the positions already mentioned, Mr. Kendall has been a lecturer at the summer schools of the following universities: Chicago, Indiana, Wisconsin, Columbia, Iowa, Illinois and California. He has been president of the Connecticut Council of Education; president of the Connecticut State Teachers' Association; president of the Southern Indiana Teachers' Association, and president of Indiana State Teachers' Association. He was also a member of the commission of three appointed by the United States Commissioner of Education to investigate and report upon the Baltimore schools during the spring of 1911.

Mr. Kendall has been offered the superintendency of the schools of Washington, Louisville, Rochester and Springfield (Mass.), and since coming to New Jer-

sey he has twice been offered the superintendency of the schools of Detroit.

He was appointed to his present office by Governor Wilson, on July 14th, 1911, and in 1916 he was reappointed by Governor Fielder. His term expires in 1921. The salary is $10,000 a year.

State Department of Health.

DR. J. OLIVER McDONALD, President, Trenton.

Dr. McDonald is a physician, practicing at 194 West State Street, Trenton. His practice is limited to children.

He was born at Englishtown, N. J., April 8th, 1884; graduated from Freehold High School, Princeton University and College of Physicians and Surgeons (Columbia University, New York City); Alumnus of Presbyterian Hospital and Sloane Hospital for Women, New York City; Fellow American College of Physicians; Assistant Attending Physician St. Francis Hospital and Attending Physician Children's Municipal Hospital, Trenton.

Dr. McDonald was appointed by Governor Fielder in 1915 and reappointed by Governor Edge in 1919. He was elected president of this department in 1920.

CLYDE POTTS, C.E., Morristown.

Mr. Potts was born in Jefferson county, Iowa, November 1st, 1876, and was graduated from the Des Moines (Iowa) High School and later entered Cornell University. He graduated from Cornell with the Class of 1901. Mr. Potts is a civil engineer by profession, specializing in sanitary work. Among the large number of commissions involving special difficulties carried out by him are the sewerage works of Morristown, N. J.; West Haven, Conn., and Patchogue, N. Y. He has been employed as a sanitary expert in a number of important litigations and at the present time is so employed by the federal government.

Mr. Potts is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers; the American Public Health Association; the American Water Works Association; the New England Water Works Association, and other State and National scientific societies. He is also a past president of the New Jersey Sanitary Association.

He is president of the Cornell Society of Civil Engineers and a member of the Sigma XI. He was appointed by Governor Fielder a member of the Department of Health in 1915. His term will expire July 1st, 1921.

THOMOS B. LEE, M.D., Camden.

Dr. Lee was born May 19th, 1881, at Glassboro, N. J. He was graduated from the Woodbury High School in 1900, and the Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, 1905. In 1905-06 he was an intern in the Cooper Hospital, Camden; was elected Assistant Gynecologist in 1906, and Gynecologist, 1912, of the same hospital. The latter position he now holds and is Consulting Gynecologist of the Camden County Hospital, physician-in-chief of Mary J. Ball Home for Friendless Children, and member of the city, county and State medical societies, Philadelphia Medical Club and American Medical Association.

From 1906 to 1913 the doctor belonged to the Medical Department of the National Guard, N. J., and resigned with the rank of Major. On July 1st, 1917, he was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Edge, and his term expires in 1921.

OLIVER KELLY, Oak Tree, Middlesex County.

Mr. Kelly was born near Metuchen, Middlesex county, N. J., in 1847. He received a common school education, and afterward entered the real estate business, which he conducted successfully for a number of years both in New Jersey and New York. He served as Collector of the Port of Perth Amboy until the first Cleveland administration, and in April, 1891, was appointed a member of the State Board of Assessors for a term of four years, and served in that office five years altogether. For over twenty-seven years he was an active member of the Democratic State Committee, and is now a member of the Middlesex County Democratic Committee. He was Chairman of the Middlesex County Board of Elections for several terms. He is also a member of the Raritan Township Board of Education. Mr. Kelly was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Wilson in 1913 for a term of six years, and in 1915 he was appointed a member of the new Department of Health by Governor Fielder,

and re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1918, and his term will expire in 1922.

HOWARD E. WINTER, V.S., Plainfield.

Dr. Winter was born at Red Bank, N. J., January 30th, 1886, and is a veterinarian. He was graduated from Shrewsbury Academy, Red Bank, in 1902; completed a three-year course in New York American Veterinary College in 1905, and practiced as an assistant over four years in New York City. In 1910 he was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in the Department of Veterinary Medicine. He has practiced his profession in Plainfield for six years. He was appointed a member of the Department of Health by Governor Fielder in 1916 to fill a vacancy caused by the death of John M. Everitt. He was re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1918, and his term expires in 1922.

DR. HENRY SPENCE, Jersey City.

Dr. Spence was born at Starkey, N. Y., December 30th, 1865, where his father, Dr. Byron Spence, began the practice of medicine in 1850. Dr. Spence prepared for the study of medicine at the Penn Yan Academy, Penn Yan, N. Y., where he was graduated in 1886. He took further preparation for medicine at Cornell University during the years 1888 and 1889, going from there to the College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York from which he graduated in 1892. Following a year of internship at Christ Hospital in Jersey City, 1892, 1893, he took up the practice of medicine in Jersey City where he has continued in the profession up to the present time. From 1893 until 1901 he was assistant visiting surgeon to Christ Hospital, following which he was elected to the post of surgeon. At present he is visiting surgeon (female division) to St. Francis Hospital, lecturer to the Christ Hos pital Training School for Nurses, and for the Training School for Nurses at the City Hospital, Jersey City. Dr. Spence has been president of the Hudson County District Medical Society, the Practitioners' Club of Jersey City, and the Alumni Association of Christ Hospital Internes and is now treasurer of the Society of Surgeons of New Jersey, and a director of the Chamber of Commerce and chairman of the Public

Health Committee of Jersey City. He is a member of the New Jersey State Medical Society, the American Medical Association, the New Jersey State Sanitary Association, and of the Citizens' Federation of Hudson County and various other organizations. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Fielder and was re-appointed by Governor Edge, and his term expires in 1923.

DAVID D. CHANDLER, Newark.

Entered the employ of Hilton & Menger, civil engineers and surveyors, at Paterson, in 1889, and remained with that firm until 1896. Established an engineering and surveying business in Paterson in 1896, practicing mostly surveying and road building. Appointed city engineer of Paterson in 1900 and still holds that position. As city engineer he designed and supervised all of the municipal construction done during those years. Designed and supervised the construction of the Lake View and the West Paterson and Totowa sewers, draining sections of the city that had not improved to any extent, because of the lack of drainage facilities. Made surveys, investigations, etc., for the numerous suits that were brought against Paterson for polluting the Passaic river, and for suits brought by Paterson against the Passaic and other water companies for diverting water from the Passaic river at Little Falls. Made surveys, detail plans and reports for the elimination of the grade crossings, along the Erie and New York, Susquehanna and Western railroads, within the Paterson limits. Made preliminary investigations for a separate municipal water supply for Paterson. Designed and supervised the construction of water supply systems for the Borough of Hawthorne and for the Ringwood Company for its development at Greenwood Lake. Designed and supervised the construction of sewerage systems for the Ringwood Company, the Township of Little Falls, the Borough of Prospect Park and for part of the Village of Ridgewood. Designed sewerage systems that will probably be built during 1921 and 1922 for Haledon, Glen Rock, Totowa and West Paterson Boroughs.

Appointed a member of the State Department of Health to succeed Frederick T. Crane, deceased, and later for the full term expiring July 1st, 1924.

Member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, American Water Works Association and the New Jersey Sanitary Association. Mr. Chandler's term expires in 1924.

HAROLD J. HARDER, Paterson.

Mr. Harder was born in Paterson, where he has since resided. He was educated in the Paterson schools and is a civil engineer.

He was appointed to the State Board of Health by Governor Edwards in 1920 for a full term of four years and confirmed by the Senate. The term will expire July 1st, 1924.

Director of Health.

JACOB COLE PRICE, M.D., Branchville.

Dr. Price was born at Branchville, Sussex county, N. J., January 9, 1850. By profession he is a physician. His father was a cousin of Governor Rodman M. Price, and was an Assemblyman from Sussex county in 1861. Dr. Price is a graduate of the Michigan University and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York city. He was County Physician for Sussex for fifteen years, and has served as Mayor, and also Postmaster, at Branchville. He was appointed as a member of the Board of Examining Surgeons for his Congressional District under the McKinley administration. In 1903 Dr. Price was elected to the State Senate by a plurality of 758 over Woodward, Republican, was re-elected in 1906 by a plurality of 730 over Howell, Republican, and again in 1909 by a plurality of 1,057 over Hunt, Republican. He was the only Senator who was ever given a third term in Sussex county. He served on the most important committees of the Senate and his record is without blemish. He was appointed a member of the State Board of Health by Governor Wilson in 1912 and served one year, when he resigned, and Governor Wilson then appointed him Secretary of the board for a full term of six years. Upon the creation of the new Department of Health the doctor was elected director for a term of four years. He was re-appointed by Governor Edge, and his term expires in 1923.

Board of Commerce and Navigation.

J. SPENCER SMITH, President, Tenafly.

Mr. Smith was born in Sherbrooke, Canada, on July 7th, 1880. He was brought up in the suburbs of Brooklyn, his parents moving to Tenafly in 1899. He was elected to the Municipal Council in 1902 and served one term. He was elected member of the Board of Education March 17th, 1908, and has served continuously ever since and is now vice-president of the board.

He was appointed by Governor Wilson, April 7th, 1911, as member of the Commission to Investigate Port Conditions of New York. On April 15th, 1914, he was appointed by Governor Fielder as member of the New Jersey Harbor Commission. On July 1st, 1915, he was appointed by Governor Fielder as member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation, and was re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1917, and his term will expire in 1921.

RICHARD C. JENKINSON, Vice-President, Newark.

Mr. Jenkinson was born in Newark, N. J., in 1853. After five years training for business in New York, he spent a year abroad studying, and on his return in 1876 he started the manufacturing business, of which he is now the head, R. C. Jenkinson & Co. He ran for Mayor of Newark on the Republican ticket in 1900 and was defeated by the Hon. Jas. M. Seymour, who was seeking re-election.

Mr. Jenkinson was elected president of the Newark Board of Trade in 1898, and was re-elected later. He was one of the vice-presidents of the Pan-American at Buffalo in 1901, representing the State of New Jersey.

He is a trustee of the New Jersey Home for Feeble-Minded at Vineland, and vice-president of the Board of Commerce and Navigation. He is vice-president of the Board of Trustees of the Free Public Library of Newark, a director in the Iron Bound Trust Co. of Newark, and in several other corporations in New Jersey and New York. He is also a director in corporations in Canada.

Governor Wilson appointed him a member of the New Jersey Harbor Board, and July 1st, 1915, Gover-

nor Fielder appointed him a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation, and was re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1918, and his term will expire in 1922.

Mr. Jenkinson was appointed Fuel Administrator for New Jersey under the National Government in 1917.

W. PARKER RUNYON, Perth Amboy.

Mr. Runyon was born in New Brunswick, N. J., December 3d, 1861. He belongs to the French Hugenot family, whose progenitor, Vincent Runyon (Rognion), was among the early settlers of East Jersey. He obtained his education in the public schools and Rutgers Preparatory School of the city of his birth. He took a commercial course at the New Jersey Business College, Newark, N. J., and in 1881 entered that greatest of all schools—the business world—where his vital personality and pleasing and genial manner have stood him in good stead.

After two or three positions filled successfully, he quite naturally became identified with boat craft, waterfront and navigation activities, as his father and grandfather each in his turn owned and operated the shipyard which met the needs of the Delaware and Raritan Canal at New Brunswick.

He has been president for more than twenty years of the Perth Amboy Dry Dock Company. He, together with Mr. Charles D. Snedeker, re-organized the concern into a close corporation, and during his incumbency the plant has grown from a capacity of two marine railways to one having five dry docks, machine shops, angle, plate and boiler shops, ample wharves and piers. It has acquired the thirteen hundred feet of water front beside the several adjacent city blocks which it occupies.

In 1904 he was elected an alternate delegate to the Democratic National Convention, held at St. Louis, and was a delegate to the one held at Denver in 1908. He is an active member of the Perth Amboy Chamber of Commerce, and he was a delegate to represent it in the seventh annual Atlantic Deeper Waterways Convention held in New York City in September, 1914.

Mr. Runyon was appointed by Governor Fielder on the State Harbor Commission of New Jersey, and upon the recent re-organization of State Boards, was

named as one of the long-term men on the Board of Commerce and Navigation, and has since been re-appointed every year to that position, representing the State.

He was re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1919, and his term will expire in 1923.

WILLIAM LAWRENCE SAUNDERS, Plainfield.

Mr. Saunders was born November 1st, 1856, in Columbus, Ga.; son of William Trebell Saunders, D.D., and Eliza Morton Saunders, Va.; grandnephew of Robert Saunders, fourteenth president William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Va. His earliest ancestors landed with the Jamestown expedition, Jamestown, Va., and is descendant of Sir Edward Saunders, one of the Knights of the Horseshoe who discovered the Alleghanies. He has degrees: Bachelor of Science, University of Pennsylvania, 1876; Doctor of Science, 1911.

Before graduation was editor-in-chief "University Magazine" and class poet, 1876, engaged in newspaper work, Philadelphia; special correspondent for southern newspapers Centennial Exposition; made two balloon ascensions, reaching height of three and a half miles, remaining up all night.

From 1878 to 1881, he was engineer in charge of building docks, warehouses and ship channel, New York Harbor, at Black Tom Island. He designed and patented apparatus for subaqueous drilling, using tube and water jet, system now in general use.

In 1881, he was engineer for Ingersoll Rock Drill Company. He invented and patented rock drilling and quarrying devices, track channelers and gadders and bar channelers; invented and patented system of pumping liquids by compressed air, now generally used in Baku oil fields, Russia; also, radialaxe system of coal mining.

Mr. Saunders is prominently identified with various industries both in New York and New Jersey, and is editor and author of numerous magazines, pamphlets, &c., relating to inventions, commerce, economics and politics. He was a member of the New Jersey Harbor Commission, formerly a member of the New Jersey State Democratic Committee, and was twice elected mayor of North Plainfield.

He was appointed a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation by Governor Fielder in 1915, and in 1918 was re-appointed by Governor Edge. His term will expire in 1922.

HENRY C. BROKING, Paterson.

Mr. Broking was born in Carlstadt, N. J., August 31st, 1881, receiving his preliminary education in the local school, as well as in the New York City and Brooklyn schools, having moved to Brooklyn at the age of 14. He enlisted in the Eighth New York Volunteers in 1898 for duration of the Spanish-American War and was honorably discharged during the latter part of 1898. He moved to Paterson in 1907 and still resides there; was a member of the New Jersey State Militia with the rank of first lieutenant, and adjutant of the Sixth Battalion, resigning recently; is in the cotton converting business in New York City, being president and treasurer of Murray & Broking, Inc., and also treasurer of Thomas J. Harton & Co., Inc. Mr. Broking was appointed a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation on July 1st, 1919, by Governor Edge. His term will not expire before July 1st, 1923.

WILLIAM T. KIRK, Beverly.

Mr. Kirk was born in Philadelphia, Pa., July 1st, 1860, and was educated at Friends Select School, Philadelphia, and has resided at Beverly, N. J., for the last twenty-four years. He served two terms in the city council, having overcome a normal Republican majority at the election both times, has been a delegate to two Gubernatorial Conventions and served as a member of the Burlington County Democratic Committee, and is president of the Burlington County Democratic Club.

He is a director of the First National Bank of Beverly; has served as director of the Building and Loan Association; is a vestryman in the Episcopal Church, and a vice-president of the Philadelphia-Delaware-Trenton Deeper Waterways Association.

He is a wholesale grocer in Philadelphia, being a member of the firm of Kirk, Foster & Co.; also president of the Grocers' and Importers' Exchange of Philadelphia. He is a member of the Joint Committee of the trade bodies of Philadelphia, on the Improve-

ment of the Schuylkill and Delaware rivers. Mr. Kirk was appointed by Governor Fielder as a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation in 1915. He was reappointed in 1916 and again in 1920. His term will expire in 1924.

DAVID W. McCREA, Jersey City.

Mr. McCrea was born at New Hampton, Orange county, N. Y., February 3d, 1861. He was educated in the Middletown, N. Y., Academy and at a private preparatory school at the same place.

Mr. McCrea is a lawyer by profession and was admitted to practice in New Jersey in 1882. His law offices are at 76 Montgomery Street, Jersey City.

The appointment of Mr. McCrea to the State Board of Commerce and Navigation by Governor Edwards in 1920 was his first time of holding a public office. His term expires in 1924.

B. F. CRESSON, JR., Consulting Engineer, Jersey City.

Mr. Cresson was born in Philadelphia in 1873, and was educated at the Episcopal Academy of Philadelphia, Lehigh University and University of Pennsylvania; B.S. degree from the latter.

From 1894 to 1900, he was employed on railroad work for the Lehigh Valley Railroad, Pennsylvania Railroad and West Virginia Short Line Railroad, and on the Reading Subway work in Philadelphia; from 1900 to 1901, in the office of Jacobs and Davies, Consulting Engineers, New York City, on subaqueous tunnel plans and surveys, North River and East River, and was Assistant Engineer in charge of the Atlantic avenue improvements in Brooklyn for the Long Island Railroad.

In 1901 he was Assistant Engineer on resurvey plans, etc., for the completion of the Hudson Tunnels under the North River (McAdoo Tunnels), and from 1901 to 1910, Assistant Engineer, Alignment Engineer and Resident Engineer in charge of precise triangulations on the North River, Resident Engineer in charge of subaqueous tunnels under the North River from Weehawken shaft; Resident Engineer in charge of Terminal Station-West, section of the Pennsylvania Station in New York, from the east side of Ninth avenue to the east side of Tenth avenue.

In 1910-1913, was First Deputy Commissioner, Department of Docks and Ferries, New York City, in charge of engineering activities and Acting Dock Commissioner for several months of this time in the absence of the commissioner; 1913-1915, Chief Engineer, New Jersey Harbor Commission; July 1st, 1915, Chief Engineer, Board of Commerce and Navigation.

Is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, American Institute of Mining Engineers, Institution of Civil Engineers of Great Britain, also Director, American Association of Port Authorities; Municipal Engineers of New York, International Congresses of Navigation, Engineers' Club of New York, etc., Associate Member of the Naval Consulting Board of the United States, appointed by Hon. Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy; Member of the Board of Directors for the State of New Jersey on Industrial Preparedness, and a member of the Pan-American Joint Engineering Committee appointed by the American Society of Civil Engineers.

ROBERT FRY ENGLE, Beach Haven.

Mr. Engle was born near Mount Holly, N. J., February 4th, 1868. His father was Robert Barclay Engle, Senator from Ocean county, 1896 to 1898, and his mother was Jane Darnell Engle of Mount Laurel, N. J. He was educated at Friends' Boarding School at Westtown, Pa. His father, though born and raised a farmer, preferred the hotel business and became one of the pioneers of Beach Haven, N. J., opening the "Parry House," when that resort was started in 1874. The Engleside was built in 1876, and after his education and a few years in the wholesale dry goods business in Philadelphia, the subject of this sketch came to the hotel to assist in its management. Upon the death of his father in 1901, the hotel property was incorporated as "The Engleside Company," and he became the treasurer and general manager, which position he has held ever since. He is also president and general manager of the "Covington Company," owning and operating the Covington Apartment Hotel in West Philadelphia. He has been identified with the growth of Beach Haven for over thirty years, and has been a member of Borough Council for the last fifteen years.

Mr. Engle was appointed a member of the Board of Commerce and Navigation by Governor Edge. February 27th, 1917, for a full term of four years.

Department of Conservation and Development.

PERCIVAL CHRYSTIE, President, High Bridge.

Mr. Chrystie was born in the old Taylor home, "Solitude," High Bridge, New Jersey, May 31st, 1868, and is a son of Oliver W. and Emily Taylor Chrystie. He was educated in Turners' School, Pittsfield, Mass., and Leals Academy, Plainfield, New Jersey.

Mr. Chrystie is vice-president of the Taylor-Wharton Iron and Steel Company, and he and his cousin, Knox Taylor, president, represent the fifth generation of the Taylor family that has been engaged in the manufacture of iron and steel in that locality for about 175 years. The Taylor family and the company named after it have furnished the United States Government with projectiles and other material for war purposes for every war in which the United States has been engaged since and including the Revolution in 1776.

Mr. Chrystie has served as a member of the State Board of Education, Fish and Game Commission, and was appointed a member of the Board of Conservation and Development by Governor Edge in 1917. His term expires in 1921.

HENRY CROFUT WHITE, North Plainfield.

Mr. White was born at Danbury, Conn., January 29th, 1869, and is a lawyer, and a member of the New York bar, 1893; of the Supreme Court bar, 1896; practices in New York City, being a member of the firm of White & Wait, 49 Wall street. Degrees were conferred on him by the following: A.B., Yale University, 1891; A.M., Columbia University, 1892; LL.B., University of the State of New York, 1893. He is the author of the White Federal Income Tax law and other legal treatises. He was appointed a member of this new department in 1915 by Governor Fielder and reappointed in 1916. He was again appointed by Governor Edwards in 1920 and his term will expire in 1924.

SIMON PHILLIPS NORTHRUP, Newark.

Mr. Northrup was born near Branchville, Sussex county, New Jersey, August 23d, 1876, and is son of Oscar and Mary J. (Phillips) Northrup. Both sides of family can trace descent to English Colonial ancestry. The name Northrup is of English origin and is a compound of the words North and the Saxon thorp (Middle English thrope) meaning town or village. The earliest mention of the name found in England is of the marriage of Maude, daughter of Simon Northrope, in county York, in the reign of Henry VII. (1485-1509). Joseph Northrup, founder of the family in America, came from Yorkshire, England, with Sir Richard Saltonstall, in Eaton and Davenport's Company, in the ship "Hector and Martha," landing at Boston on July 26th, 1637. With others he formed the settlement of Milford, Connecticut, in 1639, and his name appears as one of the forty-four "Free Planters" on the document which laid the foundation for their government on the "Plantation." He was graduated from Dickinson College with the Class of 1897, and from the Law School of Yale University in 1899, receiving degree of bachelor of laws, and Kent prize for superiority in debate. In February, 1899, he was admitted to practice before the New Jersey bar, and for a time was in several law offices, forming in 1905, a partnership with Francis Lafferty. In 1907, he became connected with Fidelity Trust Company and later was elected its assistant title officer.

He was appointed by Governor Fielder, in 1915, a member of the Department of Conservation and Development, and re-appointed by Governor Edge in 1918, and his term expires July 1st, 1921.

JOHN L. KUSER, Bordentown.

Mr. Kuser was born in Newark, N. J., May 12th, 1862, and is a twin brother to Colonel Anthony R. Kuser, a member of the Highway Commission. The Kuser family moved to the outskirts of Trenton when the twins were five years old, and their mother lives there at the present time.

John was educated at the Parochial school and afterwards at St. Benedict's College, Newark. He was connected with the newspaper business in Newark until 1894 when he moved to Trenton.

Mr. Kuser now holds the following positions: President of the Howard Demountable Rim Company, President National Flue Cleaner, Treasurer Mercer Automobile Company, Secretary and Treasurer Peoples Brewing Company and Secretary and Treasurer Trenton Hygeia Ice Company.

Governor Edge appointed Mr. Kuser a member of the Board of Conservation and Development in 1918 to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Charles Lathrop Pack. Mr. Kuser's term will expire in 1922.

OWEN WINSTON, Gladstone.

Mr. Winston was born September 5th, 1882, in New York City, the son of the late Dr. Gustavus Storrs Winston and Jeannie Louise Lewis. Educated at private schools and entered Harvard University from Cutler School in the fall of 1900. Graduated from Harvard with the degree of A.B. in 1904. In 1905 he entered the employ of Brooks Brothers, one of the oldest firms in New York, and probably the oldest men's clothing concern in the country. He was made Secretary and elected a member of the Board of Directors in 1913, and was elected Vice-President in 1920.

He was a member of the Military Training Camp at Plattsburgh in 1916, and attended the Officers' Training Camp at Fort Myer in 1917. He was commissioned First Lieutenant Chemical Warfare Service in July, 1918, and was immediately ordered overseas. He served with the 79th Division through the Argonne-Meuse offensive, first as Assistant Division Gas Officer, later as Division Gas Officer, being promoted in October. In December, after the Armistice, he served as an instructor in gas warfare in the 88th Division, returning home and receiving his discharge in February, 1919.

He was appointed by Governor Edwards a member of the Department of Conservation and Development of New Jersey in 1920, and was elected a member of the Township Committee of Mendham Township at the election in the fall of 1920.

He is a member of the Board of Managers of the Industrial Clinic, a member of the Board of Managers of the Harvard Club, and a member of the Executive Committee of the Metropolitan Golf Association.

He married in 1905 Margaret Dey Lloyd, daughter of Francis G. and Matilda H. Lloyd, and has three sons.

He is a Republican in politics, and has a farm at Mendham, Morris County, New Jersey, where he resides the greater part of the year. His term will expire in 1923.

WILLIAM E. FLORANCE, New Brunswick.

Mr. Florance was born at Toronto, Canada, April 16th, 1865. He is a graduate of Rutgers College, Class of 1885, and is at present a Trustee of that institution. He was admitted as an attorney, November, 1887, and as a counselor, November, 1909; as a member of the State Board of Education, 1905 to 1911; as Prosecutor of the Pleas of Middlesex County, 1914, 1915; as State Senator, 1916 to 1918.

He is president of the New Brunswick Mutual Fire Insurance Company, vice-president of the National Bank of New Jersey, one of the managers of and counsel for The New Brunswick Savings Institution and president of the Sinking Fund Commission of the City of New Brunswick.

He was appointed a member of the Board of Conservation and Development by Acting Governor Runyon in 1919 to fill a vacancy, and by Governor Edwards in 1920 for the term expiring July 1st, 1923.

WILLIAM E. TUTTLE, JR., Westfield.

Mr. Tuttle was appointed Banking and Insurance Commissioner January 17th, 1921, and a sketch of him will appear under that heading. His term as a member of the Board of Conservation and Development will expire in 1922.

JOHN A. WATERS, Gloucester City.

Mr. Waters was born in Gloucester City, July 15th, 1875. He was educated in St. Mary's School and the Gloucester City High School.

Mr. Waters is Superintendent of the Gloucester Ferry Company, with which he has been connected a long time. Formerly he was the company's chief clerk and paymaster.

Mr. Waters was solely responsible for the sending out of the first and only steamer from New Jersey to meet the first consignment of troops that came to the port of Philadelphia on the steamer Haverford.

Mr. Waters' term as a member of the Department of Conservation and Development will expire in 1924.

ALFRED GASKILL, Director and State Forester, Princeton.

Mr. Gaskill was born in Philadelphia, November 6th, 1861. For seventeen years he was engaged in the glass manufacturing business in Cumberland county, N. J., and in Philadelphia. In 1898, he gave up business, studied forestry in North Carolina, at Harvard University, at the University of Munich and in the organized forests of Europe. In 1901, he entered the United States Forest Service, and on February 1st, 1907, was engaged as State Forester by the Forest Park Reservation Commission of New Jersey. He is a director of the American Forestry Association and a member of several forestry and allied organizations.

On July 1st, 1915, he was appointed Director of Conservation and Development for a term of four years at $4,200 a year, which position he holds coincidentally with that of State Forester.

State Geologist.

HENRY B. KÜMMEL, Trenton.

Mr. Kümmel was born in Milwaukee, Wis., May 25th, 1867. He graduated from Beloit College, Wis., in 1889, and after teaching two years, spent one year in post-graduate work in geology at Harvard University and three years at the University of Chicago. He received the degree of M.A. from Harvard University, and from Beloit College in 1892, and that of Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) from the University of Chicago in 1895. In 1891, he was employed as field assistant in geology on the United States Geological Survey, in Connecticut. In the summer of 1892 he joined the Geological Survey of New Jersey, and for several field seasons was engaged in surveys in Warren, Sussex and Hunterdon counties. During a por-

tion of 1898 he was employed on the Geological Survey of New York, and also spent a short time in studying the geology of Scotland. Returning to New Jersey, he was appointed Assistant State Geologist in 1899, and on the resignation of Dr. John C. Smock, on July 1st, 1901, Mr. Kümmel was put in charge of the survey. On January 10th, 1902, he was made State Geologist, which position he still holds. Upon the establishment of the Forest Park Reservation Commission in 1905, he became ex-officio its executive officer. With the organization of the Department of Conservation and Development, Mr. Kümmel, as State Geologist, became the chief of the Division of Geology and acting director of the department during the absence of the director.

The high standing of the geological survey of New Jersey was recognized by the election of Mr. Kümmel as first president of the American Association of State Geologists, a position which he held for several terms. In 1907, he was a member of the International Geological Congress held in the city of Mexico, and he was again a delegate to the same congress when it met in Toronto, Canada, in 1913, he accompanied Governor Fort as one of the three New Jersey delegates to the first Conference of Governors held at the White House in 1908, and was a member of several subsequent conservation congresses. He is a Fellow of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, and of the Geological Society of America, and a member of the National Institute of Social Sciences. He is the author of numerous papers relating chiefly to the geology and natural resources of New Jersey.

State Highway Commission.

JOHN FERRIS, Jersey City.

Mr. Ferris was born in Ireland, May 2d, 1875. For the past 25 years he has been a contractor in Jersey City, engaged in a number of important improvements. He is at present a member of the Jersey City Board of Education, having held that office for the past three years. He was named a member of the new State Highway Commission in June last by Governor Edwards as a Democrat, and his term will expire in 1923.

WALTER F. WHITTEMORE, Newton.

Col. Whittemore was born at Camden, Maine, June 12th, 1858, and graduated from New York University with the class of 1883. He is a civil engineer by profession. He is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, a life member of the Marine Society of the City of New York, American Red Cross Society and the Sussex County Historical Society, and is a director of the Sussex National Bank of Newton. He served as a member of the Fredon Township Committee, of Sussex County, from 1917 to 1920. On February 3d, 1897, Col. Whittemore enlisted in the First Troop of Cavalry, New Jersey National Guard, as a private. On November 6th, 1899, he was commissioned captain in Company C, 4th Infantry, which he resigned September 1st, 1902. He then became captain and aide-de-camp on the division staff, where he served until May 19th, 1906. December 10th, 1907, he was commissioned lieutenant-colonel, Corps of Engineers, and on January 2d, 1914, was placed upon the unassigned list. Col. Whittemore was named a member of the new State Highway Commission June 29th, 1920, by Governor Edwards. He is a Republican and his term will expire in 1922.

THOMAS EDWARD COLLINS, Elizabeth.

Mr. Collins was born November 7th, 1881, at Mauch Chunk, in the State of Pennsylvania. He was educated in the public schools of Pottsville, attended the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis for three years, and later took a post-graduate course in highway engineering at Columbia College, New York City. He was elected City Engineer of the City of Elizabeth in 1914, and has held that office ever since. Prior to coming to Elizabeth, he was employed as an engineer in the New York City Highway Department and later was associated with the Engineering Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Philadelphia Division. After several years' service in that department he was transferred to the engineering staff on the construction of the Pennsylvania tunnels under the East River, New York. Three years later he was appointed to the State Board of Taxations and Valuations of Railroads and Canals in the State of New Jersey. Mr. Col-

lins is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, American Society of Municipal Improvements and is a Past Exalted Ruler of the Elizabeth Lodge of Elks. He lives at 46 Palisade Road, Elizabeth, and was named to the State Highway Commission by Governor Edwards June 29th, 1920. His term expires in 1924. He is a Democrat.

GEORGE PADDOCK, Newark.

Mr. Paddock was born at Albany, N. Y., April 22d, 1862, and attended the grammar and high schools of his native city. He is in the automobile business and claims to have been the first dealer of this kind in New Jersey. As a pioneer autoist he holds the record for having driven an automobile longer than any other person in the State. He was one of the organizers of the first auto club in New Jersey and was the first president of the original Automobile Dealers' Association of New Jersey and also of the national organization. Together with the late George J. Blakeslee and Walter E. Ellis he was a member of the committee of three charged with the work of having the referendum of 1916 providing for the Egan Road Bond Issue adopted by the people of the State, which was accomplished by a handsome majority of 89,250. Mr. Paddock was also one of the committee of fifteen which worked for the passage by the New Jersey Legislature of a bill providing for automobile reciprocity, and took an active part in organizing the recent State Automobile Dealers' Association. He was appointed to the new State Highway Commission by Governor Edwards June 29th, 1920, as a Democrat. His term expires in 1923.

CHARLES B. SEABROOK, Bridgeton.

Mr. Seabrook was born May 28th, 1881, in Hopewell Township, Cumberland county, and was educated in the public schools of his native county. He is a farmer by calling and has served as a member of the Board of Managers of the State Agricultural College, a director of the State Chamber of Commerce and a director of the Bridgeton Chamber of Commerce. He is president of the Seabrook Farms Company, which operates the largest intensive farm with the greatest single acreage under overhead irrigation in the world.

Mr. Seabrook is also president of the Seabrook Company, which owns and operates one of the largest apple orchards in the United States and the largest in the east. He is also president of the National Farming Corporation. He was appointed a member of the State Highway Commission in December, 1920, by Governor Edwards, and his term will expire in 1922.

ALBERT SCOTT LINCOLN DOUGHTY, Mt. Holly.

Mr. Doughty was born at Marlton, Burlington County, May 8th, 1861. He was educated at Pennington Seminary and the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor. For fifteen years he has been engaged in the coal and lumber business and was formerly a traveling salesman. From 1899 to 1902 Mr. Doughty was under sheriff of Burlington county and in 1917 was named by Governor Edge a member of the Board of Managers of the State Home for Girls and served as president and treasurer of that body. He is a charter member of the Mt. Holly Lodge, B. P. O. E., No. 848, and is also a member of Camden Lodge, No. 8967, Modern Woodmen of America. Upon the reorganization of the State Highway Commission he was appointed to the new commission by Governor Edwards on June 29th, 1920, and until December was the only South Jersey representative on that body, having jurisdiction in highway matters over all the territory from Middlesex down to Cape May County. In politics he is a Republican. His term expires in 1921.

GEORGE LEE BURTON, New Brunswick.

Mr. Burton was born at New Brunswick, N. J., July 10th, 1888, and is a lawyer. He was graduated from the New Brunswick High School in 1905, attended New York Law School, and was student, first, with Alfred S. March, of New Brunswick, and later with Spencer Weart, Jersey City. He was admitted to the bar March 17th, 1911, and immediately opened a law office in New Brunswick. He was elected special counsel of the Board of Health of that city September 1st, 1912. Mr. Burton was elected to the Assembly on the Democratic ticket in 1912 and 1913 and served during the legislative sessions of 1913 and 1914.

Mr. Burton is at present mayor of South River and has served as county counsel of Middlesex county.

Mr. Burton's term as a member of the State Highway Commission expires in 1921.

THOMAS J. WASSER, Jersey City, State Highway Engineer.

Mr. Wasser was born in Philadelphia, Pa., January 24th, 1871. He attended the Philadelphia Manual Training School and also took a private course in engineering and is a civil engineer by profession. His experience in highway construction dates back to the nineties when he entered the employ of B. M. and J. F. Shanley Company, of Newark, which concern was engaged in macadam and telford road construction. Later he became associated with the Sanford and Stillman Company, general contractors and bridge builders. From 1903 to 1913 he was with the Robert W. Hunt Company engineering bureau and was engaged on county engineering work assignments in Hudson county. During this period Mr. Wasser was the engineer in charge in the construction of the Fourteenth Street Viaduct in Hoboken and jointly with James Owen, of Newark, was enginer in charge of the reconstruction of the Lincoln Highway between Hudson and Essex counties. In 1913 he became County Engineer of Hudson county and during that period designed and supervised most of the construction of the Newark turnpike, which is now nearing completion. In July, 1920, he relinquished his position as county engineer when elected by the reorganized State Highway Commission to be State Highway Engineer in charge of the State's road construction program. Mr. Wasser is an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers and a member of the following organizations: American Road Builders' Association, American Society of Municipal Improvements, National Highway Traffic Association, American Association of Engineers and American Association of State Highway Officials.

A. LEE GROVER, Trenton, Chief Clerk and Secretary

Mr. Grover was born at Hutchinson's Mills, Mercer county, near Trenton, New Jersey, April 19th, 1889, and is the son of Elmer E. and Laura W. Grover. His early

life was spent on the farm, and his entire life has been spent within the boundaries of Mercer county. He acquired his education in the public schools of the county, and also attended the Rider-Moore & Stewart School of Business, in Trenton, from which institution he graduated in 1907, and at once took up a clerical career. In 1911 he engaged in the electrical contracting business, until April 13th, 1913, when he accepted a position with the Department of Public Roads, under Colonel E. A. Stevens, State Road Commissioner, as accountant. He acquired an intimate knowledge of State and county highway financing and law and was promoted to the post of Chief Clerk. On the reorganization of the State Highway Department, under the direction of General George W. Goethals, as provided under the "Edge Road Act" of 1917, he was appointed Chief Clerk of the Department, and Secretary to the State Highway Commission, on recommendation of General Goethals.

Mr. Grover is a member of Fraternal Lodge, No. 139, F. & A. M.; Palestine Commandery, K. T., and Crescent Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.

EDWARD E. REED, Assistant State Highway Engineer, Trenton.

Mr. Reed was born in Trenton, New Jersey, on August 3d, 1884. He was educated in the public schools and attended the School of Industrial Arts of Trenton. Practically all of his life has been devoted to public work, he having first been employed in the City Engineer's office at Trenton; later with the County Engineer's office, and on July 1st, 1909, he accepted the post of Assistant Supervisor of Roads, in the New Jersey Department of Public Roads. This title was later changed to that of Division Engineer, and he was placed in charge of the construction and repair work in the Central New Jersey counties. Mr. Reed was appointed Assistant State Highway Engineer on April 1st, 1918, for a term of five years.

He is a member of Princeton Lodge, No. 38, F. & A. M.; Lawrence Township Home Guard and Spartacus Lodge, No. 10, K. of P.

State Board of Institutions and Agencies.

OGDEN HAGGERTY HAMMOND, President, Bernardsville.

Mr. Hammond was born at Louisville, Kentucky, October 13th, 1869, and is an insurance broker. He was graduated at Phillips Exeter Academy in 1889 and at Yale University 1893. He entered business at Superior, Wisconsin, in 1893, and was an alderman of that city for two years, 1896-98. In 1907 moved to Bernardsville where he has since resided. He was First Lieutenant of Company I, Third Regiment, Wisconsin National Guard, three years, 1894-96.

Mr. Hammond served two years in the New Jersey House of Assembly from Somerset county—1915-16—and took an active part in legislation. He is now Treasurer of the State Republican Committee, a position he has occupied since 1917.

Governor Edge, on February 28th, 1918, nominated Mr. Hammond as a member of the State Board of Charities and Corrections and he was promptly confirmed by the Senate. His term will expire June 30th, 1923.

DWIGHT WHITNEY MORROW, Englewood.

Mr. Morrow was born January 11th, 1873, at Huntington, West Virginia, and is a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall street, New York City. Formerly he was a member of the law firm of Simpson, Thacher & Bartlett, 62 Cedar street, New York City.

Mr. Morrow was graduated from Amherst College in 1895, with the A.B. degree, and from the Columbia University Law School in 1899 with the LL.B. degree. He was a member of the New Jersey Prison Inquiry Commission, succeeding William B. Dickson as its chairman on July 17th, 1917. On February 28th, 1918, he was appointed a member of the State Board of Charities and Corrections by Governor Edge and confirmed by the Senate for a term ending June 30th, 1919. He is now chairman of that Board. He was reappointed by Governor Edge and his term expires in 1927.

Mr. Morrow was director of the War Savings campaign for New Jersey until July 11th, 1918, when he resigned to take up important Government work in Europe. He is also a trustee of Amherst College, President of the Englewood Free Public Library and of the Englewood Civic Association.

FRANK A. FETRIDGE.

Mr. Fetridge was born in Quincy, Mass., July 5th, 1857, and was educated in the public schools of that city. After leaving school he learned the lathing trade, which he has followed ever since.

In 1879 Mr. Fetridge came to Newark and at once became active in the Knights of Labor, and in 1899, when the Wood, Wire and Metal Lathers' International Union was organized, he became an active worker in same, both locally and internationally, serving two terms as International Vice-President during 1904-1905, and again during 1915-1916, and also two terms as International Organizer. At present he is serving as Secretary of the New Jersey State Council of Lathers and is Financial Secretary of Local No. 102 of Newark, of which local he also served twelve years as Business Representative.

He is also connected with the Essex Trades Council and Building Trades Council of Newark, in which organization he is an untiring and active worker, having served as president of both councils on different occasions. He also served two terms as Vice-President of the New Jersey State Federation of Labor and as Vice-President of the State Building Trades Council for four years and Secretary for one year. Mr. Fetridge was also connected with the Newark Board of Health for eight years, four years of which he was Superintendent of the Contagious Disease Hospital.

Always taking an active interest in public affairs and institutions, and being liberal in thought and action, he was twice a candidate for the Assembly but was defeated on both occasions.

His appointment as a member of the State Board of Charities and Corrections as the representative of organized labor is the first public office ever held by him.

Besides these activities he helped to organize the Trades Union Anti-Tuberculosis Association of Newark, of which organization he served two years as Secretary, and is now serving as the President of that popular charity organization. His term will expire June 30th, 1928.

ELLIS P. EARLE, Montclair.

Mr. Earle was born in Brooklyn, N. Y., in September, 1860, and is engaged in the business of minerals and metals. He has never held public office. He was appointed a member of the Board of Charities and Corrections by Governor Edge February 28th, 1918, for a term ending June 30th, 1922, and confirmed by the Senate.

GERALDINE LIVINGSTON THOMPSON (Mrs. Lewis S. Thompson), Red Bank, N. J.

Mrs. Thompson was born in New York City March 2d, 1872. She has been President of the Monmouth County Branch of the State Charities Aid and Prison Reform Association (now the Monmouth County Organization for Social Service) for several years.

She has lived twenty-two years at Brookdale Farm, Monmouth county; is a member of the Legislative Committee of the New Jersey Women's Federated Clubs and County Chairman of the Women's Committee of the Council of National Defense. Mrs. Thompson is thoroughly interested in school matters and the farming interests of the county and State.

She was appointed a member of the State Board of Charities and Corrections by Governor Edge February 28th, 1918, for a term ending June 30th, 1925, and was confirmed by the Senate.

CAROLINE B. WITTPENN, Jersey City.

Mrs. Wittpenn, who was born in Hoboken, N. J., is a daughter of Edwin A. and Martha Bayard Stevens and a member of the Castle Point (Hoboken) Stevens family. She is the wife of Henry Otto Wittpenn, now Naval Officer of the Port of New York and former Mayor of Jersey City. He was the Democratic candidate for Governor of New Jersey in 1916.

Mrs. Wittpenn has made a distinguished record as a promoter of charitable institutions in New Jersey and the saving of youth of the State for honorable and self-supporting activities in life. Through her energy the State Board of Childrens' Guardians was originated, and she was deeply interested in the successful movement for the establishment of the State Reformatory at Rahway. She secured legislation which brought about the appointment of a State Probation Officer, and that was a forerunner to the creation of courts for the trial of juvenile delinquents.

In October, 1918, Governor Edge appointed Mrs. Wittpenn a member of the State Board of Charities and Corrections. Her term expires in 1926.

JOSEPH M. BYRNE, Newark.

Mr. Byrne was born in Newark, N. J., October, 1861. His early education was received in the Newark local schools, and in 1879 he was graduated from Notre Dame University, Indiana. Mr. Byrne was a former Assemblyman from Essex county for two terms, was also a member of the Board of Street and Water Commissioners of Newark, N. J., for one term. Mr. Byrne is president of the Joseph M. Byrne Co., general insurance corporation, with main office at Newark. He is also the senior member of J. M. Byrne & Co., members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange, 60 Broadway, N. Y. City; is a director of the Union National Bank, Newark, N. J., and vice-president U. S. Savings Bank, Newark, and a director of the Newark Fire Insurance Company. On May 10th, 1919, he was appointed by Governor Edge a member of the State Board of Institutions and Agencies. His term expires in 1921.

F. WALLACE ARMSTRONG, Moorestown.

Mr. Armstrong, who resides at Moorestown, N. J., is head of the F. W. Armstrong Company, an extensive advertising agency, with offices in the North American Building, Philadelphia. He is a brother of former Judge E. Ambler Armstrong, who was Speaker of the New Jersey Assembly in 1885 and 1886.

Mr. Armstrong's term as a member of the Department of Institutions and Agencies will expire in 1924.

Commissioner of Institutions and Agencies.

BURDETTE G. LEWIS, Princeton.

Mr. Lewis was born at Jamestown, Pa., January 1st, 1882. He is a graduate of the University of Nebraska; was special scholar in economics at the University of Wisconsin and held the President White Fellowship in Political Science for two years at Cornell University. At the latter institution he was associated with Professor J. W. Jenks when the professor was serving as a member of the International Monetary Commission which introduced a new currency system into the Philippines for the United States. Later, Mr. Lewis held an important position with the Interstate Commerce Commission, and in 1907 was appointed Statistician of the Public Service Commission, First District.

Subsequently he became assistant to John Purroy Mitchell, when President of the New York Board of Aldermen, and as such served as a member of the subcommittee which made up the New York City budget.

During Mayor Gaynor's administration he was director of the Board of Estimate's investigation of the New York public schools; also as director of the Sinking Fund Commission's study of the sale of real estate in the city of New York.

In 1913 Mr. Lewis was appointed First Deputy Commissioner of Corrections of the city of New York, and in 1915 became commissioner of that department.

During the early part of 1918 he served as executive assistant of the vice-president and general manager of the Air Nitrates Corporation, organizing the government for its very large industrial city at Muscle Shoals, Alabama, and organized the self-compensation insurance system for the 20,000 employes of that corporation.

In May, 1918, Mr. Lewis was appointed Commissioner of Charities and Corrections for New Jersey..

Board of Shell Fisheries.

GEORGE A. MOTT, Director, Tuckerton.

Mr. Mott was born at Tuckerton, N. J., July 2d, 1864, and attended the public schools until he was eighteen years of age, when he went to Atlantic City,

where he worked as clerk in a grocery store for two years, after which he conducted a grocery business at Beach Haven, N. J., for eight years during which time he engaged in the planting and shipping of oysters. He was named as a member of the first oyster commission for the State of New Jersey by an act of the Legislature of 1893, and although a Democrat, he was renamed by an act of the Legislature of 1896, and was appointed by Governor Voorhees in 1899, and by Governor Murphy in 1902, and served as a member and secretary of the commission during the twelve years of its existence. It was largely due to his efforts that the scientific study of oyster propagation was taken up by Professor Julius Nelson in 1900, and as there was no appropriation made by the Legislature for that purpose, he furnished and maintained a suitable station for experimental purposes, also oysters, boats, floats, etc., for the use of the biologist and assisted him personally in his experimental work. In 1912, he was appointed oyster superintendent for the district of Ocean county by Governor Wilson and re-appointed by Governor Fielder in 1915. His selection as director of shell fisheries was made unanimous by the Board of Shell Fisheries July 1st, 1915.

Department of Weights and Measures.

FRANK WANSER, State Superintendent.

Mr. Wanser was born at New Brunswick, N. J., April 5th, 1861; son of Colonel Jarvis Wanser and Sarah Elizabeth Wanser. He removed with his parents to Trenton, N. J., in 1874, and received his education in the public schools of New Brunswick and Trenton. The family removed to Vineland, N. J., in 1878, where they have since resided.

In 1879, he embarked in the real estate and insurance business with his father, and has been actively engaged in the real estate line ever since. In 1884, in connection with this business, he became special agent and adjuster for New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania for a Boston fire insurance company.

He was a page in the New Jersey House of Assembly in 1874, and in New Jersey Senate in 1875 and 1876, and

was bookkeeper in Government Publication Department, House of Representatives, at Washington, during the fifty-fourth Congress.

Mr. Wanser was postmaster at Vineland from March 15th, 1902, to July 15th, 1910, when he resigned to devote his entire time to real estate operations; has always taken an active interest in politics and has been affiliated with the Republican party from the time of his first vote.

Governor Edge appointed Mr. Wanser Superintendent of Weights and Measures February 27th, 1917, and he was confirmed by the Senate on March 6th. His term is five years.

State Architect.

FRANCIS H. BENT, Bound Brook.

Mr. Bent was born in Dorchester District, Boston, Mass., June 18th, 1868; educated at Boston public schools and was graduated from Dorchester High School in 1885. He moved to New York City in fall of 1887; studied architecture with prominent architects in Boston and New York City, also in Europe. He returned from abroad in 1895 and was associated with the well-known firm of Rossiter & Wright, architects, until 1905. He was associate architect for Department of Charities and Corrections for about eight years, resigning in March, 1913, to resume private practice. A portion of the time while with the department he had entire charge of the architectural work, and while with the State, designed among other buildings, the Battery A Armory, East Orange; Battery B Armory, Camden; Battalions' Armory, Elizabeth; 1st Troop Cavalry Armory, Roseville; and State Normal School, Montclair Heights.

Upon the separation of the architectural work of the State from the Department of Charities and Corrections, the Department of Architecture was created and he was appointed State Architect, April 1st, 1917, by Governor Edge. He has been a resident of New Jersey for over twenty-five years. His term of office is five years.

Custodian of the Capitol.

JOHN A. SMITH, Haddon Heights.

Mr. Smith has been a life-long resident of Camden county, where he was born in the city of Camden, August 3d, 1861, and lived until 1907 when he moved from the South Jersey Metropolis to Haddon Heights, one of its suburbs. He was educated in the public schools of his home city and after a business college education, he began life as a clerk and salesman and later established a wholesale and retail merchandise business, which he conducted in Camden for several years.

Later he dealt in real estate and conducted a general brokerage line until May, 1913, when he was appointed by Comptroller Edwards to the position of assistant auditor, which position he held until July 15th, 1914, when he was appointed custodian of the State House, to take effect on August 15th, 1914. During the interval between his appointment and assumption of the duties of the office, the new custodian fully familiarized himself with all the duties appertaining to the position, which his wide and varied experience in a business and professional way makes him peculiarly adapted to fill.

The custodian has always been active in Democratic affairs, and served as a member of the Democratic State Committee from his home county for three years. His salary is $3,500 a year.

Commissioner of Public Reports.

WILLIAM A. SWEENEY, Red Bank.

Mr. Sweeney was born at Wickatunk, in Monmouth county, N. J., June 26th, 1875. In 1888 he moved to Atlantic Highlands with his parents, and after acquiring the equivalent of a present high school education he entered the mechanical department of the Monmouth Press. A few years later he went with a new paper started at Atlantic Highlands, called the Journal, and before attaining his majority was local editor of that publication under A. C. Hart, a well-known Monmouth county newspaper man. From the

Journal Mr. Sweeney went with the Red Bank Register, and was a reporter on that paper for about nine years. In 1906 he formed a company for the purchase of the Red Bank Standard, and has since been editor of that paper and president of the company which publishes it.

Mr. Sweeney was Assistant Journal Clerk of the Assembly in 1916 and has served as Assessment Commissioner in his home town. He was chairman of the Monmouth County Republican Executive Committee in 1913 and for ten years was chairman of the Red Bank Republican Executive Committee.

He was appointed Commissioner of Public Reports by Governor Edge for a term of five years, beginning March 3d, 1919. The salary is $2,000 a year.

Secretary to the Governor.

J. HARRY FOLEY, Jersey City.

Mr. Foley was born in Jersey City, N. J., February 2d, 1881, educated in local schools, started in business life at the age of thirteen in the N. Y. Produce Exchange, then went into the steam heating contracting business; from there to the Colonial Life Insurance Company, and in 1908 took position in the City Hall, Jersey City, as Assistant Deputy Treasurer; in 1912 was made City Cashier, holding that position until appointed to his present position. In politics always a Democrat.

He is a life member and an officer of Jersey City Lodge, No. 211, B. P. O. Elks; also member of Jersey City Council, Knights of Columbus, and an officer in same council. In 1912 he married Clare Marie Bailey, of Jersey City; has had four children, one dead, three girls living. Father was John B. Foley, of Goshen, N. Y. Mother, still living, Agnes Hallahan, Chester, N. Y.

Executive Clerk.

JOHN J. FARRELL, Trenton.

Mr. Farrell was born in New York city, August 31st, 864, and has been a resident of the State of New Jersey since he was three years of age. He is a news-

paper man by profession, and was State Riparian Commissioner from 1899 to 1904. During that period the courts set aside as void the attempt of the Legislature to divert State lands, which now form the nucleus of the School Fund, to other purposes. For many years prior to that and since he has been a legislative correspondent, the line in which he was engaged when appointed Executive Clerk to fill a vacancy, the second which occurred in that office in forty-seven years, on February 20th, 1913.

Chief Auditor.

HARRY B. SALTER, Trenton.

Col. Salter was born in Brookville, Hunterdon county, New Jersey, June 4th, 1873, and removed to Trenton with his parents in 1880. He is a direct descendant of Richard Salter, Justice of the Supreme Court of New Jersey during the Colonial period, and James Salter, who was State Treasurer in the early part of the last century. He received his education in the grammar and high schools of this city, and entered the newspaper profession in 1888. For several years he was employed on local newspapers and Trenton correspondent for New York and Philadelphia papers. In 1894 he was appointed Deputy City Clerk by C. Edward Murray, which position he held until his election as City Clerk, January 1st, 1904. He was re-elected January 1st, 1907 and 1910, and held the position until August, 1912. He was secretary of the Chamber of Commerce from 1914 to April, 1917, when he was appointed to his present position by Comptroller Bugbee.

Col. Salter has been identified with most of the public movements in Trenton for many years and is also Lieutenant-Colonel Quartermaster on the staff of Quartermaster General C. Edward Murray. He was originally commissioned Captain and Quartermaster, second Regiment, N. G. N. J., and successively thereafter Major, Second Brigade, and Deputy Quartermaster General.

He is a member of Trenton Lodge No. 5, F. & A. M.; Scottish Rite, Benevolent and Protective Order of

Elks, National Union, Republican Club and other social organizations. In 1895 he married Ida M. Taylor, daughter of W. Scott Taylor.

Secretary of the Senate.

WILLIAM H. ALBRIGHT, Woodbury.

Mr. Albright was born at Elmer, Salem county, N. J., December 20th, 1875. He received his early education in the schools of Camden city and at the age of sixteen entered the newspaper profession. He was for twelve years on the reportorial staff of the Philadelphia Ledger, and for the past nineteen years has been associated with his father, Louis W. Albright, in the publishing and printing business in Woodbury. Mr. Albright has been active in Gloucester county politics for the past twenty years. He was for several years secretary and treasurer of the Republican County Committee and is at present secretary of the New Jersey Republican State Committee and has taken an active part in the counsels of his party. He was the president of the Red Bank Battle Monument Commission which erected the handsome shaft on the Delaware for the State, and is a member of numerous social and fraternal organizations. He was chosen Secretary of the Senate in 1918, 1919, 1920 and again in 1921.

Clerk of the House.

UPTON SAGER JEFFERYS, Camden.

Mr. Jefferys comes of a line of native Jersey folks dating back to the Colonial period. One of his paternal ancestors was among the original settlers of Connecticut Farms in East Jersey; on the maternal side were early settlers of Gloucester county. He was born in Trenton while his father, the Rev. William H. Jefferys, was pastor of State Street M. E. Church. He attended the public schools, learned the printer's trade, became a reporter for Camden and Philadelphia dailies, was New Jersey editor of the Philadelphia Inquirer for nine years, and since 1900 has been editor

of the Camden Post-Telegram. He served in the New Jersey National Guard for sixteen years. As the first president of the Camden Board of Playground Commissioners he put the municipal playgrounds and recreation centers on a permanent basis, and he helped to revise the playground laws of the State. His legislative experience began as a correspondent, then he was secretary to Speaker William J. Bradley, served as Assistant Clerk of the House for several terms, and was chosen Clerk in 1912, '15, '16, '17, '18, '20 and '21. During United States Senator David Baird's term, ending March 4th, 1919, Mr. Jefferys acted as his secretary at Washington. He is a member and ex-president of the Legislative Correspondents' Club, member of the New Jersey Press Association, the Pen and Pencil Club, Philadelphia; Camden Lodge, No. 293, B. P. O. E., and of other political and social organizations.

NEW JERSEY NEWSPAPERS.

The following is a list of the titles of newspapers published in the State of New Jersey, town and county where published, time of publication, political or special character, and names of editors and publishers:

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

NEWS—Egg Harbor City. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Frank O. Breder, publisher.

PILOT-TRIBUNE—Egg Harbor City. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Henry Gries, editor and publisher.

SOUTH JERSEY REPUBLICAN—Hammonton. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Hoyt & Son, editors and publishers.

SOUTH JERSEY STAR—Hammonton. Weekly. Independent. Thomas B. Delker, editor and publisher.

ATLANTIC CITY GAZETTE-REVIEW—Atlantic City. Daily, except Sunday. Republican. Gazette-Review Co. James M. Healey, editor.

ATLANTIC CITY DAILY PRESS—Atlantic City. Daily, every morning, except Sunday. Independent. Press Union Publishing Co.

ATLANTIC COUNTY RECORD—Mays Landing. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Ira T. B. Smith, editor.

EVENING UNION—Atlantic City. Every afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. Press Union Publishing Co.

SUNDAY GAZETTE—Atlantic City. Weekly, on Sunday. Republican. Gazette-Review Co. James M. Healey, editor.

PLEASANTVILLE PRESS—Pleasantville. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. S. E. Whitman & Sons, proprietors. B. E. Whitman, editor.

VENTNOR NEWS—Ventnor City (Atlantic City). Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. J. Frank Peters.

LABOR ADVOCATE—Atlantic City. Weekly. L. M. Herrman, editor and owner.

BERGEN COUNTY.

THE EVENING RECORD—Hackensack. Evening. Independent. Evening Record Publishing Company, publishers. James M. Smith, editor.

THE HACKENSACK REPUBLICAN—Hackensack. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Eugene K. Bird, editor and publisher.

BERGEN DAILY NEWS—Hackensack. Daily. Republican. Bergen Daily News, Inc. Every afternoon except Sundays. Evan G. Runner, general manager. Hugh C. O'Reilly, editor.

CARLSTADT FREIE PRESSE (German) — Carlstadt. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. August Moench, editor.

THE ENGLEWOOD PRESS—Englewood. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Joseph H. Tillotson, editor and proprietor.

THE BERGEN RECORD—Tenafly. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Tenafly Publishing Company. J. Z. Demarest, editor.

THE NEWS—Ridgewood. Weekly, on Friday. Franklin Fisher, editor and publisher.

THE PARK RIDGE LOCAL—Park Ridge. Published weekly, on Wednesday. James B. H. Storms and John C. Storms, editors and proprietors.

RUTHERFORD REPUBLICAN, AND RUTHERFORD AMERICAN—Rutherford. Weekly, on Saturday. Rutherford Publishing Company. Republican. Frank P. Newman, editor.

THE ENTERPRISE—East Rutherford. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. The Petrie Press, publisher. William Eigenrauch, editor.

THE SENTINEL—Fort Lee. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. J. N. Race, publisher.

THE NEWS-LETTER—Hasbrouck Heights. Weekly, on Tuesday. Alonzo Chamberlain, editor and publisher.

RIDGEFIELD PARK BULLETIN—Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Charles Enders, editor.

RIDGEWOOD HERALD—Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Brainard G. Smith, editor and proprietor.

THE RAMSEY JOURNAL—Ramsey. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. John Y. Dater, editor and proprietor.

THE SATURDAY REVIEW—Bergenfield. Weekly. Independent. The Bergenfield Press. Wm. R. and Milton O. Jones, Jr., proprietors. William R. Jones, editor.

THE REVIEW—Ridgefield Park. Weekly, on Thursday. James E. Williams, editor and proprietor.

PALISADIAN—Palisades. Weekly. Democratic. Charles T. Logan, editor and owner.

SOUTH BERGEN EAGLE—Lyndhurst. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Max L. Simon, editor and proprietor.

GARFIELD NEWS—Garfield. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Max L. Simon, editor and proprietor.

THE GARFIELD GUARDIAN—Garfield. Weekly. Independent. Ralph W. Chandless, editor.

WESTWOOD CHRONICLE — Westwood. Weekly. Independent. James B. H. and John C. Storms, publishers.
INTERBORO NEWS—Teaneck. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Bergen County Publishing Co., publishers. Paul A. Schneider, editor.
BOROUGH NEWS—Edgewater. Saturday. Independent. B. F. Underwood, editor.
NORTH BERGEN WEEKLY—Westwood. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. William A. Kinsley, editor and publisher.
THE MESSENGER—Bogota. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Bogota Publishing Company, William St. John Tozer, president.
INDEPENDENT—Lodi. Saturday. Democratic. Max L. Simon, editor and proprietor.
REVIEW—Wallington. Saturday. Democratic. Max L. Simon, editor and proprietor.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

NEW JERSEY MIRROR—Mount Holly. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Charles H. Folwell, editor and proprietor.
THE MOUNT HOLLY HERALD—Mount Holly. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. Sleeper & LaTour, publishers.
NEWS—Mount Holly. Weekly, on Tuesday. Republican. H. L. Walters and Joseph C. Kingdon, proprietors. J. C. Kingdon, editor.
BURLINGTON GAZETTE—Burlington. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. James M. Davis, publisher.
THE DAILY ENTERPRISE—Burlington. Daily, in the afternoon. Republican. Joseph R. Cheesman, president and editor.
BORDENTOWN REGISTER—Bordentown. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. James D. Magee, editor.
BEVERLY BANNER—Beverly. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. L. W. Perkins, editor and proprietor.
MOORESTOWN CHRONICLE AND REPUBLICAN — Moorestown. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. W. J. Lovell, editor.
BURLINGTON COUNTY PRESS—Riverside. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Hiram D. Torrie, Jr., editor and proprietor.
THE NEW ERA—Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Riverton. Walter L. Bowen, editor.
THE WEEKLY NEWS—Palmyra. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Frank E. Chambers, editor.
THE CENTRAL RECORD—Marlton and Medford. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Central Record Publishing Company. Charles F. Clymer, editor.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

WEST JERSEY PRESS—Camden. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Sinnickson Chew & Sons' Company, publishers and proprietors. William H. Chew, editor.

CAMDEN POST-TELEGRAM—Camden. Daily, in the afternoon. Republican. Post-Telegram Company, proprietors. Upton S. Jefferys, editor. F. F. Patterson, Jr., manager.

CAMDEN DAILY COURIER—Camden. Daily, in the afternoon. Republican. J. David Stern, editor. W. I. Tushingham, manager.

THE CAMDEN TIMES—Camden. Weekly, on Thursday, Democratic. John J. Tischner, publisher.

CAMDEN ARGUS AND EAST SIDE PRESS—Camden. Republican. Weekly, on Thursday. William H. Jefferys, Sr., editor and publisher.

MERCHANTVILLE TIMES—Merchantville. Weekly, on Saturday. Herbert Freeman, editor and publisher.

HADDON GAZETTE—Haddonfield. Weekly, on Thursday. Hiester Clymer, publisher, and Victor H. Clymer, editor.

WEEKLY RETROSPECT—Collingswood. Weekly, on Friday. Collingswood Publishing Co., publishers.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

CAPE MAY STAR AND WAVE—Cape May City. Republican. Weekly, on Saturday. Star and Wave Publishing Company. A. Leon Ewing, editor.

CAPE MAY COUNTY GAZETTE—Cape May Court House. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Alfred Cooper, editor and publisher.

SENTINEL—Ocean City. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. R. Curtis Robinson, editor and proprietor.

FIVE-MILE BEACH JOURNAL—Wildwood. Independent. Weekly, on Wednesday. Jed Dubois, editor and proprietor.

OCEAN CITY LEDGER—Weekly, on Saturday. Prohibition. New Jersey Methodist Publishing Company, proprietors. Rev. James E. Lake, editor.

SUN-TRIBUNE—Wildwood. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. Sun-Tribune Publishing Company.

CAPE MAY COUNTY TIMES—Sea Isle City. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. W. A. Haffert, editor.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

BRIDGETON EVENING NEWS—Bridgeton. Independent. Evening News Company, publishers. J. W. Richardson, president. C. L. Snowden, general manager.

BRIDGETON DAILY PIONEER—Bridgeton. Daily. Republican. George W. McCowan, publisher. H. L. Tyler, editor.

DOLLAR WEEKLY NEWS—Bridgeton. Independent. Weekly, on Saturday. Evening News Company, publishers.

THE EVENING JOURNAL—Vineland. Afternoon. Independent. Geo. C. Ladd, publisher. David W. Sigafoo, editor.

MILLVILLE DAILY REPUBLICAN—Millville. Evening. Republican. Republican Publishing Company, publishers. W. E. Middleton, business manager.

THE ADVERTISER—Port Norris. Weekly. Advertiser Printing Co., publishers.

ESSEX COUNTY.

NEWARK EVENING NEWS—Newark. Afternoon. Independent. Evening News Publishing Company. Wallace M. Scudder, publisher; Edward W. Scudder, editor.

THE NEWARK STAR-EAGLE—Newark. Afternoon. Independent Republican. Newark Star Publishing Co. Nathaniel C. Wright, editor. H. S. Talmadge, president and general manager.

NEWARK MORNING LEDGER—Newark. Morning and Sunday. Independent. L. T. Russell, editor and publisher. Frank Higgins, managing editor.

NEW JERSEY FREIE ZEITUNG (German)—Newark. Daily, also Sunday edition. Republican. Washington Publishing Company. J. G. Nolan, president and treasurer; George Schierholz, secretary.

THE SUNDAY CALL—Newark. Weekly, on Sunday. Independent. The Newark Call Printing and Publishing Company, publishers. G. Wisner Thorne, president and treasurer. James P. Logan, secretary. G. Wisner Thorne, Sandford B. Hunt, Louis Hannoch, Frank J. Urquhart and James P. Logan, directors. G. Wisner Thorne, editor.

UNION (Colored)—Orange. Saturday. Republican. George R. Pratt, editor.

TOWN TALK—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. T. E. Burke and Herman E. L. Beyer, editors and publishers.

JUSTICE—Newark. Official publication New Jersey Federation of Liquor Interests. First and third Thursdays, each month. J. H. Buckridge, editor.

RAILROAD EMPLOYEE—Newark. Monthly. Benjamin E. Chapin, editor and publisher.

THE MONITOR—Newark. Weekly, on Saturday. Catholic. Very Rev. Wm. P. Cantwell, editor-in-chief. A. B. Ford, publisher.

THE AMERICAN ISSUE—Newark. Weekly. Anti-Saloon. Samuel Wilson, editor.

LA TRIBUNA—Newark. Weekly. Tribune Publishing Company, publisher. Olindo Marzulli, editor.

LA MONTAGNA (THE MOUNTAIN) (Italian)—Newark. Republican. Weekly, on Saturday. F. A. Fiore, editor.

THE REVIEW—LA RIVISTA (Italian and English)—Newark. Weekly. Richard F. Mattia, proprietor.

KRONIKA (Polish)—Newark. Semi-weekly. Political, industrial and commercial. Kronika Publishing Company, proprietors.

THE ORANGE ADVERTISER—Orange. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Orange Advertiser Publishing Company. Robert Wright, president. F. C. Shann, editor.

EAST ORANGE RECORD—East Orange. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. L. C. Gillis, editor and publisher.

THE INDEPENDENT PRESS—Bloomfield. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Press, Inc., publishers. H. M. Suplee, editor.

MONTCLAIR TIMES—Montclair. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. Established 1877 by A. C. Studer, editor and publisher.

THE HERALD—Montclair. Weekly, on Saturday. Montclair Herald Company, publishers. Charles Henry Kinney, editor.

THE CLINTON WEEKLY—Irvington. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. The Clinton Publishing Co. Walter S. Gray, managing editor.

THE ROSEVILLE CITIZEN—Newark. Weekly. The Citizens Publishing Co. R. W. Bennett, manager. Devoted to the interests of Roseville.

THE HOME NEWS—West Orange, South Orange and Maplewood. Weekly. Republican. Suburban Publishing Company. J. F. Kempson, editor.

THE ITEM—Short Hills and Milburn. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. J. F. Kempson, editor and publisher.

THE CALDWELL PROGRESS—Caldwell. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. The Progress Publishing Company, William H. Van Wart, editor and publisher.

SUN—Nutley. Weekly, on Saturday. E. B. Foy, publisher. Johnson Foy, editor.

THE BELLEVILLE TIMES—Belleville. Weekly. Independent. S. H. Blaydes, president and manager.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

THE CONSTITUTION—Woodbury. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. The Constitution Company, publishers. Louis W. Albright, editor.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY DEMOCRAT—Woodbury. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. J. D. Carpenter & Son, editors and publishers.

WEEKLY ITEM—Newfield. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. J. Hampton Leonard, editor and publisher.

THE NEWS—Swedesboro. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Wilbur Knight Sloan, editor and publisher.

WOODBURY DAILY TIMES—Woodbury. Daily, except Sunday. Independent-Republican. J. Frank Wilson, editor and publisher.

THE HERALD AND SUN—Paulsboro. Weekly. Chas. W. Hawn, editor.

PITMAN GROVE REVIEW—Pitman. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent Republican. Paul Peterson, editor.

THE ENTERPRISE—Glassboro. Weekly. Independent. Glassboro Board of Education, proprietors. Elmer E. Woods, editor.

HUDSON COUNTY.

THE JERSEY JOURNAL—Jersey City. Afternoon. Republican. The Evening Journal Association, publishers. Joseph A. Dear, editor.

HUDSON OBSERVER—Hoboken. Afternoon. Democratic. Hoboken Printing and Publishing Company, publishers. John P. McCormick, editor.

BAYONNE HERALD—Bayonne. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. Estate of H. C. Page, publishers. Hugh H. Mara, editor.

THE EVENING TIMES AND BAYONNE DAILY TIMES—Daily, except Sunday. Independent. Evening Times Printing and Publishing Company, proprietors. Herbert Martin, editor.

BAYONNE EVENING NEWS—Bayonne. Afternoon. Republican. The Argus Press, Inc., publishers. L. E. Travis, editor.

BAYONNE DEMOCRAT—Bayonne. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Michael R. Freel, editor and proprietor.

HUDSON DISPATCH—Union Hill. Daily. Independent Democratic. Dispatch Printing Company, publishers. Thomas. F. Martin, editor.

KEARNY RECORD—Harrison. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Democratic. Philip A. McAviney, editor and proprietor.

THE OBSERVER—Arlington. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent Republican. W. W. Beadell, editor and proprietor.

WEST HUDSON PRESS—Kearny. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. John J. Fagan, publisher. James J. McAteer, editor.

HUDSON COUNTY REVUE (German)—Town of Union. Democratic. Weekly, on Saturday. Robert Benning, owner. Paul E. Nehring, editor.

NORTH HUDSON NEWS—West Hoboken. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Dixie Anzer, editor and proprietor.

THE LABOR REVIEW—Jersey City. Monthly. Kenneth N. Forbes, proprietor and editor, 2277 Boulevard, Jersey City.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

HUNTERDON COUNTY DEMOCRAT—Flemington. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. Anthony Killgore, editor and proprietor.

DEMOCRAT-ADVERTISER—Flemington. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Mrs. A. T. Voorhees, estate.

HUNTERDON REPUBLICAN—Flemington. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. W. A. Abbott, editor and proprietor.

THE BEACON—Lambertville. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. J. N. Hazen, editor and proprietor.

THE LAMBERTVILLE RECORD—Lambertville. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Gordon Cooper, editor and publisher.

THE CLINTON DEMOCRAT—Clinton. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. Leon A. Carpenter, editor and publisher.

HUNTERDON INDEPENDENT—Frenchtown. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Independent Printing Company, publishers. Morgan T. Davy, editor.

THE FRENCHTOWN STAR—Frenchtown. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. William H. Sipes, editor and publisher.

MILFORD LEADER—Milford. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. W. H. Farrand, proprietor and editor.

WEEKLY AVALANCHE—Glen Gardner. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. E. W. Rush, editor and publisher.

THE HIGH BRIDGE GAZETTE—High Bridge. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. High Bridge Printing Company, proprietor. C. A. Vandegrift, editor and manager.

WEEKLY REVIEW—White House Station. Independent. F. R. Shampanore, publisher and editor.

MERCER COUNTY.

STATE GAZETTE—Trenton. Daily. Independent Republican. The State Gazette Publishing Company, proprietors. Charles H. Baker, business manager.

THE TRENTON EVENING TIMES—Trenton. Afternoon. Independent. Trenton Times Company, publishers. James Kerney, editor. Owen Moon, Jr., business manager.

THE NEW JERSEY STAATS JOURNAL (German)—Trenton. Weekly. Republican. William Zenzer, editor and proprietor.

SUNDAY TIMES-ADVERTISER—Trenton. Weekly, on Sunday. Independent. Trenton Times, proprietors. James Kerney, editor. Owen Moon, Jr., business manager.

TRADES UNION ADVOCATE—Trenton. Weekly, Friday. Labor. Reuben Forker, editor and publisher.

THE FUGGETLENSEG (Hungarian News)—Trenton. Hungarian. Weekly. Independent. A. J. Orosz, proprietor.

HIGHTSTOWN GAZETTE—Hightstown. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. George P. Dennis, editor and proprietor.

THE DAILY PRINCETONIAN — Princeton. Published daily, except Sundays, during the college year. Devoted to the interests of Princeton University. Edited by students.

THE HOPEWELL HERALD—Hopewell. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. E. V. Savidge, editor and proprietor.

THE PACKET—Princeton. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Charles H. Tourette, editor and proprietor.

IL SECOLO XX (Italian)—Trenton. Weekly, on Thursday. A. Pevilli, editor.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

THE HOME NEWS—New Brunswick. Every afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. Home News Publishing Company, proprietors. Hugh Boyd and E. B. Boyd, editors and publishers.

THE SUNDAY TIMES—New Brunswick. Independent. Home News Publishing Company. George C. Ingling and Elmer B. Boyd, editors.

THE EVENING NEWS—Perth Amboy. Daily. Independent. Perth Amboy Evening News Company. J. Logan Clevenger, editor.

THE NEW JERSEY MOSQUITO—Perth Amboy. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. H. E. Pickersgill, editor and publisher.

THE LEADER—Woodbridge. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Woodbridge Printery, publishers. Mark J. Boyle, editor.

THE RECORDER—Metuchen. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent Republican. Charles A. Prickitt, editor and proprietor.

THE ADVANCE—Jamesburg. Weekly, on Thursday. Printed and published by the New Jersey State School for Boys. F. L. Foster, editor.

THE CITIZEN—South Amboy. Weekly, on Saturday. Democratic. South Amboy Printing Company, publishers.

THE PRESS—Cranbury. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. George W. Burroughs, editor. Press Printing Company, proprietors.

THE DUNELLEN WEEKLY CALL—Dunellen. Weekly, on Thursday. George W. Day, editor.

THE ROOSEVELT NEWS—Roosevelt. Republican. Weekly, on Friday. Published by The News Publishing Company. Thomas Yorke, manager.

THE RARITAN INDEPENDENT—New Brunswick. Weekly. Mrs. O. R. Winfield, proprietor.

THE SOUTH RIVER SPOKESMAN—South River. Weekly, on Friday. George Bowen and Samuel Christie, editors and publishers.

WOODBRIDGE INDEPENDENT—Woodbridge. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Middlesex Press, publishers. Maxwell Logan, editor.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

THE MONMOUTH INQUIRER—Freehold. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Maxcy Applegate, editor and publisher.

THE MONMOUTH DEMOCRAT—Freehold. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Joseph A. Yard, editor and manager.

THE TRANSCRIPT—Freehold. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Moreau Bros. (Alex. L. Moreau), publishers and proprietors.

RED BANK STANDARD—Red Bank. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. William A. Sweeney, editor. Standard Publishing Company, proprietors.

RED BANK REGISTER—Red Bank. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. John H. Cook, editor and proprietor.

KEYPORT ENTERPRISE—Keyport. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. A. F. Walling, editor and proprietor.

KEYPORT WEEKLY—Keyport. Weekly, on Friday. Progressive Republican. Benjamin F. S. Brown Estate, proprietors.

THE LONG BRANCH RECORD—Long Branch. Daily. Independent. F. M. Taylor Publishing Company, owner. Guion P. Wilson, editor.

THE MONMOUTH AMERICAN—Long Branch. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Benjamin B. Bobbitt, editor and publisher.

THE MATAWAN JOURNAL—Matawan. Weekly, on Thursday. Progressive Republican. Benjamin F. S. Brown Estate, proprietors.

THE SUNDAY PRESS—Asbury Park. Weekly, on Sunday. Independent. J. L. Kinmonth, editor and proprietor.

ASBURY PARK PRESS AND EVENING NEWS—Asbury Park. Daily. Independent. J. L. Kinmonth, editor and proprietor.

OCEAN GROVE TIMES—Ocean Grove. Weekly, on Saturday. Republican. J. E. Quinn, editor.

THE COAST STAR—Manasquan. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Tracy M. Hoskins, editor and proprietor.

THE COAST ADVERTISER—Belmar. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Louis Barr, publisher. Robert M. Holmes, editor.

THE JOURNAL—Atlantic Highlands. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Berggren & Son, owners. F. S. Berggren, editor.

SPRING LAKE GAZETTE—Spring Lake Beach. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. John L. Coffin, editor and publisher.

ALLENTOWN MESSENGER—Weekly, on Thursday. J. W. Naylor, editor and publisher.

THE SEACOAST NEWS—Bradley Beach. Independent. Weekly, on Friday. C. Arthur Hall, editor and publisher.

THE BEACON—Keansburg. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Benjamin F. S. Brown Estate, proprietors.

MORRIS COUNTY.

THE JERSEYMAN—Morristown. Daily. Republican. The Jerseyman, Inc. George W. Patterson, Jr., editor.

TRUE REPUBLICAN BANNER—Morristown. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. John W. Smith, treasurer; True Republican Banner, Inc., publishers.

MORRIS COUNTY PRESS—Morristown. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. David King, editor. Press Printers & Publishers, Inc., publishers.

THE DAILY RECORD—Morristown. Independent. Norman B. Tomlinson, owner and editor.

DOVER INDEX—Dover. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent-Democratic. M. M. and W. G. Hummel, owners. W. G. Hummel, editor.

THE DOVER ADVANCE—Dover. Semi-weekly. Mondays and Thursdays. Republican. Harry R. Gill, editor and publisher.

THE BULLETIN—Boonton. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Samuel L. Garrison, editor and publisher.

THE TIMES—Boonton. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Charles L. Grubb, editor and proprietor.

THE EAGLE—Madison. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. John E. Clarey, Jr., editor and publisher.

THE RECORD—Rockaway. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Sidney Collins, editor and publisher.

THE STANHOPE EAGLE—Netcong. Independent. Weekly, on Wednesday. George T. Keech, editor and proprietor.

CHATHAM PRESS—Chatham. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. J. Thomas Scott, editor and proprietor.

THE BUTLER ARGUS—Butler. Weekly, on Friday. A. M. MacLeod and J. White, editors and publishers.

OCEAN COUNTY.

LAKEWOOD CITIZEN—Lakewood. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. Harry T. Hagaman, editor and publisher.

NEW JERSEY COURIER—Toms River. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. W. H. Fischer, editor and proprietor.

NEW JERSEY TRIBUNE—Toms River. Weekly. Democratic. George Hallock, editor.

TIMES AND JOURNAL—Lakewood. Weekly, on Friday. Independent Republican. Arthur W. Emerson, lessee, editor and manager.

THE TUCKERTON BEACON—Tuckerton. Weekly. E. Moss Mathis, editor and publisher.

PRESS—New Egypt. Weekly, on Friday. Moore Bros., publishers. Addison U. Moore, editor.

OCEAN COUNTY REVIEW — Seaside Heights. Weekly. Shore Review Publishing Co. William H. Magill, editor and president.

OCEAN COUNTY LEADER—Point Pleasant. Weekly, on Friday. The Leader Publishing Company.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

THE PATERSON PRESS-GUARDIAN—Paterson. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. Guardian Printing and Publishing Co., publishers. William B. Bryant, general manager. John L. Matthews, editor.

THE MORNING CALL—Paterson. Daily, except Sunday. Republican. Call Printing and Publishing Company, proprietors and publishers. Ferdinand A. Friedrich, editor. Garret H. Sturr, business manager.

EVENING NEWS—Paterson. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. News Printing Company, proprietors. Harry B. Haines, editor; Jules C. Levine, business manager.

SUNDAY CHRONICLE—Paterson. Sunday. Independent. The Guardian Printing and Publishing Company, publishers and proprietors. William B. Bryant, general manager. John L. Matthews, editor.

DE TELEGRAF (Holland)—Paterson. Weekly. Republican. Cornelius Poelstra, publisher and editor.

HET OOSTEN (Holland)—Paterson. Weekly. Independent. Lont & Overkamp, publishers.

IL MASSAGGERO (Italian)—Paterson. Weekly. Nicola Parrillo, editor and publisher.

RISVEGLIO (Italian)—Paterson. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. Francisco Palleria, editor and publisher.

PASSAIC HERALD—Passaic. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. E. A. Bristor, editor and publisher.

PASSAIC DAILY NEWS—Passaic. Daily, afternoon, except Sunday. Independent. George M. Hartt, editor. Passaic Daily News, Inc., proprietors and publishers.

THE BULLETIN—Pompton Lakes. Weekly. H. L. Wells, editor. Wells Printing Company, publishers.

WOCHENBLATT (German)—Passaic. Saturday. Mrs. Maria Emmy Lindenstruth, editor and proprietor.

SZABAD SAJTO (Hungarian)—Passaic. Weekly, on Saturday. Independent. H. Virag, publisher.

CLIFTON TIMES—Clifton. Independent. Weekly, on Thursdays. Clifton Times Publishing Company. Milton G. Levine, editor.

CLIFTON JOURNAL—Clifton. Semi-weekly. The Clifton Press, Inc., publishers. Edward C. Brennan, editor.

BLOOMINGDALE ARGUS—Bloomingdale. Weekly, on Thursday. James White, editor and publisher.

POMPTON LAKES LEDGER—Pompton Lakes. Weekly, on Thursday. James White, editor and publisher.

KATOLICKY SOKOL (Slovak)—Passaic. Weekly, on Thursdays. Independent. Roman and Greek Catholic Gymnastic Slovak Union Sokol. Dr. Gustav Kosik, editor.

SALEM COUNTY.

SALEM STANDARD AND JERSEYMAN—Salem. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Standard and Jerseyman Company, publishers. William H. Chew, editor.

SALEM SUNBEAM—Salem. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Sunbeam Publishing Company, publishers. J. S. Foster, editor.

THE MONITOR-REGISTER—Woodstown. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Benjamin Patterson, editor and publisher.

PENNSGROVE RECORD—Pennsgrove. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Wm. A. Summerill, editor and proprietor. William L. Powell, manager.

ELMER TIMES—Elmer. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Preston S. Foster, editor. Elmer Times Company, publishers.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

THE SOMERSET MESSENGER—Somerville. Weekly, on Wednesday. Democratic. J. B. Varley, editor and publisher.

THE UNIONIST-GAZETTE—Somerville. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. The Unionist-Gazette Association, publishers. Charles H. Bateman, editor and manager.

THE SOMERSET DEMOCRAT—Somerville. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Carlton P. Hoagland, editor and proprietor.

BOUND BROOK CHRONICLE—Bound Brook. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. W. B. R. Mason, editor and publisher.

STATE CENTRE-RECORD—Bound Brook. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Daniel D. Clark, Jr., editor and proprietor.

THE NEWS—Bernardsville. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. Recorder Publishing Company, proprietors. C. H. B. Trumbull, editor and publisher.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

THE SUSSEX REGISTER—Newton. Weekly, on Thursday. Republican. Nelson E. Barton, editor and owner.

THE NEW JERSEY HERALD—Newton. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Jacob L. Bunnell and Martin J. Cox, editors and proprietors. Hency C. Bonnell, assistant editor.

SUSSEX INDEPENDENT—Sussex. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. J. J. Stanton and C. G. Wilson, editors. Irvin D. Shorter, assistant editor.

THE WANTAGE RECORDER—Sussex. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. C. E. Stickney, editor.

THE MILK REPORTER—Sussex. Monthly. Agriculture. John J. Stanton, editor and proprietor. Irvin D. Shorter, assistant editor.

SUSSEX COUNTY FARM NEWS—Newton. Monthly. F. Leo Brown, editor.

UNION COUNTY.

ELIZABETH DAILY JOURNAL—Elizabeth. Afternoon. Republican. Augustus S. Crane, publisher. Geo. W. Swift, managing editor.

ELIZABETH EVENING TIMES—Elizabeth. Democratic. The Evening Times Company, proprietors. Leonard F. Sawvel, publisher.

THE INDEX AND ELIZABETH REVIEW—Elizabeth. Sunday. Independent. John A. Mitchell, editor. Kempson Bros., publishers.

THE RAHWAY RECORD—Rahway. Semi-weekly. Independent. Rahway Publishing Corporation, publishers. Henry B. Rollinson, president and manager. William F. Davis, editor.

THE PLAINFIEL RECORD—Weekly. Independent. Albert F. La Rock, editor.

PLAINFIELD COURIER-NEWS AND PLAINFIELD DAILY PRESS—Plainfield. Afternoon. Republican. Courier-News Publishing Company. Charles Hamilton Frost, manager.

THE SUMMIT RECORD—Summit. Democratic. Weekly. Summit Record, Inc., publishers.

THE SUMMIT HERALD—Summit. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. J. W. Clift, publisher and proprietor. Fred W. Clift, editor.

THE UNION COUNTY STANDARD—Westfield. Weekly, on Friday. The Standard Publishing Concern. Byron M. Prugh, managing editor.

THE CRANFORD CHRONICLE—Weekly, on Thursday. Hugh Hearon, owner. Frederick T. Frazer, editor.

THE CRANFORD CITIZEN—Cranford. Weekly, on Thursday. Independent. James E. Warner, editor and manager.

THE WESTFIELD LEADER—Westfield. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. Westfield Leader Publishing and Printing Company, proprietors. Walter J. Lee, editor.

THE PASSAIC VALLEY NEWS—New Providence. Weekly, on Wednesday. Republican. Thos. J. Scott, publisher and editor.

THE SPECTATOR—Roselle—Roselle Park. Weekly, on Friday. Independent. Kempson Bros., owners and publishers. Grover C. Kempson, editor.

WARREN COUNTY.

BELVIDERE APOLLO—Belvidere. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. J. Madison Drake, Jr., editor and proprietor.

THE WARREN JOURNAL—Belvidere. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Elmer I. Smith, editor and publisher.

HACKETTSTOWN GAZETTE—Hackettstown. Weekly, on Friday. Democratic. Alfred C. Walling, editor and manager.

WARREN REPUBLICAN—Hackettstown. Weekly, on Friday. Republican. Jones & Bollman, editors and proprietors.

THE WASHINGTON STAR—Washington. Weekly, on Thursday. Democratic. Frank A. Robertson, editor and proprietor.

THE BLAIRSTOWN PRESS—Blairstown. Weekly, on Wednesday. Independent. DeWitt C. Carter, editor and publisher.

NEW JERSEY PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Officers—President, W. L. Tushingham, Camden Courier; vice-president, J. W. Naylor, Allentown Messenger; secretary, John W. Clift, Summit Herald; treasurer, W. B. R. Mason, Bound Brook Chronicle.

Executive Committee—E. A. Bristor, Passaic Herald; Wm. B. Bryant, Paterson Press-Guardian; J. E. Clarey, Jr., Madison Eagle; E. V. Savidge, Hopewell Herald; Edmund H. Carpenter, Woodbury Democrat; Eugene Farrell, Newark Evening News; Charles H. Frost, Plainfield Courier News.

REPORTS OF STATE DEPARTMENTS.

State Treasurer's Report.

SECURITIES BELONGING TO THE STATE FUND.

Certificate No. 154, dated April 3d, 1832, for one thousand (1,000) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value.....	$100,000 00
Certificate No. 3,640, dated July 15th, 1864, for five hundred (500) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value.....	50,000 00
Certificate No. 2,565, dated January 19th, 1866, for two hundred and sixty-two (262) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value.....	26,200 00
Certificate No. 4,554, dated January 19th, 1865, for one hundred and twenty-five (125) shares of the joint stock of the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Amboy Railroad and Transportation Companies, par value.....	12,500 00
	$188,700 00

STATEMENT JUNE 30th, 1920.

STATE FUND.

Balance in bank July 1st, 1919.....		$8,916,974 53
Gross receipts	$18,769,411 61	
Gross disbursements	16,638,713 40	
Receipts over disbursements		2,130,698 21
Balance in bank, June 30, 1920.....		$11,047,672 74
Securities		188,700 00
State Fund		$11,236,372 74

STATE SCHOOL TAX.

Receipts	$8,235,046 53
Disbursements	8,235,046 53

LOCAL TAX ON RAILROAD CORPORATIONS.

Balance in bank, July 1st, 1919.....	$274 93
Receipts	3,593,823 70
	$3,594,098 63
Disbursements	3,593,813 29
Balance in bank June 30th, 1920.....	$285 34

GOVERNMENT AID FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION.

Balance in bank, July 1, 1919	$36,803 12
Receipts	59,348 94
	$96,152 06
Disbursements	53,013 29
Balance in bank, June 30th, 1920	$43,138 77

STATE ROAD FUND.

Balance in bank July 1, 1919		$8,504,765 81
Receipts—		
Miscellaneous State Road Fund	$27,902 70	
Federal Aid	397,992 30	
Motor vehicles	3,289,545 68	
State road tax (counties),	3,093,356 70	
State road tax (railroad),	246,969 19	
		7,055,766 57
		$15,560,532 38
Disbursements		7,378,370 32
Balance in bank, June 30th, 1920		$8,182,162 06

FOREST RESERVE FUND.

Balance in bank, July 1st, 1919	$96 80
Disbursements	11 75
Balance in bank, June 30th, 1920	$85 05

UNITED STATES APPROPRIATION FOR AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

Receipts	$50,000 00
Disbursements	50,000 00

SOCIAL HYGIENE FUND.

Balance in bank, July 1st, 1919	$12,791 07
Disbursements	12,791 07

UNCLAIMED SCRIP FUND.

Receipts	$10,199 83
Balance in bank, June 30, 1920	10,199 83

CLERK IN CHANCERY ENROLLMENT FUND.

Receipts	$493 72
Balance in bank, June 30, 1920	493 72

STATE WATER SUPPLY FUND.

Receipts	$1,743 87
Balance in bank, June 30, 1920	1,743 87

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

Amount of securities	$116,000 00

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE FUND.

The securities belonging to the fund are:		
One (1) Certificate of Indebtedness to the State of New Jersey, dated July 1st, 1895,		$31,600 00
One (1) Certificate of Indebtedness to the State of New Jersey, dated January 1st, 1897		16,400 00
One (1) Certificate of Indebtedness to the State of New Jersey, dated January 1st, 1902		68,000 00
		$116,000 00

Interest on the Certificates of Indebtedness, amounting to $5,800, made payable from the State Fund, has been disbursed for the maintenance of Rutgers Scientific School at New Brunswick.

SCHOOL FUND.

The securities of the School Fund are the following:		
Bonds	$6,639,465 00	
Stocks	146,500 00	
		$6,785,965 00
Bonds and Mortgages		156,659 00
Real Estate		18,938 44
Riparian Leases		998,381 06
Securities		$7,959,943 50

STATEMENT OF THE SCHOOL FUND.

Securities, July 1st, 1919		$7,206,908 39
Add Bonds purchased		936,400 00
Add Bonds Refunded, Bond paid in duplicate,		800 00
Add Riparian Leases issued		235,675 54
		$8,379,783 93
Less Securities paid off	$418,920 43	
Less Riparian Leases cancelled	920 00	
		419,840 43
Securities June 30th, 1920		$7,959,943 50
Balance in bank, June 30th, 1920		276,344 43
Total Fund		$8,236,287 93
Amount of Securities, July 1st, 1919	$7,206,908 39	
Balance in bank, July 1st, 1919	523,073 20	
		7,729,981 59
Net increase in fund		$506,306 34

TAXES AND ASSESSMENT, STATE BOARD OF.

Frank B. Jess, President, Haddon Heights, 1921; Harry W. Mutchler, Rockaway, 1921; Mahlon R. Margerum, Trenton, 1922; James Baker, Jersey City, 1925; Isaac Barber, Phillipsburg, 1925.

The State Board of Taxes and Assessment is a consolidation of the old Board of Equalization of Taxes and the State Board of Assessors. The new body was created under the provisions of Chapter 244 of the Laws of 1915. It organized July 1st, and the purpose of the merger was to co-ordinate two bodies having similar functions.

The old State Board of Assessors was created under an act of the Legislature entitled "An act for the taxation of railroad and canal property," approved April 10th, 1884. The work of this body was increased during the same year by the passage of another act, entitled "An act to provide for the imposition of State taxes upon certain corporations, and for the collection thereof," approved April 18th, 1884. The Legislature further charged this board with the assessment and apportionment of the Municipal Franchise tax to be paid by persons, co-partnerships, associations or corporations using or occupying public streets, highways, roads or other public places, by an act passed in 1900 and taking effect January 1st, 1901.

Beginning with the year 1919, this Department will be further charged with the carrying into effect of the provisions of Chapter 148, Laws of 1918, which provides for a tax on the gross receipts of street railway corporations and gas and electric light corporations at the average tax rate of the State, in lieu of the tax upon personal property at the local rates.

The State Board of Equalization of Taxes was created by an act of the Legislature approved March 29th, 1905, and was designed to take the place of the old State Board of Taxation.

The report of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment for the year 1921 shows that 106 railroad and canal companies within the State are subject to taxation. These companies represent more than 2,638 miles of railroads (see note) and 175 miles of canals.

Since making the last report of this Department, the Watchung Railroad of the Erie System was merged with the New York and Greenwood Lake Railroad and is now known as the Orange Branch.

VALUATION AND ASSESSMENT OF RAILROAD AND CANAL PROPERTY FOR THE YEAR 1921.

(Payable in 1921.)

NAME OF SYSTEM.	Aggregate Valuation.	Tax for State Uses.	Tax for Local Uses.	Total Tax.	Increase Tax Over 1920.
Pennsylvania Railroad System	$115,159,872	$2,626,997 50	$1,065,960 42	$3,692,957 92	$404,118 90
Central Railroad of New Jersey System,	78,922,988	1,639,139 46	894,618 93	2,533,758 39	327,564 50
Phila. & Reading Railway System...	19,070,690	503,965 91	134,715 07	638,680 98	125,477 01
Erie Railroad System	33,140,753	576,322 75	438,977 60	1,015,300 35	160,228 07
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad System	61,625,240	1,266,250 65	780,494 72	2,046,745 37	320,724 67
New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad System	8,238,583	207,761 98	58,871 79	266,633 77	33,970 46
Lehigh Valley Railroad System	35,301,706	789,359 59	366,364 28	1,155,723 87	115,723 67
New York Central Railroad System	21,518,252	209,862 47	493,735 24	703,597 71	250,084 29
Railroads Not Classified	18,188,365	472,959 84	118,452 34	591,412 18	135,554 41
Totals	$391,166,449	$8,292,620 15	$4,352,190 39	$12,644,810 54	$1,873,445 98
Totals for 1920	372,248,981	7,155,495 88	3,615,868 68	10,771,364 56	
Increase, 1920	$18,917,468	$1,137,124 27	$736,321 71	$1,873,445 98	

MISCELLANEOUS CORPORATIONS.

Under the provisions of the act of April 18th, 1884, and its supplements, the Board has assessed for the year 1919 a State franchise tax against 11,984 corporations, amounting to $2,521,509.74.

The following table shows the comparison with previous years of the number of corporations assessed under this act and the amount of tax levied:

	Number Assessed.	Amount Assessed.	Inc. in Number.	Inc. in Amount.	Dec. in Amount.
1884.....	619	$195,273 51	..	.....	.....
1885.....	797	235,769 40	178	$40,495 89	.....
1886.....	917	244,035 81	120	8,266 41	.....
1887.....	1,132	287,702 13	215	43,666 32	.....
1888.....	1,457	360,197 59	325	72,495 46	.....
1889.....	1,698	438,893 42	241	78,695 83	.....
1890.....	2,103	574,048 16	405	135,154 74	.....
1891.....	2,377	629,659 62	274	55,661 46	.....
1892.....	3,149	788,486 86	772	158,827 24	.....
1893.....	3,889	973,417 19	740	184,930 33	.....
1894.....	4,283	1,077,066 39	394	103,649 20	.....
1895.....	4,450	1,092,744 59	167	15,678 20	.....
1896.....	4,593	1,060,056 52	143	.....	$32,688 07
1897.....	4,777	1,075,278 52	184	15,222 00	.....
1898.....	5,188	1,197,030 54	411	121,752 02	.....
1899.....	5,469	1,332,635 95	281	135,605 41	.....
1900.....	6,602	2,048,008 03	1,133	715,372 08	.....
1901.....	7,294	2,315,592 78	692	267,584 75	.....
1902.....	8,567	2,878,073 11	1,273	562,480 33	.....
1903.....	9,449	3,380,439 87	882	502,366 76	.....
1904.....	10,013	3,663,589 96	564	283,150 09	.....
1905.....	10,065	3,605,473 52	52	.....	58,116 44
1906.....	10,230	3,515,878 00	165	.....	89,595 52
1907.....	10,307	3,356,638 25	77	.....	159,239 75
1908.....	10,821	3,267,350 14	514	.....	89,288 11
1909.....	11,022	3,238,083 46	201	.....	29,266 68
1910.....	11,606	3,188,084 58	584	.....	49,998 88
1911.....	11,860	3,171,576 25	254	.....	16,508 33
1912.....	12,372	3,131,430 72	512	.....	40,145 53
1913.....	12,688	3,128,498 30	316	.....	2,932 42
1914.....	12,659	3,057,911 12	Dec. 29	.....	70,587 18
1915.....	12,411	3,045,572 72	248	.....	12,338 40
1916.....	12,165	2,718,222 20	Dec. 241	.....	324,651 33
1917.....	12,310	2,678,390 81	145	.....	39,831 39
1918.....	12,248	2,605,194 25	Dec. 62	.....	73,196 56
1919.....	11,984	2,521,509 74	Dec. 264	.....	83,684 51
1920.....	12,852	2,724,307 43	868	202,797 69	.....

GROSS RECEIPTS TAX.

This Act (Chapter 25, Laws 1919) provides for the taxation of the gross receipts of street railway, traction, gas and electric light, heat and power corporations using or occupying public streets, highways, roads or other public places, in lieu of the taxation of certain property of such corporations, at the "average rate of taxation" of the State (which for the year 1920 was $2.853 per $100 valuation) and is apportioned in proportion to the value of the personal property of this class of corporations, as certified to this Department by the County Boards of Taxation. This tax is due and payable in the same manner and at the same time as the Franchise Taxes.

Previous to the passage of this act, this class of property was assessed and taxed by the local assessor at the rate of taxation in the districts where situated.

Assessments, based upon returns made under the provisions of this act, were levied against 95 corporations for the year 1920, amounting in the aggregate to $1,945,569.88, which is an increase of $223,780.87 over the assessment for 1919, classified as follows:

Number of Companies.	Classification.	Gross Receipts.	Tax at Average Rate of $2.853.
19	Street Railway	$25,901,498 90	$738,969 78
76	Gas and Electric	42,292,329 16	1,206,600 10
95		$68,193,828 06	$1,945,569 88

The following table will show the apportionment of this tax to the various municipalities of the State, grouped by counties:

Atlantic	$55,200 19	Monmouth ...	$67,280 21
Bergen	98,999 49	Morris	33,288 22
Burlington ...	35,088 88	Ocean	7,153 18
Camden	150,898 56	Passaic	104,709 74
Cape May	16,748 86	Salem	9,314 14
Cumberland ..	24,464 15	Somerset	10,820 59
Essex	528,137 27	Sussex	1,752 30
Gloucester ...	17,570 04	Union	93,067 87
Hudson	533,505 74	Warren	17,221 84
Hunterdon ...	3,213 55		
Mercer	70,956 05		$1,945,569 88
Middlesex	66,179 01		

MUNICIPAL FRANCHISE TAX.

Assessments, based upon returns made under provisions of Chapter 195, Laws of 1900 (as amended), and Chapter 290, Laws of 1906, were levied against 254 corporations and 3 individuals, amounting in the aggregate to $3,925,567.61 tax, classified as follows (the increase over 1919 being the sum of $933,896.45):

Number.	Classification.	Tax.
19	Street Railway	$1,084,303 18
110	Water	224,924 26
75	Gas and Electric	1,970,812 82
33	Telegraph and Telephone	625,395 50
3	District Telegraph Messenger	4,632 05
17	Sewer and Pipe Line	15,499 80
257		$3,925,567 61

The following table will show the apportionment of this tax to the various municipalities of the State, grouped by counties:

Atlantic	$132,616 79	Monmouth	$148,518 53
Bergen	339,962 87	Morris	70,174 45
Burlington	140,399 89	Ocean	18,336 59
Camden	246,825 80	Passaic	307,783 28
Cape May	37,949 85	Salem	22,146 53
Cumberland	45,908 39	Somerset	53,852 09
Essex	936,210 64	Sussex	4,393 14
Gloucester	47,174 49	Union	334,382 02
Hudson	583,642 70	Warren	31,540 67
Hunterdon	6,737 49		
Mercer	178,081 26		$3,925,567 61
Middlesex	238,930 14		

Previous to the amendment to Section 5 of Chapter 195, Laws of 1900, by Chapter 17, Laws of 1917, the rate of tax levied against all classes of Public Utility Corporations, except Street Railway Corporations, was two per cent. By the amendment the rate on all classes except Street Railway Corporations (which are now taxed at the rate of five per cent) and corporations whose gross receipts are not in excess of $50,000, was increased by one per cent each year, beginning with the year 1918, until the maximum rate of five per cent is reached. The tax levied and assessed for the year 1920, based upon the gross receipts for the year ending December 31st, 1919, was at the maximum rate of five per cent.

NEW JERSEY RATABLES (1920).

The net valuation taxable of real and personal property listed by the local assessors and the county boards of taxation is $3,254,964,268.98, an increase of $222,800,164.80 over the valuation of 1919. The net valuation does not include bank and trust company stock, which is separately assessed at three-fourths of one per cent. and for 1920 is taxed $748,431.44 on a valuation of $98,457,525.33.

These ratables are made up as follows:

Real estate, exclusive of second-class railroad property		$2,638,945,664 00
Second class railroad property		121,442,955 00
Personal property (exclusive of bank stock)		512,137,323 98
Deductions:		
For household goods...	$15,592,664 00	
For debts	240,117 00	
For exemptions of soldiers, sailors, etc. ..	1,728,893 00	
Total deductions ..	$17,561,674 00	
Net valuation taxable at local rates..		$3,254,964,268 98
Amounts deducted under Chapter 57, Laws of 1910, and Chapter 188, Laws of 1912,		23,861,004 99
Amounts added under Chapter 57, Laws of 1910, and Chapter 188, Laws of 1912		2,065,925 00
Value of personalty of Traction, Street Railway, Gas and Electric Companies, assessed under Chapter 25, Laws of 1919		76,121,069 97
Net valuation on which county and State school taxes are apportioned		3,309,290,258 96

The taxes to be raised on the above valuations are as follows:

Road tax	$3,321,213 73
State school taxes	8,241,887 22
County taxes (exclusive of counties' quota of bank stock taxes)	20,616,261 30
Taxes for local purposes (exclusive of municipalities' quota of bank stock taxes),	74,262,785 21
Bank stock taxes (divided equally between county and municipality)	748,431 44
Poll taxes	513,680 00

The average tax rate, on which the railroad main stem taxes are assessed, is $2.853 per hundred dollars of valuation for 1920. The average tax rate for 1919 was also $2.853. See Chapter 3, Laws of 1919.

Real estate and personal property specifically exempted from taxation for 1920 amounts to $325,805,569, divided among the following classes:

Public school property		$73,983,075
Other school property		18,883,330
Public property		128,367,999
Church and charitable property		82,829,530
Cemeteries and graveyards		7,780,640
Other exemptions not included in above classifications:		
Real	$2,802,095	
Personal	11,158,900	
		13,960,995

COUNTY.	Net Valuation Taxable 1919.	Net Valuation Taxable 1920.	From 1919 to 1920.	
			Increase.	Decrease.
Atlantic	$126,015,449 00	$140,582,643 00	$14,567,194 00	
Bergen	200,121,916 00	207,272,670 00	7,150,754 00	
Burlington	38,909,658 00	43,581,245 00	4,671,587 00	
Camden	132,000,506 00	164,548,473 00	32,547,967 00	
Cape May	38,559,880 00	39,411,107 00	851,227 00	
Cumberland	30,455,689 00	31,121,216 00	665,527 00	
Essex	700,666,675 00	762,202,406 00	61,535,731 00	
Gloucester	38,098,393 00	40,053,497 00	1,955,104 00	
Hudson	702,551,218 00	732,754,783 00	30,203,565 00	
Hunterdon	22,768,656 00	23,579,503 00	810,847 00	
Mercer	130,525,518 00	147,034,493 00	16,508,975 00	
Middlesex	110,020,354 00	119,297,383 00	9,277,029 00	
Monmouth	121,136,604 00	123,932,852 00	2,796,248 00	
Morris	60,983,050 00	62,889,800 40	1,906,750 40	
Ocean	24,025,123 00	24,547,625 90	522,502 90	
Passaic	216,575,173 00	235,521,803 00	18,946,630 00	
Salem	37,965,262 00	30,797,555 00	.....	$7,167,707 00
Somerset	39,760,824 00	41,378,906 00	1,618,082 00	
Sussex	25,019,895 00	27,498,812 00	2,478,917 00	
Union	203,821,552 18	223,795,745 68	19,974,193 50	
Warren	32,182,709 00	33,161,750 00	979,041 00	
Totals	$3,032,164,104 18	$3,254,964,268 98	$229,967,871 80	$7,167,707 00
Net Increase	.....	.....	$222,800,164 80	

SYNOPSIS OF SCHOOL LAW.

The State Board of Education consists of eight members, not more than one of whom shall reside in the same county, and not more than four of whom shall belong to the same political party. It has control of the State Normal Schools, the School for the Deaf and the Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth. It confirms the appointment of the county superintendents of schools, decides appeals from the decisions of the Commissioner of Education, and makes rules for the granting of teachers' certificates and for carrying into effect the school laws of the State. It appoints an inspector of school buildings and an inspector of accounts.

The Commissioner of Education is appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate. He appoints the county superintendents of schools, decides controversies that arise under the school law; may withhold the State school moneys from any district for neglect or refusal to comply with the provisions of the school law, and has general supervision of the public schools. There are four assistant commissioners appointed by the commissioner by the advice and consent of the State Board of Education; one acts as inspector of secondary schools, another as inspector of elementary schools, another as inspector of industrial education, and another to hear controversies and disputes arising under the school law. The Commissioner may designate a business manager, who shall supervise and direct all business matters under the control of the Commissioner.

There is a superintendent of schools for each county, appointed by the Commissioner of Education and confirmed by the State Board of Education. The County Superintendent apportions the school moneys among the districts in his county, has general supervision of the schools and, in connection with the local Board of Education, prescribes the course of study to be pursued in the district, approves the necessity for transportation and the cost and method thereof.

Each municipality in the State constitutes a school district, unless by a vote of the people two or more municipalities decide to unite and form one district. There are two classes of school districts, cities forming one class and all other municipalities the other, but a district in either

class may, by a vote of the people, be transferred to the other class. The members of the Board of Education in a city school district are appointed by the mayor.

In order to be eligible to membership in the Board of Education, a person must be a citizen of the United States and must have been a resident of the district for at least three years immediately preceding his or her election or appointment and must be able to read and write. A city school district may have a city superintendent, but until one is appointed the County Superintendent has supervision of the schools.

In each city school district there is a Board of School Estimate, consisting of the mayor, two members of the body having the power to make appropriations for city purposes, and two members of the Board of Education. The Board of Education presents its estimate of the amount of local appropriation needed, and the Board of School Estimate certifies to the body in the city having power to make appropriations, the amount to be raised for school purposes. The amount so certified must be raised.

In districts other than cities the Boards of Education consist of nine members each, elected by the people on the third Tuesday in March. The term of office begins the first Monday in April. The qualifications for membership are the same as in city school districts. The special district school tax is voted either at the annual meeting or at a special school meeting called by the Board of Education. Bonds for school houses are authorized by the legal voters. School bonds cannot be sold at private sale except to the Trustees of the School Fund or Sinking Fund Commissioners unless if no bids are received for any bonds after advertisement has been made, as provided by law, they may be sold at private sale. Bonds cannot be delivered to any purchaser other than the Trustees of the School Fund except upon payment of full purchase price. Women may vote at district meetings on all questions except the election of members of the Board of Education, which is prohibited by the Constitution. Truant officers and janitors cannot be discharged or their compensation decreased except for cause and after a hearing.

Funds for the support of schools come from the following sources: First, from the income of the State School Fund. The principal of this fund is derived almost entirely from the sale and rental of lands under water belonging to the State. The principal cannot be used for any purpose, and the income can be used only for the support of public schools.

Second, from State appropriation made by the Legislature to reduce the State school tax. Third, from State school tax, an amount which when added to the State appropriation will make a sum equal to two and three-fourths mills on each dollar of the taxable property in the State. Fourth, the railroad tax received by the State in excess of one-half of one per cent. of the value of the railroad property. Fifth, interest of surplus revenue, and sixth, local school tax.

The income from the school fund is apportioned among the counties by the State Superintendent on the basis of the total days' attendance of pupils in the public schools. The State appropriation is apportioned among the counties by the State Comptroller on the basis of the ratables. Ninety per cent. of the State school tax paid by each county is returned to it, and the ten per cent. received from all the counties forms the reserve fund, which is apportioned among the counties in the discretion of the State Board of Education. The railroad tax is apportioned on the ratables.

The County Superintendent apportions to each district $600 for the Superintendent or Supervising Principal, if there be one; $500 for each teacher in a special class for subnormal children; $400 for each Assistant Superintendent and Supervisor, and for each permanent teacher employed in a high school having a full four-years' course of study; $300 for each permanent teacher employed in a high school having a full three-years' course of study; $315 for each teacher employed in an intermediate school associated with a high school; $200 for each permanent teacher employed in any kindergarten, primary or grammar grade or in a high school having less than three years' course of study; $80 for each temporary teacher employed more than four months; $80 for each evening school teacher; $25 for each high school pupil for whom a tuition fee is paid to another district; $5 for each pupil below the high school grade for whom such tuition fee is paid, and 75 per cent. of the cost of transportation of pupils approved by the County Superintendent. The balance of the State school moneys received by the county is apportioned on the basis of the total number of days' attendance of the pupils.

The custodian of municipal funds is the custodian of school moneys, unless the Board of Education appoints the collector as custodian. In either case, the compensation of the custodian must be fixed by the Board of Education and paid from school funds. If there are two or more municipalities in the district, the Board of Education may appoint its own custodian.

Each collector must pay to the county collector the amount of State school tax due from his taxing district not later than December 22d. If the tax is not paid by that date the County Superintendent must withhold the amount of reserve fund apportioned to the district and divide it the following year among all the districts in the county. The county collector must pay the State school tax to the State Treasurer not later than January 20th.

If a district provides a course in manual training, and such course is approved by the State Board of Education, the State will give to such district each year a sum equal to that raised in the district for manual training, provided the amount raised is not less than $250 or more than $5,000.

County vocational schools may be established in any county under rules made by the State Board of Education. The location of these schools shall be approved by the Commissioner of Education with the advice and consent of the State Board of Education. The Board of Education for such vocational school shall consist of the County Superintendent and four persons to be appointed by the judge of the Court of Common Pleas in the county. The State appropriates a sum equal to that raised in the county for the establishment of such school. The amount contributed by the State for any such school shall not exceed in any one year the sum of $10,000.

Every district must provide free text-books and supplies for all pupils and must also provide a flag for each school house, which flag must be displayed every day the school is in session. The selection of a text-book requires the vote of a majority of the whole number of members of the Board of Education. A Board of Education must employ medical inspectors and attendance officers.

Every school which raises $20 to establish a school library may receive a like amount from the State. After the first payment, the State will give $10 each year that the school raises the same amount. Library moneys may be used for library books, reference books, apparatus, or educational works of art.

All plans for school houses must be submitted to the State Board of Education for suggestion and criticism. Every school house hereafter erected must comply with the following requirements: First, light must be admitted to the class rooms only from the left and rear. Second, the total light area must equal 20 per cent. of floor space. Third, there must be 18 square feet of floor space and not less than 200 cubic feet of air space for each pupil. Fourth, all rooms

must have a proper system of ventilation which will supply 30 cubic feet of fresh air per minute for each pupil. Fifth, all ceilings must be at least 12 feet in height and all stairs must be at least 4 feet wide, with intermediate landings, enclosed in brick walls or by partitions of slow-burning construction, and without open well holes. Sixth, a school house having eight rooms must have two flights of stairs, each four feet in width, or one flight not less than six feet in width, one having from eight to sixteen rooms, two flights of stairs not less than five feet in width, and one having sixteen or more rooms, four flights of stairs not less than four feet in width, or two flights not less than six feet in width. Seventh, all ceilings must be either metal, wood or plaster on metal laths and painted white or some light tint.

A person cannot be legally employed as a teacher unless he holds a teacher's certificate in full force and effect at the time he begins teaching. Before beginning to teach he must show his certificate to the Superintendent of Schools. A Board of Education may adopt rules governing the employment of teachers. In the absence of rules, the contract must be in writing in triplicate, one copy filed with the Board of Education, one with the County Superintendent, and one with the teacher. The employment, promotion or dismissal of a teacher requires the vote of a majority of the whole number of members of the Board of Education. After three years' continuous service a teacher cannot be removed except upon charges and after a hearing.

The State Board of Examiners consists of the Commissioner of Education, the Principals of the Normal Schools and one Assistant Commissioner, a County Superintendent and a City Superintendent appointed by the State Board of Education. This Board issues certificates valid in all parts of this State and in any school or grade.

All kindergarten teachers must hold special kindergarten certificates. Special certificates may be issued for kindergarten, physical training, manual training, music, drawing, modern languages, commercial branches, cooking, sewing, agriculture and penmanship. All applicants for certificates must file testimonials of good moral character, and, in case of previous experience, of success as teachers.

Graduates of the Normal Schools receive State certificates. Graduates of normal schools in other States may have their diplomas endorsed, provided the course of study pursued is equivalent to the course in the New Jersey Normal Schools, and the State in which they were issued grants reciprocal privileges to graduates of the New Jersey Normal Schools.

All children between the ages of 5 and 20 are entitled to attend the public schools in the districts in which they reside. If a kindergarten has been established, children 4 years of age may attend. A Board of Education must provide suitable school facilities for all the children desiring to attend school. The Board of Education may provide for the education of pupils in the higher grades by payment of tuition fees to adjoining districts. If a child lives remote from any school in the district, the Board may transport such child to school or pay for its tuition in another district. A Board of Education may close a school and transport all the children to another school. Children who have never attended any school can be admitted to a public school only during the ten days immediately following the opening of the school in the fall and during the first five days in January and April, except by the vote of a majority of all the members of the Board of Education.

All children between the ages of 7 and 16 must attend either a public or private school every day such school is in session, unless they are taught at home or are physically or mentally unfit to attend. Children between 14 and 16 years of age who have completed five yearly grades may be granted certificates permitting them to go to work. The parent of a child who does not attend school may be proceeded against before a magistrate as a disorderly person. If the parent is unable to control the child, such child may be proceeded against as a disorderly person.

A course in physical training is prescribed by law which shall be adapted to the ages and capabilities of the pupils in the several grades, and shall include exercises, calisthenics, formation drills, instruction in personal and community health and safety, and in correcting bodily deficiency, together with instruction as to the privileges and responsibilities of citizenship as they relate to community welfare; and in addition for female pupils, instruction in domestic hygiene, first aid and nursing. The law further provides for a course in high schools which shall include military training. This latter part, however, is not mandatory.

Corporal punishment in all public schools is absolutely prohibited.

There were three different laws enacted by the State Legislature of 1919, pertaining to pensions and annuities for teachers.

The first act amended the old "Teachers' Retirement Fund Law" by permitting all members to withdraw from

the old fund provided that in withdrawing they waived all rights to their benefits in that fund.

The law was also amended so as to give a choice to all new teachers to become members of the old fund.

The second act repealed the old "Thirty-five Year Pension Law," such repeal to take effect September 1st, 1919.

A new "Pension and Annuity Fund law" was enacted providing for a pension and annuity for teachers after reaching age sixty-two, and also providing for a pension and annuity for all teachers who become incapacitated for teaching during service.

The new Pension and Annuity Law is to take the place of the old Retirement Fund system and the old Thirty-five Year Pension Law. The pension is provided by the State, and the annuity is provided by the contributions of the teachers themselves. The contributions are based upon the age of the teacher when he or she becomes a member of the new fund. The percentage of deduction for women is slightly greater than for men.

The pension is based on the number of years of service of a teacher and is equivalent to one-seventieth of the teacher's average salary for the last five years of service multiplied by the number of years of service prior to September 1st, 1919.

All pensions granted by the State after September 1st, 1919, are based on $\frac{1}{140}$ of the average salary of the teacher for the last five years multiplied by the number of years of service since the teacher became a member of the new fund.

The teacher by his or her contributions accumulates a fund which will produce an estimated annuity of $\frac{1}{140}$ of the average salary for the last five years of service.

In each high school of the State there shall be given a course of study in Community Civics and a course of study in Problems of American Democracy.

The time to be devoted to each of the courses of study shall be at least sixty full hours in periods of at least forty minutes each.

On and after July 1st, 1920, the Board of Education in every school district in this State, in which are employed twenty or more children between the ages of 14 and 16 years, to whom have been granted an Age and Schooling Certificate in accordance with the Child Labor Law, shall establish what is known as a Continuation School for such pupils. That is to say, that during certain hours in the day-time children working in factories or in any other employment shall attend the Continuation School for a period of at least six hours in each week.

The minimum salary of every teacher in every school district of this State shall be $70 per month for each and every month during the school year, when employed.

SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATION LAWS.

Statement of the annual and supplemental laws for the fiscal year from 1896 to date.

Previous to 1918 the fiscal year ended October 31st, but in the latter year the Legislature changed it so that it now ends on June 30th.

The annual bill in each instance is enacted by the Legislature of the preceding year and becomes operative on July 1st of the same year. At the time the fiscal year was changed the previous method of having passed a supplemental bill was abandoned and any additional appropriations which might be needed by the various departments and institutions are provided by the State House Commission through what is known as the Emergency Fund.

1896.		
Annual	$1,954,829 32	
Supplemental	287,885 53	
		$2,242,714 85
1897.		
Annual	$2,273,371 32	
Supplemental	126,561 64	
		$2,399,932 96
1898.		
Annual	$2,139,934 32	
Supplemental	234,928 99	
		$2,374,863 31
1899.		
Annual	$2,199,867 32	
Supplemental	554,521 49	
		$2,754,388 81
1900.		
Annual	$2,434,096 23	
Supplemental	349,254 55	
		$2,783,350 78
1901.		
Annual	$2,234,940 32	
Supplemental	1,219,319 20	
		$3,454,259 52
1902.		
Annual	$3,255,269 32	
Supplemental	715,219 75	
		$3,970,489 07
1903.		
Annual	$3,551,749 32	
Supplemental	1,001,056 25	
		$4,552,805 57

1904.		
Annual	$3,853,800 98	
Supplemental	1,038,464 93	
		$4,892,265 91
1905.		
Annual	$4,188,215 65	
Supplemental	1,075,526 21	
		$5,263,741 86
1906.		
Annual	$4,301,733 57	
Supplemental	1,098,342 03	
		$5,400,075 60
1907.		
Annual	$4,519,826 57	
Supplemental	622,942 65	
		$5,142,769 22
1908.		
Annual	$4,618,407 17	
Supplemental	768,329 62	
		$5,386,736 79
1909.		
Annual	$4,379,474 90	
Supplemental	331,774 24	
		$4,711,249 14
1910.		
Annual	$4,245,017 32	
Supplemental	871,791 00	
		$5,116,808 32
1911.		
Annual	$5,072,592 77	
Supplemental	1,337,517 18	
		$6,410,109 95
1912.		
Annual	$5,476,508 35	
Supplemental	972,097 05	
		$6,448,605 40
1913.		
Annual	$6,509,785 50	
Supplemental	1,199,514 34	
		$7,709,299 84
1914.		
Annual	$6,825,191 36	
Supplemental	834,676 49	
		$7,659,867 85
1915.		
Annual	$7,634,413 60	
Supplemental	412,704 36	
		$8,047,117 96
1916.		
Annual	$8,073,255 25	
Supplemental	691,611 55	
		$8,764,866 80

1917.		
Annual	$7,953,255 25	
Supplemental	871,058 13	
		$8,824,313 38
1918.		
Annual	$9,157,085 64	
Supplemental	771,058 13	
		$9,928,143 77
1918-1919.		
Annual	$9,755,045 57	
1919-1920.		
Annual	$13,744,996 26	
1920-1921.		
Annual	$15,248,113 49	

COUNTY DIRECTORY.

County Officers, With the Date of the Expiration of Their Term of Office, Time of Holding Courts, &c.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

County Seat—Mays Landing.

Sheriff—Malcolm B. Woodruff, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—Edwin A. Parker, 1923.
Surrogate—Albert C. Abbott, 1922.
County Treasurer—Enoch L. Johnson, Atlantic City.
Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.
Circuit Judge—Ralph W. E. Donges, 1927.
County Judge—Robert H. Ingersoll, 1923.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Edmund C. Gaskill, Jr., 1923.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Herbert R. Voorhees.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—E. W. Strickland.
County Solicitor—E. A. Higbee.
County Engineer—A. H. Nelson.
County Physician—Lewis R. Souder.
Jury Commissioner—Wilson Senseman.
Chief Probation Officer—Henry S. Scull.
Coroners—Charles Cunningham, 1921; Anthony L. Eposito, 1923; Arnold DeBrier, 1923.
County Election Board—Harry Lovett, Dem., 1921; William Charlton, Dem., 1922; William Hauenstein, Rep., 1922; E. LeRoy Adams, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—F. F. Doughty.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—F. W. Willetts.
County Institutions—
Atlantic County Hospital for Insane. Dr. H. C. Munro, Supt.
Atlantic County Tubercular Hospital. Dr. Clyde M. Fish, Supt.
Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in January, May and October.

BERGEN COUNTY.

County Seat—Hackensack.

Sheriff—Joseph Kinzley, Jr., Rep., 1922.
County Clerk—William P. Eager, Rep., 1925.
Surrogate—J. Blauvelt Hopper, Rep., 1923.
County Treasurer—James W. Mercer.

Circuit Justice—Charles W. Parker.
Circuit Judge—Willard W. Cutler.
County Judge—John B. Zabriskie.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Archibald C. Hart.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Charles J. McCarthy.
County Solicitor—Clarence Mabie.
County Engineer—Roscoe McClave.
County Physician—William E. Ogden.
Jury Commissioner—Jesse P. De Groff.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—John R. O'Connor.
Chief Probation Officer—Frederick Bratt.
Coroners—Thomas Gash; Everett W. Crandall.
County Election Board—Chas. N. Cumberland, Dem., 1921; John H. Blauvelt, Rep., 1921; W. F. Meyer, Dem., 1922; W. S. Moore, Rep., 1922.
Director Board of Freeholders—William H. Roberts.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—James M. Harkness.
Terms of Court—April, first Tuesday; September, second Tuesday, and December, second Tuesday.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

County Seat—Mounty Holly.

Sheriff—Edward H. Flagg, Jr., Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—William H. Reeves, 1924.
Surrogate—Charles A. Rigg, 1921.
County Treasurer—Warren C. Pine, 1920.
Circuit Justice—Samuel Kalisch, 1925.
Circuit Judge—Ralph W. E. Donges, 1927.
County Judge—Harold B. Wells, 1924.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—J. H. Kelsey, 1925.
County Adjuster—Lawrence G. Mingin.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—John B. Burtis.
County Solicitor—Robert Peacock.
County Engineer—James Logan
Supervisor of Roads—Stewart McFarland.
Jury Commissioner—Andrew J. Jordan.
Chief Probation Officer—William A. Slaughter, 1925.
Coroners—Isaac Cliver, 1922; George J. LeConey, 1921; Elwood Belton, 1923.
County Election Board—Joseph C. Kingdon, Rep., 1922; Richard P. Hughes, Dem., 1922; Dr. M. W. Newcomb, Rep., 1921; Alfred I. Davis, Dem., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Edward T. Haines.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Alfonza Adams.
County Institutions—
Burlington County Hospital for the Insane, at New Lisbon. C. Clarence Deacon, Superintendent; Dr. H. E. Longsdorf, Medical Director.

Burlington County Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases, at New Lisbon. Dr. M. W. Newcomb, Medical Director.

Burlington County Almshouse, at New Lisbon. Alfred I. Bowne, Steward.

Terms of Court—Fourth Tuesday in April, second Tuesday in October, fourth Tuesday in December.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

County Seat—Camden.

Sheriff—Isaiah S. Hatch, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—William D. Brown, Rep., 1926.
Register of Deeds—Joshua C. Haines, Rep., 1925.
Surrogate—Harry Reeves, 1922.
County Treasurer—John W. Sell.
Circuit Justice—Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., 1927.
Circuit Judge—Frank T. Lloyd, 1928.
County Judge—John B. Kates, 1922.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Charles A. Wolverton, 1923.
Assistant Prosecutors of the Pleas—Albert E. Burling, Charles Stuart Straw.
County Solicitor—William Early.
County Engineer—John J. Albertson.
County Physician—Frank O. Stem.
Jury Commissioner—James F. Lennon.
Chief Probation Officer—Arthur Pressey.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—George E. Starn.
Coroners—David F. Bentley, 1922; Arthur H. Holl, 1922; Chester A. Bardsley, 1923.
County Election Board—James V. McAdams, Dem., 1921; George L. Selby, Rep., 1921; George Kleinheinze, Dem., 1922; William H. Harrison, Rep., 1922.
Director Board of Freeholders—John Prentice.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Fred. W. George.
County Institutions—
County Insane Asylum, Asyla, N. J. James A. Starkey, Supt.
County Farm, Asyla, N. J. Robert Jaggard, Supt.
Tuberculosis Hospital, Ancora, N. J. Joel W. Fithian, Supt.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday, April; second Tuesday, September and December.

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

County Seat—Cape May Court House.

Sheriff—Mead Tomlin, Rep., 1922.
County Clerk—A. Carlton Hildreth, 1925.

Surrogate—Harry S. Douglass, 1922.
County Treasurer—Harry Headley.
Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.
Circuit Judge—Ralph W. E. Donges, 1926.
County Judge—Henry H. Eldredge, 1921.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Eugene C. Cole, 1922.
County Solicitor—Palmer M. Way.
County Engineer—Leaming Rice.
County Physician—Julius Way.
Jury Commissioner—Harry Hebenthal.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Paul E. Carroll.
Coroners—William Thompson, 1921; Preston J. Cadman, 1922; Benjamin C. Ingersoll, 1923.
County Election Board—George J. Jeffries, Dem., 1922; Smith Endicott, Rep., 1922; Leon Wheaton, Dem., 1921; Belford Ernest, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Floyd Hewitt.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Irving Fitch.
Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in April, September and December.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

County Seat—Bridgeton.

Sheriff—Joseph S. Turner, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—L. H. Hogate, 1924.
Surrogate—Charles V. Marshall, 1923.
County Treasurer—Edward P. Bacon.
Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.
Circuit Judge—Ralph W. E. Donges, 1927.
County Judge—William A. Logue, 1924.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Roscoe C. Ward, 1924.
County Solicitor—Roscoe C. Ward.
County Engineer—Walter M. Sharp.
County Physician—John R. C. Thompson.
Jury Commissioner—Samuel B. Dunham.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—William B. Holmes.
Chief Probation Officer—John G. Mitchell.
Coroners—Ferdinand Koetz, 1922; Kenneth B. Carll, 1923; Wesley C. Johnson, 1923.
County Election Board—John Ogden, Dem., 1922; Charles F. Headley, Dem., 1921; Edwin C. Reber, Rep., 1921; Ferdinand R. Jones, Rep., 1922.
Director Board of Freeholders—Lewis F. Sheppard.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Howard L. Tyler.
County Institutions—
Hospital for Insane. David Elwell, Supt.
Almshouse. George Berg, Steward.
Terms of Court—Fourth Tuesday in April, September and December.

ESSEX COUNTY.

County Seat—Newark.

Sheriff—Samuel F. Wilson, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—John H. Scott, 1922.
Register of Deeds—Howard S. Dodd, 1925.
Surrogate—Howard Isherwood, 1924.
County Treasurer—Richard W. Booth.
Circuit Justice—Chief Justice William S. Gummere, 1922.
Circuit Judges—Nelson Y. Dungan, 1925; Worral F. Mountain, 1923.
County Judges—William P. Martin, 1921; Harry V. Osborne, 1923; Fred G. Stickel, Jr., 1924.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—J. Henry Harrison, 1922.
Assistant Prosecutors of the Pleas—A. Wilbur Mott, John A. Bernhard, A. Leslie Price.
County Counsel—Charles Pilgrim.
County Engineer—Frederic A. Reimer.
Jury Commissioner—Edward Schickhaus.
Chief Probation Officer—John J. Gascoyne.
Coroners—John J. Hickman, Henry Broemel, Louis Reiss.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Horace B. Holcomb.
County Election Board—Richard J. Franz, Dem., 1922; Frank J. Dunnion, Dem., 1921; James P. Dalley, Rep., 1922; James H. Owen, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Henry C. Hines.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Ray Mahoney.
County Institutions—
Essex County Hospital (for the insane), Overbrook. Dr. Guy Payne, Supt.
Essex County Hospital for Contagious Diseases, Soho. Dr. Henry E. Ricketts, Supt.
Essex County Sanatorium (for tubercular diseases), Soho. Dr. Henry B. Dunham, Supt.
Essex Mountain Sanatorium (for curable tubercular diseases), Verona. Dr. Henry B. Dunham, Supt.
Essex County Vocational School for Boys, West Orange. Robert O. Beebe, Director.
Essex County Vocational School for Girls, Bloomfield. Robert O. Beebe, Director.
Essex County Penitentiary, Caldwell. Ferdinand J. Hosp, Warden.
Essex County Jail, Newark. Richard McGuinness, Warden.
Essex County House of Detention, Newark. John L. Burgess, Supt.
Essex County Parental Home, Newark. Lucille B. Fredericks, Matron.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday in April, third Tuesday in September and second Tuesday in December.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

County Seat—Woodbury.

Sheriff—Sealah P. Clark, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—Oliver J. West, 1922.
Surrogate—Frank D. Pedrick, 1924.
County Treasurer—George E. Pierson.
Circuit Justice—Frank S. Katzenbach, 1925.
Circuit Judge—Ralph W. E. Donges, 1925.
County Judge—Francis B. Davis, 1922.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Oscar B. Redrow, 1922.
Assistants—Chester N. Steelman, 1922.
County Solicitor—Oscar B. Redrow.
County Engineer—William C. Cattell.
Road Supervisor—James P. Warwick.
Jury Commissioner—John H. Hobday, 1921.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—William P. Abdill.
Chief Probation Officer—William E. Keat.
Coroners—J. Preston Potter, 1921; David R. Brewer, 1922; Oran A. Wood, 1923.
County Election Board—Sheppard Fisler, Dem., 1921; Marshall F. Lummis, Rep., 1921; Edward J. Crist, Dem., 1921; W. Earle Miller, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Charles Walton.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Charles N. Bell.
County Institutions—
Almshouse, Clarksboro, N. J. A. J. Nichol, Steward.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday in February and third Tuesdays in May and October.

HUDSON COUNTY.

County Seat—Jersey City.

Sheriff—Thomas Madigan, Dem., 1923.
County Clerk—John J. McGovern, 1925.
Register of Deeds—John J. McMahon, 1925.
Surrogate—James F. Norton, 1921.
County Treasurer—Joseph F. S. Fitzpatrick.
Circuit Justice—Francis J. Swayze, 1924.
Circuit Judge—William H. Speer, 1922.
County Judges—James W. McCarthy, Richard Doherty and John A. Blair, all 1923.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Pierre P. Garven, 1923.
Assistant Prosecutors of the Pleas—George T. Vickers, Thomas H. Brown, James H. Clark and Hyman Lazarus.
County Counsel—John J. Fallon.
County Supervisor—John W. Sweeney.

County Engineer—Frank J. Ratigan.
County Physician—Bert Daly.
Jury Commissioner—Harry E. Polhemus.
Chief Probation Officer—Percy A. Sharpley.
Coroners—John M. Introcassa, 1921; Charles Drake, 1921; William F. Rose, 1924.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Thomas J. Waldron.
County Election Board—Gerrish Newell, Rep., 1921; Robert A. Armstrong, Dem., 1921; George Scheetz, Rep., 1922; Charles Wagner, Dem., 1922.
Director Board of Freeholders—Thomas F. Lally.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Walter O'Mara.
County Institutions, at Laurel Hill—
Almshouse. James F. McKee.
Insane Asylum. Dr. George W. King.
Penitentiary. James J. Kelly.
Tubercular Institution. Dr. B. S. Pollack.
Hospital. Dr. J. J. Goodwill.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday in April and third Tuesday in September and second Tuesday in December.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

County Seat—Flemington.

Sheriff—Arthur W. England, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—Judiah Higgins, Rep., 1925.
Surrogate—Charles D. McCracken, Rep., 1924.
County Treasurer—Joseph L. Chamberlin.
Circuit Justice—Thomas W. Trenchard, 1928.
Circuit Judge—Willard W. Cutler, 1923.
County Judge—George K. Large, 1922.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Harry J. Able, 1922.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—George W. Dunham.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—E. W. Sutton.
County Solicitor—Harry L. Stout.
County Adjuster—Harry L. Stout.
County Engineer—Grant Davis.
Jury Commissioner—William H. McConnell, 1923.
Coroners—William F. Charles, 1922; James I. Bumster, 1922; Charles G. Boyer, 1923.
County Election Board—John H. Reed, Dem., 1920; John D. Staples, Rep., 1920; Andrew S. Holcombe, Dem., 1921; A. Stanley Holcombe, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—William Wean.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Frank J. Dineen.
Terms of Court—Second Tuesdays in April, September and December.

MERCER COUNTY.

County Seat—Trenton.

Sheriff—Walter Firth, Sr., Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—John H. Fetter, 1922.
Surrogate—Walter Madden, 1924.
County Treasurer—Edgar G. Weart.
Circuit Justice—Thomas W. Trenchard, 1928.
Circuit Judge—Frank T. Lloyd, 1928.
County Judge—Erwin E. Marshall, 1925.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—A. Dayton Oliphant, 1923.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—James Hammond.
County Solicitor—Frederic R. Brace.
County Engineer—Harry F. Harris.
Road Supervisor—James A. Ross.
Jury Commissioner—Raymond A. Schroth.
County Physician—Frank G. Scammell.
Chief Probation Officer—Wm. N. Morrison.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Stephen G. Plant.
Coroners—Silas R. Bray, Harold J. Stout and William R. Moore.
County Election Board—Charles E. Cook, Dem., 1921; Anthony S. Brennan, Dem., 1922; Holmes E. LaRue, Rep., 1922; William C. Vandewater, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Elmer E. Margerum.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Walter C. Fowler.
County Institutions—
Mercer County Workhouse, Moore's Station, N. J.
Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in January, second Tuesday in May, and second Tuesday in October.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

County Seat—New Brunswick.

Sheriff—Elmer E. Wyckoff, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—Bernard M. Gannon, 1924.
Surrogate—Daniel W. Clayton, 1921.
County Treasurer—F. Wm. Hilker.
Circuit Justice—James J. Bergen, 1921.
Circuit Judge—Frank T. Lloyd, 1928.
County Judge—Peter F. Daly, 1921.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Joseph E. Stricker, 1921.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—John A. Coan.
County Solicitor—Frederick F. Richardson.
County Engineer—Alvin Fox.
County Physician—John L. Suydam.
Jury Commissioner—John Becker.
Chief Probation Officer—Charles M. MacWilliam.

Coroners—Edward K. Hanson, 1923; Arthur Hillpot, 1923; Elias S. Mason, 1921.

Superintendent Weights and Measures—Joseph Fertig.

Road Supervisor—John H. Leisen.

County Election Board—John Hanson, Rep., 1922; Walter Rielley, Dem., 1922; Charles Greenwald, Dem., 1921; Chester Holman, Rep., 1921.

Director Board of Freeholders—Wm. Dey.

Clerk Board of Freeholders—Thomas Mulvihill.

County Adjuster—Charles M. MacWilliam.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday in April, third Tuesday in September, and second Tuesday in December.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

County Seat—Freehold.

Sheriff—Walter H. Gravatt, Rep., 1923.

County Clerk—Joseph McDermott, 1924.

Surrogate—Joseph L. Donahay, 1922.

County Treasurer—C. Asa Francis.

Circuit Justice—Samuel Kalisch, 1925.

Circuit Judge—Willard W. Cutler, 1923.

County Judge—Rulif V. Lawrence, 1925.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—John J. Quinn, 1925.

Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Charles F. Sexton.

Superintendent Weights and Measures—Nathan Robins.

County Solicitor—William A. Stevens.

County Auditor—Howard W. Roberts.

County Engineer—George D. Cooper.

Jury Commissioner—Dr. A. T. Applegate.

Chief Probation Officer—John H. Houghton.

County Physician—Dr. Charles E. Jemison.

Coroners—D. D. Cashion, 1923; Kidders Morris, 1923; Charles Breece, 1923.

County Election Board—Leonard J. Arrowsmith, Dem., 1921; William D. Hulse, Rep., 1922; William F. Lefferson. Dem., 1922; Frank E. Price, Rep., 1921.

Director Board of Freeholders—Bryant B. Newcomb.

Clerk Board of Freeholders—George W. Patterson.

County Institutions—

Allenwood Hospital. Allenwood, N. J.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday after the first day of January, first Tuesday in May and October.

MORRIS COUNTY.

County Seat—Morristown.

Sheriff—Ethelbert Byram, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—E. Bertram Mott, 1923.
Surrogate—Wm. H. Thompson, Jan., 1923.
County Treasurer—George W. Downs.
Supreme Court Justice—Charles W. Parker, 1921.
Circuit Judge—Willard W. Cutler, 1923.
County Judge—Edward K. Mills, 1923.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—John M. Mills, 1923.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Henry S. Worman.
County Solicitor—Charles A. Rathbun.
County Engineer—Winfield Hopkins.
Jury Commissioner—William H. Pierson.
Probation Officer—Robert L. Murphy.
Superintendent Public Work—Charles H. Munson.
Coroners—Frederick H. Seward, 1923; David Fichter, 1923; William D. Lewis, 1921.
County Election Board—Charles F. Hopkins, Rep., 1921; Lewis A. Carter, Rep., 1922; Frank F. Naughright, Dem., 1921; Robert E. Burke, Dem., 1922.
Director Board of Freeholders—Frank D. Abell.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—William H. Hosking.
County Institutions—
Morris County Almshouse. Steward, Lewis Dufford.
Shongum Sanatorium. Supt., Miss K. E. Dandley.
Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in January, first Tuesday in May, and second Tuesday in October.

OCEAN COUNTY.

County Seat—Toms River.

Sheriff—Harold Chafey, Rep., 1921.
County Clerk—John A. Ernst, 1923.
Surrogate—Ulysses S. Grant, 1923.
County Treasurer—Theodore B. Cranmer.
Circuit Justice—Samuel Kalisch, 1925.
Circuit Judge—Frank T. Lloyd, 1928.
County Judge—William Howard Jeffrey, 1922.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Richard C. Plumer, 1922.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—J. Sabine Otis.
County Solicitor—Maja Leon Berry.
County Engineer—John M. Abbott.
Jury Commissioner—Joshua Hilliard.
Chief Probation Officer—Adolph Ernst.
County Physician—E. Clarence Disbrow.

Coroners—Job M. Smith, 1922; Frank Brouwer, 1923; Joseph H. Harvey, 1923.

County Election Board—George H. Irons, Dem., 1921; James H. O'Rourke, Dem., 1922; Malcolm Dunn, Rep., 1921; William H. Cruser, Rep., 1922.

Director Board of Freeholders—William H. Savage.

Clerk Board of Freeholders—David O. Parker.

Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in April, second Tuesday in September, and second Tuesday in December.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

County Seat—Paterson.

Sheriff—John McCutcheon, Rep., 1921.

County Clerk—John J. Slater, 1921.

Register of Deeds—John R. Morris, 1921.

Surrogate—Frederic Beggs, 1925.

Auditor and Comptroller—George F. Schmidt, 1921.

County Treasurer—George W. Bothyl, 1921.

Circuit Justice—James F. Minturn, 1922.

Circuit Judge—George S. Silzer, 1922.

County Judge—William W. Watson, 1922.

Prosecutor of the Pleas—Michael Dunn, 1921.

Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Munson Force.

County Counsel—Frederick W. Van Blarcom, 1921.

County Physician—Robert R. Armstrong.

County Engineer—Garwood Ferguson, 1921.

Jury Commissioner—Charles A. Bergen.

Superintendent Weights and Measures—Harry Rosenfelt.

Chief Probation Officer—Charles C. Scott.

Coroners—Martin J. Scanlan, John W. Haffer, Peter Mason, all 1923.

County Election Board—Stephen Dawson, Rep., 1922; Matthew A. Pierce, Dem., 1922; John Grimshaw, Jr., Rep., 1921; John C. Cluney, Dem., 1921.

Director Board of Freeholders—Robert Sinclair.

Clerk Board of Freeholders—John M. Morrison.

County Institutions—

County Lunatic Asylum and Almshouse. John G. Donnelly, Supt.

Terms of Court—First Tuesday after the first day of January, fourth Tuesday in April and September.

SALEM COUNTY.

County Seat—Salem.

Sheriff—A. K. Brandriff, Rep., 1923.

County Clerk—Walter P. Ballinger, 1924.

Surrogate—Loren P. Plummer, 1922.

County Treasurer—Richard B. Griscom, 1921.
Circuit Justice—Charles C. Black, 1922.
Circuit Judge—Ralph W. E. Donges, 1927.
County Judge—E. C. Waddington, 1921.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Daniel W. Beckley, 1925.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Howard C. Hitchner.
County Solicitor—Howard B. Keasbey.
County Engineer—Howard B. Keasbey.
County Physician—Dr. R. M. A. Davis.
Jury Commissioner—Isaac S. Smick.
Chief Probation Officer—William T. Galloway.
Coroners—B. Noel Gross, 1921; Oscar R. Denn, 1923; Robert C. Cole, 1923.
County Election Board—F. H. Lloyd, Rep., 1922; Edwin B. Moore, Rep., 1921; James J. Sullivan, Dem., 1922; Harry Blitzstein, Dem., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Harry P. Gray.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Erwin G. Ochs.
County Institutions—
Salem County Almshouse. James M. Newell, Steward.
Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in April, September and December.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

County Seat—Somerville.

Sheriff—Bogart T. Conkling, Rep., 1922.
County Clerk—Frederic N. Voorhees, 1923.
Register of Deeds—None.
Surrogate—Calvin D. McMurtry, 1923.
County Treasurer—Edwin Garretson.
Circuit Justice—Charles W. Parker, 1921.
Circuit Judge—George S. Silzer, 1922.
County Judge—Frank L. Cleary, 1925.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Azariah M. Beekman, 1925.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Francis L. Bergen.
County Solicitor—Clarence E. Case.
County Engineer—Joshua Doughty, Jr.
Jury Commissioner—Eugene V. Cruser.
Chief Probation Officer—Marshall H. Johnson.
Coroners—Henry De Mott, 1922; Robert B. Garrabrant, 1922.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Melvin H. Cleaves.
County Election Board—Timothy W. O'Brien, Dem., 1921; Joseph M. Lambruskin, Rep., 1922; Frank T. Kolbek, Dem., 1922; Julius J. Stahl, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Frank W. Remsen.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—William S. Woodruff.
Terms of Court—Second Tuesday in April, third Tuesday in September and December.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

County Seat—Newton.

Sheriff—Linus B. Littell, Rep., 1923.
County Clerk—Harvey S. Hopkins, 1922.
Surrogate—Emmet H. Bell, 1923.
County Treasurer—John R. Cornell, 1922.
Circuit Justice—James F. Minturn, 1922.
Circuit Judge—George S. Silzer, 1922.
County Judge—Allen R. Shay, 1921.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Lewis Van Blarcom, 1922.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—R. Lee Slater.
County Solicitor—Henry T. Kays.
County Engineer—Harvey Snook.
Road Supervisor—Leon C. McKeon.
Jury Commissioner—Alfred D. Snook, 1921.
Chief Probation Officer—Harry E. Demarest.
Coroners—Levi Paugh, 1921; Edwin Drake, 1922; James W. Mills, 1923.
County Election Board—William S. Percy, Rep., 1921; Joseph G. Coleman, Rep., 1922; Floyd C. Devore, Dem., 1922; Harry E. Cortright, Dem., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Robert M. Smith.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—William S. Vought.
County Institutions—
County Farm and Almshouse, Branchville. John La Forge, Steward.
Terms of Court—Third Tuesday in April, September and December.

UNION COUNTY.

County Seat—Elizabeth.

Sheriff—George H. Johnston, Rep., 1923.
Under-Sheriff—Harry Simons, 1923.
County Clerk—William B. Martin, 1921.
Deputy County Clerk—Charles N. Runyon, 1921.
Register of Deeds—Edward Bauer, 1923.
Deputy Register of Deeds—William Helmstadter, 1923.
Surrogate—Charles N. Codding, 1922.
Deputy Surrogate—Waters B. Parrot, 1922.
County Treasurer—Nathan Leavitt.
Circuit Justice—James J. Bergen, 1921.
Circuit Judge—George S. Silzer, 1922.
County Judge—Carlton B. Pierce, 1923.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Walter L. Hetfield, Jr., 1923.
Assistant Prosecutor of the Pleas—Donald H. McLean.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Isaac Seeley.
County Solicitor—Francis J. Blatz.

County Engineer—Jacob L. Bauer.
County Physician—Frank W. Westcott.
Jury Commissioner—Christopher J. Tipper.
Chief Probation Officer—Charles W. Irwin.
Coroners—Harry Van Doren, 1921; Watts J. R. Knowles, 1922; Thomas F. Higgins, 1923.
County Election Board—William J. Seeland, Rep., 1921; John F. Ryan, Dem., 1921; David S. Dunavan, Rep., 1922; Frederick Zior, Dem., 1922.
Director Board of Freeholders—George G. Teller.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Benjamin King.
County Institutions—
Bonnie Burn Sanatorium (Tuberculosis). John E. Runnells, M.D., Supt.
Terms of Court—First Tuesday in January, May and October.

WARREN COUNTY.

County Seat—Phillipsburg.

Sheriff—Thomas H. Hayes, Dem., 1923.
County Clerk—Ramsey Reese, 1925.
Surrogate—Charles G. Smith, 1924.
County Treasurer—Henry O. Carhart.
Circuit Justice—Thomas W. Trenchard.
Circuit Judge—George S. Silzer.
County Judge—J. I. Blair Reiley.
Prosecutor of the Pleas—Wm. A. Stryker.
Clerk of Grand Jury—Clarence Walters.
Superintendent Weights and Measures—Abram Raub.
County Solicitor—Egbert Rosencrans.
County Engineer—Harry W. Vetter.
County Physician—G. Wyckoff Cummins.
Jury Commissioner—George T. Potts.
Supervisor of Roads—Peter A. Lynch.
Chief Probation Officer—James E. Smith (office Phillipsburg).
Coroners—Peter F. Hagerty, 1922; J. Russell Doyle, 1922; Edward Brill, 1923.
County Election Board—James P. Shurts, Dem., 1922; Frank J. Alpaugh, Dem., 1921; James R. Dick, Rep., 1922; Maurice E. Beesley, Rep., 1921.
Director Board of Freeholders—Albert B. Craig.
Clerk Board of Freeholders—Morris S. Faust.
County Institutions—
Almshouse. Edward Butler, Steward.
Terms of Court—Fourth Tuesday in April, fourth Tuesday in September and the first Tuesday after the fourth Tuesday in December.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

President—Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey.
Vice-President—Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana.
Secretary of State—Bainbridge Colby, of New York.
Secretary of the Treasury—David Franklin Houston, of Missouri.
Secretary of War—Newton D. Baker, of Ohio.
Attorney-General—A. Mitchell Palmer, Pennsylvania.
Postmaster-General—Albert Sidney Burleson, of Texas.
Secretary of the Navy—Josephus Daniels, of North Carolina.
Secretary of the Interior—John Barton Payne, of Illinois.
Secretary of Agriculture—Edwin Thomas Meredith, of Iowa.
Secretary of Commerce—Joshua Willis Alexander, of Missouri.
Secretary of Labor—William Bauchop Wilson, of Pennsylvania.
President Elect—Warren G. Harding, of Ohio.
Vice President Elect—Calvin Coolidge, of Massachusetts.
Chief Justice of Supreme Court—Edward Douglas White, of Louisiana.
Associate Justices—Joseph McKenna, of California; Oliver Wendell Holmes, of Massachusetts; William R. Day, of Ohio; Willis Van Devanter, of Wyoming; Mahlon Pitney, of New Jersey; James Clark McReynolds, of Tennessee; Louis D. Brandeis, of Massachusetts; John Hessin Clarke, of Ohio.

SIXTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

(1921-23.)

New Jersey Members.

Senators—Walter E. Edge, R., 1925; Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, R., 1923.
Representatives—First district, Frank F. Patterson, Jr., R.; Second district, Isaac Bacharach, R.; Third district, T. Frank Appleby, R.; Fourth district, Elijah C. Hutchinson, R.; Fifth district, Ernest R. Ackerman, R.; Sixth district, Randolph Perkins, R.; Seventh district, Amos H. Radcliffe, R.; Eighth district, Herbert W. Taylor, R.; Ninth district, R. Wayne Parker, R.; Tenth district, Frederick R. Lehlbach, R.; Eleventh district, Archibald E. Olpp, R.; Twelfth district, Charles F. X. O'Brien, D.

U. S. COURT OFFICIALS.

(1789 to date.)

FOR NEW JERSEY.

The United States District Court was organized at New Brunswick, on Tuesday, December 22d, 1789.

DISTRICT JUDGES.

David Brearley.....1789
Robert Morris.....1790
William S. Pennington, 1817
William Rossell.....1826
Mahlon Dickerson.....1840
Philemon Dickerson....1841
Richard S. Field.....1863
John T. Nixon.....1870
Edward T. Green.....1889
Andrew Kirkpatrick...1896
William M. Lanning...1904
Joseph Cross.....1905
John Rellstab.....1909
Thomas G. Haight..1914-'16
J. Warren Davis...1916-'20
Charles F. Lynch.....1919
Joseph L. Bodine.....1920

CLERKS.

Jonathan Dayton.....1789
Andrew Kirkpatrick...1790
Robert Boggs.....1791
William Pennington....1817
Joseph C. Potts.....1840
Edward N. Dickerson..1844
Philemon Dickerson, Jr.1853
Andrew Dutcher.....1862
Ralph H. Shreve.....1863
E. Mercer Shreve.....1868
Robert C. Bellville.....1871
William S. Bellville....1875
Linsly Rowe.....1882
George T. Cranmer....1893

MARSHALS.

Thomas Lowry.....1789
John Heard.....1802
Oliver Barnett.....1802
Oliver W. Ogden.....1808
Robert S. Kennedy....1849
George H. Nelden.....1853
Benijah Deacon.....1866
W. Budd Deacon.....1868
Samuel Plummer.....1869
Robert L. Hutchinson..1877
W. Budd Deacon.....1882
A. E. Gordon.....1886
W. Budd Deacon.....1889
George Pfeiffer.....1893
Thomas J. Alcott.....1897
Albert Bollschweiler....1914

DISTRICT ATTORNEYS.

Richard Stockton.....1789
Abraham Ogden.....1782
Lucius H. Stockton....1798
George C. Maxwell.....1802
Joseph McIlvaine.....1804
Lucius Q. C. Elmer....1824
Garret D. Wall.....1828
James S. Green.....1837
William Halsted.....1849
Garrit S. Cannon.....1853
Anthony Q. Keasbey...1861
Job H. Lippincott.....1886
Samuel F. Bigelow....1887
George S. Duryea.....1888
Henry S. White.....1890
John W. Beekman.....1894
J. Kearny Rice.....1896
David O. Watkins.....1900
John B. Vreeland.....1903
J. Warren Davis.....1913
Charles F. Lynch.....1916
Joseph L. Bodine.....1919
Elmer H. Geran.....1920

PRESENT OFFICIALS.

Circuit Justice—Mahlon Pitney.

Circuit Judges—Joseph Buffington, Victor B. Wooley, J. Warren Davis.

District Court Judges—John Rellstab, Charles F. Lynch, Joseph L. Bodine.

District Attorney—Elmer H. Geran; First Assistant, Samuel Kessler; Second Assistant, Frederic Pearse.

Marshal—Albert Bolschweiler.

Chief Deputy Marshal—Woodbury B. Snowden.

District Court Clerk—George T. Cranmer.

Deputy Clerks—Benjamin F. Havens, Charles S. Chevrier, Robert B. Chevrier, William B. Reilly.

Internal Revenue Collectors—

First District—Atlantic, Burlington, Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean and Salem Counties. Collector—Samuel Iredell; office, Camden.

Fifth District—Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Middlesex, Morris, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren Counties. Collector—Charles V. Duffy; office, Newark.

Internal Revenue Agent—George Mallen; headquarters, Newark.

Prohibition Director—George W. Van Note.

Referees in Bankruptcy—Clarence L. Cole, Atlantic City; S. Conrad Ott, Camden; Charles M. Mason, Newark; George W. W. Porter, Newark; George R. Beach, Jersey City; Elmer W. Demarest, Jersey City; Samuel D. Oliphant, Trenton; Adrian Lyon, Perth Amboy; Charles H. Butcher, Freehold; Frank Van Cleve, Paterson; Atwood L. DeCoster, Summit; Albert R. McAllister, Bridgeton.

United States Commissioners in New Jersey—James D. Carton, Asbury Park; Henry W. Lewis, Atlantic City; Charles V. D. Joline, Camden; Frank J. Pfaff, Elizabeth; Patrick H. Maley, Hackensack; Samuel A. Besson, Edward R. Stanton, Hoboken; James D. Carpenter, Jr., John Wahl Queen, Jersey City; Ralph W. Haines, Mount Holly; Samuel I. Kessler, John A. Matthews, James F. Mooney, Newark; John P. Kirkpatrick, New Brunswick; James Feeney, Paterson; John A. Delaney, Perth Amboy; W. H. Jeffery, Toms River; Richard S. Wilson, Trenton.

SALARIES UNITED STATES OFFICIALS.

President of the United States, $75,000 and an allowance of $25,000 for traveling expenses.

Vice President and Cabinet Members, $12,000.

Chief Justice Supreme Court, $15,000; Associate Justices, $14,500.

United States Senators and Congressmen, $7,500, with mileage and allowance for clerk hire; Circuit Court Judges, $8,500; District Court Judges, $7,500; District Attorney, $5,000; Marshal, $3,000; Chief Deputy, $2,260; District Court Clerk, $4,500; Internal Revenue Collector—First District, $5,500; fifth, $6,000.

TIME OF HOLDING COURTS.

The Court of Chancery—No stated terms.

The Supreme Court meets on the third Tuesday in February, the first Tuesday in June and the first Tuesday in November.

The Court of Errors and Appeals meets on the first Tuesday in March, the third Tuesday in June and the third Tuesday in November.

The Court of Pardons meets on the first Tuesday in March, the third Tuesday in June and the third Tuesday in November.

The United States District Court meets at Newark on the first Tuesdays in April and November, and at Trenton on the third Tuesday in January and second Tuesday in September each year.

United States Court of Appeals meets first Tuesday in March and the first Tuesday in October.

CIRCUITS OF NEW JERSEY.

The Supreme Court Circuits of New Jersey are divided as follows:

1st District—Cape May, Cumberland, Salem and Atlantic. Justice Black.

2d District—Gloucester and Camden. Justice Katzenbach.

3d District—Monmouth, Burlington and Ocean. Justice Kalisch.

4th District—Mercer, Hunterdon and Warren. Justice Trenchard.

5th District—Middlesex and Union. Justice Bergen.

6th District—Somerset, Morris and Bergen. Justice Parker.

7th District—Essex. Chief Justice Gummere.

8th District—Hudson. Justice Swayze.

9th District—Passaic and Sussex. Justice Minturn.

For time of holding county courts, see County Directory.

CIRCUIT COURT JUDGES' ASSIGNMENTS.

Judge Donges—Atlantic, Burlington, Cape May, Gloucester, Salem and Cumberland.

Judge Silzer—Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, Union and Warren.

Judge Lloyd—Camden, Ocean, Mercer and Middlesex.

Judge Mountain—Essex.

Judge Dungan—Essex.

Judge Campbell—Hudson.

Judge Speer—Hudson.

Judge Cutler—Essex, Bergen, Hudson, Hunterdon, Morris and Monmouth.

NEW JERSEY ELECTION RETURNS.

OFFICIAL—1920.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress	
	Rep.	Dem.	Jonah, Dem.	Bacharach, Rep.
Absecon City	265	169	176	242
Atlantic City—				
1 Ward	3390	976	1006	3235
2 Ward	2816	552	528	2726
3 Ward	3247	586	591	3067
4 Ward	3924	1089	1114	3684
Total vote	13377	3203	3239	12712
Buena Vista Twp.	565	103	98	520
East Atlantic City	8	4	4	8
Egg Harbor City	789	102	114	755
Egg Harbor Twp.	443	151	156	385
Folsom Bor.	46	20	16	45
Galloway Twp.	376	177	170	335
Hammonton Town	1008	305	300	872
Hamilton Twp.	529	211	206	491
Lindwood	164	57	72	137
Longport	39	36	34	37
Margate City	77	37	44	68
Mullica Twp.	293	71	71	234
Northfield City	206	110	110	172
Pleasantville	1514	524	662	1254
Port Republic	126	43	60	96
Somers Point	284	114	105	254
Ventnor City	910	206	208	864
Weymouth	226	110	96	214
Total vote, county	21245	5753	5941	19695

ATLANTIC COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly				Sheriff	
	Smathers, Dem.	Phillips, Dem.	Blair, Rep.	Corio, Rep.	Henry, Dem.	Woodruff, Rep.
Absecon City	163	169	258	249	156	266
Atlantic City—						
1 Ward	1034	980	3160	3102	750	3479
2 Ward	540	522	2690	2635	413	2825
3 Ward	595	576	3026	2990	438	3226
4 Ward	1104	1064	3711	3653	757	4150
Total vote	3273	3142	12587	12380	2358	13680
Buena Vista Twp.	103	103	527	517	105	522
East Atlantic City	3	3	9	8	3	9
Egg Harbor City	97	100	710	757	105	758
Egg Harbor Twp.	144	145	419	407	141	450
Folsom Bor.	17	17	42	42	16	43
Galloway Twp.	186	177	341	328	175	352
Hammonton Town	330	403	889	848	271	968
Hamilton Twp.	198	203	502	488	177	544
Lindwood	64	70	143	137	47	165
Longport	34	34	38	38	35	38
Margate City	43	42	76	71	40	79
Mullica Twp.	52	55	311	275	53	286
Northfield City	107	99	168	149	87	197
Pleasantville	657	629	1351	1310	454	1576
Port Republic	45	46	106	99	40	119
Somers Point	108	102	277	270	93	280
Ventnor City	245	229	804	792	150	927
Weymouth	105	105	211	203	92	225
Total vote, County,	5974	5873	19769	19272	4598	21479

Electors—Sing. Tax, 17; Soc., 390; Nat. Pro., 287; Far. Lab., 18; Soc. Lab., 15.
Congress—Soc., 70.

BERGEN COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress		Assembly						County Clerk	
	Rep.	Dem.	Sheilds, Dem.	Perkins, Rep.	Fernandez, Dem.	Bradshaw, Dem.	Lembeck, Dem.	Glover, Rep.	Tozer, Rep.	Dater, Rep.	Van Buskirk, Rep.	Eagen, Dem.
Allendale Bor.	452	113	108	446	113	114	123	440	422	410	13	220
Alpine Bor.	120	34	25	103	24	23	23	105	104	104	1	66
Bergenfield Bor.	818	275	344	735	329	360	352	734	726	729	519	562
Bogota Bor.	1146	243	300	1100	270	316	283	1128	1082	1093	722	692
Carlstadt Bor.	988	290	412	775	426	410	428	794	792	777	869	412
Cliffside Park Bor.	996	366	416	835	392	442	391	863	859	818	755	578
Closter Bor.	546	155	159	503	139	140	151	537	531	526	341	294
Cresskill Bor.	248	63	64	227	64	67	61	233	231	234	146	170
Delford Bor.	450	130	152	402	129	130	128	427	429	428	320	248
Demarest Bor.	176	52	50	166	61	66	62	162	157	153	99	133
Dumont Bor.	693	125	163	650	135	152	161	681	677	677	377	475
East Paterson Bor.	309	62	72	262	65	75	70	275	272	268	187	175
East Rutherford Bor.	1234	299	381	1043	389	357	361	1100	1097	1083	924	597
Edgewater Bor.	1002	257	303	965	242	300	242	920	894	892	674	560
Emerson Bor.	261	40	66	226	47	47	48	229	229	226	85	204
Englewood City—												
1 Ward	346	195	181	621	164	184	169	661	637	640	286	538
2 Ward	609	182	165	599	147	160	143	627	607	618	335	459
3 Ward	975	532	562	867	512	524	505	958	938	823	881	615
4 Ward	793	186	201	693	187	186	191	767	748	737	439	529
Total vote	3023	1095	1109	2780	1010	1054	1008	3013	2930	2918	1941	2141
Englewood Cliffs Bor.	162	40	36	137	33	36	31	135	128	130	150	45
Fairview Bor.	676	236	247	515	250	274	245	549	533	541	485	407
Fort Lee Bor.	1457	397	596	1306	419	490	432	1355	1309	1290	1132	621
Franklin Twp..	688	117	115	647	108	113	106	670	662	661	224	554

BERGEN COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors		Congress		Assembly						County Clerk	
	Dem.	Rep.	Sheilds, Dem.	Perkins, Rep.	Fernandez, Dem.	Bradshaw, Dem.	Lembeck, Dem.	Glover, Rep.	Tozer, Rep.	Dater, Rep.	Van Buskirk, Rep.	Eagen, Dem.
Garfield City—												
1 Ward	670	114	125	616	117	110	112	622	621	615	223	550
2 Ward	427	30	46	389	45	46	50	398	394	392	130	373
3 Ward	459	206	266	361	265	265	264	369	366	365	336	328
4 Ward	209	37	54	190	46	46	44	196	195	192	95	175
Total vote	1765	387	491	1556	473	467	470	1585	1577	1564	784	1426
Glen Rock Bor.	676	122	116	665	112	116	110	667	666	670	242	541
Harrington Park Bor.	187	40	43	171	35	40	35	185	184	185	92	134
Hasbrouck Heights Bor.,	885	197	218	825	218	233	212	830	829	821	661	445
Haworth Bor.	237	75	80	222	72	76	86	225	217	215	127	178
Hillsdale Twp.	526	138	171	466	121	124	139	512	504	485	250	383
Hohokus Bor.	197	31	36	186	25	29	27	197	194	194	100	124
Hohokus Twp.	459	105	96	439	78	86	89	455	448	454	161	380
Leonia Bor.	877	257	258	844	226	244	228	864	850	849	501	609
Little Ferry Bor.	434	133	174	323	165	164	168	270	244	335	444	156
Lodi Bor.	864	177	257	622	216	217	218	670	653	662	562	471
Lodi Twp.	69	9	18	51	13	15	12	55	53	53	57	27
Lyndhurst Twp.	1303	479	538	1114	528	538	515	1127	1114	1100	868	828
Maywood Bor.	425	113	147	370	128	130	128	385	386	382	343	191
Midland Park Bor.	486	86	82	470	75	86	74	488	477	486	144	428
Midland Twp.	490	76	118	415	81	88	85	447	441	437	295	270
Montvale Bor.	214	53	163	184	52	59	59	199	192	190	117	138
Moonachie Bor.	169	47	60	139	84	84	83	119	117	117	182	43
New Barbadoes Twp.—												
1 Ward	578	238	363	419	268	279	295	493	491	492	653	239
2 Ward	930	318	470	723	374	373	371	814	813	795	883	408
3 Ward	1122	190	337	956	218	219	232	1070	1055	1061	665	660
4 Ward	1326	278	371	1135	271	300	272	1298	1279	1275	874	727
5 Ward	517	151	218	429	167	166	167	476	475	470	445	238
Total vote	4473	1175	1759	3672	1298	1337	1337	4151	4113	4093	3520	2272

	Electors		Congress		Assembly						County Clerk	
	Dem.	Rep.	Sheilds, Dem.	Perkins, Rep.	Fernandez, Dem.	Bradshaw, Dem.	Lembeck, Dem.	Glover, Rep.	Tozer, Rep.	Dater, Rep.	Van Buskirk, Rep.	Eagen, Dem.
North Arlington Bor.....	415	107	142	377	132	133	132	382	378	378	208	323
Northvale Bor.	125	46	50	108	47	46	46	113	115	113	78	96
Norwood Bor.	172	63	57	163	62	78	68	165	154	161	143	96
Oakland Bor.	190	45	44	170	39	42	38	180	177	181	116	107
Old Tappan Bor.	110	39	50	86	57	54	54	84	82	83	101	58
Overpeck Twp.	2209	548	615	2020	558	578	706	2058	2048	2042	1471	1269
Palisade Park Bor.	736	132	194	630	168	167	168	656	653	648	375	494
Palisade Twp.	508	74	108	437	86	90	96	482	479	477	292	288
Park Ridge Bor.	384	130	205	283	156	161	171	329	329	326	285	227
Ramsey Bor.	624	234	245	557	226	233	224	585	591	601	329	486
Ridgefield Bor.	357	88	104	319	85	92	94	335	335	330	277	185
Ridgewood Twp.	2813	557	545	2721	476	506	485	2790	2778	2776	988	2303
Riverside Bor.	408	79	86	376	67	71	68	389	390	390	251	243
Rivervale Twp.	161	44	54	153	44	45	47	165	163	161	73	131
Rutherford Bor.	3158	692	770	2973	829	774	714	2961	3015	2943	1406	2414
Saddle River Bor.	147	40	41	133	41	38	40	135	133	127	73	101
Saddle River Twp.	510	86	146	421	125	126	140	449	439	429	359	246
Teaneck Twp.	466	297	322	1060	306	314	315	1102	1091	1085	710	581
Tenafly Bor.	963	298	316	909	274	278	276	968	991	941	563	725
Teterboro Bor.	9	6	3	10	4	4	4	9	9	9	14	...
Upper Saddle River Bor.,	47	31	26	37	22	21	23	42	39	44	35	34
Waldwick Bor.	257	142	142	240	139	153	138	259	238	252	196	181
Wallington Bor.	410	114	116	333	112	112	116	340	341	331	321	183
Washington Twp.	44	22	26	37	24	24	24	38	40	39	38	30
Westwood Bor.	780	215	286	718	213	215	209	766	759	761	430	557
Woodcliffe Lake Bor. ..	129	66	67	119	65	64	63	116	117	118	96	88
Woodridge Bor.	496	112	150	411	149	147	150	438	426	423	375	229
Total vote, County..	47512	12396	14852	42348	13151	13775	13241	44248	43733	43436	29289	30129

Electors—Sing. Tax., 80; Soc., 1849; Nat. Pro., 155; Far. Lab., 260; Soc. Lab., 53. Congress—Soc., 1207; Sing. Tax., 92; Nat. Pro., 122. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 155; Soc., 1326; Sing. Tax., 115. County Clerk—Nat. Pro., 135; Soc., 1018.

BURLINGTON COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress		Assembly		Sheriff	
	Rep.	Dem.	Bacharach, Rep.	Jonah, Dem.	Roberts, Rep.	Perkins, Dem.	Flagg, Rep.	Jordan, Dem.
Bass River Twp.	64	103	57	100	64	97	64	107
Beverly City	653	251	614	217	590	262	518	376
Beverly Twp.	787	322	636	462	783	289	551	620
Bordentown City—								
1 Ward	604	274	528	273	585	223	540	288
2 Ward	292	283	269	241	259	254	256	278
3 Ward	185	167	173	142	156	157	160	169
Total vote	1081	724	970	656	1000	634	956	735
Bordentown Twp.	147	27	125	34	136	27	126	37
Burlington City—								
1 Ward	360	202	372	167	348	168	273	294
2 Ward	595	238	571	221	555	238	403	433
3 Ward	370	254	364	181	322	225	276	339
4 Ward	675	209	619	200	613	203	461	427
Total vote	2000	903	1926	869	1835	834	1413	1493
Burlington Twp.	375	106	314	140	370	380	180	301
Chester Twp.	1898	629	1701	726	2044	467	1827	671
Chesterfield Twp.	290	93	249	80	267	68	242	101
Cinnaminson Twp.	269	139	259	121	272	116	281	130
Delran Twp.	184	131	131	143	183	107	146	162
Eastampton Twp.	127	63	108	63	111	65	108	79
Evesham Twp.	240	140	197	152	272	99	232	142
Fieldsboro Twp.	130	73	115	59	115	58	116	62
Florence Twp.	1446	367	1388	283	1355	316	1226	537
Lumberton Twp.	425	129	388	131	420	100	402	147
Mansfield Twp.	325	188	272	201	337	160	238	275
Medford Twp.	499	201	442	195	492	156	454	222
Mount Laurel Twp.	335	202	280	196	361	161	302	218
New Hanover	90	51	62	48	68	42	74	45
North Hanover Twp.	160	79	130	89	148	75	144	87
Northampton Twp.	1750	649	1603	647	1727	553	1558	844
Palmyra Twp.	1110	348	883	450	1106	256	958	474
Pemberton Bor.	210	132	201	114	213	95	206	124
Pemberton Twp.	268	130	256	100	266	85	250	118
Riverside Twp.	860	454	867	374	743	469	837	514
Riverton Bor.	907	211	820	225	917	153	958	161
Shamong Twp.	97	56	75	59	90	49	92	54
Southampton Twp.	343	254	319	235	365	219	326	66
Springfield Twp.	200	144	156	145	217	99	116	222
Tabernacle Twp.	73	38	63	38	72	32	71	32
Washington Twp.	146	34	104	52	97	24	96	52
Westampton Twp.	136	43	117	44	140	26	121	59
Willingboro Twp.	120	53	82	73	126	41	57	121
Wrightstown Bor.	82	36	49	34	61	27	53	44
Woodland Twp.	71	29	57	26	66	23	63	25
Total vote, County..	17898	7532	16016	7481	17429	6364	15472	9454

Electors—Sing. Tax, 16; Soc., 229; Nat. Pro., 318; Far. Lab., 32; Soc. Lab., 16. Congress—Soc., 36; Ind., 12.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress Full Term		Congress Unexpired Term	
	Rep.	Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Kramer, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Kramer, Dem.
Audubon Bor.	1145	457	1122	415	1101	397
Barrington Bor.	290	137	246	83	251	89
Berlin Twp.	521	201	514	186	513	185
Center Twp.	744	242	735	227	713	217
Chesilhurst Twp.	95	11	94	11	93	11
Collingswood Twp.	2806	743	2636	697	2598	692
Clementon Twp.	922	329	910	280	889	277
Camden City—						
1 Ward	1716	812	1648	760	1632	759
2 Ward	2140	892	2047	853	2036	835
3 Ward	782	265	770	251	767	243
4 Ward	1015	452	977	412	973	410
5 Ward	1516	638	1482	602	1471	587
6 Ward	1474	769	1398	716	1402	703
7 Ward	1939	674	1876	620	1880	610
8 Ward	1425	665	1352	641	1350	651
9 Ward	1814	965	1674	878	1671	872
10 Ward	2096	1147	1896	1080	1869	1067
11 Ward	1269	649	1154	558	1143	555
12 Ward	1617	1024	1475	957	1487	957
13 Ward	2071	1038	1952	993	1948	984
14 Ward	930	548	866	479	874	482
Total vote	21805	10538	20567	9800	20503	9715
Delaware Twp.	452	173	425	152	411	147
Gloucester City—						
1 Ward	1277	833	1216	767	1216	778
2 Ward	1604	1325	1467	1232	1477	1253
Total vote	2881	2158	2683	1999	2693	2031
Gloucester Twp.	626	336	593	293	594	282
Haddonfield Bor.	2134	372	2032	308	2031	305
Haddon Heights Bor...	998	268	966	240	959	240
Haddon Twp.	740	216	718	187	732	186
Laurel Springs Bor.....	253	102	241	87	238	82
Magnolia Bor.	283	126	250	118	251	118
Merchantville Bor.	892	254	718	222	121	213
Oaklyn Bor.	307	109	271	96	268	96
Pensauken Twp.	1530	456	1465	397	1457	396
Voorhees Twp.	250	165	232	143	226	139
Waterford Twp.	258	87	231	89	234	77
Winslow Twp.	532	152	504	122	495	123
Woodlyn Bor.	307	261	221	330	215	329
Total vote, County,	40771	17893	38394	16482	38205	16347

Electors—Sing. Tax, 22; Soc., 2467; Nat. Pro., 725; Far. Lab., 71; Soc. Lab., 138. Congress—Nat. Pro., 1996; Soc., 1922; Non-Part. League, 439. Congress (Vacancy)—Nat Pro., 2123. Senator—Non-Part. League, 428; Soc., 2164. Assembly—Non-Part. League, 465; Soc., 2171. Sheriff—Soc., 1987. County Clerk—Non-Part. League, 524; Soc., 2131.

CAMDEN COUNTY.

	Senator		Assembly						Sheriff		County Clerk	
	Wallworth, Rep.	Shay, Dem.	Coles, Rep.	Gibbs, Rep.	Conland, Rep.	Barrett, Dem.	Pitman, Dem.	Irving, Dem.	Hatch, Rep.	King, Dem. & Non-Partisan	Brown, Rep.	Miller, Dem.
Audubon Bor.	1165	408	1175	1164	1167	408	417	413	1175	411	1172	410
Barrington Bor.	279	106	284	280	283	103	108	111	285	110	284	108
Berlin Twp.	511	189	515	492	512	193	194	216	516	190	514	191
Center Twp.	822	227	733	723	713	232	236	237	747	222	737	231
Chesilhurst Twp.	93	11	93	94	92	9	9	9	94	11	95	11
Collingswood Twp.	2744	707	2748	2581	2681	722	765	880	2742	743	2739	725
Clementon Twp.	908	287	919	957	910	282	283	303	939	275	940	281
Camden City—												
1 Ward	1688	767	1721	1712	1710	767	769	771	1684	802	1711	778
2 Ward	2080	885	2087	2052	2025	860	910	885	2117	883	2117	865
3 Ward	771	260	785	784	783	261	256	251	760	274	778	256
4 Ward	1015	416	1012	997	1002	420	444	440	1011	444	992	448
5 Ward	1499	613	1506	1508	1496	616	613	611	1504	637	1514	618
6 Ward	1420	731	1450	1444	1442	730	734	740	1448	755	1426	731
7 Ward	1908	637	1920	1920	1913	649	650	638	1917	676	1939	632
8 Ward	1375	657	1395	1391	1381	656	653	656	1401	660	1401	642
9 Ward	1782	923	1797	1763	1763	941	1014	964	1799	973	1776	956
10 Ward	1990	1130	2046	2021	2024	1154	1185	1154	1967	1324	2020	1170
11 Ward	1211	567	1235	1228	1226	601	596	590	1115	772	1223	583
12 Ward	1563	971	1627	1589	1599	961	990	963	1189	1566	1595	976
13 Ward	2033	1003	2032	2003	2018	1049	1071	1050	2000	1118	2011	1071
14 Ward	882	481	891	889	887	489	484	491	872	527	912	474
Total vote	21217	10041	21504	21301	21269	10154	10369	10204	20784	11410	21415	10200

CAMDEN COUNTY—Continued.

	Senator		Assembly						Sheriff		County Clerk	
	Wallworth, Rep.	Shay, Dem.	Coles, Rep.	Gibbs, Rep.	Conland, Rep.	Barrett, Dem.	Pitman, Dem.	Irving, Dem.	Hatch, Rep.	King, Dem. & Non-Partisan	Brown, Rep.	Miller, Dem.
Delaware Twp.	437	162	486	458	453	134	137	147	451	142	443	148
Gloucester City—												
1 Ward	1257	786	1268	1262	1256	785	783	791	1246	833	1267	795
2 Ward	1555	1264	1579	1583	1567	1267	1250	1264	1568	1304	1583	1264
Total vote	2812	2050	2847	2845	2823	2052	2033	2055	2814	2137	2850	2059
Gloucester Twp.	608	299	629	621	625	295	304	307	613	300	614	298
Haddonfield Bor.	2182	288	2145	2093	2082	322	354	439	2143	319	2131	321
Haddon Heights Bor.	974	241	989	966	978	249	254	274	995	233	989	227
Haddon Twp.	769	186	769	765	769	184	188	190	774	179	775	177
Laurel Springs Bor.	247	88	254	243	252	91	88	103	250	90	256	88
Magnolia Bor.	256	125	266	254	260	128	131	146	263	118	272	116
Merchantville Bor.	740	240	762	745	723	233	246	242	764	227	759	226
Oaklyn Bor.	291	95	299	296	284	102	104	111	282	102	292	106
Pensauken Twp.	1508	423	1526	1511	1517	427	465	437	1589	436	1531	411
Voorhees Twp.	234	146	235	230	218	156	156	173	241	147	246	144
Waterford Twp.	250	81	249	243	236	84	85	97	245	87	244	86
Winslow Twp.	484	215	480	480	478	134	134	138	500	131	497	127
Woodlyn Bor.	291	255	312	305	304	253	264	255	295	275	304	262
Total vote, County,	39822	16774	40219	39647	39629	16947	17324	17489	39501	18295	40099	16953

CAPE MAY COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress		Assembly	
	Rep.	Dem.	Bacharach, Rep.	Jonah, Dem.	Baker, Rep.	Boswell, Dem.
Avalon	88	24	87	16	21	79
Cape May City	771	317	640	379	377	651
Cape May Point	45	16	39	15	18	37
Dennis Twp.	130	236	204	232	243	210
Lower Twp.	367	139	255	185	171	303
Middle Twp.	700	295	571	351	362	570
North Wildwood—						
1 Ward	229	139	228	103	174	168
2 Ward	130	39	111	40	80	77
Total vote	359	178	339	143	254	245
Ocean City—						
1 Ward	515	87	460	98	84	510
2 Ward	429	164	369	170	147	424
Total vote	944	251	829	268	231	934
Sea Isle City—						
1 Ward	43	23	46	18	26	33
2 Ward	123	54	114	52	54	108
Total vote	166	77	160	70	80	141
South Cape May	11	9	7	9	11	9
Stone Harbor	153	42	147	39	43	142
Upper Twp.	432	94	374	196	98	396
West Cape May	332	105	248	158	146	266
West Wildwood	56	2	56	2	2	56
Wildwood—						
1 Ward	409	117	381	123	210	304
2 Ward	282	65	255	50	113	203
3 Ward	254	126	233	128	179	195
Total vote	954	308	869	301	502	702
Wildwood Crest	92	33	85	39	67	61
Woodbine	94	73	170	41	144	66
Total vote, County	5785	2199	5080	2444	2770	4868

Elector—Sing. Tax, 3; Soc., 107; Nat. Pro., 77; Far. Lab., 3; Soc. Lab., 2. Congress—Soc., 16.

CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress		Assembly		Sheriff	
	Rep.	Dem.	Bacharach, Rep.	Jonah, Dem.	Blizzard, Jr., Rep.	McDonald, Dem.	Turner, Rep.	Kirchhopp, Jr., Dem.
Bridgeton City—,								
1 Ward	489	259	439	326	434	252	236	546
2 Ward	550	178	515	205	491	150	325	422
3 Ward	941	409	853	484	861	390	551	845
4 Ward	869	236	725	374	787	238	475	668
5 Ward	206	131	152	195	185	142	115	271
Total vote ...	3055	1213	2684	1584	2758	1172	1702	2752
Commercial Twp..	597	141	493	212	594	139	557	251
Deerfield Twp. ...	393	269	357	311	313	303	271	422
Downe Twp.	328	144	249	189	275	134	254	233
Fairfield Twp. ...	238	92	209	103	204	83	141	206
Greenwich Twp...	230	45	182	100	172	41	137	135
Hopewell Twp. ...	289	188	209	269	250	183	165	321
Landis Twp.	1567	458	1362	614	1307	669	1307	639
Lawrence Twp. ..	285	103	210	180	237	105	182	215
Maurice Riv. Twp.,	398	173	270	192	286	151	282	185
Millville City—								
1 Ward	517	231	455	243	474	178	448	284
2 Ward	658	144	553	220	606	130	557	239
3 Ward	525	358	542	274	466	290	439	414
4 Ward	724	237	628	271	675	195	616	335
5 Ward	497	205	424	239	467	160	434	292
Total vote ...	2921	1175	2602	1247	2688	953	2494	1564
Vineland Bor. ...	1413	421	1256	526	1237	551	1224	595
Stoe Creek Twp...	199	65	132	118	155	53	103	163
Total vote, Co..	11913	4487	10215	5645	10476	4537	8819	7681

Electors—Sing. Tax. 9; Soc., 473; Nat. Pro., 501; Far. Lab., 39; Soc. Lab., 5. Congress—Soc., 209.

ESSEX COUNTY.

	Electors		Congress 8th Dist.		Congress 9th Dist.		Congress 10th Dist.		Senator	
	Rep.	Dem.	McGlennon, Dem.	Taylor, Rep.	Minahan, Dem.	Parker, Rep.	Flanagan, Dem.	Lehlbach, Rep.	Kessler, Dem.	Parry, Rep.
Belleville Town—										
1 Ward	919	518	572	770	....	....	....	....	517	792
2 Ward	570	413	464	463	....	....	....	....	433	474
3 Ward	1184	299	308	1093	....	....	....	....	260	1127
Total vote	2673	1230	1344	2326	....	....	....	....	1210	2393
Bloomfield Town—										
1 Ward	2181	502	531	1992	....	....	....	....	576	1979
2 Ward	1351	347	372	1221	....	....	....	....	350	1247
3 Ward	1850	375	444	1629	....	....	....	....	470	1620
Total vote	5382	1224	1347	4842	....	....	....	....	1396	4855
Caldwell Bor.	1086	347	....	....	....	....	371	931	318	1036
Caldwell Twp.	153	33	....	....	....	....	29	132	27	144
Cedar Grove Twp.	385	104	....	....	....	....	115	322	114	337
East Orange City—										
1 Ward	1716	447	....	....	527	1510	....	....	415	1604
2 Ward	2501	672	....	....	779	2377	....	....	569	2453
3 Ward	4209	1067	....	....	1426	3705	....	....	1061	3966
4 Ward	2592	489	....	....	603	2248	....	....	490	2304
5 Ward	4339	897	....	....	1078	3933	....	....	801	4194
Total vote	15357	3572	....	....	4413	13773	....	....	3336	14521
Essex Fells Bor.	165	53	....	....	....	....	65	132	50	158
Glen Ridge Bor.	1700	413	....	....	....	....	519	1546	360	1710
Irvington Town—										
1 Ward	1896	303	....	....	....	....	251	1416	384	1647
2 Ward	1659	247	....	....	....	....	231	1208	410	1413
3 Ward	2067	387	....	....	....	....	366	1466	623	1686
Total vote	5622	937	....	....	....	....	848	4090	1417	4746

	Electors		Congress 8th Dist.		Congress 9th Dist.		Congress 10th Dist.		Senator	
	Rep.	Dem.	McGlennon, Dem.	Taylor, Rep.	Minahan, Dem.	Parker, Rep.	Flanagan, Dem.	Lehlbach, Rep.	Kessler, Dem.	Parry, Rep.
Livingston Twp.	340	68	....	....	....	....	59	292	55	323
Millburn Twp.	1114	367	....	....	....	....	332	1035	312	1078
Montclair Town—										
1 Ward	1870	472	....	....	....	....	861	1385	342	1904
2 Ward	1441	499	....	....	....	....	684	1123	482	1339
3 Ward	1741	461	....	....	....	....	872	1181	360	1687
4 Ward	1149	313	....	....	....	....	394	931	297	1016
5 Ward	1445	405	....	....	....	....	723	1027	340	1397
Total vote	7646	2150	....	....	....	....	3534	5647	1821	7343
Newark City—										
1 Ward	2712	1199	1077	1178	645	697	....	....	1695	1854
2 Ward	2685	1470	....	....	618	620	1082	1531	1909	2034
3 Ward	2709	815	....	....	1191	1955	....	....	2082	1614
4 Ward	1550	937	....	....	246	249	768	1032	1122	1233
5 Ward	1551	1200	....	....	....	....	1198	1239	1472	1146
6 Ward	3055	2134	....	....	2530	2403	....	....	2670	2329
7 Ward	1818	1230	....	....	1669	1190	....	....	1774	1158
8 Ward	7670	2128	2187	7226	....	....	....	....	2155	7250
9 Ward	7293	2067	....	....	210	276	2157	5940	3218	5910
10 Ward	1415	793	....	....	....	....	831	1110	988	1072
11 Ward	5107	1923	2062	4645	....	....	....	....	2067	4660
12 Ward	1996	1355	....	....	....	....	1457	1572	1756	1430
13 Ward	5369	1970	....	....	2586	3736	184	388	3155	3947
14 Ward	2868	794	....	....	1217	1638	140	264	2095	1499
15 Ward	2053	1341	715	777	841	817	....	....	1621	1573
16 Ward	6767	1800	....	....	....	....	2078	5594	3266	5076
Total vote	56618	23156	6041	13826	11748	13586	9895	18670	33055	43885
North Caldwell Bor.	165	20	....	....	....	....	36	137	23	154

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors		Congress 8th Dist.		Congress 9th Dist.		Congress 10th Dist.		Senator	
	Rep.	Dem.	McGlennon, Dem.	Taylor, Rep.	Minahan, Dem.	Parker, Rep.	Flanagan, Dem.	Lehlbach, Rep.	Kessler, Dem.	Parry, Rep.
Nutley Town										
1 Ward	555	124	177	412	....	....	....	....	128	526
2 Ward	1001	213	215	916	....	....	....	....	131	1061
3 Ward	706	187	242	595	....	....	....	....	151	708
Total vote	2262	524	634	1923	....	....	....	....	410	2295
Orange City—										
1 Ward	2068	654	....	....	862	1753	....	....	675	1829
2 Ward	1157	728	....	....	919	935	....	....	760	1009
3 Ward	977	429	....	....	739	652	....	....	465	795
4 Ward	1162	813	....	....	956	960	....	....	830	1008
5 Ward	716	533	....	....	607	586	....	....	514	623
Total vote	6080	3157	....	....	4083	4886	....	....	3244	5264
Roseland Bor.	186	34	....	....	....	....	44	161	42	172
South Orange Twp.	2220	508	....	....	....	....	615	1834	417	2182
South Orange Village	2218	806	....	....	....	....	854	1945	773	2101
Verona Bor.	810	239	....	....	....	....	300	641	195	767
West Caldwell Bor.	271	89	....	....	....	....	81	244	177	273
West Orange Town—										
1 Ward	1196	712	....	....	....	....	704	1045	719	1044
2 Ward	646	402	....	....	....	....	365	566	383	615
3 Ward	698	432	....	....	....	....	403	581	436	606
4 Ward	299	98	....	....	....	....	100	251	98	250
5 Ward	867	295	....	....	....	....	279	763	329	768
Total vote	3706	1939	....	....	....	....	1851	3206	1965	3283
Total vote, County	116168	40970	9366	22917	20244	32240	19548	40965	50607	99020

Electors—Sing. Tax, 118; Soc., 5939; Nat. Pro., 176; Far. Lab., 260; Soc., 217. Cong. (8th Dist.)—Enforcement Volstead Act, 62; Soc., 432. Cong. (9th Dist.)—Soc., 1735; Ind., 118. Cong. (10th Dist.)—Nat. Pro., 314; Ind., 2141; Soc., 1397. Senator—Enforcement Volstead Act, 246; Soc., 3012. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 315; Enforcement Volstead Act, 147; Sing. Tax, 85; Soc., 4778.

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

	Republican Assembly											
	Coon	Elliott	Champion	Hobart	Eaton	Franklin	McMillin	Taylor	Van Ness	Laird	Dutcher	Alexander
Belleville Town—												
1 Ward	872	872	867	844	863	866	870	869	843	841	843	725
2 Ward	513	504	504	496	503	505	498	503	479	483	483	395
3 Ward	1168	1172	1168	1164	1177	1170	1166	1170	1147	1142	1158	1118
Total vote	2553	2548	2539	2504	2543	2541	2534	2542	2469	2466	2484	2238
Bloomfield Town—												
1 Ward	2167	2175	2169	2174	2164	2176	2168	2165	2133	2139	2160	2055
2 Ward	1313	1311	1310	1309	1308	1307	1306	1307	1302	1299	1303	1281
3 Ward	1737	1740	1738	1732	1736	1735	1739	1742	1732	1733	1720	1668
Total vote	5217	5226	5217	5215	5208	5218	5213	5214	5167	5171	5183	5004
Caldwell Bor.	1124	1143	1100	1112	1113	1109	1108	1107	1103	1108	1097	985
Caldwell Twp.	149	151	151	150	151	151	149	150	152	151	150	143
Cedar Grove Twp.	371	372	368	367	370	369	366	369	369	364	365	340
East Orange City—												
1 Ward	1734	1732	1727	1734	1737	1733	1731	1729	1659	1703	1718	1588
2 Ward	2572	2576	2573	2577	2572	2565	2578	2572	2557	2560	2561	2317
3 Ward	4196	4203	4193	4189	4194	4195	4205	4190	4141	4136	4159	3839
4 Ward	2443	2443	2438	2440	2388	2447	2446	2434	2436	2427	2445	2289
5 Ward	4378	4385	4372	4377	4389	4386	4372	4374	4329	4322	4357	4033
Total vote	15323	15334	15303	15317	15280	15326	15332	15299	15122	15148	15240	14066
Essex Fells Bor.	173	180	176	177	177	177	177	176	177	177	177	178
Glen Ridge Bor.	1745	1755	1752	1752	1754	1746	1747	1739	1738	1734	1734	1669
Irvington Town—												
1 Ward	1743	1769	1764	1773	1768	1770	1763	1766	1754	1755	1764	1703
2 Ward	1513	1516	1508	1509	1514	1520	1506	1528	1490	1492	1507	1440
3 Ward	1840	1854	1847	1847	1848	1851	1835	1862	1837	1831	1841	1775
Total vote	5096	5139	5119	5129	5130	5141	5104	5156	5081	5078	5112	4918

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

	Republican Assembly											
	Coon	Elliott	Champion	Hobart	Eaton	Franklin	McMillin	Taylor	Van Ness	Laird	Dutcher	Alexander
Livingston Twp.	345	341	343	346	346	343	343	342	344	343	343	320
Millburn Twp.	1129	1131	1131	1129	1123	1126	1127	1123	1111	1117	1121	1112
Montclair Town—												
1 Ward	1999	1992	1995	1997	2001	1996	1994	1999	1990	1987	2002	1871
2 Ward	1431	1429	1432	1426	1427	1424	1428	1418	1413	1413	1426	1375
3 Ward	1775	1782	1777	1776	1777	1775	1772	1766	1767	1766	1768	1679
4 Ward	1077	1076	1073	1075	1075	1076	1072	1069	1065	1065	1060	1024
5 Ward	1465	1472	1471	1473	1465	1466	1469	1466	1438	1432	1454	1370
Total vote	7747	7752	7748	7747	7745	7737	7735	7718	7673	7663	7710	7319
Newark City—												
1 Ward	2060	2064	2062	2050	2059	2070	2045	2061	2007	2004	1994	1971
2 Ward	2312	2317	2296	2287	2298	2309	2297	2292	2241	2246	2289	2193
3 Ward	2194	2199	2160	2190	2188	2200	2187	2180	2154	2126	2146	2108
4 Ward	1374	1375	1372	1376	1374	1388	1368	1378	1332	1339	1358	1332
5 Ward	1292	1294	1260	1272	1282	1306	1274	1297	1246	1259	1258	1186
6 Ward	2706	2692	2679	2674	2685	2724	2666	2701	2626	2623	2629	2520
7 Ward	1420	1420	1414	1411	1420	1425	1429	1430	1396	1397	1397	1392
8 Ward	7603	7617	7603	7610	7597	7647	7576	7616	7451	7466	7570	7084
9 Ward	6825	6808	6774	6780	6743	6833	6769	6797	6611	6626	6701	6417
10 Ward	1109	1115	1112	1110	1108	1123	1117	1112	1085	1078	1092	1072
11 Ward	5076	5021	5017	5015	5031	5037	5018	5031	4962	4935	4971	4793
12 Ward	1459	1468	1451	1463	1463	1499	1467	1468	1425	1423	1452	1402
13 Ward	4423	4491	4431	4419	4497	4514	4407	4479	4317	4362	4432	4110
14 Ward	1986	1994	1991	1994	1996	2024	1966	2000	1930	1924	1936	1832
15 Ward	1799	1788	1783	1774	1783	1799	1793	1799	1764	1776	1768	1732
16 Ward	6105	6110	6025	6061	6085	6127	6052	6111	6002	5960	6025	5705
Total vote	49743	49773	49430	49476	49609	50025	49431	49742	48546	48544	49008	46841
North Caldwell Bor.	160	162	161	160	161	161	160	159	158	158	161	157

	Republican Assembly											
	Coon	Elliott	Champion	Hobart	Eaton	Franklin	McMillin	Taylor	Van Ness	Laird	Dutcher	Alexander
Nutley Town—												
1 Ward	502	497	501	498	495	495	493	491	484	482	485	441
2 Ward	1024	1019	1024	1022	1023	1023	1023	1020	1024	1024	1023	948
3 Ward	684	687	682	686	685	683	683	682	674	673	675	650
Total vote	2210	2203	2207	2206	2203	2201	2199	2193	2182	2179	2183	2039
Orange City—												
1 Ward	1975	1979	1977	1974	1977	1978	1978	1977	1962	1956	1967	1882
2 Ward	1102	1102	1096	1097	1100	1103	1099	1102	1098	1099	1097	1015
3 Ward	890	899	894	891	897	898	905	899	894	891	889	794
4 Ward	1080	1085	1058	1086	1085	1082	1083	1113	1091	1081	1075	1010
5 Ward	695	692	691	693	691	693	695	701	692	687	694	638
Total vote	5742	5757	5716	5741	5750	5754	5760	5792	5737	5714	5742	5339
Roseland Bor.	193	193	191	191	190	191	189	192	190	190	193	180
South Orange Twp.	2306	2307	2307	2309	2309	2302	2306	2307	2292	2292	2288	2190
South Orange Village	2195	2212	2255	2207	2203	2211	2210	2207	2183	2189	2201	2114
Verona Bor.	821	820	815	818	822	816	818	817	814	808	810	780
West Caldwell Bor.	282	282	281	281	282	282	279	280	276	280	279	267
West Orange Town—												
1 Ward	1139	1135	1129	1128	1129	1128	1128	1132	1118	1162	1120	1063
2 Ward	646	644	646	648	644	641	639	638	642	638	637	610
3 Ward	651	651	653	652	652	654	654	660	649	648	650	624
4 Ward	266	268	265	266	267	264	266	264	262	265	263	248
5 Ward	815	818	813	820	820	818	813	820	810	808	812	780
Total vote	3517	3516	3506	3514	3512	3505	3500	3514	3481	3521	3482	3325
Total vote, County..	108141	108302	107816	107848	107981	108432	107787	108138	106365	106395	107063	101524

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

	Democratic Assembly												Sheriff	
	Smith	Leonardis	Jacobs	Daly	Vanderbilt	Conway	Bozza	Larkey	Convery	Quinn	Wurzbach, Jr.	Dimond	McDonough, Rep.	Wilson, Dem.
Belleville Town—														
1 Ward	544	531	541	698	557	537	522	533	527	530	507	530	640	768
2 Ward	468	476	464	569	468	470	474	463	461	469	457	462	537	430
3 Ward	294	272	275	382	285	280	269	284	280	288	279	277	354	1093
Total vote	1306	1279	1280	1649	1310	1287	1265	1280	1268	1287	1243	1269	1531	2291
Bloomfield Town—														
1 Ward	493	461	464	482	478	474	444	458	456	464	442	464	631	1962
2 Ward	340	319	323	334	333	328	319	320	320	327	321	323	426	1208
3 Ward	440	412	427	433	440	435	409	423	416	427	414	430	616	1577
Total vote	1273	1192	1214	1249	1251	1237	1172	1201	1192	1218	1177	1217	1673	4747
Caldwell Bor.	319	266	291	287	308	276	268	276	268	283	261	267	392	997
Caldwell Twp.	31	29	30	30	32	30	27	30	30	28	28	30	28	147
Cedar Grove Twp.	110	101	105	107	107	107	97	105	101	107	101	105	159	304
East Orange City—														
1 Ward	420	393	397	409	412	400	369	374	394	399	375	404	522	1570
2 Ward	588	529	535	542	551	546	512	520	532	540	520	545	562	2169
3 Ward	1095	985	992	1008	1070	1023	944	972	976	1012	956	1003	1225	3841
4 Ward	487	450	445	457	478	458	432	446	447	444	434	457	531	2292
5 Ward	801	749	757	757	792	762	733	742	746	756	723	752	855	4241
Total vote	3391	3106	3126	3173	3303	3189	2990	3054	3095	3151	3008	3161	3695	14113
Essex Fells Bor.	46	40	40	39	42	39	39	40	40	40	40	41	50	168
Glen Ridge Bor.	375	343	346	353	359	348	332	344	341	339	337	364	389	1676
Irvington, Town—														
1 Ward	406	366	379	384	399	375	367	389	389	382	393	377	452	1699
2 Ward	399	368	384	379	393	379	366	378	378	382	391	370	402	1492
3 Ward	589	573	590	597	619	583	555	577	577	586	587	565	674	1721
Total vote	1394	1307	1353	1360	1411	1337	1288	1344	1344	1350	1371	1312	1528	4912

	Democratic Assembly												Sheriff	
	Smith	Leonardis	Jacobs	Daly	Vanderbilt	Conway	Bozza	Larkey	Convery	Quinn	Wurzbach, Jr.	Dimond	McDonough, Rep.	Wilson, Dem.
Livingston Twp.	56	53	53	52	52	52	52	56	52	52	52	51	131	269
Millburn Twp.	316	301	299	303	308	301	296	291	295	297	299	297	368	1056
Montclair Twp.—														
1 Ward	330	303	298	301	312	305	294	299	296	296	296	325	325	1935
2 Ward	450	430	432	440	443	446	432	440	439	443	430	434	542	1294
3 Ward	378	347	348	349	359	349	335	343	342	342	340	352	442	1646
4 Ward	269	296	268	271	270	271	289	265	265	268	262	268	543	890
5 Ward	363	309	320	320	333	321	309	312	316	323	307	325	393	1383
Total vote	1790	1685	1666	1681	1717	1692	1659	1659	1658	1672	1635	1704	3245	7148
Newark City—														
1 Ward	1389	1735	1540	1347	1345	1346	1749	1317	1336	1687	1307	1343	1956	1742
2 Ward	1849	1778	1803	1808	1795	1796	1746	1788	1790	1795	1834	1739	2042	2063
3 Ward	1253	1209	1329	1213	1215	1212	1191	1301	1188	1231	1222	1212	1334	2046
4 Ward	1098	1065	1077	1077	1077	1058	1049	1071	1079	1078	1057	1065	1152	1277
5 Ward	1410	1490	1427	1405	1396	1401	1452	1379	1387	1399	1381	1382	1485	1189
6 Ward	2546	2425	2485	2478	2481	2464	2405	2472	2437	2492	2424	2448	2743	2354
7 Ward	1577	1532	1586	1569	1569	1569	1558	1593	1554	1578	1566	1557	1781	1194
8 Ward	7603	7617	7603	7610	7597	7647	7576	7616	7451	7466	7570	7084		
9 Ward	2534	2349	2501	2411	2448	2366	2274	2444	2378	2378	2334	2330	2667	6464
10 Ward	1043	1065	1026	1034	1031	1031	1037	1018	1027	1033	1016	1024	1085	1010
11 Ward	1893	1770	1799	1826	1862	1868	1728	1798	1794	1844	1750	1777	2172	4577
12 Ward	1913	1845	1834	1880	1840	1877	1821	1853	1852	1881	1842	1844	1918	1401
13 Ward	3082	2788	2862	2858	2887	2838	2707	2812	2804	2839	2847	2767	3129	4049
14 Ward	1566	1629	1609	1534	1556	1534	1806	1587	1502	1522	1528	1497	1893	1765
15 Ward	1552	1485	1503	1540	1522	1515	1478	1496	1503	1547	1488	1508	1728	1561
16 Ward	2511	2273	2500	2439	2437	2320	2212	2415	2297	2328	2347	2332	2310	6026
Total vote	29436	28492	28710	28509	28594	28251	28182	28340	27958	28704	27914	27963	31918	45776
North Caldwell Bor.	19	18	19	18	19	18	18	19	20	21	19	20	25	154

ESSEX COUNTY—Continued.

	Democratic Assembly												Sheriff	
	Smith	Leonardis	Jacobs	Daly	Vanderbilt	Conway	Bozza	Larkey	Convery	Quinn	Wurzbach, Jr.	Dimond	McDonough, Rep.	Wilson, Dem.
Nutley Town—														
1 Ward	153	155	151	162	157	153	159	143	146	148	146	153	259	379
2 Ward	182	169	166	179	181	170	162	166	164	165	159	177	288	836
3 Ward	183	171	173	191	176	177	166	168	167	171	165	173	302	547
Total vote	518	495	490	532	514	500	487	477	477	484	470	503	849	1762
Orange City—														
1 Ward	687	670	673	679	677	676	652	670	663	671	668	676	901	1741
2 Ward	749	737	737	736	739	731	726	726	725	729	726	728	918	939
3 Ward	456	449	447	454	453	445	447	437	443	448	437	446	779	627
4 Ward	874	842	849	854	868	854	820	842	842	854	828	823	1054	921
5 Ward	536	519	521	524	523	519	510	516	517	522	519	522	644	580
Total vote	3302	3217	3227	3247	3160	3225	3155	3191	3190	3224	3178	3195	4296	4808
Roseland Bor.	30	26	26	26	28	26	24	25	25	27	24	29	45	170
South Orange Twp.	430	361	374	378	407	390	355	364	373	381	346	379	482	2163
South Orange Village	786	756	761	774	786	774	745	760	775	777	751	784	992	1953
Verona Bor.	194	180	181	186	188	189	175	177	184	185	185	184	215	765
West Caldwell Bor.	76	71	71	71	76	71	70	67	70	72	68	69	82	268
West Orange Twp.—														
1 Ward	736	711	717	712	726	711	703	709	708	711	714	723	1163	757
2 Ward	402	381	385	390	397	387	381	385	385	388	377	385	552	500
3 Ward	436	428	432	432	435	431	422	429	431	431	428	436	590	512
4 Ward	116	104	106	105	107	104	100	100	101	104	103	109	180	197
5 Ward	331	321	328	328	334	330	318	324	327	326	329	333	513	648
Total vote	2021	1945	1968	1967	1919	1963	1924	1947	1952	1960	1951	1986	2998	2614
Total vote, County..	47219	45263	45630	45991	46071	45302	44620	45047	44708	45659	44323	44930	54091	97761

Sheriff—Enforcement Volstead Act, 296; Soc., 4112.

GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress. Vacancy.		Congress. Full term.		Senator.		Assembly.		Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Kramer, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Kramer, Dem.	Sturgess, Rep.	Carpenter, Dem.	Fooder, Rep.	Summerill, Jr., Dem.	Clark, Rep.	Martin, Dem.
Clayton Borough	532	275	481	736	506	246	501	266	519	241	565	237
Deptford Borough	427	132	389	112	398	120	375	276	389	130	434	130
East Greenwich Township	411	116	360	119	373	127	330	197	350	156	403	135
Elk Township	219	78	182	60	194	66	200	80	192	82	226	66
Franklin Township	567	284	515	266	532	273	509	326	527	290	564	277
Glassboro Borough	729	316	649	253	672	254	643	334	665	285	769	231
Greenwich Township	311	187	253	164	270	170	263	204	260	202	312	168
Harrison Township	443	120	374	97	398	99	367	166	398	126	461	100
Logan Township	313	274	291	252	299	265	283	308	291	297	310	283
Mantua Township	482	309	434	268	451	275	431	368	442	325	577	244
Monroe Township	560	215	476	178	482	190	473	235	560	208	576	183
National Park Borough	237	163	231	154	220	159	243	167	242	166	234	162
Paulsboro Borough	824	349	493	235	772	312	754	381	707	409	830	330
Pitman Borough	1022	342	964	266	943	274	889	410	939	339	1237	206
South Harrison Township	164	69	136	60	143	64	135	96	132	90	161	71
Swedesboro Borough	556	146	513	129	526	130	501	164	505	152	542	130
Washington Township	307	229	266	211	268	202	267	261	262	220	331	217
Wenonah Borough	349	82	335	71	336	74	313	118	330	96	395	55
West Deptford Township	486	234	453	198	469	210	431	295	450	255	535	200
Westville Borough	559	262	494	212	524	218	506	273	429	224	606	206
Woodbury—1 Ward	324	66	278	53	299	54	279	102	275	86	223	101
2 Ward	941	295	835	256	868	273	750	446	801	344	892	339
3 Ward	635	215	590	177	594	179	531	285	554	254	612	275
Total vote	1900	576	1703	486	1761	506	1560	833	1630	684	1827	715
Woodbury Heights Borough	110	63	104	55	110	55	93	75	102	63	111	66
Woolwich Township	183	43	162	37	165	42	164	52	170	48	174	46
Total vote, county	11693	4869	10258	4119	10812	4331	10231	5775	10501	5078	12180	4458

Elector—Single Tax, 5; Socialist, 225; National Prohibition, 752; Farmer Labor, 11; Socialist Labor, 2. Congress (full term)—National Prohibition, 874; Socialist, 82; Non-partisan League, 20. Congress (vacancy)—National Prohibition, 872. Senator—National Prohibition, 525. Assembly—National Prohibition, 637.

HUDSON COUNTY.

	Electors.		9 Con. Dist. (Part)		11 Con. Dist.		12 Con. Dist.	
	Rep.	Dem.	McGlennon, Dem.	Taylor, Rep.	Eagan, Dem.	Olpp, Rep.	O'Brien, Dem.	Williams, Rep.
Bayonne City—								
1 Ward	2230	2121	2429	1560	...	...	...	...
2 Ward	2027	1303	1455	1564	...	...	...	...
3 Ward	4004	1458	1568	3455	...	...	...	...
4 Ward	765	910	974	506	...	...	...	...
5 Ward	883	627	693	682	...	...	...	...
Total vote	9909	6419	7119	7767	...	...	...	...
East Newark Bor.	263	418	559	140	...	...	...	...
Guttenburg Town	1082	397	...	...	496	842	...	...
Harrison Town—								
1 Ward	238	416	546	72	...	...	...	...
2 Ward	193	284	349	93	...	...	...	...
3 Ward	424	410	571	234	...	...	...	...
4 Ward	596	836	1120	312	...	...	...	...
Total vote	1451	1946	2586	711	...	...	...	...
Hoboken City—								
1 Ward	1296	885	...	...	1011	1114	...	...
2 Ward	2327	992	...	...	1184	1966	...	...
3 Ward	1608	1239	...	...	1386	1273	...	...
4 Ward	1282	1217	...	...	1326	1067	...	...
5 Ward	2581	1769	...	...	1927	2198	...	...
Total vote	9094	6102	...	...	6834	7618	...	...
Jersey City—								
1 Ward	1186	1950	...	...	...	...	2336	631
2 Ward	893	3676	...	...	3947	504	...	...
3 Ward	1704	2273	...	...	...	...	2675	942
4 Ward	1839	2452	...	...	...	...	2961	1047
5 Ward	1609	1168	...	...	...	...	1263	954
6 Ward	2337	2357	...	...	...	...	2735	1798
7 Ward	7674	4623	5522	6090	...	...	...	...
8 Ward	8891	4611	...	...	...	...	5543	7223
9 Ward	7074	4406	...	...	...	...	5199	5646
10 Ward	3587	3301	...	...	...	...	3932	2421
11 Ward	5294	3612	...	...	...	...	4694	3697
12 Ward	6335	2140	...	...	...	...	3189	4731
Total vote	48424	36569	5522	6090	3947	504	34527	29009
Kearny Town—								
1 Ward	1032	430	628	770	...	...	...	...
2 Ward	1540	552	805	1169	...	...	...	...
3 Ward	1925	442	642	1554	...	...	...	...
4 Ward	1164	357	595	780	...	...	...	...
Total vote	5661	1781	2670	4273	...	...	...	...

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors.		9 Con. Dist. (Part)		11 Con. Dist.		12 Con. Dist.	
	Rep.	Dem.	McGlennon, Dem.	Taylor, Rep.	Eagan, Dem.	Olpp, Rep.	O'Brien Dem.	Williams, Rep
North Bergen Township—								
1 Ward	2172	860	...	...	1221	1677	...	...
2 Ward	1156	587	...	...	693	1015	...	...
3 Ward	1091	604	...	....	718	926	...	...
Total vote	4419	2051	...	...	2632	3618	...	...
Secaucus	704	146	...	...	197	661	...	...
Union Town—								
1 Ward	1094	276	...	...	370	960	...	...
2 Ward	1250	363	...	...	526	1064	...	...
3 Ward	2226	701	...	...	1004	1698	...	...
Total vote	4570	1340	...	...	1900	3722	...	...
West New York Town—								
1 Ward	2550	817	...	...	1120	2029	...	...
2 Ward	1659	462	...	...	362	811	...	...
3 Ward	1039	228	...	...	675	1233	...	...
Total vote	5248	1507	...	...	2157	4073	...	...
Weehawken Twp.—								
1 Ward	294	394	...	...	434	197	...	...
2 Ward	1324	363	...	...	507	1146	...	...
3 Ward	2502	840	...	...	1239	1924	...	...
Total vote	4120	1597	...	...	2180	3267	...	...
West Hoboken—								
1 Ward	1990	636	...	...	802	1692	...	...
2 Ward	2948	1179	...	...	1527	2468	...	...
3 Ward	1873	549	...	...	730	1581	...	...
Total vote	6814	2364	...	...	3059	5741	...	...
Total vote, county	101759	62637	18456	18981	23402	30046	34527	29080

HUDSON COUNTY.

	Democrat Assembly											
	Crawford, Dem.	Flynn, Dem.	Gaede, Dem.	George, Dem.	Hansen, Dem.	Lewis, Dem.	Masano, Dem.	Supinski, Dem.	Stanton, Dem.	Donovan, Dem.	Eastmead, Dem.	Sarokin, Dem.
Bayonne, City of—												
1 Ward	2447	2446	2441	2438	2439	2433	2420	2375	2420	2558	2427	2389
2 Ward	1607	1604	1604	1600	1591	1604	1593	1318	1592	1706	1583	1580
3 Ward	1646	1639	1635	1639	1644	1644	1606	1566	1629	1774	1628	1595
4 Ward	1051	1059	1050	1051	1051	1049	1047	1032	1060	1102	1033	1022
5 Ward	709	701	699	700	691	702	693	695	695	746	698	677
Total vote	7460	7449	7429	7428	7417	7432	7368	6986	7396	7806	7369	7263
East Newark Bor.	473	469	467	467	464	466	465	463	464	468	462	459
Guttenburg Town	554	553	551	551	555	550	545	542	545	546	543	541
Harrison, Town of—												
1 Ward	493	490	492	492	490	489	491	488	490	489	490	486
2 Ward	313	315	311	311	310	311	309	310	310	310	308	307
3 Ward	450	445	439	436	437	438	432	431	434	441	436	421
4 Ward	952	942	931	935	933	934	943	922	929	938	927	910
Total vote	2208	2192	2173	2174	2170	2172	2175	2151	2163	2178	2161	2124
Hoboken, City of—												
1 Ward	1032	1033	1015	1030	1024	1020	1013	871	1036	1032	1022	976
2 Ward	1221	1213	1260	1220	1214	1216	1207	1153	1251	1210	1201	1193
3 Ward	1460	1459	1465	1465	1460	1463	1475	1428	1461	1455	1460	1437
4 Ward	1413	1409	1417	1412	1404	1410	1419	1320	1409	1417	1406	1407
5 Ward	1978	1979	1988	1976	1976	1980	1969	1926	1981	1985	1961	1944
Total vote	7104	7090	7145	7103	7078	7089	7083	6698	7138	7099	7050	6957

	Democrat Assembly											
	Crawford, Dem.	Flynn, Dem.	Gaede, Dem.	George, Dem.	Hansen, Dem.	Lewis, Dem.	Masano, Dem.	Spinski, Dem.	Stanton, Dem.	Donovan, Dem.	Eastmead, Dem.	Sarokin, Dem.
Jersey City—												
1 Ward	2344	2363	2338	2340	2339	2335	2332	2182	2331	2341	2328	2165
2 Ward	4058	4061	4062	4002	4060	4057	4054	3930	4049	4061	4035	3973
3 Ward	2699	2711	2701	2706	2702	2715	2704	2504	2690	2712	2679	2562
4 Ward	2944	2961	2943	2965	2952	2944	2928	2775	2961	2948	2915	2904
5 Ward	1401	1404	1394	1401	1401	1400	1475	1329	1399	1404	1390	1338
6 Ward	2712	2707	2707	2709	2709	2708	2704	2686	2702	2706	2696	2680
7 Ward	5770	5775	5755	5800	5752	5764	5722	5616	5750	5763	5716	5648
8 Ward	5414	5400	5399	5432	5392	5427	5315	5161	5376	5372	5356	5225
9 Ward	5051	5028	5027	5054	5035	5122	4971	4860	5017	5026	4999	4875
10 Ward	3918	3922	3902	3907	3920	3929	3902	3784	3923	3908	3878	3730
11 Ward	4652	4648	4653	4662	4692	4664	4612	4450	4631	4629	4619	4435
12 Ward	3011	2995	3015	3022	3049	3017	2970	2876	3005	3008	3020	2961
Total vote	43974	43975	43896	44000	44003	44082	43689	42153	43834	43878	43638	42496
Kearny, Town of—												
1 Ward	495	470	462	474	472	469	466	461	465	475	459	456
2 Ward	645	625	618	628	618	620	615	614	616	631	615	618
3 Ward	614	426	422	425	423	432	400	415	425	423	417	407
4 Ward	478	448	436	442	439	443	431	429	439	445	436	425
Total vote	2232	1969	1938	1969	1952	1964	1912	1919	1945	1974	1927	1906
North Bergen Twp.—												
1 Ward	1085	1074	1070	1076	1067	1071	1058	1037	1067	1062	1065	1051
2 Ward	706	703	703	704	706	703	701	701	702	702	702	704
3 Ward	824	823	822	826	815	815	818	799	815	814	814	801
Total vote	2615	2600	2595	2606	2528	2589	2577	2537	2584	2578	2581	2556

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued..

	Democrat Assembly											
	Crawford, Dem.	Flynn, Dem.	Gaede, Dem.	George, Dem.	Hansen, Dem.	Lewis, Dem.	Masano, Dem.	Supinski, Rep.	Stanton, Rep.	Donovan, Dem.	Eastmead, Dem.	Sarokin, Dem.
Secaucus	226	227	226	228	229	228	229	227	227	229	228	224
Union, Town of—												
1 Ward	333	327	333	334	338	333	335	318	330	331	336	337
2 Ward	554	542	543	547	549	544	556	511	546	545	541	546
3 Ward	888	917	917	917	919	918	910	865	915	906	921	908
Total vote	1775	1786	1793	1798	1806	1795	1801	1694	1791	1782	1798	1791
West New York, Town of—												
1 Ward	1160	1151	1144	1149	1148	1150	1137	958	1143	1143	1135	1107
2 Ward	377	377	380	381	378	377	379	353	371	371	367	365
3 Ward	713	711	705	702	705	705	693	672	703	707	691	681
Total vote	2250	2239	2229	2232	2231	2232	2209	1983	2217	2221	2193	2153
Weehawken Twp.—												
1 Ward	427	426	427	425	426	425	423	421	425	423	424	420
2 Ward	464	463	465	458	461	457	453	431	462	461	466	478
3 Ward	1039	1027	1038	1024	1026	1023	1003	990	1022	1015	1013	1018
Total vote	1930	1916	1930	1907	1913	1905	1879	1842	1909	1899	1903	1916
West Hoboken—												
1 Ward	830	825	832	836	835	829	834	793	832	825	833	830
2 Ward	1461	1468	1478	1473	1480	1458	1466	1432	1467	1467	1499	1440
3 Ward	712	712	709	718	711	714	712	673	710	704	712	697
Total vote	3003	3005	3019	3027	3026	3001	3012	2898	3009	2996	3044	2967
Total vote, county	75644	75473	75391	75490	75432	75505	74944	72093	75222	75734	74890	73353

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

	Republican Assembly											
	Tuttle, Rep.	Templeton, Rep.	Rosser, Rep.	Laughran, Rep.	Nelson, Rep.	Loori, Rep.	Stephens, Rep.	Engleke, Rep.	Patterson, Rep.	Stephens, Rep.	Seibel, Rep.	Fallon, Rep.
Bayonne, City of—												
1 Ward	1866	1868	1866	1874	1869	1899	1876	1845	1853	1831	1836	1852
2 Ward	1713	1715	1708	1708	1709	1795	1762	1709	1713	1708	1680	1670
3 Ward	3756	3752	3740	3754	3766	3757	3792	3737	3744	3731	3719	3718
4 Ward	591	582	582	585	584	591	588	562	575	558	570	583
5 Ward	766	761	757	764	762	767	776	750	751	742	741	740
Total vote	8692	8678	8653	8685	8690	8809	8794	8603	8636	8570	8546	8563
East Newark Bor.	202	202	202	200	203	201	201	200	200	201	200	199
Guttenburg Town	869	868	867	861	869	865	865	862	864	863	871	860
Harrison, Town of—												
1 Ward	111	108	107	105	108	113	110	109	112	109	107	109
2 Ward	121	122	121	121	121	121	121	121	117	120	120	122
3 Ward	363	364	362	367	361	361	365	361	396	362	358	368
4 Ward	436	439	436	438	438	439	440	436	462	439	436	455
Total vote	1031	1033	1026	1031	1028	1034	1036	1027	1097	1030	1021	1054
Hoboken, City of—												
1 Ward	1101	1103	1313	1105	1101	1119	1101	1101	1106	1123	1096	1119
2 Ward	2030	2026	2036	2023	2024	2044	2018	2017	2012	2016	2002	1958
3 Ward	1294	1294	1310	1294	1294	1309	1292	1295	1292	1286	1297	1272
4 Ward	1052	1047	1074	1052	1050	1113	1044	1038	1045	1041	1040	1037
5 Ward	2306	2302	2300	2293	2292	2290	2285	2282	2286	2295	2278	2274
Total vote	7783	7772	8033	7767	7761	7875	7740	7733	7741	7761	7713	7660

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

	Republican Assembly											
	Tuttle, Rep.	Templeton, Rep.	Rosser, Rep.	Laughran, Rep.	Nelson, Rep.	Loori, Rep.	Stephens, Rep.	Engleke, Rep.	Patterson, Rep.	Stephens, Rep.	Seibel, Rep.	Fallon, Rep.
Jersey City—												
1 Ward	804	796	806	806	812	907	801	797	802	799	823	879
2 Ward	525	530	512	526	526	804	516	510	516	514	515	517
3 Ward	1204	1214	1201	1215	1207	1370	1195	1192	1188	1177	1185	1178
4 Ward	1318	1317	1306	1320	1323	1407	1305	1309	1293	1298	1284	1387
5 Ward	1296	1308	1297	1312	1296	1449	1279	1283	1285	1276	1267	1278
6 Ward	1985	1983	1970	1977	1982	1999	1973	1980	1970	1974	1962	1972
7 Ward	6536	6535	6507	6552	6549	6530	6525	6499	6505	6502	6481	6492
8 Ward	7937	7923	7873	7888	7991	7903	7894	7869	7904	7877	7834	7857
9 Ward	6299	6289	6254	6300	6290	6306	6263	6243	6269	6268	6231	6260
10 Ward	2851	2885	2842	2864	2851	2917	2887	2827	2839	2831	2821	2867
11 Ward	4280	4217	4215	4215	4221	4309	4215	4220	4204	4197	4191	4163
12 Ward	5403	5392	5372	5367	5374	5394	5364	5369	5355	5359	5325	5318
Total vote	40438	40389	40155	40342	40422	41304	40217	40098	40130	40072	39919	40168
Kearny, Town of—												
1 Ward	956	957	952	944	957	952	952	957	961	959	957	947
2 Ward	1429	1442	1430	1417	1438	1424	1435	1428	1434	1430	1429	1422
3 Ward	1824	1875	1867	1857	1875	1857	1878	1865	1863	1841	1833	1784
4 Ward	1033	1043	1035	1038	1037	1031	1031	1026	1033	1036	1027	1020
Total vote	5242	5317	5284	5256	5307	5264	5293	5276	5291	5266	5246	5172
North Bergen Twp.—												
1 Ward	1877	1881	1868	1868	1874	1872	1872	1866	1877	1859	1868	1871
2 Ward	1053	1042	1047	1043	1046	1043	1044	1045	1042	1042	1043	1037
3 Ward	892	892	889	891	895	901	893	913	891	888	889	886
Total vote	3822	3815	3804	3802	3815	3816	3809	3824	3810	3789	3800	3794

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

	Republican Assembly											
	Tuttle Rep.	Templeton, Rep.	Rosser, Rep.	Laughran, Rep.	Nelson, Rep.	Loori, Rep.	Stephens, Rep.	Engleke, Rep.	Patterson, Rep.	Stephens, Rep.	Seibel, Rep.	Fallon, Rep.
Secaucus	572	569	578	570	569	570	565	568	566	566	565	569
Union, Town of—												
1 Ward	768	764	762	760	763	764	764	768	759	762	760	755
2 Ward	1001	1001	999	1000	1006	1014	994	993	992	992	995	987
3 Ward	1847	1848	1844	1839	1845	1833	1843	1848	1834	1831	1841	1834
Total vote	3616	3613	3605	3599	3614	3611	3601	3609	3585	3585	3596	3576
West New York, Town of—												
1 Ward	2155	2143	2136	2134	2132	2136	2134	2129	2137	2130	2184	2129
2 Ward	789	780	777	777	780	784	780	783	776	778	798	772
3 Ward	1283	1274	1273	1277	1282	1277	1279	1272	1277	1275	1307	1283
Total vote	4227	4197	4186	4188	4194	4197	4193	4184	4190	4183	4289	4184
Weehawken Twp.—												
1 Ward	203	202	204	203	201	202	201	206	203	202	203	202
2 Ward	1200	1197	1193	1194	1199	1202	1201	1196	1192	1192	1095	1179
3 Ward	2211	2209	2206	2202	2209	2205	2210	2207	2213	2213	2209	2199
Total vote	3614	3608	3603	3599	3609	3609	3612	3609	3608	3607	3507	3580
West Hoboken—												
1 Ward	1681	1679	1684	1677	1679	1698	1676	1683	1672	1671	1671	1671
2 Ward	2555	2556	2548	2548	2542	2545	2544	2554	2541	2549	2527	2532
3 Ward	1729	1617	1619	1618	1620	1645	1625	1615	1615	1622	1608	1608
Total vote	5965	5852	5851	5843	5841	5888	5845	5852	5828	5842	5806	5811
Total vote, county	86073	85913	85847	85743	85922	87043	85775	85445	85546	85335	85079	85191

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

	Sheriff	
	Madigan, Dem.	Hart, Rep.
Bayonne, City of—		
1 Ward	2669	1643
2 Ward	1800	1475
3 Ward	1899	3474
4 Ward	1126	504
5 Ward	756	697
Total vote	8250	7793
East Newark Borough	489	172
Guttenburg, Town of	627	764
Harrison, Town of—		
1 Ward	545	92
2 Ward	339	108
3 Ward	508	298
4 Ward	1001	399
Total vote	2393	897
Hoboken, City of—		
1 Ward	1158	1019
2 Ward	1377	1851
3 Ward	1573	1151
4 Ward	1614	868
5 Ward	2106	2156
Total vote	7828	7045
Jersey City—		
1 Ward	2411	735
2 Ward	4138	477
3 Ward	2865	1104
4 Ward	3000	1315
5 Ward	1462	1284
6 Ward	2849	1883
7 Ward	6181	6166
8 Ward	5753	7526
9 Ward	5191	6209
10 Ward	4117	2842
11 Ward	4954	3989
12 Ward	3437	4966
Total vote	46358	38496
Kearny, Town of—		
1 Ward	491	938
2 Ward	699	1357
3 Ward	460	1813
4 Ward	505	964
Total vote	2155	5072
North Bergen Twp.—		
1 Ward	1244	678
2 Ward	791	962
3 Ward	881	804
Total vote	2916	3444

HUDSON COUNTY—Continued.

	Sheriff	
	Madigan, Dem.	Hart, Rep.
Secaucus	297	492
Union, Town of—		
1 Ward	495	760
2 Ward	715	860
3 Ward	1146	1615
Total vote	2356	3235
West New York, Town of—		
1 Ward	1396	1866
2 Ward	539	660
3 Ward	956	1084
Total vote	2891	3610
Weehawken Twp.—		
1 Ward	474	176
2 Ward	556	1119
3 Ward	1218	2041
Total vote	2248	3336
West Hoboken—		
1 Ward	969	1528
2 Ward	1692	2318
3 Ward	837	1455
Total vote	3498	5301
Total vote, county	82306	79657

Electors—Sin. Tax, 64; Soc., 5454; Nat. Pro., 24; Far. Lab., 701; Soc. Lab., 144.

Congress—8th Con. Dist. (part), Enforcement Volstead Act, 16; Soc., 378; 11th Con. Dist. (part), American Free Ind., 171; Soc. 845; 12th Con. Dist. (part), Against Wilson League, 923; Soc., 452.

Assembly—Soc., 2951; Soc. Lab., 375; Sin. Tax, 135.

Sheriff—Soc., 3288.

HUNTERDON COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.		Sheriff.		County Clerk.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Hutchinson, Rep.	Browne, Dem.	Moore, Rep.	Durling, Dem.	England, Rep.	Opdycke, Dem.	Higgins, Rep.	Holcombe, Dem.
Alexandria Township	146	143	136	127	130	136	131	156	123	163
Bethlehem Township	90	87	89	71	92	70	77	92	84	81
Bloomsbury Borough	105	180	114	163	86	190	113	174	116	173
Califon Borough	142	138	138	125	132	131	134	141	137	132
Clinton, Town of	290	179	303	142	278	174	307	154	250	220
Clinton Township	497	357	467	334	425	402	471	377	471	377
Delaware Township	330	348	341	313	304	324	286	385	282	412
East Amwell Township	245	241	244	222	214	233	262	224	163	330
Franklin Township	220	208	228	176	194	215	241	196	182	256
Flemington Borough	747	553	710	533	665	562	667	606	565	742
Frenchtown Borough	332	268	336	255	311	279	183	427	325	267
Glen Gardner Borough	171	118	163	102	175	104	165	115	163	115
Hampton Borough	218	140	218	121	218	124	217	134	250	101
High Bridge Borough	498	185	464	177	456	203	470	189	494	178
Holland Township	142	123	144	103	116	124	123	141	140	121
Kingwood Township	245	208	229	204	210	223	199	264	237	219
Lambertville, City of—										
1 Ward	121	392	91	399	136	341	111	383	159	340
2 Ward	345	270	290	307	331	260	317	283	315	283
3 Ward	611	411	579	427	611	384	604	417	586	435
Total vote	1077	1073	960	1133	1078	985	1032	1083	1060	1058
Lebanon Township	220	150	202	138	210	143	213	144	211	140
Milford Borough	164	125	155	124	141	130	117	173	143	141
Raritan Township	269	264	268	246	223	285	257	256	206	355
Readington Township	617	443	554	467	550	478	551	498	558	510
Stockton Borough	129	100	95	130	118	98	108	117	130	90
Tewksbury Township	291	248	286	219	261	252	253	277	257	271
Union Township	131	86	119	69	116	78	127	79	124	84
West Amwell Township	127	102	117	106	120	98	131	94	117	118
Total vote, county	7443	6067	7080	5800	6823	6041	6835	6526	6793	6656

Elector—Soc. Tax, 3; Soc., 76; Nat. Pro., 80; Far. Lab., 12; Soc. Lab., 5. Congress—Soc., 18.

MERCER COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.						Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Hutchinson, Rep.	Browne, Dem.	Guthrie, Rep.	Blackwell, Rep.	Read, Rep.	Connelly, Dem.	Hayden, Dem.	Konover, Dem.	Firth, Rep.	Farley, Dem.
East Windsor Twp.	191	56	158	63	177	184	175	52	52	56	184	50
Ewing Twp.	826	248	690	368	797	836	790	235	236	211	812	235
Hamilton Twp.	3417	1612	2619	2235	3413	3401	3338	1504	1375	1354	3339	1535
Hopewell Bor.	434	248	386	263	407	444	427	238	226	228	411	250
Hopewell Twp.	740	304	623	329	703	787	804	262	262	261	715	270
Hightstown Bor.	742	311	702	310	719	769	747	272	250	280	705	286
Lawrence Twp.	928	347	757	447	936	958	922	275	266	259	917	297
Pennington Bor.	318	126	315	123	323	334	331	102	103	104	316	109
Princeton Bor.	1649	996	1205	1434	1625	1694	1642	842	824	837	1589	888
Princeton Twp.	314	168	226	233	288	300	292	154	142	147	291	151
Trenton, City of—												
1 Ward	1332	792	1088	986	1341	1338	1259	811	747	711	1270	795
2 Ward	1822	784	1462	1069	1738	1762	1665	854	725	662	1768	779
3 Ward	1105	773	809	1037	1015	1002	918	866	767	767	896	968
4 Ward	530	589	339	749	479	451	423	662	552	570	484	642
5 Ward	1387	1242	912	1660	1432	1324	1236	1322	1195	1119	1374	1189
6 Ward	566	602	383	765	557	520	483	652	576	585	513	641
7 Ward	960	533	737	700	911	914	883	548	554	504	884	553
8 Ward	722	605	411	878	798	686	641	640	546	513	750	555
9 Ward	827	484	565	697	731	726	691	579	502	496	756	538
10 Ward	1776	853	1280	1320	1638	1660	1572	990	851	853	1537	1035
11 Ward	1695	1021	938	1742	1594	1532	1411	1193	1077	1074	1460	1198
12 Ward	2222	1141	1571	1725	2332	2253	2129	1162	1026	901	2145	1133
13 Ward	2787	1110	2330	1439	2686	2749	2620	1191	1050	1009	2663	1157
14 Ward	1705	531	1433	742	1657	1719	1626	542	478	449	1676	507
Total vote	19436	11060	14258	15509	18776	18636	17557	12012	10646	10213	18176	11699
Washington Twp.	301	132	269	143	284	306	291	135	128	135	292	131
West Windsor Twp.	330	105	287	118	267	339	277	77	88	202	320	91
Total vote, county	29626	15713	22495	21575	28848	29028	27473	16149	14598	14292	28067	15989

Electors—Sin. Tax, 24; Soc., 1118; Nat. Pro., 69; Far. Lab., 41; Soc. Lab., 41. Congressman—Soc., 684. Assembly—Soc., 873. Sheriff—Soc., 778.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.						Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Appleby, Rep.	Ramsay, Dem.	Peterson, Rep.	Appleby, Rep.	Lyons, Rep.	Coakley, Dem.	Pilger, Dem.	Maloney, Dem.	Wyckoff, Rep.	Gebhardt, Dem.
Cranbury	445	135	443	88	438	453	337	125	148	110	443	118
Dunellen	870	264	770	268	818	841	808	265	257	287	812	307
East Brunswick	388	88	311	120	342	342	320	137	129	121	322	158
Highland Park	1757	475	1555	506	1194	1200	1407	505	788	452	1174	1060
Helmetta	89	89	81	93	93	91	92	91	87	92	93	89
Jamesburg	422	137	360	130	408	435	388	142	135	116	408	142
Madison	414	87	265	152	362	321	354	129	130	103	350	118
Metuchen	918	371	845	357	882	896	872	374	375	349	849	431
Middlesex	337	101	248	111	305	311	306	102	97	94	269	147
Milltown	756	100	631	138	722	738	624	133	168	90	657	190
Monroe	428	102	368	88	415	426	402	103	102	98	413	97
New Brunswick, City of—												
1 Ward	890	482	687	607	743	724	771	570	656	637	727	643
2 Ward	1404	459	1036	610	1229	1194	1283	587	551	537	1153	675
3 Ward	634	304	469	396	449	479	545	357	461	335	520	400
4 Ward	1505	615	1336	674	1369	1371	1359	681	753	607	1317	881
5 Ward	921	509	677	639	770	751	985	562	518	520	788	618
6 Ward	904	860	762	884	773	774	1145	881	648	880	755	970
Total vote	6258	3229	4967	3810	5333	5293	6088	3638	3587	3516	5260	4187
North Brunswick	341	67	279	70	325	332	331	74	79	66	306	93
Perth Amboy, City of—												
1 Ward	1448	451	1165	631	1305	1239	1229	519	564	540	1258	564
2 Ward	803	373	569	525	667	639	618	459	416	507	654	477
3 Ward	689	275	489	388	558	517	522	351	378	436	556	392
4 Ward	1220	339	951	511	1129	1023	1020	433	421	567	1047	601
5 Ward	443	419	314	448	335	301	297	399	366	583	317	503
6 Ward	1316	414	1010	568	980	1048	1031	506	466	719	1079	600
Total vote	5919	2271	4498	3071	4974	4767	4717	2667	2611	3352	4911	3137

MIDDLESEX COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.						Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Appleby, Rep.	Ramsay, Dem.	Peterson, Rep.	Appleby, Rep.	Lyons, Rep.	Coakley, Dem.	Pilger, Dem.	Maloney, Dem.	Wyckoff, Rep.	Gebhardt, Dem.
Piscataway	813	311	717	287	753	776	734	338	325	337	725	370
Plainsboro	173	98	158	80	168	173	153	86	110	89	176	92
Raritan	1063	235	906	324	915	911	908	219	338	318	825	450
Roosevelt	1293	485	962	634	1058	1058	1044	688	696	710	1028	707
Sayreville	1022	331	632	489	795	765	813	497	535	527	721	560
South Amboy—												
1 Ward	466	361	361	366	384	406	395	462	382	378	406	385
2 Ward	362	389	309	371	304	311	330	479	365	422	314	420
3 Ward	388	369	285	390	279	298	309	473	394	435	320	405
4 Ward	608	198	475	221	534	542	543	297	219	232	564	220
Total vote	1824	1317	1430	1348	1501	1557	1577	1711	1360	1467	1604	1430
South Brunswick	472	179	411	146	457	470	418	164	172	148	441	189
South River	1086	294	701	436	777	797	780	446	491	408	737	505
Spottswood	125	135	125	109	121	139	120	119	118	113	122	129
Woodbridge—												
1 Ward	885	365	704	421	771	756	756	420	410	428	740	424
2 Ward	672	121	540	163	615	616	595	148	149	198	611	148
3 Ward	594	231	474	275	544	540	531	256	232	269	532	267
Total vote	2151	717	1718	859	1930	1912	1882	824	791	895	1883	839
Total vote, county	29334	11618	23380	13714	25126	24994	25475	13677	13629	13878	24529	15545

Electors—Sin. Tax, 14; Soc., 848; Nat. Pro., 139; Far. Lab., 88; Soc. Lab., 47. Congress—Soc., 418. Assembly—Soc., 413; Nat. Pro., 102. Sheriff—Nat. Pro., 371; Soc., 64.

MONMOUTH COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Senator.		Assembly.				Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Appleby, Rep.	Ramsay, Dem.	Stevens, Rep.	Van Note, Dem.	Lohsen, Rep.	Sexsmith, Rep.	Newman, Dem.	Jemison, Dem.	Gravatt, Rep.	Van Mater, Dem.
Allenhurst Bor.	167	50	141	66	159	59	156	157	57	56	161	52
Allentown Bor.	304	102	306	95	303	100	297	295	110	101	284	122
Asbury Park, City of—												
1 Ward	1869	489	1699	659	1768	548	1655	1681	579	640	1800	566
2 Ward	1233	404	1167	470	1180	416	1099	1126	436	498	1195	435
Total vote	3102	893	2866	1129	2948	964	2754	2807	1015	1138	2995	1001
Atlantic Township	194	180	181	182	176	179	165	173	182	181	149	213
Atlantic Highlands Bor.	516	310	514	291	487	321	517	486	303	280	142	718
Avon Bor.	272	94	224	121	264	91	231	245	107	112	254	101
Belmar Bor.	709	241	632	291	646	281	541	652	346	303	657	265
Bradley Beach Bor.	725	376	694	400	721	376	663	690	405	431	787	342
Brielle Bor.	132	65	127	71	121	78	115	122	78	71	126	73
Deal Bor.	184	79	169	85	176	77	163	163	86	87	141	122
Eatontown Twp.	502	165	448	161	437	178	428	421	150	148	400	202
Englishtown Bor.	204	128	199	124	193	136	192	195	135	134	184	146
Fairhaven Bor.	427	134	341	156	317	197	366	340	129	125	249	277
Farmingdale Bor.	168	97	166	95	150	107	155	163	103	96	119	143
Freehold Bor.	1322	805	1284	817	1230	854	1213	1216	830	798	1056	1098
Freehold Twp.	334	239	337	212	311	236	308	323	230	215	281	281
Highlands Bor.	430	283	378	323	386	315	375	366	306	304	185	532
Howdell Twp.	141	128	106	156	127	141	127	128	133	129	104	167
Howell Twp.	602	343	560	341	574	384	531	559	355	338	511	432
Keansburg Bor.	513	152	482	157	458	158	593	472	97	103	380	295
Keyport Bor.	1459	571	1346	659	1314	669	1345	1304	647	615	1108	904
Long Branch, City of—												
1 Ward	342	152	282	173	318	156	272	265	171	164	233	223
2 Ward	546	350	458	405	534	348	433	430	395	383	346	533
3 Ward	559	267	470	304	503	300	471	453	293	311	414	371
4 Ward	772	387	711	404	747	409	681	671	414	399	600	535
5 Ward	578	250	533	254	606	217	523	528	255	252	484	313
6 Ward	531	229	488	234	483	257	437	455	238	229	414	312
Total vote	3328	1635	2942	1771	3191	1687	2817	2802	1766	1738	2491	2287

MONMOUTH COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors.		Congress.		Senator.		Assembly.				Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Appleby, Rep.	Ramsay, Dem.	Stevens, Rep.	Van Note, Dem.	Lohsen Rep.	Sexsmith, Rep.	Newman, Dem.	Jemison, Dem.	Gravatt, Rep.	Van Mater, Dem.
Manalapan Twp.	337	168	330	158	311	182	331	330	165	163	310	187
Manasquan Bor.	586	243	586	245	494	322	517	570	302	255	549	275
Matawan Bor.	530	294	521	293	500	324	509	492	324	309	455	372
Matawan Twp.	261	196	234	227	238	232	227	222	225	219	201	276
Marlboro Twp.	368	319	349	338	324	352	328	333	337	332	297	404
Middletown Twp.	1699	750	1554	774	1562	793	1685	1580	681	644	745	1485
Millstone Twp.	310	178	297	150	254	185	267	283	178	170	264	197
Monmouth Beach Bor.	192	101	163	88	189	85	162	161	93	92	152	108
Neptune City Bor.	135	105	133	109	115	105	102	109	106	121	147	90
Neptune Twp.	874	309	791	368	821	344	759	792	324	416	920	298
Ocean Grove Bor.	1062	292	1045	312	1065	286	1024	1021	302	315	1107	263
Ocean Port Bor.	173	83	164	94	176	94	161	164	91	89	149	106
Ocean Twp.	452	289	416	313	347	403	391	398	309	317	416	317
Raritan Twp.	330	136	275	173	300	162	331	312	137	137	222	247
Red Bank Bor.	2627	860	2298	1047	2332	1024	2408	2314	895	864	1782	1542
Rumson Bor.	495	259	439	288	438	300	429	424	293	275	320	424
Sea Bright Bor.	142	177	144	185	152	179	150	147	184	182	115	225
Sea Girt Bor.	71	12	67	13	68	14	65	69	18	14	66	14
Shrewsbury Twp.	597	177	532	213	550	195	545	556	189	182	507	241
Spring Lake Bor.	411	141	383	168	370	177	273	391	288	182	376	177
Upper Freehold Twp.	415	212	426	188	404	208	407	423	203	199	401	218
Wall Twp.	708	450	692	465	648	478	576	684	531	466	658	453
West Long Branch Bor.	308	155	285	147	289	170	286	282	159	156	282	179
Total vote, county	28818	12976	26567	14059	26641	14202	25985	26191	13904	13592	23405	17851

Electors—Sin. Tax, 11; Soc., 291; Nat. Pro., 162; Far. Lab., 56; Soc. Lab., 23. Congress—Soc., 211. Senator—Sin. Tax, 26.

MORRIS COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.				Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ackerman, Rep.	Clement, Dem.	Downs, Rep.	Owen, Rep.	Barry, Dem.	Bain, Dem.	Eyram, Rep.	Elliott, Dem.
Boonton, Town of—										
1 Ward	399	102	376	95	401	389	91	94	411	80
2 Ward	428	102	404	101	431	424	88	96	454	75
3 Ward	311	107	240	154	311	298	97	98	309	90
4 Ward	276	73	205	121	207	203	71	73	259	77
Total vote	1414	384	1225	471	1350	1314	347	361	1433	322
Boonton Twp.	194	30	185	29	187	181	29	37	184	30
Butler Bor.	835	297	668	275	710	820	300	224	715	314
Chatham Bor.	768	224	747	184	780	776	178	171	768	175
Chatham Twp.	251	67	221	51	226	230	57	49	239	45
Chester Twp.	267	278	232	270	249	249	276	275	254	280
Denville Twp.	305	86	286	74	287	284	82	81	317	71
Dover, Town of—										
1 Ward	739	196	712	175	724	688	184	165	850	142
2 Ward	479	197	446	191	491	471	175	170	558	153
3 Ward	610	126	563	115	594	577	103	96	625	154
4 Ward	899	165	835	171	860	838	149	147	1030	89
Total vote	2727	684	2556	652	2669	2574	611	578	3063	538
Florham Park Bor.	191	85	172	82	182	182	84	81	187	77
Hanover Twp.	1439	410	1383	372	1399	1300	377	477	1423	376
Jefferson Twp.	320	116	268	101	278	278	111	107	295	111
Madison Bor.	1430	675	1329	719	1427	1392	631	577	1352	640
Medham Bor.	257	103	239	93	240	243	101	96	238	110
Medham Twp.	190	80	169	73	169	169	92	88	177	85
Montville Twp.	561	92	600	94	560	542	72	75	544	67

MORRIS COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.				Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Ackerman, Rep.	Clement, Dem.	Downs, Rep.	Owen, Rep.	Barry, Dem.	Bain, Dem.	Byram, Rep.	Elliott, Dem.
Morristown, Town of—										
1 Ward	1148	377	1092	352	1142	1127	343	326	1121	360
2 Ward	1216	469	1087	473	1152	1127	460	439	1126	475
3 Ward	872	373	808	387	850	846	373	356	855	386
4 Ward	614	416	575	402	569	576	508	396	569	403
Total vote	3850	1635	3562	1614	3713	3676	1684	1517	3671	1624
Morris Twp.	709	268	668	242	703	699	242	234	691	250
Mt. Arlington Bor.	85	15	82	16	88	86	11	13	90	11
Mt. Olive Twp.	187	168	165	146	171	169	152	153	181	162
Netcong Bor.	225	82	204	74	206	207	88	80	226	79
Passaic Twp.	775	239	677	231	664	647	314	273	683	262
Pequannock Twp.	767	106	738	92	760	759	88	73	743	84
Randolph Twp.	534	184	467	168	503	493	168	164	552	172
Rockaway Bor.	670	90	623	83	625	628	116	85	693	72
Rockaway Twp.	499	142	435	140	478	446	142	127	496	164
Roxbury Twp.	484	293	427	250	452	426	290	255	513	262
Washington Twp.	285	230	246	197	252	240	207	204	243	225
Wharton Bor.	467	193	457	171	468	459	186	173	534	178
Total vote, county	20686	7256	19031	6964	19796	19469	7036	6628	20505	6786

Electors—Soc. Tax, 13; Soc., 578; Nat. Pro., 284; Far. Lab., 87; Soc. Lab., 27. Congress—Soc., 402; Nat. Pro., 124. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 208; Soc., 461. Sheriff—Soc. 377.

OCEAN COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Appleby, Rep.	Ransay, Dem.	Cranmer, Rep.	Mueller, Dem.
Barnegat City Bor.	24	3	19	4	24	3
Bay Head Bor.	113	40	113	31	103	26
Beach Haven Bor.	151	28	132	32	144	35
Beachwood Bor.	41	16	40	12	41	11
Berkeley Twp.	223	44	204	40	203	48
Brick Twp.	258	77	233	57	246	67
Dover Twp.	799	193	746	187	722	202
Eagleswood Twp.	214	29	190	30	206	23
Harvey Cedars Bor.	26	1	7	15	12	11
Island Heights Bor.	151	28	145	20	140	22
Jackson Twp.	247	199	217	171	223	179
Lacey Twp.	177	57	155	48	163	61
Lakewood Twp.	1476	480	1377	499	1254	615
Lavallette Bor.	51	19	42	27	48	20
Little Egg Harbor Twp.	97	11	84	8	71	17
Long Beach Twp.	67	22	66	17	71	15
Manchester Twp.	180	126	144	121	160	104
Mantoloking Bor.	18	14	19	10	21	11
Ocean Twp.	85	21	61	24	53	41
Ocean Gate Twp.	63	21	54	11	53	14
Plumstead Twp.	360	128	316	133	324	126
Point Pleasant Bor.	333	138	304	117	276	130
Point Pleasant Beach Bor.	453	178	396	172	388	198
Seaside Heights Bor.	84	27	68	30	79	30
Seaside Park Bor.	75	48	57	51	54	59
Stafford Twp.	269	53	241	46	285	33
Surf City Bor.	10	6	7	6	10	5
Tuckerton Bor.	480	73	428	55	468	41
Union Twp.	315	58	286	49	248	102
Total vote, county	6840	2138	6151	2023	6090	2249

Electors—Sin. Tax, 2; Soc., 96; Nat. Pro., 53; Far. Lab., 8; Soc. Lab., 2. Congress—Soc., 63; Ind., 2.

PASSAIC COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress. 7th Con. Dis.		Congress. 6th Con. Dis. (Part.)	
	Rep.	Dem.	Hughes, Dem.	Radcliffe, Rep.	Shields, Dem.	Perkins, Rep.
Bloomingdale Bor.	440	99	...	...	88	349
Clifton, City of—						
1 Ward	871	165	192	739	...	...
2 Ward	849	201	307	675	...	...
3 Ward	1220	178	189	1062	...	...
4 Ward	932	63	72	811	...	...
5 Ward	1097	148	138	1000	...	...
Total vote	4970	755	898	4287	...	...
Haledon Bor.	625	79	116	507	...	...
Hawthorne Bor.	1384	234	381	1094	...	...
Little Falls Twp.	787	185	198	707	...	...
North Haledon Bor. ..	192	17	20	171	...	...
Passaic, City of—						
1 Ward	629	199	169	537	...	...
2 Ward	2100	412	432	1852	...	...
3 Ward	2444	424	412	2225	...	...
4 Ward	2207	534	599	1847	...	...
Total vote	7380	1569	1612	6461	...	...
Paterson, City of—						
1 Ward	2511	267	624	2025	...	...
2 Ward	3092	930	1363	2441	...	...
3 Ward	1751	667	946	1336	...	...
4 Ward	3271	686	1231	2579	...	...
5 Ward	2990	744	1040	2528	...	...
6 Ward	1135	391	530	978	...	...
7 Ward	723	625	773	519	...	...
8 Ward	1047	1111	1316	750	...	...
9 Ward	1329	1456	1665	962	...	...
10 Ward	1942	781	1112	1482	...	...
11 Ward	2701	473	743	2325	...	...
Total vote	22492	8131	11343	17925	...	...
Pompton Lakes Bor. ..	498	110	91	469	...	...
Prospect Park Bor. ...	942	46	82	838	...	...
Ringwood Bor.	168	27	...	...	22	140
Totowa Bor.	578	79	216	407	...	...
Wanaque Bor.	621	125	...	...	35	184
Wayne Twp.	735	143	126	645	...	...
West Milford Twp. ...	419	106	...	...	97	325
West Paterson Bor. ..	461	168	208	333	...	...
Total vote, county..	42692	11873	15291	33844	242	998

PASSAIC COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly.										Surrogate.	
	Roemer, Dem.	Delaney, Dem.	Noble, Dem.	Wolstenholme, Dem.	Murphy, Dem.	Mclonney, Rep.	Hershfield, Rep.	Evans, Rep.	Tottersall, Rep.	Roegner, Rep.	King, Dem.	Beggs, Rep.
Bloomingdale Bor.	69	68	75	63	73	412	429	428	431	431	64	401
Clifton, City of—												
1 Ward	153	169	151	150	163	837	839	844	839	845	154	802
2 Ward	196	219	214	227	211	822	809	802	823	815	205	768
3 Ward	150	185	155	154	166	1235	1188	1178	1189	1209	193	1110
4 Ward	90	97	84	78	81	853	856	849	849	843	93	806
5 Ward	120	145	125	119	131	1092	1070	1064	1066	1073	148	1031
Total vote	709	815	729	728	752	4844	4762	4737	4766	4785	793	4517
Haledon Bor.	83	83	86	77	79	551	546	541	540	554	73	541
Hawthorne Bor.	218	236	226	224	224	1300	1295	1319	1307	1309	225	1289
Little Falls Twp.	165	165	162	159	162	767	770	767	770	765	154	774
North Haledon Bor.	15	18	16	15	18	178	177	177	175	177	12	178
Passaic, City of—												
1 Ward	214	215	179	168	185	547	566	555	542	580	217	498
2 Ward	273	483	363	328	383	1973	1941	1954	1955	2053	519	1812
3 Ward	350	422	365	328	365	2366	2330	2355	2325	2397	454	2271
4 Ward	546	721	501	445	574	1980	1937	1970	1940	2152	826	1674
Total vote	1483	1841	1408	1269	1507	6866	6774	6834	6762	7182	2016	6255
Paterson, City of—												
1 Ward	430	351	344	329	335	2291	2339	2356	2348	2308	370	2258
2 Ward	1014	1035	981	977	1025	2845	2878	2883	2882	2846	1020	2767
3 Ward	709	706	692	674	700	1590	1602	1610	1613	1585	684	1579

PASSAIC COUNTY—Continued.

	Assembly.										Surrogate.	
	Roemer, Dem.	Delaney, Dem.	Noble, Dem.	Wolstenholme, Dem.	Murphy, Dem.	Meloney, Rep.	Hershfield, Rep.	Evans, Rep.	Tattersall, Rep.	Roegner, Rep.	King, Dem.	Beggs, Rep.
Paterson, City of—(Con.)												
4 Ward	1032	789	736	708	745	2880	3021	3007	2992	2940	735	2933
5 Ward	822	823	734	717	821	2809	2825	2867	2898	2814	766	2815
6 Ward	461	410	401	390	406	1037	1056	1063	1067	1042	410	1013
7 Ward	695	689	663	658	700	610	628	630	630	618	662	615
8 Ward	1215	1216	1179	1170	1215	905	908	936	937	912	1152	881
9 Ward	1569	1582	1528	1494	1561	1156	1160	1167	1194	1132	1500	1142
10 Ward	789	855	823	797	853	1788	1789	1792	1878	1794	841	1717
11 Ward	547	488	454	450	452	2567	2627	2649	2621	2576	456	2583
Total vote	9283	8944	8535	8364	8813	20478	20833	20960	21060	20567	8596	20303
Pompton Lakes Bor.	78	80	78	66	70	515	579	519	520	520	78	512
Prospect Park Bor.	40	40	40	39	41	922	929	930	928	927	56	870
Ringwood Bor.	19	19	22	17	18	163	159	162	162	160	17	154
Totowa Bor.	87	93	90	92	89	527	512	516	510	531	88	543
Wanaque Bor.	106	103	103	103	105	590	602	589	584	584	100	590
Wayne Twp.	110	113	113	115	111	692	692	700	695	697	99	708
West Milford Twp.	94	91	91	89	87	383	394	388	388	387	82	394
West Paterson Bor.	173	181	164	167	173	389	400	395	396	383	166	386
Total vote, county ..	12732	12895	11938	11587	12322	39577	39853	39962	39994	39959	12619	38415

Electors—Sin. Tax, 56; Soc., 4153; Nat. Pro., 108; Far. Lab., 218; Soc. Lab., 125. Congress—6th Con. Dist. (part)—Soc., 7; Sin. Tax, 4; Nat. Pro., 11. Congress—7th Con. Dis. (part)—Soc., 2939; Soc. Lab., 148; Nat. Pro., 225. Assembly—Nat. Pro., 351; Soc., 2977; Soc. Lab., 305. Surrogate—Nat. Pro., 255; Soc. Lab., 248; Soc., 2627.

SALEM COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress. Full Term.		Vacancy.		Senator.		Assembly.		Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Kramer, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Kramer, Dem.	Patterson, Jr., Rep.	Ware, Dem.	Allen, Rep.	Ewart, Dem.	Stiles, Rep.	Hannah, Dem.	Brandriff Rep.
Alloway Twp.	165	147	108	127	114	125	113	178	124	162	154	163
Elmer Bor.	256	213	160	209	160	204	183	270	197	261	199	268
Elsinboro Twp.	82	45	38	61	37	62	35	90	40	70	48	77
Lower Alloway Creek Twp.	381	93	66	302	63	307	74	391	61	336	106	348
Lower Penns Neck Twp.	351	252	233	280	221	260	291	287	235	295	404	217
Mannington Twp.	412	89	72	391	70	390	74	426	68	411	96	395
Oldmans Twp.	261	89	63	220	61	218	72	255	58	291	82	252
Penns Grove Bor.	1057	453	409	883	379	832	502	929	351	1081	531	974
Pilesgrove Twp.	282	122	104	248	99	246	102	288	99	273	130	268
Pittsgrove Twp.	226	200	185	198	182	194	189	220	193	207	202	207
Quinton Twp.	231	85	55	197	58	197	80	239	63	227	94	228
Salem, City of—												
East Ward	1226	506	437	1109	417	1086	773	965	445	1161	616	1105
West Ward	552	514	435	481	406	449	628	414	434	494	577	460
Total vote	1778	1020	872	1590	823	1535	1401	1379	879	1655	1293	1565
Upper Penns Neck Twp.	1202	363	325	1140	324	1117	383	1148	350	1171	416	1166
Upper Pittsgrove Twp.	404	155	98	343	105	342	127	427	135	407	148	407
Woodstown Bor.	550	157	110	490	117	479	148	555	123	542	136	565
Total vote, county	7638	3483	2898	6679	2813	6508	3774	7082	2976	7389	3939	7100

Electors—Sin. Tax, 1; Soc., 98; Nat. Pro., 253; Far. Lab., 10; Soc. Lab., 2. Congress (full term)—Nat. Pro., 630; Soc., 32; Non-Par. League, 4. Congress (vacancy)—Nat. Pro., 571.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Senator.		Assembly.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Hutchinson, Rep.	Browne, Dem.	Case, Rep.	Prout, Dem.	Hastings, Rep.	Berger, Dem.
Bedminster Twp..	270	136	255	126	289	107	256	129
Bernards Twp....	1180	486	1066	518	1154	490	1089	517
Bound Brook Bor.	1161	671	1020	725	1044	749	956	842
Bound Brook Bor.	1161	671	1022	725	1044	749	956	842
Branchburg Twp.	318	126	304	123	321	112	307	126
Bridgewater Twp.	999	552	801	621	790	673	762	693
Franklin Twp. ..	749	130	717	126	730	129	708	136
Hillsboro Twp. ..	634	213	582	212	595	219	569	226
Millstone Twp. .	80	18	72	16	73	19	68	20
Montgomery Twp.	302	92	282	96	315	82	293	95
N. Plainfield Bor.	2008	529	1921	463	1912	596	1856	581
N. Plainfield Twp.	280	92	274	96	263	113	277	97
Peapack-Gladstone Bor.	297	152	295	121	326	115	285	139
Rocky Hill Bor...	283	31	75	36	79	36	80	34
Somerville Bor. .	2021	734	1840	797	1842	854	1730	952
So. Bound Brook Bor.	305	131	262	155	253	177	232	174
Warren Twp. ...	275	99	241	89	241	115	241	103
Total vote, county	10962	4192	10007	4320	10227	4586	9709	4864

Electors—Sin. Tax, 7; Soc., 163; Nat. Pro., 80; Far. Lab., 25; Soc. Lab., 6. Congress—Soc., 50.

SUSSEX COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Assembly.		Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Perkins, Rep.	Shields, Dem.	Baldwin, Rep.	Simpson, Dem.	Littell, Rep.	Mackerley, Dem.
Andover Bor. ...	81	117	76	110	104	86	80	110
Andover Twp. ...	68	92	63	79	68	86	83	77
Branchville Bor..	178	112	165	94	184	84	175	107
Byram Twp.	50	46	40	45	43	42	42	46
Frankford Twp...	202	177	175	168	183	186	169	196
Franklin Bor. ..	495	165	419	178	452	161	453	190
Fredon Twp.	115	75	105	70	104	79	112	80
Green Twp.	102	92	85	85	95	79	83	104
Hamburg Bor. ..	251	122	231	122	239	120	185	186
Hampton Twp. .	74	79	74	66	89	50	75	75
Hardyston Twp..	188	54	160	51	164	58	172	64
Hopatcong Bor...	99	19	89	20	83	27	45	61
Lafayette Twp...	214	125	193	125	206	120	225	113
Montague Twp...	108	92	95	83	106	85	84	105
Newton, Town of	1135	860	958	860	1047	858	928	1091
Ogdensburg Bor..	225	75	191	75	198	69	235	64
Sandyston Twp...	129	150	96	134	123	140	83	174
Sparta Twp.	280	162	239	132	248	153	316	124
Stanhope Bor. ..	185	64	137	99	169	76	109	130
Stillwater Twp...	89	136	70	115	79	129	78	131
Sussex Bor.	380	227	237	212	357	234	331	235
Vernon Twp. ...	200	152	172	129	184	156	166	162
Walpack Twp. ..	30	64	22	62	42	48	27	69
Wantage Twp. ..	346	259	300	225	308	290	262	305
Total vote, county	5224	3516	4492	3339	4875	3416	4518	3999

Electors—Sin. Tax, 7; Soc., 42; Nat. Pro., 97; Far. Lab., 3; Soc. Lab., 3. Congress—Soc., 20; Sin. Tax, 1; Nat. Pro., 23.

UNION COUNTY.

	Electors.	Congress.		Senator.		Assembly.						Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Clement, Dem.	Ackerman, Rep.	Lord, Dem.	Runyon, Rep.	Clair, Dem.	Caulfield, Dem.	Cook, Dem.	Pierson, Rep.	Eldridge, Lep.	Warner, Rep.	Daly, Dem.	Johnston, Rep.
Clark Twp.	125	43	44	118	42	125	41	41	44	122	123	120	56	108
Cranford Twp.	1810	341	450	1710	302	1857	342	330	347	1807	1820	1824	322	1848
Elizabeth, City of—														
1 Ward	419	478	610	256	559	323	590	565	563	304	423	419	535	375
2 Ward	406	435	543	289	470	342	521	506	508	328	332	333	478	358
3 Ward	718	472	669	583	457	483	622	586	587	539	581	575	452	613
4 Ward	469	380	510	310	453	466	496	482	484	343	357	360	436	404
5 Ward	1004	441	736	677	458	830	667	601	614	766	716	717	518	921
6 Ward	1437	685	1050	1022	800	1115	904	832	851	1140	1306	1194	755	1313
7 Ward	1162	243	565	789	376	931	467	419	405	795	929	823	328	1022
8 Ward	1521	908	1257	980	1080	1280	1165	1112	1114	1199	1213	1226	1071	1296
9 Ward	774	244	437	575	322	675	356	332	338	627	667	666	269	742
10 Ward	2521	647	927	2219	652	2505	749	711	736	2361	2443	2413	628	2531
11 Ward	2361	621	789	2143	580	2349	656	610	659	2263	2307	2320	562	2373
12 Ward	1726	580	836	1466	607	1566	682	634	668	1572	1633	1618	583	1715
Total vote	14518	6138	8929	11309	6814	12865	7875	7390	7527	12237	12907	12664	6615	13663
Fanwood Bor.	233	62	62	236	66	227	49	53	54	242	242	243	40	254
Garwood Bor.	434	106	111	393	113	408	128	117	170	364	415	399	98	435
Hillside Twp.	1337	219	213	1285	190	1309	202	200	196	1303	1317	1318	187	1330
Kenilworth Bor.	220	82	100	205	92	216	92	95	92	211	210	214	84	222
Linden Bor.	297	51	61	251	49	271	55	46	51	269	265	271	65	261
Linden Twp.	590	149	159	222	151	447	231	158	164	412	443	442	158	500
Mountainside Bor.	153	32	24	149	25	145	22	21	24	132	148	145	18	154
New Providence Bor.	284	82	68	286	66	294	65	65	64	280	286	289	60	298
New Providence Twp.	211	41	40	201	41	193	39	41	38	193	194	198	20	220
Plainfield, City of—														
1 Ward	1148	191	201	1088	151	1161	188	212	185	1096	1094	1111	126	1176
2 Ward	1789	406	331	1834	233	1945	302	338	309	1820	1822	1829	239	1905
3 Ward	1691	454	455	1678	305	1837	422	503	420	1661	1641	1688	335	1781
4 Ward	1727	416	480	1617	370	1779	458	514	447	1642	1625	1652	362	1662
Total vote	6355	1467	1467	6217	1059	6722	1370	1567	1361	6219	6182	6280	1062	6524

UNION COUNTY—Continued.

	Electors.	Congress.		Senator.	Assembly.							Sheriff.	
	Rep.	Dem.	Clement, Dem.	Ackerman, Rep.	Lord, Dem.	Runyon, Rep.	Clair, Dem.	Caulfield, Dem.	Cook, Dem.	Pierson, Rep.	Eldridge, Rep.	Warner, Rep.	Daly, Dem.	Johnston, Rep.
Rahway, City of—														
1 Ward	459	164	156	388	152	422	167	165	162	408	414	408	300	317
2 Ward	483	176	168	387	159	426	168	162	166	429	431	431	299	356
3 Ward	895	288	280	826	276	877	299	294	201	855	850	847	457	721
4 Ward	445	155	144	379	147	411	158	156	158	401	407	398	269	318
5 Ward	475	120	122	431	104	455	115	115	119	451	452	457	229	367
Total vote	2757	903	860	2411	838	2591	907	892	806	2544	2554	2541	1554	2079
Roselle Bor.	1391	241	258	1300	217	1369	242	227	236	1352	1351	1357	206	1382
Roselle Park Bor.	1489	350	419	1339	349	1422	411	375	385	1371	1396	1409	355	1434
Scotch Plains Twp.	624	94	93	589	96	595	84	134	94	596	573	590	15	718
Springfield Twp.	433	98	98	417	94	427	85	87	89	425	437	437	82	438
Summit, City of—														
1 Ward	1226	448	362	1205	329	1249	340	323	351	1254	1220	1222	327	1236
2 Ward	1162	501	454	1145	433	1183	458	457	459	1184	1168	1161	451	1173
Total vote	2388	949	816	2350	762	2432	798	780	810	2438	2388	2383	778	2409
Union Twp.	814	153	145	782	155	783	147	148	153	786	797	797	131	813
Westfield, Town of—														
1 Ward	1384	225	206	1367	174	1404	205	190	234	1245	1384	1370	149	1410
2 Ward	516	290	101	497	84	513	104	93	112	469	502	493	70	531
3 Ward	621	128	122	620	109	638	138	117	110	562	630	633	94	652
4 Ward	514	121	129	497	116	502	143	141	138	430	502	503	113	525
Total vote	3036	564	559	1781	483	3057	590	541	594	2706	3018	2999	426	3118
Total vote, county	39499	12105	14985	34650	12204	37955	13775	13308	12399	35979	37068	36920	12436	38298

Electors—Sin. Tax, 40; Soc., 2353; Nat. Pro., 122; Far. Lab., 234; Soc. Lab., 42. Congress—Soc., 1792; Nat. Pro., 46. Senator—Soc., 1589. Assembly—Soc., 1727; Sin. Tax, 61; Sheriff—Soc., 1629.

WARREN COUNTY.

	Electors.		Congress.		Senator.		Assembly.		Sheriff.		County Clerk.	
	Dem.	Rep.	Shields, Dem.	Perkins, Rep.	Barber, Dem.	Brookfield, Rep.	Runyon, Dem.	Hoyt, Rep.	Hayes, Dem.	Warman, Rep.	Mutchler, Dem.	Reese, Rep.
Allamuchy Twp.	82	68	73	55	14	43	69	66	72	58	55	88
Alpha Bor.	144	78	74	122	152	61	70	125	76	118	106	109
Belvidere, Town of	457	459	439	392	305	425	584	335	792	129	308	620
Blairstown Twp.	280	296	257	234	163	208	279	246	331	188	241	316
Franklin Twp.	230	215	192	190	143	216	216	167	237	170	181	250
Frelinghuysen Twp.	181	91	79	153	33	131	98	155	100	151	90	168
Greenwich Twp.	215	124	130	186	124	181	138	189	150	175	109	227
Hackettstown, Town of	755	458	643	483	155	372	589	480	509	478	653	504
Hardwick Twp.	35	52	45	25	20	24	46	31	48	25	52	30
Harmony Twp.	116	115	110	88	121	100	135	88	159	68	101	141
Hope Twp.	236	111	126	177	78	194	159	188	176	149	136	214
Independence Twp.	194	108	135	134	53	130	171	109	167	105	141	152
Knowlton Twp.	247	229	207	198	147	144	188	273	279	155	214	254
Lopatcong Twp.	180	92	95	139	116	146	129	129	128	125	80	204
Mansfield Twp.	232	155	175	181	87	189	177	181	187	176	213	164
Oxford Twp.	261	198	197	216	132	192	291	165	289	160	183	287
Pahaquarry Twp.	27	31	35	16	29	11	36	18	40	16	35	18
Phillipsburg, Town of—												
1 Ward	423	399	421	466	528	382	437	464	452	441	274	688
2 Ward	234	323	634	163	815	75	664	143	668	137	458	428
3 Ward	786	542	566	698	719	610	620	690	628	659	524	828
4 Ward	209	497	505	154	651	82	522	153	539	146	293	433
5 Ward	447	536	574	358	699	287	603	337	618	329	371	631
6 Ward	387	509	512	295	704	204	569	276	577	275	365	564
Total vote	2586	3106	3212	2134	4116	1640	3415	2063	3482	1987	2285	3572
Pohatcong Twp.	348	240	224	311	263	276	245	292	267	276	182	389
Washington Bor.	880	659	559	796	371	603	696	693	661	796	672	839
Washington Twp.	181	142	134	168	110	155	152	155	151	168	171	156
White Twp.	168	191	190	98	113	126	232	104	263	69	129	233
Total vote, county	8035	7218	7331	6496	6845	5567	8115	6252	8564	5742	6337	8935

Electors—Sin. Tax, 5; Soc., 192; Nat. Pro., 202; Far. Lab., 23; Soc. Lab., 8. Congress—Soc., 94; Sin. Tax., 9; Nat. Pro., 99. Senator—Ind., 2916.

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY—APRIL 27, 1920.

	Choice for President			Delegates at Large									
	Johnson	Wood	Hoover	Corrothers	Edge	Frelinghuysen	Nutter	Griggs	Raymond	Runyon	Stokes	Ballard	Layden
Atlantic	1608	2126	93	1209	3188	2506	1662	1271	2044	1466	1849	1048	1014
Bergen	3892	3528	....	551	4706	4577	549	2972	3053	2996	2932	3341	3376
Burlington	668	2012	264	411	1591	1661	450	1608	1584	2001	2001	543	525
Camden	1976	5882	153	492	3384	5360	886	3340	5139	3721	6168	1590	1638
Cape May	187	865	15	139	707	710	229	791	626	909	758	110	100
Cumberland	474	1535	....	146	1058	1121	55	1169	1215	1245	1290	399	357
Essex	10439	12048	....	1637	10797	10937	1998	10290	11119	10256	11210	8884	8805
Gloucester	419	926	77	162	886	905	143	691	534	795	843	329	307
Hudson	8780	4978	24	891	8860	8230	685	3252	3870	4054	5631	7675	7527
Hunterdon	308	475	20	47	540	609	40	331	196	469	408	207	200
Mercer	3052	2120	....	390	3249	3367	562	1816	1852	2824	2653	2564	2460
Middlesex	3509	1375	....	489	3727	3754	477	1144	1061	1442	1244	2812	2825
Monmouth	2758	1666	....	315	3122	3191	418	1406	821	1695	1819	2087	2068
Morris	1557	2338	....	166	1834	1713	167	2156	2057	2423	2211	1367	1361
Ocean	571	583	29	103	782	811	100	398	305	528	491	444	431
Passaic	6991	4485	32	666	6653	5982	593	4947	4638	4588	4809	6528	6745
Salem	250	625	31	77	674	681	103	531	302	433	664	127	115
Somerset	863	789	33	133	1198	1223	101	625	412	795	693	650	642
Sussex	210	416	16	43	358	329	34	350	263	347	310	163	164
Union	2874	3654	113	349	3164	3258	341	3505	3344	3990	3588	2775	2721
Warren	299	483	....	46	477	494	51	355	291	416	423	249	252
	51685	52909	900	8462	60955	61419	9644	42948	45726	47393	51995	43892	43633

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY—APRIL 27, 1920.
—Continued.

	Alternates at Large							
	Cannon	Knapp	Roundtree	Watts	Wolverton	Birchmore	Mackay, Jr.	Sadler
Atlantic	2541	1722	1336	1830	2291	1110	1282	1065
Bergen	1486	3687	745	3590	3373	1283	3892	1401
Burlington	1294	1830	541	1831	1921	525	1390	599
Camden	739	5861	1840	5757	6339	924	5390	945
Cape May	390	911	147	907	972	84	697	83
Cumberland	737	1342	201	1305	1375	203	924	222
Essex	5952	9937	5121	9790	9860	4642	9510	5223
Gloucester	470	808	187	812	873	194	587	221
Hudson	4223	4858	1136	4458	5304	1890	4898	2166
Hunterdon	324	375	91	319	385	89	233	112
Mercer	1347	1807	1377	1715	2232	1376	2202	1607
Middlesex	1186	1704	816	1510	1373	1512	1336	1520
Monmouth	651	2110	804	1940	1800	1098	1836	1188
Morris	566	2352	453	2387	2294	486	2269	502
Ocean	296	533	161	521	536	228	413	256
Passaic	1858	4831	1982	4871	4761	2364	5244	2690
Salem	459	498	147	454	524	109	278	123
Somerset	555	714	275	572	727	299	567	327
Sussex	186	310	70	332	314	74	265	76
Union	1013	4018	1080	3778	3690	943	3937	997
Warren	231	417	137	394	417	89	299	115
	26504	50625	18647	49073	51361	19522	47449	21438

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY—APRIL 27, 1920. —Continued.

	District Delegates					Alternates			
	Patterson, Jr.	Sturgess				Boyer	Richman		
1st Cong. Dist.—									
Camden	6932	6192	....	....	....	6630	6280	....	....
Gloucester	1060	1084	....	....	....	1066	1027	....	....
Salem	655	605	....	....	....	644	648	....	....
	8657	7881	....	....	....	8340	7955	....	....
	Armstrong	Lightfoot	Richards	Bright	Worrell	Champion	Stevens		
2d Cong. Dist.—									
Cape May	395	209	415	863	654	928	847	....	....
Cumberland	534	225	491	1251	1149	1342	1308	....	....
Atlantic	1323	1819	2864	1412	1128	3096	2976	....	....
Burlington	1084	462	497	1883	2102	2229	2135	....	....
	3336	2715	4267	5409	5033	7595	7266	....	....
	Rose	Garretson	Thompson, Lewis	Kline	Thompson, William	Hellmer	Smock	Morrison	Van Cleve
3d Cong. Dist.—									
Middlesex	568	2257	1492	2564	2631	1278	1327	3318	3011
Monmouth	1055	1292	1969	1968	2141	1800	1832	2163	2185
Ocean	437	384	335	415	435	512	588	400	383
	2060	3933	3796	4947	5207	3590	3747	5881	5579
	Hammond	Firth, Jr.	Foran	Howe		Eaton	McCullough		
4th Cong. Dist.—									
Hunterdon	291	185	530	420	....	468	445	....	....
Somerset	812	480	482	692	....	997	939	....	....
Mercer	2005	2520	2711	2953	....	3062	3204	....	....
	3108	3185	3723	4065	....	4527	4588	....	....

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY—APRIL 27, 1920. —Continued.

	District Delegates					Alternates			
	Ennis	Townley	Clum	Trimble		Birch	Stevens		
5th Cong. Dist.—									
Union	3837	4035	2841	2803	....	4557	4556	....	....
Morris	2450	2381	1459	1482	....	2705	2631	....	....
	6287	6416	4300	4285	....	7262	7187	....	....
	Hart	Pomeroy	Mackay	Wagner		Reilley	Vail		
6th Cong. Dist.—									
Bergen	3624	3706	3610	3436	....	4215	4220	....	....
Sussex	404	367	175	165	....	364	374	....	....
Warren	483	453	280	287	....	514	501	....	....
Passaic (Part)	175	165	209	203	....	220	222	....	....
	4686	4691	4274	4091	....	5313	5317	....	....
	Watson	Lewis	Hardy	Wise		Benson	Touw	Hofstra	Osborn
7th Cong. Dist.—									
Passaic (Part)	5079	4872	6408	6282	....	4880	4638	6371	6480
	Doremus	Marzahl	Archibold	Taber		Howe	Torrance	Smith	Jones
8th Cong. Dist.—									
Essex (Part)	2973	2705	2518	2189	....	2790	2730	2331	2021
Hudson (Part)	2056	2046	2614	2534	....	2057	2101	2510	2495
	5029	4751	5132	4723	....	4847	4831	4841	4516
	Colgate	Parker	Smith	Chamberlin	Alexander	Vanderbilt	Krumke	Beverley	Berg
9th Cong. Dist.—									
Essex (Part)	3723	3566	2893	2898	742	3542	3484	3183	3139

REPUBLICAN PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY—APRIL 27, 1920.
—Continued.

	District Delegates					Alternates			
	Colby	Duffield	Gloriaux	Budd	Mitchell	Weber	Lippman	Eggleston	
10th Cong. Dist.—									
Essex (Part) ..	2255	4666	4005	3876	3917	3865	5765	5864	....

11th Cong. Dist.— Hudson (Part):	District Delegates						Alternates					
	Besson	Weller	Brennan	Ranson	Verdon	Melcher	Brady	Dippel	Ackeman	Schadewald	Helus	McGee
	992	943	263	181	2384	2305	896	913	235	168	2385	2315

12th Cong. Dist.— Hudson (Part):	District Delegates						Alternates					
	Cruse	Carey	Doherty	Vieron	Warren	Meyers	Finch	Divers	Carter	Keppel	Ritter	Morencey
	2246	2247	2812	2737	251	185	2915	2885	1944	1891	222	178

DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY—APRIL 27, 1920.

	Choice for President				Delegates at Large				Alternates			
	Edwards	McAdoo	Wilson	Bryan	Donnelly	Edwards	Hague	Nugent	Kirby	Lafferty	McBride	Stevens
Atlantic	234	16	13	6	516	539	518	509	513	512	512	513
Bergen	607	....	....	....	1577	1653	1573	1562	1540	1542	1544	1533
Burlington	188	33	22	4	623	651	611	610	593	597	592	583
Camden	543	38	27	8	1906	1946	1889	1897	1912	1900	1891	1880
Cape May	63	6	9	2	188	187	185	186	176	181	177	180
Cumberland	9	6	....	1	402	437	390	399	371	369	367	392
Essex	....	....	....	....	5628	5911	5649	5691	5484	5491	5538	5496
Gloucester	120	18	7	....	329	361	327	326	333	342	326	329
Hudson	....	....	....	....	13422	14006	13710	13362	13007	13009	13059	13043
Hunterdon	113	23	9	14	447	456	440	440	422	420	419	423
Mercer	311	....	....	....	1718	1709	1645	1666	1553	1543	1532	1542
Middlesex	806	....	....	....	2342	2637	2323	2332	2282	2231	2247	2246
Monmouth	397	9	24	8	1521	1648	1484	1463	1508	1481	1474	1511
Morris	....	....	....	....	534	583	527	541	535	524	534	533
Ocean	85	4	6	1	173	190	175	173	167	164	163	166
Passaic	33	....	....	....	3866	4091	3876	3874	3811	3830	3944	3809
Salem	88	6	6	6	307	314	302	307	308	305	302	300
Somerset	200	4	7	5	532	555	534	535	544	520	519	557
Sussex	134	4	4	4	276	302	277	279	268	272	275	253
Union	459	13	15	5	1442	1527	1426	1439	1415	1413	1421	1417
Warren	74	....	....	....	665	701	651	658	651	638	641	648
	4163	180	149	64	38414	40404	38512	38249	37393	37284	37477	37354

DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARIES—APRIL 27, 1920 —Continued.

	District Delegates			Alternates	
	Nowrey	Ayers	Kelleher	Schmid	Ware
1st Cong. Dist.—					
Camden	440	1877	1887	1865	1885
Gloucester	103	309	306	325	339
Salem	85	308	287	301	324
	628	2494	2480	2491	2548
	Birch, Jr.	Collins		Campbell	Jones
2d Cong. Dist.—					
Cape May	179	179	....	171	171
Cumberland	362	368	....	362	356
Atlantic	485	482	....	487	482
Burlington	628	595	....	589	573
	1654	1624	....	1609	1582
	Brown	Gannon	Rice	Newman	
3d Cong. Dist.—					
Middlesex	1989	2568	1144	1807	....
Monmouth	1162	460	1583	1253	....
Ocean	156	81	81	177	....
	3307	3109	2808	3237	....
	Gallagher	Martens, Jr.	Saunders	Allfather	Beekman
4th Cong. Dist.—					
Hunterdon	396	447	154	406	389
Somerset	372	405	269	505	541
Mercer	1345	1345	619	1527	1502
	2113	2197	1042	2438	2432

DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARIES—APRIL 27, 1920 —Continued.

	District Delegates			Alternates	
	Richter	Stewart		Lyons	Pierson
5th Cong. Dist. —					
Union	1397	1428	....	1360	1378
Morris	557	542	....	535	537
	1954	1970	....	1895	1915
	Conklin	Shurts		Snyder	Whitehead
6th Cong. Dist.—					
Bergen	1613	1370	....	1529	70
Sussex	281	259	....	260	....
Warren	645	577	....	643	....
Passaic (Part)	54	54	....	54	....
	2593	2260	....	2486	70
	Van Noordt	Hinchliff	Duffy	Ryan	Lyons
7th Cong. Dist.—					
Passaic (Part)	3554	2249	2737	3737	3715
	Cain	McGlennon		Connorton	Kraemer
8th Cong. Dist.—					
Essex (Part)	897	903	....	877	877
Hudson (Part)	2577	2558	....	2474	2478
	3474	3461	....	3351	3355
	Herr	Barrett		Helm	Carrigan
9th Cong. Dist.—					
Essex (Part)	2111	2132	....	2055	2071

DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARIES—APRIL 27, 1920 —Continued.

	District Delegates			Alternates	
	Flannigan	Archibald		Monahan	Daniels
10th Cong. Dist.— Essex (Part)	2566	2548	....	2560	2506
	Griffin	Eagan		Quigley, M. D.	Curry
11th Cong. Dist.— Hudson (Part)	5120	5087	....	4966	4969
	Boyle	O'Brien		Lindsay	Sullivan
12th Cong. Dist.— Hudson (Part)	5689	5706	....	5559	5612

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY—CONGRESS.

Election September 28, 1920.

1st Cong. Dist.—	Patterson, Jr.	Sharp	Hawes	Wolverton	Kramer
Camden	26632	23	64	9	15
Gloucester	6736	....	....	....	....
Salem	3557	....	....	....	....
	36925	23	64	9	15

To fill vacancy caused by the death of William J. Browning.

	Patterson, Jr.	Sharp	Hawes	Wolverton	Kramer
Camden	25769	23	56	5	6
Gloucester	6630	....	....	....	....
Salem	3170	....	....	....	....
	35569	23	56	5	6

2d Cong. Dist.—	Bright	Bacharach	Jonah
Cape May	2454	2546	....
Cumberland	4641	4832	....
Atlantic	6154	12922	....
Burlington	7788	6735	2
	21037	27035	2

3d Cong. Dist.—	Appleby	Thompson	Herbert
Middlesex	5977	3096	6009
Monmouth	7415	2405	6267
Ocean	1035	3325	207
	14427	8826	12483

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY—CONGRESS—Continued.

Election September 28, 1920.

	Ripley	Davidson	Hutchinson	Reading
4th Cong. Dist.—				
Hunterdon	71	62	2313	635
Somerset	567	397	4904	954
Mercer	1712	1332	10925	6259
	2350	1791	18142	7848

	Conlin	Ackeman
5th Cong. Dist.—		
Union	7196	13465
Morris	4615	8803
	11811	22268

	Perkins	Ramsey
6th Cong. Dist.—		
Bergen	14844	11521
Sussex	951	760
Warren	1490	1416
Passaic (Part)	533	930
	17818	14627

	Radcliff
7th Cong. Dist.—	
Passaic (Part)	25004

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY—CONGRESS—Continued.

Election September 28, 1920.

	Taylor	Chapman	Yarrow	Archibald
8th Cong. Dist.—				
Essex (Part)	4561	1032	6724	4182
Hudson (Part)	4466	1473	2188	3666
	9027	2505	8912	7848

	Parker	LeMaster	Cope	Connolly	Dunn
9th Cong. Dist.—					
Essex (Part)	10960	2584	1545	4449	1166

	Lehlbach	Best
10th Cong. Dist.—		
Essex (Part)	16487	10788

	Kane	Alpp
11th Cong. Dist.—		
Hudson (Part)	3224	5216

	Williams	Bierck
12th Cong. Dist.—		
Hudson (Part)	8889	4265

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY—CONGRESS.

Election September 28, 1920.

	Kramer	Hawes	Sharp	Patterson, Jr.,
1st Cong. Dist.—				
Camden	3854	35	17	3
Gloucester	1149	....	....	....
Salem	919	....	....	....
	5922	35	17	3

To fill vacancy caused by the death of William J. Browning.

	Kramer	Hawes	Sharp
Camden	742	32	9
Gloucester	112	....	....
Salem	37	....	....
	891	32	9

	Jonah	Bright
2d Cong. Dist.—		
Cape May	522	....
Cumberland	1074	....
Atlantic	1481	....
Burlington	1996	13
	5073	13

	Ramsay
3d Cong. Dist.—	
Middlesex	4628
Monmouth	3848
Ocean	468
	8944

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY—CONGRESS—Continued.

Election September 28, 1920.

	Holcomb	Brown	Hughes	Cowell
4th Cong. Dist.—				
Hunterdon	755	511	588	1011
Somerset	284	762	644	393
Mercer	504	3088	2266	507
	1543	4361	3498	1911

	Clement	Conlin
5th Cong. Dist.—		
Union	4959	11
Morris	1586	....
	6545	11

	Shields	Ramsay
6th Cong. Dist.—		
Bergen	4539	....
Sussex	2090	....
Warren	5748	....
Passaic (Part)	123	1
	12500	1

	Hughes
7th Cong. Dist.—	
Passaic (Part)	3586

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY—CONGRESS—Continued.

Election September 28, 1920.

	McGlennon
8th Cong. Dist.—	
Essex (Part)	4097
Hudson (Part)	5650
	9747

	Minahan	Barrett
9th Cong. Dist.—		
Essex (Part)	5306	4071

	Greaves	Flannigan
10th Cong. Dist.—		
Essex (Part)	3250	5607

	Eagan
11th Cong. Dist.—	
Hudson (Part)	11461

	O'Brien
12th Cong. Dist.—	
Hudson (Part)	10720

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE—NOVEMBER 2, 1920.

	Patterson, Jr. Rep.	Kramer, Dem.	Sharp, Nat. Pro.	Weesner, Soc.	Hawes, Non. Par.
1st Cong. Dist.—					
Camden	38394	16482	1996	1922	439
Gloucester	10812	4331	874	82	20
Salem	6679	2898	630	32	4
	55885	23711	3500	2036	463
Republican plurality		32174			

To fill vacancy caused by the death of William J. Browning.

	Patterson, Jr. Rep.	Kramer, Dem.	Sharp, Nat. Pro.
Camden	38205	16347	2123
Gloucester	10258	4119	872
Salem	6508	2813	571
	54971	23279	3566
Republican plurality		31692	

	Bacharach, Rep.	Jonah, Dem.	Strother, Soc.	Bright
2d Cong. Dist.—				
Cape May	5080	2444	16	....
Cumberland	10215	5645	209	....
Atlantic	19695	5941	70	....
Burlington	16016	7481	36	12
	51006	21511	331	12
Republican plurality		29495		

	Appleby Rep.	Ramsay, Dem.	Albertson, Soc.	Lawyer
3d Cong. Dist.—				
Middlesex	23380	13714	418	....
Monmouth	25567	14059	211	....
Ocean	6151	2023	63	2
	56098	29796	692	2
Republican plurality		26302		

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE—NOVEMBER 2, 1920—Continued.

	Hutchinson, Rep.	Browne, Dem.	Gilson, Soc.	Bush	Cowell
4th Cong. Dist.—					
Hunterdon	7080	5800	18	1	2
Somerset	10007	4320	50	....	....
Mercer	22495	21575	684	....	....
	39582	31695	752	1	2
Republican plurality		7887			

	Ackerman, Rep.	Clement Dem.	Turber, Soc.	Smith, Nat. Pro.	Conlin	Wood
5th Cong. Dist.—						
Union	34650	14985	1792	46	3	1
Morris	19031	6964	402	124	....	....
	53681	21949	2194	170	3	1
Rep. plurality		31732				

	Perkins, Rep.	Shields, Dem.	Krafft, Soc.	Logan, Sin. Tax	Cox, Nat. Pro.
6th Cong. Dist.—					
Bergen	42348	14852	1207	92	122
Sussex	4492	3339	20	1	23
Warren	6496	7331	94	9	99
Passaic (Part)	998	242	7	4	11
	54334	25764	1328	106	255
Republican plurality		28570			

	Radcliff, Rep.	Hughes, Dem.	Hubschmitt, Soc.	Santhouse, Soc. Lab.	Whritenour, Nat. Pro.
7th Cong. Dist.—					
Passaic (Part)	33844	15291	2939	148	225
Rep. plurality		18553			

CONGRESSIONAL VOTE—NOVEMBER 2, 1920—Continued.

	Taylor, Rep.	McGlennon, Dem.	Pelz, Enforcement of Volstead Act	Howland, Soc.
8th Cong. Dist.—				
Essex (Part)	22917	9366	62	432
Hudson (Part)	18981	18456	16	378
	41898	27822	78	810
Republican plurality		14076		

	Parker, Rep.	Minahan, Dem.	Goebel, Soc.	Wolfson, Ind.
9th Cong. Dist.—				
Essex (Part)	32240	20244	1735	118
Republican plurality		11996		

	Lehlbach, Rep.	Flannigan, Dem.	Sellick, Nat. Pro.	Freeday, Ind.	Flavelle, Soc.
10th Cong. Dist.—					
Essex (Part)	40965	19548	314	2141	1397
Republican plurality		21417			

	Alup, Rep.	Egan, Dem.	Tighe, American Free Ind.	Koven, Soc.
11th Cong. Dist.—				
Hudson (Part)	30046	23402	171	845
Republican plurality		6644		

	O'Brien, Dem.	Williams, Rep.	Gemino, Against Wilson League	Tallman, Soc.
12th Cong. Dist.—				
Hudson (Part)	34527	29080	923	452
Dem. plurality		5447		

AVERAGE PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT ELECTORAL VOTE—NOVEMBER 2, 1920.

	Rep.	Dem.	Sin. Tax	Soc.	Nat. Pro.	Far. Lab.	Soc. Lab.
Atlantic	21245	5753	17	390	287	18	15
Bergen	47512	12396	80	1849	155	260	53
Burlington	17898	7532	16	229	318	32	16
Camden	40771	17893	22	2467	725	71	138
Cape May	5785	2198	3	107	77	3	2
Cumberland	11913	4487	9	473	501	39	5
Essex	116168	40970	118	5939	176	260	217
Gloucester	11693	4869	5	225	752	11	2
Hudson	101759	62637	64	5454	34	701	144
Hunterdon	7443	6067	3	76	80	12	5
Mercer	29626	15713	24	1169	69	41	41
Middlesex	29334	11618	14	848	139	88	47
Monmouth	28818	12975	11	291	162	56	23
Morris	20686	7256	13	578	284	87	27
Ocean	6840	2138	2	96	53	8	2
Passaic	42692	11873	56	4153	108	218	125
Salem	7638	3483	1	98	253	10	2
Somerset	10962	4192	7	163	80	25	6
Sussex	5224	3516	7	42	97	3	3
Union	39409	12103	40	2353	122	234	42
Warren	8035	7218	5	192	202	23	8
Totals	611541	256887	517	27141	4734	2200	923
	256887						
	354654 Republican plurality.						

Total persons registered, 1,152,086; number ballots cast, 937,558; number ballots rejected, 10,979.

AVERAGE ASSEMBLY VOTE—NOVEMBER 2, 1920. ..

	Rep.	Dem.	Nat. Pro.	Soc.	Plurality Rep.	Plurality Dem.	No. polling places in the State, 1920
Atlantic	19521	5924	....	....	13597	....	81
Bergen	43806	13389	155	1326	30417	....	138
Burlington	17429	6364	....	....	11065	....	67
Camden	39832	17253	....	2171	22579	....	156
Cape May	4868	2770	....	....	2098	....	29
Cumberland	10476	4537	....	....	5939	....	43
Essex	107149	45397	315	4778	61752	....	345
Gloucester	10501	5078	637	....	5423	....	41
Hudson	85743	74931	....	2951	10812	....	350
Hunterdon	6823	6041	....	....	782	....	33
Mercer	28449	15013	....	873	13436	....	102
Middlesex	25198	13728	102	413	11470	....	87
Monmouth	26088	13748	....	....	12340	....	98
Morris	19633	6832	208	461	12801	....	69
Ocean	6090	2249	....	....	3841	....	33
Passaic	39869	12295	351	2977	27574	....	127
Salem	7389	2976	....	....	4413	....	26
Summit	9709	4864	....	....	4845	....	36
Sussex	4875	3416	....	....	1459	....	30
Union	36656	13161	....	1727	23495	....	111
Warren	6252	8115	....	....	....	1863	38
	556356	278081	1708	17677	280138	1863	2040
Rep. plurality,	278275				278275		

Soc. Lab.—680.
Single Tax—396.
Non-Partisan League—465.
Enforcement Volstead Act—147.

STATE BOND ISSUES—SOLDIERS' BONUS AND INTERSTATE BRIDGES AND TUNNELS.

(Election November 2, 1920.)

	Payment of Bonus to Soldiers or a Dependent		State Bond issue for the Construction of Bridges and Tunnels	
	Yes	No	Yes	No
Atlantic	17371	1918	17831	1279
Bergen	29100	16946	39521	6205
Burlington	15469	4490	17134	2534
Camden	42585	5974	46051	2170
Cape May	5113	1105	4977	887
Cumberland	11632	2023	10569	2135
Essex	88060	43642	112816	16244
Gloucester	9605	2490	10667	1145
Hudson	122048	19370	127064	9772
Hunterdon	6093	2813	4152	3289
Mercer	28631	7372	16502	13128
Middlesex	25917	5336	21879	6216
Monmouth	21172	8090	20506	5349
Morris	14096	6580	15751	3512
Ocean	4686	1362	4268	1269
Passaic	36321	9977	38241	4931
Salem	6613	1291	5290	1296
Somerset	7499	4019	8399	2517
Sussex	3833	2060	3160	1991
Union	31013	15999	37922	6001
Warren	7675	2698	6600	2837
	534532	165555	569300	94707

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE 1920 IN UNITED STATES.

(Figures by Associated Press.)

	Harding, Rep.	Cox, Dem.	Debs, Soc.	Watkins, Pro.	Christensen, Far. Lab.
Alabama	74690	163254	2369	757	.....
Arizona	37016	29546	216	.....	.....
Arkansas	69892	105684	5074	.....	.....
California	624992	229191	64076	25204	.....
Colorado	173248	104936	8046	2807	3016
Connecticut	229238	120721	10335	1771	1947
Delaware	52858	39898	1002	998	.....
Florida	44835	90515	5189	3647	.....
Georgia	41089	107162	465	8	.....
Idaho	88321	46576	38	.....	.....
Illinois	1420480	534394	74747	11216	49630
Indiana	696370	511364	24703	13462	16499
Iowa	634674	227921	16981	4197	10321
Kansas	369268	185464	15511	.....	.....
Kentucky	452480	456497	6392	3062	.....
Louisiana	38538	87519	.....	.....	.....
Maine	136355	58961	2214	.....	.....
Maryland	236117	180626	8876	.....	1645
Massachusetts	681153	276691	32267	.....	.....
Michigan	762865	233460	28947	9646	10312
Minnesota	519421	142994	56106	11489	.....
Mississippi	11644	69291	1686	.....	.....
Missouri	727162	574799	20242	5142	3291
Montana	109430	57334	.....	.....	12204
Nebraska	251093	119608	9600	5947	.....
Nevada	15432	9803	1858	.....	.....
New Hampshire	95196	62662	1234	.....	.....
New Jersey	611541	256887	27141	4734	2200
New Mexico	57634	46671	.....	.....	1000
New York	1868411	780774	203114	19625	6121
North Carolina	232848	305447	446	17	.....
North Dakota	160072	37422	8282	.....	.....
Ohio	1182022	780037	57147	294	.....
Oklahoma	243415	215521	25638	.....	.....
Oregon	143592	80069	9801	3595	.....
Pennsylvania	1218215	503202	70021	42612	15642
Rhode Island	107463	55062	4351	510	.....
South Carolina	2610	62933	28	.....	.....
South Dakota	109874	35938	.....	900	34406
Tennessee	219770	209099	2239	.....	.....
Texas	114269	288767	8121	.....	.....
Utah	81555	56639	3159	.....	4475
Vermont	68212	20919	.....	774	.....
Virginia	87458	141670	807	826	240
Washington	223137	84298	8913	3790	77246
West Virginia	282007	220789	5618	1528	.....
Wisconsin	498576	113422	80635	8647	.....
Wyoming	35091	17429	1234	265	2180
Totals	16141629	9139866	914869	187480	252435

Cox received 42,950 votes on the Socialist-Labor ticket in thirteen states.

Robert Macauley, of Philadelphia, received 5,747 votes on the Single Tax ticket in nine states.

In Texas the American party polled 47,495 votes and the Black and Tan party, 27,247.

ELECTORAL VOTE.

Harding—Arizona, 3; California, 13; Colorado, 6; Connecticut, 7; Delaware, 3; Idaho, 4; Illinois, 29; Indiana, 15; Iowa, 13; Kansas, 10; Maine, 6; Maryland, 8; Massachusetts, 18; Michigan, 15; Minnesota, 12; Missouri, 18; Montana, 4; Nebraska, 8; Nevada, 3; New Hampshire, 4; New Jersey, 14; New Mexico, 3; New York, 45; North Dakota, 5; Ohio, 24; Oklahoma, 10; Oregon, 5; Pennsylvania, 38; Rhode Island, 5; South Dakota, 5; Tennessee, 12; Utah, 4; Vermont, 4; Washington, 7; West Virginia, 8; Wisconsin, 13; Wyoming 3. Total, 404.

Cox—Alabama, 12; Arkansas, 9; Florida, 6; Georgia, 14; Kentucky, 13; Louisiana, 10; Mississippi, 10; North Carolina, 12; South Carolina, 9; Texas, 20; Virginia, 12. Total, 127.

DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN GUBERNATORIAL PRIMARY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1919.

	Democratic			Republican.			
	Edwards.	McDermitt.	Nugent.	Bugbee.	Runyon.	Raymond.	King.
Atlantic	504	91	222	5922	1403	3527	261
Bergen	2704	553	1357	4869	3591	1634	829
Burlington	1248	131	951	3039	3347	833	301
Camden	1574	181	961	8107	3878	2061	834
Cape May	323	41	111	1386	870	513	74
Cumberland	454	64	344	1818	1596	664	134
Essex	3647	491	16467	4142	9727	15242	730
Gloucester	425	39	368	1836	1458	371	143
Hudson	27482	1192	6633	6343	4283	2000	791
Hunterdon	2047	245	1065	721	661	53	25
Mercer	1854	120	2064	7889	2167	1109	209
Middlesex	2674	277	1910	2730	2087	735	407
Monmouth	2713	486	1725	2624	2944	1055	278
Morris	981	153	903	2520	2634	1423	176
Ocean	272	41	152	1134	1393	471	184
Passaic	1341	318	2493	5100	6022	5574	915
Salem	354	56	386	916	676	157	72
Somerset	837	87	764	1242	1847	258	461
Sussex	585	84	587	203	373	109	48
Union	1867	238	2893	1079	6306	1520	332
Warren	2375	207	1256	625	613	64	72
Total	56261	5095	43612	64245	57876	39373	7276

GOVERNOR'S VOTE, ELECTION NOVEMBER 4, 1919.

	Bugbee, Rep.	Edwards, Dem.	Butterworth, Soc. Lab.	Denterfass, Single Tax.	Farr, Soc.	Lane, Nat. Pro.	Plurality. Rep.	Plurality. Dem.	No. Districts in State, 1919.
Atlantic	8464	4289	77	28	156	198	4175	....	81
Bergen	15207	12623	311	140	1451	362	2584	....	132
Burlington	7444	5341	79	48	93	206	2103	....	67
Camden	16492	13010	305	48	864	512	3482	....	149
Cape May	2644	1352	18	12	54	133	1292	....	28
Cumberland	4903	2892	30	14	98	293	2011	....	43
Essex	33736	39424	468	155	1869	277	....	5688	344
Gloucester	5049	2919	47	22	95	761	2130	....	40
Hudson	23113	59226	553	231	2877	1106	....	36113	334
Hunterdon	3218	3221	22	70	46	179	....	3	33
Mercer	11541	10196	121	53	200	133	1345	....	102
Middlesex	10756	10374	223	98	346	163	382	....	86
Monmouth	10594	9226	66	46	113	324	1368	....	97
Morris	8271	5450	62	23	208	204	2821	....	69
Ocean	2653	1397	34	15	34	85	1256	....	34
Passaic	14944	13455	356	125	1448	212	1489	....	127
Salem	3178	2237	18	6	33	189	941	....	26
Somerset	4192	3312	28	10	87	153	880	....	36
Sussex	2101	2277	43	19	26	117	....	176	28
Union	11664	11498	342	60	837	195	166	....	111
Warren	2812	3767	40	23	79	287	....	955	38
Total	202976	217486	3243	1246	11014	6089	28425	42935	2005
Democratic Plurality	.....	14510	....	....	....	....	....	14510	....

ELECTORAL VOTE OF NEW JERSEY.

FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT, FROM MARCH 4, 1789.

1789—George Washington, of Virginia	6
John Adams, of Massachusetts	1
John Jay, of New York	5
1793—George Washington, of Virginia	7
John Adams, of Massachusetts	7
1797—John Adams, of Massachusetts	7
Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina	7
1801—John Adams, of Massachusetts	7
C. C. Pinckney, of South Carolina	7
1805—Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia	8
George Clinton, of New York	8
1809—James Madison, of Virginia	8
George Clinton, of New York	8
1813—DeWitt Clinton, of New York	8
Jarard Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania	8
1817—James Monroe, of Virginia	8
Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York	8
1821—James Monroe, of Virginia	8
Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York	8
1825—Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee	8
John C. Calhoun, of South Carolina	8
1829—John Q. Adams, of Massachusetts	8
Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania	8
1833—Andrew Jackson, of Tennessee	8
Martin Van Buren, of New York	8
1837—William H. Harrison, of Ohio	8
Francis Granger, of New York	8
1841—William H. Harrison, of Ohio	8
John Tyler, of Virginia	8
1845—Henry Clay, of Kentucky	7
Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey	7
1849—Zachary Taylor, of Louisiana	7
Millard Fillmore, of New York	7
1853—Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire	7
William R. King, of Alabama	7
1857—James Buchanan, of Pennsylvania	7
John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky	7

1861—Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois	4
Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine	4
Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois	3
Herchel V. Johnson, of Georgia	3
1865—George B. McClellan, of New Jersey	7
George H. Pendleton, of Ohio	7
1869—Horatio Seymour, of New York	7
Francis P. Blair, of Missouri	7
1873—Ulysses S. Grant, of Illinois	7
Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts	7
1877—Samuel J. Tilden, of New York	9
Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana	9
1881—Winfield Scott Hancock, of Pennsylvania	9
William H. English, of Indiana	9
1885—Grover Cleveland, of New York	9
Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana	9
1889—Grover Cleveland, of New York	9
Allan G. Thurman, of Ohio	9
1893—Grover Cleveland, of New York	10
Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois	10
1897—William McKinley, of Ohio	10
Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey	10
1901—William McKinley, of Ohio	10
Theodore Roosevelt, of New York	10
1905—Theodore Roosevelt, of New York	12
Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana	12
1909—William Howard Taft, of Ohio	12
James S. Sherman, of New York	12
1913—Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey	14
Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana	14
1917—Charles Evans Hughes, of New York	14
Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana	14
1921—Warren G. Harding, of Ohio	14
Calvin Coolidge, of Massachusetts	14

PRESIDENTIAL VOTE OF NEW JERSEY FROM 1840 TO 1916.

1840—Harrison, Whig, 33,351; Van Buren, Dem., 31,034. Harrison's majority, 2,327.

1844—Clay, Whig, 38,318; Polk, Dem., 37,495. Clay's majority, 823.

1848—Taylor, Whig, 40,015; Cass, Dem., 36,901; Van Buren, 819. Taylor's plurality, 3,114.

1852—Pierce, Dem., 44,305; Scott, Whig, 38,556; Hale, Free Soil, 350. Pierce's plurality, 5,749.

1856—Buchanan, Dem., 46,943; Fremont, Rep., 28,338; Fillmore, Amer., 24,115. Buchanan's plurality, 18,605.

1860—Dem. Fusion ticket, 62,869; Lincoln, Rep., 58,346. Fusion majority, 4,523. (Three Douglas electors, Cook, Parker and Runyon, were chosen, the highest vote being 62,869 for Cook, and four Lincoln electors were chosen, Hornblower, Brown, Elmer and Ivins, the

highest vote being 58,346 for Hornblower. The highest vote cast for a Breckinridge elector (Wurts) was 56,237.)

1864—McClellan, Dem., 68,024; Lincoln, Rep., 60,723. McClellan's majority, 7,301.

1868—Seymour, Dem., 83,001; Grant, Rep., 80,131. Seymour's majority, 2,870.

1872—Grant, Rep., 91,656; Greeley, Dem., 76,456. Grant's majority, 15,200.

1876—Tilden, Dem., 115,962; Hayes, Rep., 103,517. Tilden's majority, 12,445.

1880—Hancock, Dem., 122,565; Garfield, Rep., 120,555. Hancock's majority, 2,010.

1884—Cleveland, Dem., 127,784; Blaine, Rep., 123,433. Cleveland's majority, 4,351.

1888—Cleveland, Dem., 151,493; Harrison, Rep., 144,344; Fisk, Pro., 7,904. Cleveland's plurality, 7,149.

1892—Cleveland, Dem., 171,066; Harrison, Rep., 156,101; Bidwell, Pro., 8,134; Wing, Social-Lab., 1,337; Weaver, People's, 985. Cleveland's plurality, 14,965.

1896—McKinley, Rep., 221,367; Bryan, Dem., 133,675; Palmer, Nat. Dem., 6,373; Levering, Pro., 5,614; Matchett, Soc.-Lab., 3,985. McKinley's plurality, 87,692.

1900—McKinley, Rep., 221,707; Bryan, Dem., 164,808; Wooley, Pro., 7,183; Debs, Soc.-Dem., 4,609; Malloney, Soc.-Lab., 2,074; Barker, People's, 669. McKinley's plurality, 56,899.

1904—Roosevelt, Rep., 245,164; Parker, Dem., 164,566; Swallow, Pro., 6,845; Debs, Socialist, 9,587; Corrigan, Soc.-Lab., 2,680; Watson, People's Dem., 3,705. Roosevelt's plurality, 80,598.

1908—Taft, Rep., 265,298; Bryan, Dem., 182,522; Debs, Soc., 10,249; Chafin, Pro., 4,930; Gillhaus, Soc.-Lab., 1,196; Hisgen, Ind., 2,916. Taft's plurality, 82,776.

1912—Wilson, Dem., 178,289; Roosevelt, Prog., 145,410; Taft, Rep., 88,835; Debs, Soc., 15,901; Chafin, Pro., 2,871; Reimer, Soc.-Lab., 1,321. Wilson's plurality, 32,879.

1916—Hughes, Rep., 268,982; Wilson, Dem., 211,018; Hanley, Pro., 3,182; Benson, Soc., 10,405; Reimer, Soc.-Lab., 855. Hughes' plurality, 57,964.

NEW JERSEY'S VOTE FOR GOVERNOR

From 1844 to Date.

1844—Stratton, Whig, 37,949; Thomson, Dem., 36,591; Parkhurst, 76. Whig plurality, 1,358.

1847—Haines, Dem., 34,765; Wright, Whig, 32,166; William Right, 87; Moses Jaques, 146; Scattering, 109. Democratic plurality, 2,599.

1850—Fort, Dem., 39,723; Runk, Whig, 34,054. Democratic majority, 5,669.

1853—Price, Dem., 38,312; Haywood, Whig, 34,530. Democratic majority, 3,782.

1856—Newell, Rep., 50,903; Alexander, Dem., 48,246. Republican majority, 2,657.

1859—Olden, Rep., 53,315; Wright, Dem., 51,714. Republican majority, 1,601.

1862—Parker, Dem., 61,307; Ward, Rep., 46,710. Democratic majority, 14,597.

1865—Ward, Rep., 67,525; Runyon, Dem., 64,736. Republican majority, 2,789.

1868—Randolph, Dem., 83,619; Blair, Rep., 79,072. Democratic majority, 4,547.

1871—Parker, Dem., 82,362; Walsh, Rep., 76,383. Democratic majority, 5,979.

1874—Bedle, Dem., 97,283; Halsey, Rep., 84,050. Democratic majority, 13,233.

1877—McClellan, Dem., 97,837; Newell, Rep., 85,094; Hoxsey, Greenback, 5,069; Bingham, Tax and Pro., 1,439. Democratic plurality, 12,746.

1880—Ludlow, Dem., 121,666; Potts, Rep., 121,015; Hoxsey, Greenback, 2,759; Ransom, Pro., 195. Democratic plurality, 651.

1883—Abbett, Dem., 103,856; Dixon, Rep., 97,047; Urner, Nat., 2,960; Parsons, Pro., 4,153. Democratic plurality, 6,809.

1886—Green, Dem., 109,939; Howey, Rep., 101,919; Fiske, Pro., 19,808. Democratic plurality, 8,020.

1889—Abbett, Dem., 138,245; Grubb, Rep., 123,992; La Monte, Pro., 6,853. Democratic plurality, 14,253.

1892—Werts, Dem., 167,257; Kean, Jr., Rep., 159,362; Kennedy, Pro., 7,750; Keim, Soc.-Lab., 1,338; Bird, People's, 894. Democratic plurality, 7,625.

1895—Griggs, Rep., 162,900; McGill, Dem., 136,000; Wilbur, Pro., 6,661; Ellis, People's 1,901; Keim, Soc.-Lab., 4,147. Republican plurality, 26,900.

1898—Voorhees, Rep., 164,051; Crane, Dem., 158,552; Landon, Pro., 6,893; Maguire, Soc.-Lab., 5,458; Schrayshuen, People's, 491. Republican plurality, 5,499.

1901—Murphy, Rep., 183,814; Seymour, Dem., 166,681; Brown, Pro., 5,365; Vail, Soc., 3,489; Wilson, Soc.-Lab., 1,918. Republican plurality, 17,133.

1904—Stokes, Rep., 231,363; Black, Dem., 179,719; Parker, Pro., 6,687; Kearns, Soc., 8,858; Herrschaft, Soc.-Lab., 2,526; Honnecker, People's Dem., 3,285. Republican plurality, 51,644.

1907—Fort, Rep., 194,313; Katzenbach, Dem., 186,300; Mason, Pro., 5,255; Kraft, Soc., 6,848; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 1,568. Republican plurality, 8,013.

1910—Wilson, Dem., 233,682; Lewis, Rep., 184,626; Killingbeck, Soc., 10,134; Repp, Pro., 2,818; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,032. Democratic plurality, 49,056.

1913—Fielder, Dem., 173,148; Stokes, Rep., 140,298; Colby, Prog., Roosevelt, 41,132; Reilly, Soc., 13,977; Mason, Pro., 3,427; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,460; Dwyer, Ind., 875. Democratic plurality, 32,850.

1916—Edge, Rep., 247,343; Wittpenn, Dem., 177,696; Vaughan, Pro., 5,873; Krafft, Soc., 12,900; Butterworth, Soc.-Lab., 2,334. Republican plurality, 69,647.

1919—Edwards, Dem., 217,486; Bugbee, Rep., 202,976; Soc.-Lab., 3,243; Soc., 11,014; Pro., 6,089; Single Tax, 1,246. Dem. plurality, 14,510.

STATE OFFICERS.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Governor—Edward I. Edwards.
Secretary to the Governor—J. Harry Foley.
Executive Clerk—John J. Farrell.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

Secretary of State—Thomas F. Martin, 1925.
Assistant Secretary—William L. Dill, 1925.
Chief Clerk—Frank Transue.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

State Treasurer—William T. Read, 1922.
Deputy Treasurer—L. Kensil Wildrick.
State Comptroller—Newton A. K. Bugbee, 1923.
Deputy Comptroller—Vacancy.
Assistant Comptroller—Harry B. Salter.

LAW DEPARTMENT.

Attorney-General—Thomas F. McCran, 1924.
Assistant Attorney-General—William Newcorn.
Second Assistant—Grover C. Richman.
Assistants to the Attorney-General—Francis H. McGee, Joseph Lanigan, John Solan.

COURT OF ERRORS AND APPEALS.

Court of Errors and Appeals—The Chancellor, the Chief Justice and Justices of the Supreme Court; Judges John J. White, 1924; Ernest J. Heppenheimer, 1925; Robert Williams, 1928; Frank M. Taylor, 1921; Walter P. Gardner, 1922; Henry E. Ackerson, Jr., 1925. Clerk, Secretary of State.

CHANCERY.

Court of Chancery—Chancellor, Edwin Robert Walker, 1926; Vice-Chancellors, Eugene Stevenson, 1922; Edmund B. Leaming, 1927; Vivian M. Lewis, 1926; John Griffin, 1927; John H. Backes, 1927; John E. Foster, 1923; Malcolm G. Buchanan, 1926; James F. Fielder, 1926.
Ordinary and Surrogate-General—Edwin Robert Walker.
Clerk in Chancery—Jesse R. Salmon, 1924.
Deputy Clerk—Edward M. Appelgate.
Chancery Reporter—Bayard Stockton, 1921.

SUPREME COURT.

Supreme Court—Chief Justice, William S. Gummere, 1922; Associate Justices, Francis J. Swayze, 1924; Thomas W. Trenchard, 1928; Charles W. Parker, 1921; James J. Bergen, 1921; James F. Minturn, 1922; Samuel Kalisch, 1925; Charles C. Black, 1922; Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., 1927.

Clerk of the Supreme Court—Enoch L. Johnson, 1923.

Law Reporter—Charles E. Gummere, 1924.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Circuit Court Judges—Frank T. Lloyd, 1928; William H. Speer, 1922; Nelson Y. Dungan, 1925; Luther A. Campbell, 1921; George S. Silzer, 1922; Willard W. Cutler, 1923; Worrall F. Mountain, 1926; Ralph W. E. Donges, 1927.

PARDONS.

Court of Pardons—Governor, Chancellor and Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals. Clerk, Secretary of State. Pardon Clerk, John J. Farrell.

DISTRICT COURTS.

Atlantic City, Louis A. Repetto, September 15th, 1925.

Bayonne, Peter Stillwell, April 21st, 1921.

Bergen County, First District, Edwin Howard Foster, Bergenfield, February 9th, 1925.

Bergen County, Second District, Guy Leverne Fake, Rutherford, January 27th, 1924.

Bergen County, Third District, Frederick W. Mattocks, Closter, January 27th, 1924.

Bergen County, Fourth District, Frederick V. Watson, Ridgewood, April 28th, 1925.

Camden, Garfield Pancoast, April 12th, 1922.

Camden County, First District, Rudolph S. Ayres, Camden, April 12th, 1925.

East Orange, Michael F. Judge, April 14th, 1925.

Elizabeth, Charles L. Morgan, March 31st, 1924.

Essex County, First District, Harry N. Reeves, Montclair, March 29th, 1922.

Essex County, Second District, Charles H. Stewart, Irvington, April 11th, 1924.

Hoboken, J. Raymond Tiffany, February 25th, 1923.

Hudson County, First District, Francis H. McCauley, Weehawken, April 14th, 1925.

Hudson County, Second District, Arthur B. Archibald, Kearny, February 27th, 1923.

Jersey City, First District, Charles L. Carrick, February 17th, 1924.

Jersey City, Second District, Clyde D. Souter, Kearny, April 1st, 1923.

Monmouth County, First District, Benjamin B. Smith, Asbury Park, March 1st, 1923.
Monmouth County, Second District, Harry Truax, Long Branch, March 11th, 1923.
Morris County, First District, Joseph Hinchman, Morristown, April 28th, 1925.
Morris County, Second District, Lyman M. Smith, Dover, February 14th, 1923.
Morris County, Third District, James V. Beam, Boonton, April 9th, 1924.
Newark, First District, Cecil H. MacMahon, February 13th, 1923.
Newark, Second District, Louis R. Freund, April 14th, 1925.
New Brunswick, Freeman Woodbridge, March 29th, 1921.
Orange, Daniel A. Dugan, February 14th, 1921.
Passaic, W. Carrington Cabel, April 21st, 1921.
Paterson, Edmund B. Randall, March 27th, 1923.
Perth Amboy, Charles C. Hommann, April 14th, 1925.
Plainfield, J. Henry Crane, February 14th, 1922.
Somerset County, First District, William F. Vosseller, Bound Brook, April 6th, 1925.
Trenton, John A. Montgomery, April 5th, 1925.

POLICE JUSTICES.

(Appointed by Governor.)

Orange—George W. Perry, 1924.
South Orange—John S. Magee, 1922.

COUNTY JUDGES AND PROSECUTORS.

For list of County Judges and Prosecutors see under heading County Directory on another page.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Commander-in-Chief—Governor Edwards.
Adjutant-General—Brigadier-General Frederick Gilkyson.
Quartermaster-General—Brigadier-General C. Edward Murray.
Inspector-General—Major Arthur F. Foran.
Judge Advocate-General—Major John Bentley.
Ordnance Department—Major Lawrence C. Dehn.
Inspector-General of Rifle Practice—Brigadier-General Bird W. Spencer.
Deputy Adjutant-General—Lieutenant-Colonel John M. Rogers.
Chief of Quartermaster Corps—Major David S. Hill.
Chief Clerk, Quartermaster-General's Office—Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel S. Armstrong, retired.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

State Board of Education—Melvin A. Rice, President, Atlantic Highlands, 1927; D. Stewart Craven, Salem, 1924; John P. Murray, Jersey City, 1928; John C. Van Dyke, New Brunswick, 1926; Oscar W. Jeffery, Englewood, 1922; Thomas W. Synnott, Wenonah, 1923; Robert Lynn Cox, Montclair, 1925; one vacancy; Calvin N. Kendall, Secretary. Meetings, first Saturday of each month at 10:30 A. M., at State House, Trenton.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Commissioner of Education—Calvin N. Kendall, Princeton, 1921.

Assistant Commissioners—John Enright, Freehold; Lambert L. Jackson, Princeton; Wesley A. O'Leary, Trenton; Edgar S. Pitkin, Trenton.

Bureau of Credentials—Chief, Thomas D. Sensor.

Educational Institutions—Normal School at Trenton, J. J. Savitz, Principal; Normal School at Montclair, Chas. S. Chapin, Principal; Normal School at Newark, W. Spader Willis, Principal; Deaf Mute School at Trenton, Alvin E. Pope, Principal; Manual Training and Industrial School for Colored Youth, William R. Valentine, Principal.

State Board of Examiners—Calvin N. Kendall, Chairman; J. J. Savitz, Charles S. Chapin, W. Spader Willis, Henry Snyder, Henry C. Krebs, John Enright, Thomas D. Sensor, Secretary.

Business Division—Herbert N. Morse, Business Manager; Margaretta B. Howell, Assistant Business Manager; Inspectors of Accounts, John S. Mount, Henry W. Huston; Inspector of Buildings, Charles McDermott; Alfred E. Christie, Statistician.

State Director of Physical Education—Dr. Frederick W. Maroney. Assistant Director, Marianna G. Packer; Assistant, Lester A. Palmer.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF SCHOOLS.

County Superintendents—Atlantic, Henry M. Cressman, Egg Harbor City; Bergen, B. C. Wooster, Hackensack; Burlington, Louis J. Kayser, Mount Holly; Camden, Charles S. Albertson, Camden; Cape May, Aaron W. Hand, Cape May; Cumberland, J. J. Unger, Bridgeton; Essex, O. J. Morelock, Newark; Gloucester, Daniel T. Steelman, Woodbury; Hudson, Austin H. Updyke, Jersey City; Hunterdon, Jason S. Hoffman, Flemington; Mercer, Joseph M. Arnold, Trenton; Middlesex, H. Brewster Willis, New Brunswick; Monmouth, Charles J. Straham, Freehold; Morris, J. Howard Hulsart, Morristown; Ocean, Charles A. Morris, Toms River; Passaic, Edward W. Garrison, Paterson; Salem, H. C. Dixon,

Salem; Somerset, H. C. Krebs, Somerville; Sussex, Ralph Decker, Newton; Union, A. L. Johnson, Elizabeth; Warren, Robert G. Sanford, Belvidere.

City Superintendents—Asbury Park, Amos E. Kraybill; Atlantic City, C. B. Boyer; Bayonne, P. H. Smith; Bloomfield, George Morris; Bordentown, Robert M. Oberholzer; Bridgeton, D. C. Porter; Cape May City, E. R. Brunyate; Camden, James E. Bryan; Clifton, George J. Smith; East Orange, A. H. Wilson; Elizabeth, Frederick E. Emmons; Englewood, Winton J. White; Gloucester, W. F. Burns; Hoboken, A. J. Demarest; Irvington, R. Lee Saunders; Jersey City, Henry Snyder; Kearny, Herman Dressel; Long Branch, Christopher Gregory; Millville, F. J. Sickles; Montclair, Don C. Bliss; Newark, Dr. David B. Corson; New Brunswick, Ira T. Chapman; North Bergen, M. F. Husted; Ocean City, James M. Stevens; Orange, W. B. Patrick; Passaic, F. S. Shepperd; Paterson, J. R. Wilson; Perth Amboy, S. E. Shull; Phillipsburg, J. Whitford Riddle; Plainfield, Henry M. Maxon; Pleasantville, Wm. Sullivan; Rahway, Wm. F. Little; Salem, A. J. Dohner; South Amboy, O. O. Barr; Summit, H. A. Sprague; Trenton, W. J. Bickett; Town of Union, Luther M. Steele; West Hoboken, Arthur O. Smith.

SCHOOL FUND TRUSTEES.

Trustees of the School Fund—Governor, Secretary of State, Attorney-General, State Comptroller, State Treasurer and Commissioner of Education.

FARNUM PREPARATORY SCHOOL.

Trustees—Calvin N. Kendall, Trenton; A. C. Fergusson, Jr., Edgewater Park; F. P. Jones, Jr., Beverly; George Rhawn, Edgewater Park; Leverett Hartfield, Beverly.

TECHNICAL AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

Trustees Newark Technical School—William L. Morgan, 1922; Herbert P. Gleason, 1922; Samuel E. Robertson, 1923; John A. Furman, 1923; Halsey M. Larter, 1924; Frederick L. Eberhardt, 1924; Peter Campbell, 1921; Abraham Rothschild, 1921.

Trustees Industrial Education, Hoboken—John Henry Cuntz, 1922; William L. E. Keuffel, 1922; Helene Willenborg, 1923; Caroline B. Wittpenn, 1921; Frank Cordts, 1921; J. W. Rufus Besson, 1923; Bernard Vezzetti, 1920 (hold over); vacancy.

Board of Trustees of Industrial Education, Trenton—Karl G. Roebling, 1921; Edward C. Stover, 1921; Herman C. Mueller, 1922; Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., 1921; Charles

Howell Cook, 1923; John S. Broughton, 1923; John A. Campbell, 1921. Vacancy. All December 30th. Robert C. Belville, Secretary.

STATE LIBRARY.

Commissioners—Governor, Chancellor, Chief Justice, Attorney-General, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller.

State Librarian—Francis E. Croasdale, 1924.

PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSIONERS.

Moses Taylor Pyne, Chairman, Princeton, 1921; Everitt T. Tomlinson, Elizabeth, 1924; John Cotton Dana, Newark, 1922; Emmor Roberts, Moorestown, 1923; John P. Dullard, Trenton, 1925; Francis E. Croasdale, 1924; Calvin N. Kendall; Henry C. Buchanan, Secretary; Sarah B. Askew, Librarian and Organizer; Ella B. Cook, Assistant Librarian.

BOARDS, BUREAUS AND DEPARTMENTS.

AUDITING DEPARTMENT.

(Office of the State Comptroller.)

Chief Auditor and Assistant to the Comptroller, Harry B. Salter, Trenton; Assistants, Arthur F. McGrath, Jersey City; David Davies, Pennington; David C. Wells, Bordentown; Charles R. Felty, Charles H. Mather, Trenton; James H. Bolton, Somerville. Stenographer, Freda McLaughlin, Trenton.

ACCOUNTANTS, PUBLIC.

Edwin G. Woodling, Secretary, Cranford, 1922; Henry C. Magee, Camden, 1921; John B. Niven, Upper Montclair, 1920 (hold over).

AGRICULTURE, DEPARTMENT OF.

Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Somerville, President, 1924; L. Willard Minch, Bridgeton, Vice President, 1922; Charles H. Brown, Swedesboro, 1924; F. M. Curtis, Harrington Park, 1921; H. W. Jeffers, Plainsboro, 1923; Fred Lippincott, Moorestown, 1923; E. A. Sexsmith, Belmar, R. F. D., 1921; W. W. Titsworth, Sussex, 1922.

Secretary—Alva Agee, Princeton.

Chief, Bureau of Animal Industry—Dr. J. H. McNeil, Trenton.

Chief, Bureau of Markets—A. L. Clark, Crosswicks.

Chief, Bureau of Statistics and Inspection—H. B. Weiss, New Brunswick.

State Entomologist—Dr. T. J. Headlee, New Brunswick.

State Plant Pathologist—Dr. M. T. Cook, New Brunswick.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE (STATE).

(New Brunswick.)

Board of Visitors—Atlantic county, William A. Blair, Elwood; Bergen county, Arthur Lozier, Ridgewood; Burlington county, R. E. Lippincott, Vincentown; Camden county, Ephraim T. Gill, Haddonfield; Cape May county, Charles P. Vanaman, Dias Creek; Cumberland county, Charles F. Seabrook, Bridgeton; Essex county, Zenos G. Crane, Caldwell; Gloucester county, Wilbur Beckett, Swedesboro; Hudson county, Diedrich Bahrenburg, Union Hill; Mercer county, Josiah T. Allinson, Yardville; Hunterdon county, Egbert T. Bush, Stockton; Middlesex county, James

Neilson, New Brunswick; Monmouth county, William H. Reid, Tennent; Morris county, John C. Welsh, German Valley; Ocean county, James E. Otis, Tuckerton; Passaic county, Isaac A. Serven, Clifton; Salem county, Charles R. Hires, Salem; Somerset county, Joseph Larocque, Bernardsville; Sussex county, Robert V. Armstrong, Augusta; Union county, John Z. Hatfield, Scotch Plains; Warren county, James I. Cook, Delaware. All April 21st, 1921.

Experiment Station No. 1—Board of Managers, Agricultural College Visitors. Ex-officio Managers, Governor Edwards, W. H. S. Demarest, President of the College; Jacob G. Lipman, President of the Board, James Neilson; Secretary-Treasurer, Irving E. Quackenboss; Director, Jacob G. Lipman.

Experiment Station No. 2—Supported entirely by Federal funds and is under control of the Trustees of Rutgers College. Special Committee of the Board and College Farm—W. H. S. Demarest, President of the College, chairman; William H. Leupp, James Neilson, Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Alfred F. Skinner, William S. Myers; Secretary, J. Preston Searle; Treasurer, Henry P. Schneeweiss; Director, Jacob G. Lipman.

ARCHITECTURE DEPARTMENT.

Architect, State—Francis H. Bent, Bound Brook, 1922.
Technical Adviser—William W. Law, Princeton.

ARCHITECTS, STATE BOARD.

State Board of Architects—Charles P. Baldwin, President, Newark, 1922; William W. Slack, Trenton, 1922; Hugh Roberts, Secretary, Jersey City, 1922; Frederick W. Wentworth, Paterson, 1921; Arnold H. Moses, Merchantville, 1921.

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

Commissioner—William E. Tuttle, Jr., 1924.
Deputy Commissioner—Thomas K. Johnston.
Assistant Deputy—Christopher A. Gough.
Chief Clerk—Benjamin B. Johnson.
Chief, Building and Loan Division—James MacMaster.
Chief, Inspection Bureau—Winfield W. Greene.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Commissioners—John Dyneley Prince, Ringwood, President, 1924; William K. Devereux, Asbury Park, 1923; Edward H. Wright, Newark, 1921; William D. Nolan, Somerville, 1922; Theodore H. Smith, Jersey City, 1925. Chief Examiner and Secretary, Charles P. Messick, Trenton; Assistant Secretary, Thomas E. Mernin; Assistant Examiner, Oliver Short.

COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION, BOARD OF.

J. Spencer Smith, President, Tenafly, 1921; Richard C. Jenkinson, Vice President, Newark, 1922; D. W. McCrea, Jersey City, 1924; William T. Kirk, Beverly, 1924; Robert F. Engle, Beach Haven, 1921; William L. Saunders, North Plainfield, 1922; Henry C. Broking, Paterson, 1923; W. Parker Runyon, Perth Amboy, 1923. Consulting Engineer, Benjamin F. Cresson, Jr., Jersey City; Director, Victor Gelineau; First Assistant Engineer, Henry J. Sherman; Chief Draughtsman, Edward J. Murphy; Chief Clerk, Edward H. Russell; Counsel, Harrison P. Lindabury.

CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF

Henry Crofut White, North Plainfield, 1924; Simon P. Northrup, Newark, 1921; William E. Tuttle, Jr., Westfield, 1922; Percival Christie, President, High Bridge, 1921; John A. Watson, Gloucester City, 1924; John L. Kuser, Bordentown, 1922; Owen Winston, Gladstone, 1923; William E. Florence, 1924; Director and State Forester, Alfred Gaskill; State Geologist, Henry B. Kümmel; State Firewarden, Charles P. Wilber.

FISH AND GAME DEPARTMENT.

Commissioners—Ernest Napier, President, East Orange, 1922; one vacancy, term expires 1925; William B. Boulton, Morristown, 1924; Alexander H. Phillips, Princeton, 1923; Robertson S. Ward, East Orange, 1922; Amos H. Radcliffe, Paterson, 1922; Jasper Lynch, Lakewood, 1922; Walter H. Fell, Secretary, State House, Trenton; J. M. Stratton, Chief Warden, Long Branch; Howard Mathis, Assistant Chief Warden, New Gretna; Harry E. Cudney, Assistant Chief Warden, Hackettstown. Wardens—William B. Loder, Egg Harbor City; Otis C. Small, Hammonton; William H. Small, Englewood; Charles C. Morton, Mt. Holly; Charles W. Folker, Camden; William Steel, Cape May Court House; Fred S. Conner, Bridgeton; George W. Phifer, Millville; Fred J. Hall, Bloomfield; John H. Avis, Woodbury; John J. Park, White House Station; Michael Bobera, Trenton; Charles Steuerwald, South Amboy; Arthur Davison, R. F. D. No. 1, Belmar; W. E. Young, Chester; A. J. Rider, Tuckerton; James H. Evernham, Bayville; Wm. C. Klein, Clifton; G. I. Hall, Salem; David A. Thompson, Salem; Charles E. Welsh, East Millstone; J. D. Roe, Newton; Wm. Hoblitzell, Rahway; J. F. Cox, Washington; J. B. Bailey, Washington; Thomas Kelley, Jersey City.

FISHERIES, SHELL DEPARTMENT.

Peter C. Cozier, President, Newport, 1923; Joseph P. Fowler, Port Norris, 1921; Charles R. Covert, Leesburg, 1924; Alfred B. Smith, East Atlantic City, 1924; Lorenzo D. Robbins, New Gretna, 1921; Russell Post, Keyport, 1922; Augustus J. Meerwald, Dennisville, 1922; Frank R. Austin, Tuckerton, 1923. Director—George A. Mott, Tuckerton. Chief of Atlantic County Branch—Edmund B. Smith. Chief of Ocean, Monmouth and Burlington Branch—Cornelius D. Kelly.

HEALTH, DEPARTMENT OF.

J. O. McDonald, M. D., President, Trenton, 1923; Clyde Potts, C. E., Morristown, 1921; Oliver Kelly, Oak Tree, 1922; Howard E. Winter, Plainfield, 1922; Harold J. Harder, C. E., Paterson, 1924; Henry Spence, M. D., Jersey City, 1923; Thomas B. Lee, M. D., Camden, 1921; David D. Chandler, Newark, 1924.

Director—Dr. Jacob Cole Price.

Assistant Director and Chief of Laboratory of Hygiene—R. B. Fitz-Randolph.

Department Chiefs—Bureau of Medical Supervision, Dr. A. Clark Hunt; Bureau of Local Health Administration, David C. Bowen; Bureau of Vital Statistics, David S. South; Bureau of Engineering, Harry P. Croft; Bureau of Food and Drugs, W. W. Scofield, Jr., Acting Chief; Division of General Administration, Charles J. Merrell; Division of Child Hygiene, Dr. Julius Levy; Bureau Venereal Diseases, Dr. A. J. Casselman.

STATE HIGHWAY COMMISSION.

George L. Burton, Chairman, South River, 1921; A. S. L. Doughty, Mount Holly, 1921; Col. Walter F. Whittemore, 1922; Charles F. Seabrook, Bridgeton, 1922; George Paddock, Newark, 1923; John Ferris, Jersey City, 1923; Thomas E. Collins, Elizabeth, 1924; vacancy.

State Highway Engineer—Thomas J. Wasser, Trenton; Assistant State Engineer, Edward E. Reed, Trenton; Construction Engineer, C. F. Bedwell, Trenton; Secretary and Chief Clerk, A. Lee Grover, Trenton.

INHERITANCE TAX SUPERVISORS.

(Office of State Comptroller.)

State Supervisor—William D. Kelly, State House, Trenton.

Special Investigators—Theodore Rurode, Jersey City; William P. Seddon, Paterson; Kenneth H. Lanning, Trenton.

District Supervisors—Howard R. Cloud, Atlantic City; James D. Moore, Hackensack; Charles Stokes, Riverside; John C. Doughten, Camden; Charles A. Bonnell, Cape May

Court House: Charles R. Tomlin, Bridgeton; Peter A. Cavicchia, Newark; Willard E. Miller, Woodbury; David F. Edwards, Jersey City; Richard H. Slattery, Flemington; James E. Mitchell, Trenton; Schuyler C. Van Cleef, New Brunswick; E. I. Van Derveer, Freehold; Martin R. O'Keefe, Morristown; Wm. B. Sprague, Manahawkin; Robert J. McDermott, Paterson; D. Harris Smith, Salem; Frank W. Remsen, Somerville; Ackerson J. Mackerley, Newton; Frank A. English, Elizabeth; J. Milton Guthrie, Jr., Phillipsburg.

NEW JERSEY INTER-STATE BRIDGE AND TUNNEL COMMISSION.

WELLER

~~William~~ H. Noyes, Chairman, Tenafly, 1922; Thomas J. S. Barlow, Vice Chairman, Maple Shade, 1923; John F. Boyle, Jersey City, 1924; Theodore Boettger, Hackensack, 1923; Richard T. Collings, Collingswood, 1923; Samuel M. Shay, Merchantville, 1924; Daniel F. Hendrickson, Woodbury, Charles R. Bacon, Camden; Assistant Secretary, E. Morgan Barradale, Newark; Counsel, Emerson L. Richards.

LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner of Labor—Lewis T. Bryant, Atlantic City, 1923.

Bureaus of Structural Inspection, Explosives and Assignment of Inspectors—Chief, Charles H. Weeks, Trenton.

Bureau of Electrical and Mechanical Equipment—Chief, Rowland H. Leveridge, Plainfield.

Bureaus of Hygiene and Sanitation, Bakeries and Mines—Chief, John Roach, Irvington.

Workmen's Compensation Bureau—Deputy Commissioner and Secretary, Wm. E. Stubbs, Trenton; Deputy Commissioners, George J. Jaeger, Newark; Harry J. Goas, West Orange; James O. Boyd, Ocean Grove; Referee, Chas. E. Corbin, Rahway; Investigators, John W. Kent, Paterson; Harry W. Dean, Newark; John J. Stahl, Newark; Medical Advisers, Maurice S. Avidan, Newark; Adolph Flachs, Newark; Alexander S. Ross, Camden.

Bureau of Industrial Statistics—Chief, Lillian Erskine, Verona.

Engineers' License, Steam Boiler and Refrigerating Plant Inspection Bureau—Chief, Joseph F. Scott, Whippany; Examiners, Edward Walker, Grantwood; John W. Price, Atlantic City.

Bureau of Negro Welfare—Chief, Isaac H. Nutter, Atlantic City.

Bureau of Employment—Acting Director, Russell J. Eldridge, Irvington.

Factory Inspectors—Henry Kuehnle, Egg Harbor City; William Baird, Vineland; James H. Tallon, Trenton; Fred-

erick Rearwin, Trenton; W. J. E. Seder, Newark; James E. Stanton, Sussex; William Crowley, Jersey City; Henry Lohse, Newark; Henry Booth, Ocean Grove; Wm. Van Assen, Passaic; William Schlachter, Orange; Crowell M. Haslett, Jersey City; Geo. J. Speidel, Elizabeth; Henry Klussmann, West Hoboken; Thomas F. Green, Elizabeth; Laura W. Moore, Woodbury; Lydia E. Sayer, Bloomfield; Mrs. Nellie H. Slayback, Montclair.

Mine and Factory Inspectors—Augustus Munson, Dover; John P. Diviny, Paterson.

Bakery Inspector—Patrick J. Hayes, Jersey City.

MEDICAL, DENTISTRY, PHARMACY AND VETERINARIAN.

State Board of Medical Examiners—William P. Watson, Jersey City, 1922; Davis P. Borden, Paterson, 1923; John J. Mooney, Jersey City, 1921; Alexander McAllister, Camden, 1923; Charles A. Groves, East Orange, 1922; R. M. Colborn, Newark, 1922; James J. McGuire, Treasurer, Trenton, 1922; Joseph H. Bryan, Asbury Park, 1923; J. W. Hughes, Atlantic City, 1921; Harry Stout, Wenonah, 1921.

President, John J. Mooney, Jersey City; Secretary, Alexander Macalister, Camden; Treasurer, James J. McGuire.

State Board of Pharmacy—Harry W. Crooks, Newark, President, 1923; Daniel H. Hills, Spring Lake, Vice President, 1922; William H. McNeill, Paterson, Treasurer, 1924; Edgar H. Sparks, Burlington, Secretary, 1921; Harry E. Bischoff, Union Hill, 1925.

State Board of Dentistry—Franklin Rightmire, President, Paterson, 1921; John C. Forsyth, Secretary-Treasurer, Trenton, 1921; William H. Gelston, Camden, 1922; William I. Thompson, Asbury Park, 1922; Ransford B. Van Gieson, Montclair, 1923; George M. Holden, Hackettstown, 1923; George H. Grim, Jersey City, 1924; Arthur R. Slade, Millville, 1924.

State Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners—Dr. J. Payne Lowe, President, Passaic, 1923; Dr. J. B. Hopper, Secretary, Ridgewood, 1922; Dr. E. L. Loblein, New Brunswick, 1923; Dr. James McDonough, Montclair, 1922; Timothy F. O'Dea, Union Hill, 1921.

MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner—William L. Dill.

Chief Clerk—William J. Dearden.

Auditor—Nelson P. Howell.

Secretary to Commissioner—M. Agnes Smith.

Inspectors (paid)—Chief, Lester W. Gilbert, Jersey City; Deputy Chief, Anderson Shinn, Burlington; George Thompson, Somerville; Alexander Ackermann, West New York; John W. Baldwin, Jersey City; Charles D. Pedigree, Cam-

den; Dane B. Sawyer, Westwood; E. Frank Boutillier, East Orange; Harry G. Burton, New Brunswick; William K. Lovett, Wildwood; LeRoy Wyckoff, Manasquan; Edward A. Martens, Newark; William K. Teel, Washington; Arthur Kirsinger; LeRoy Lanning, Merchantville; Joseph E. McCabe, Paterson; William S. Cooper, Trenton; Henry Downs, Madison; Harold Wintermute, Newton; James J. Shanley, Elizabeth; Daniel T. Coleman; Michael M. Fitzpatrick, Hoboken; Frank E. Snyder, Newark; William H. Dykeman, Jersey City; Cortland Parker, Trenton; Arthur Stagg, Hackensack; Alexander J. Dennen, Princeton; Joseph McCabe; Harry Barclay; James Chapman, Paterson; Clarence W. Merrill, Newark; P. O. Weigand, Keyport; Edgar Robie; Fred Raskoff.

MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTS.

Commissioner—Walter R. Darby, Westfield, 1923.

NURSES.

Board of Examiners—Minnie Ireland, Long Branch, 1922; Mary E. Rockhill, Camden, 1922; Miss M. J. Stone, Hackensack, 1921; Elizabeth J. Higbid, 1921; Mrs. Clifford Deveraux, East Orange, 1920 (hold over).

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY PORT AND HARBOR COMMISSION.

Office, 115 Broadway, New York.

New Jersey—J. Spence Smith, Tenafly; DeWitt VanBuskirk, Bayonne; Frank R. Ford, Caldwell.

New York—William R. Willcox, Eugene Outerbridge, Murray Hurlbert, all of New York.

Chief Engineer—B. F. Cresson, Jr.

Negotiation Committee—Attorney-General McCran, Senators Case, Whitney, Brown, Assemblymen Glover, Barrett, Pierson, John Milton, Jersey City.

OPTOMETRY, STATE BOARD.

Louis A. Rochat, Upper Montclair, 1923; Lindell C. Ashburn, Cape May City, 1922; Freeman C. Leaming, President, Trenton, 1922; Benjamin Bloch, Elizabeth, 1921; Percy A. Bourke, Paterson, 1921; Secretary, Louis A. Rochat.

PALISADES INTERSTATE PARK.

Office, 90 Wall Street, New York.

Commissioners—Edward L. Partridge, New York City, 1925; J. DuPratt White, Nyack, N. Y., 1924; William H. Porter, New York City, 1923; Frederick Sutro, Basking

Ridge, 1923; Charles W. Baker, Montclair, 1922; Richard V. Lindabury, Newark, 1921; Myron W. Robinson, Hackensack, 1924; W. Averell Harriman, Arden, N. Y., 1922; John J. Voorhees, Jersey City, 1925. One vacancy from New York.

PILOTAGE COMMISSION.

Secretary's Office, 12 S. Second Street, Elizabeth.

Benjamin Van Note, President, Red Bank, 1922; Douglas Haley, Mauricetown, 1923; William T. Cox, Elizabeth, 1922; Alfred B. Devlin, Jersey City, 1922; John Predmore, Barnegat, 1922; Thomas Goldingay, Newark, 1922.

PUBLIC UTILITY DEPARTMENT.

Commissioners—John W. Slocum, President, Long Branch, 1921; George F. Wright, Paterson, 1924; Harry L. Knight, Medford, 1925; Andrew Gaul, Jr., Ridgefield, 1925; vacancy. Secretary, Alfred N. Barber, Trenton. Counsel, L. Edward Herrmann, Jersey City. Assistant Counsel, Ralph N. Kellam, Camden.

Inspectors—Philander Betts, Belmar; James Maybury, Jr., East Orange; Charles A. Mead, Upper Montclair; Henry S. Lyon, Newark; Peter J. Kerwin, Paterson; Ed. B. Annett, Bayonne; Joseph N. Vacca, Newark; Henry E. Carver, East Orange; Louis M. Meckler, Jr., Elizabeth; Oakley W. Wean, Milford; Nathaniel Sofman, Newark; Leo F. Conlon, Newark; Francis J. Daly, Newark; John P. Petty, Newark; Morton W. Huttenloch, Montclair; Charles M. Keebler, Glassboro.

RAILROADS, JOINT COMPANIES.

State Director—Joshua E. Borton, Moorestown, 1921.

REPORTS, PUBLIC, DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner—William A. Sweeney, Red Bank, 1924.

SEWERAGE, PASSAIC VALLEY COMMISSION.

Bernard W. Terlinde, Newark, 1921; James P. Logan, Chairman, Newark, 1922; William Black, Rutherford, 1923; William A. Hopson, Passaic, 1924; James J. McAteer, Kearny, 1925. Counsel—Adrian Riker. Secretary-Treasurer—Joseph H. Quigg.

STATE HOUSE COMMISSION.

The Governor, State Treasurer and State Comptroller.

Custodian of the State House and Public Grounds—John A. Smith.

State Purchasing Agent—Edward E. Grosscup, Wenonah, 1921.

Assistant to the Purchasing Agent—Joseph M. Coyle, Jersey City.

Assistants—Arthur E. Johnson, Edward C. Stratton, Jas. Malloy, Joseph Hibbs, all of Trenton; Edward Mundy, Plainfield.

TAXES AND ASSESSMENT, STATE BOARD OF.

Frank B. Jess, President, Haddon Heights, 1922; James Baker, Jersey City, 1923; Isaac Barber, Phillipsburg, 1923; Harry W. Mutchler, Rockaway, 1921; Mahlon R. Margerum, Trenton, 1922. Secretary—Frank D. Schroth. Field Secretary and Clerk—Frank A. O'Connor. Engineer —Louis Focht.

COUNTY BOARDS OF TAXATION.

Atlantic County—Dominick Corsiglia, Buena Vista, 1921; James L. O'Donnell, Hammonton, 1922; John T. French, Atlantic City, 1923. Secretary—Francis B. Coll, Atlantic City.

Bergen County—William Conklin, Hackensack, 1921; William Whitehead, Garfield, 1923; John T. French, Atlantic City, 1923; Willard T. Burdette, Hackensack, 1922. Secretary, Robert B. Murphy, Ridgewood.

Burlington County—James E. Cunningham, Burlington, 1923; Joseph L. Thomas, Riverton, 1922; Henry P. Thorn, Medford, 1921.

Camden County—Francis D. Weaver, Camden, 1922; J. Russell Carrow, Camden, 1923; Patrick Harding, Haddonfield, 1921. Secretary, Gardner S. Driver, Camden.

Cape May County—Charles C. Bohm, Lower Township, 1923; Edward L. Rice, Dennisville, 1921; Samuel A. Lanning, Wildwood, 1922. Secretary, F. W. James, Cape May Court House.

Cumberland County—Edward H. Corson, Millville, 1922; Daniel R. Moore, Bridgeton, 1921; Edgar R. Jones, Millville, 1923. Secretary, Frank F. Wallace, Bridgeton.

Essex County—William E. Sandmeyer, Newark, 1922; Michael W. Higgins, Newark, 1921; John L. Cox, Montclair, 1923. Secretary, James A. Mungle.

Gloucester County—Eli Heritage, Richwood, 1922; William C. Allen, Westville, 1921; Samuel E. Tombleson, Williamstown, 1923.

Hudson County—Clarence T. Van Deren, Harrison, 1922; Philip McGovern, Jersey City, 1921; Christopher C. McMahon, Kearny, 1923. Secretary, Joseph P. McLean, Jersey City.

Hunterdon County—James H. Trewin, Flemington, 1921; Joseph A. Leary, Lambertville, 1923; Elmer B. Ramsey, High Bridge, 1922. Secretary, John Matthews, Flemington.

Mercer County—Alfred K. Leuckel, Trenton, 1921; William A. Lowrey, Hamilton Square, 1923; Charles R. Randall, Trenton, 1922. Secretary, Charles E. Cook, Trenton.

Middlesex County—George J. Haney, Perth Amboy, 1922; John Strassburger, Highland Park, 1921; Joseph Hermann, Roosevelt, 1923.

Monmouth County—Albert L. Ivins, Red Bank, 1922; Richard W. Herbert, Wickatunk, 1921; James Fury, Matawan, 1923. Secretary, John L. Sweeney, Freehold.

Morris County—Horace L. Dunham, Dover, 1922; John J. Cunningham, Boonton, 1921; Albert H. Holland, Morristown, 1923. Secretary, William B. McCracken, Morristown.

Ocean County—Lawrence D. Van Note, Lakewood, 1923; Gilbert Clayton, Lakewood, 1921; David G. Conrad, Barnegat, 1922. Secretary, G. W. Hallock, Toms River.

Passaic County—Edgar M. Tilt, Passaic, 1921; Thomas E. Duffy, Passaic, 1923; vacancy.

Salem County—Charles L. Richmond, Daretown, 1922; William M. Burke, Pedricktown, 1921; George Schalack, Centreton, 1923. Secretary, William Hannah, Salem.

Somerset County—Edward E. Cooper, Mount Bethel, 1922; Andrew R. Kenney, North Plainfield, 1921; Berkeley W. Moore, Jr., Somerville, 1923. Secretary, James I. Bowers, Somerville.

Sussex County—James E. Baldwin, Newton, 1922; Patrick J. Dolan, Ogdensburg, 1923; John J. Van Sickle, Bevans, 1921. Secretary, Clarence L. Reeder, Newton.

Union County—Lloyd Thompson, Westfield, 1922; John J. Collins, Elizabeth, 1921; Francis V. Dobbins, Rahway, 1923. Secretary, James P. Kelly, Elizabeth.

Warren County—Marvin A. Pierson, Washington, 1922; Edward J. Vossler, 1921; John E. Smith, Phillipsburg, 1923. Secretary, Harry Runyon, Belvidere.

TENEMENT HOUSE SUPERVISION, BOARD.

Hugh C. Lendrim, President, Paterson, 1922; Augustus V. Hamburg, Newark, 1923; Pierre F. Cook, Jersey City, 1921; Henry J. Wosbrook, Midland Park, 1924; William F. Schmid, Camden, 1925. Secretary, Miles W. Beemer, office of Commission, 101 Halsey Street, Newark.

REHABILITATION OF PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED PERSONS.

Chairman, Colonel Fred H. Albee, Colonia; Secretary, Labor Commissioner, Lewis T. Bryant; Commissioner of Institutions and Agencies, Burdette G. Lewis; Commissioner of Public Instruction, Calvin N. Kendall; Peter Campbell, Kearny; Gregory E. Adlon, Newark.

WAR HISTORY BUREAU.

Prof. D. C. Munro and Dr. John Grier Hibben, Princeton; Dr. W. H. S. Demarest, New Brunswick; Robert Lyon Cox, Montclair; H. W. Jeffers, Plainsboro, all 1921.
State Librarian—Francis E. Croasdale.
Director—John P. Dullard, Trenton.

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS, BOARD.

John F. Martin, Elizabeth, Secretary, 1921; John A. Maxwell, Somerville, 1921; William B. M. Burrell, Camden, 1921; William H. Hannold, Jr., Swedesboro, 1921; Theodore L. Young, Dover, 1922.

WATER SUPPLY COMMISSION (North Jersey).

Wood McKee, Paterson, 1921; Ernest C. Hinck, Montclair, 1922; Obadiah C. Bogardus, Keyport, 1923; Laurent J. Tonnele, Bayonne, 1925. Chief Engineer, Morris R. Sherrerd, Newark.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

State Superintendent—Frank Wanser, Vineland, 1922.
Assistants—J. Frank Fowler, Trenton; Elliott B. Holton, Newark; Augustus W. Schwartz, Elizabeth. Secretary, Joseph G. Rogers, Trenton.

STATE BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS.

(Chapter 72, Laws 1920.)

John Lafianza, Jersey City; Daniel F. Kearney, Atlantic City; Andrew L. Colantuono, Penns Grove.

PUBLIC RECORDS COMMISSION.

(Chapter 46, Laws 1920.)

Governor, Chancellor, Chief Justice, Secretary of State, Treasurer, Comptroller and Attorney-General, Commissioners.
Director—Dr. Carlos E. Godfrey, Trenton.

STATE BOARD OF CHIROPRACTORS.

(Chapter 4, Laws 1920.)

Andrew M. Englehart, President, Red Bank; James G. Reynolds, Secretary, Paterson; Harry C. DeBaun, Treasurer, Hackensack; William H. Martin, Newark; William A. Dittmar, Jersey City.

DEPARTMENT OF INSTITUTIONS AND AGENCIES

(Changed from Charities and Corrections.)

(This department has full charge of the charitable, correctional, reformatory and penal institutions, boards and commissions located and conducted in the State. See Chap. 147, Laws of 1918.)

State Board—Ogden H. Hammond, Chairman, Bernardsville, 1923; Dwight W. Morrow, Englewood, 1927; Frank A. Fetridge, Newark, 1928; Ellis P. Earle, Montclair, 1922; Mrs. Lewis S. Thompson, Red Bank, 1925; Mrs. Otto G. Wittpenn, Jersey City, 1926; F. Wallis Armstrong, Moorestown, 1924; Joseph M. Byrne, Newark, 1921; the Governor is an ex-officio member. Commissioner, Burdette G. Lewis, Princeton. Secretary, Agnes L. Mulrey, Trenton.

Divisions—Labor, Agriculture, Food and Dietetics, David I. Kelly, Director, East Orange; Education and Parole, Mrs. Cornelia B. Meytrott, Director, Pennington; Inspection, Joseph M. Thompson, Director, New Egypt; Records, Reports and Information, John C. McEnroe, Director, Newark; Departmental Steward, William M. Golden; Supervisor of Institutional Farms, Donald B. Rice; Superintendent of Government Use Industries, Charles H. Clayton; Supervisor of Repairs and Supplies, George H. Whitfield, M. E. and E., Montclair.

STATE INSTITUTION FOR FEEBLE-MINDED WOMEN.

Vineland.

Managers—Harry H. Pond, President, Plainfield; Richard C. Jenkinson, Newark; Wm. Dawson, Wenonah; Mrs. Bloomfield Minch, Bridgeton. Superintendent, George B. Thorn.

STATE COLONY FOR FEEBLE-MINDED MALES.

New Lisbon.

Managers—Kellem C. Breunett, President, Riverton; Henry B. Coles, Moorestown; William J. Strandwitz, Haddonfield; Mrs. Charles C. Miller, Riverton; Miss Elizabeth White, Secretary, New Lisbon. J. Frank Macomber, Superintendent.

STATE VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS.

Skillman.

Managers—Herman F. Moosbrugger, President, Somerville; Mrs. Francis de L. Hyde, North Plainfield; Mrs. Brice Collard, Jersey City; Joseph W. Larocque, Bernardsville; Dr. Augustus Knight, Vice-President, Peapack. Dr. David F. Weeks, Superintendent, Secretary and Treasurer.

STATE HOME FOR BOYS.

Jamesburg.

Managers—Seymour L. Cromwell, President, Mendham; Prof. Frank A. Fetter, Princeton; Mrs. Sidney Colgate, East Orange; Sigmund Eisner, Red Bank; Maxwell Rockhill, Trenton. Calvin Derrick, Superintendent.

STATE HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS, SAILORS, MARINES AND THEIR WIVES AND WIDOWS.

Vineland.

Managers—Mrs. W. Scott Wheaton, Millville; Mrs. Harman Dilks, Jr., Secretary, Pitman; Frank Bateman, Grenloch; Frank M. Riley, Bridgeton. Three vacancies. Barton T. Fell, Superintendent.

HOME FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS.

Kearny.

Managers—Gen. Joseph H. Brensinger, President, Jersey City; Richard Wayne Parker, Newark; William C. Smith, Plainfield; John S. Fagan, Harrison; John Stagg, Paterson; William P. Allen, Newark; Daniel E. Lynch, Irvington. Superintendent, George E. Boyd.

SANATORIUM FOR TUBERCULOUS DISEASES.

Glen Gardner.

Managers—Theodore H. Corwin, M. D., President, Newark; Prof. Elmer H. Loomis, Princeton; Frederic J. Hughes, M. D., Vice-President, Plainfield; Mrs. Lucy J. M. Taylor, High Bridge; Frederic C. Low, M. D., Secretary-Treasurer, High Bridge; Edwin J. Burke, Trenton; Mrs. John W. Queen, Jersey City. Dr. Samuel B. English, Superintendent.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Trenton.

Managers—Arthur D. Forst, President, Trenton; William A. Klemann, Trenton; George T. Tracey, M. D., Vice President, Beverly; Mrs. Frederick I. Fox, Camden; Dr. Paul Mecray, Camden; Dr. H. A. Cotton, Medical Director. Samuel T. Atchley, Warden. Charles DeF. Besore, Secretary, Trenton. Two vacancies.

STATE HOSPITAL.

Morris Plains.

Managers—Daniel S. Voorhees, President, Morristown; W. L. R. Lynd, Vice President, Dover; Mrs. Seymour L. Cromwell, Bernardsville; Mrs. U. N. Bethell, Montclair;

A. B. Leach, New York; Dr. Augustus S. Knight, Gladstone; Dr. L. F. Donohoe, Bayonne; Dr. Marcus A. Curry, Medical Superintendent; Orlando M. Bowen, Warden and Treasurer; John Boyd, Secretary, Morris Plains.

NEW JERSEY REFORMATORY.

Rahway.

Managers—Decatur M. Sawyer, President, Montclair; Foster M. Voorhees, Vice-President, Elizabeth; Edward M. Duffield, South Orange; Frank M. Stillman, Secretary, Rahway; Freeman Woodbridge, New Brunswick; George W. Fortmeyer, East Orange; David T. Kenney, North Plainfield. Dr. Frank Moore, Superintendent.

STATE PRISON.

Trenton.

Principal Keeper—James H. Mulheron.

Managers—C. W. Huntington, President, Elizabeth; Prof. E. R. Johnstone, Vineland; George W. Adams, Trenton; W. A. Barkalow, Freehold; Wm. H. Loftus, Glen Ridge; Wm. B. Maddock, Trenton. Irvin C. Bleam, Secretary.

COMMISSION FOR THE AMELIORATION OF THE CONDITION OF THE BLIND.

147 Summer Avenue, Newark.

Managers—C. R. Dieffenbach, Chairman, Jersey City; Dr. W. R. Broughton, Bloomfield; Rev. Edgar S. Wiers, Montclair; Mrs. J. R. Schermerhorn, East Orange; Mrs. Reginald Baker, Secretary, Madison. Miss Lydia Y. Hayes, Chief Executive Officer.

STATE BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS.

15 Exchange Place, Jersey City.

Managers—Benjamin F. Edsall, Secretary, Newark; Robert L. Fleming, Treasurer, Jersey City; Joseph McCrystal, President, Paterson; Mrs. F. C. Jacobson, Vice President, Newark; Mrs. Beatrice Stern, Matawan; Mrs. John Nevin, Jersey City; Miss Louise Shelton, Morristown; Frances Day, General Agent, Jersey City.

STATE HOME FOR GIRLS.

Trenton.

Managers—A. S. L. Doughty, Mount Holly; Mrs. H. Crittenden Harris, President, Glen Ridge; Mrs. Leon Cubberly, Vice President, Long Branch; Mrs. John L. Kuser, Bordentown; Aaron V. Dawes, Hightstown; Mrs. James F. Fielder, Jersey City; David Holzner Secretary-Treasurer,

Trenton. Superintendent, Dr. Mary B. Harris. Senior Parole Officer, Miss Nellie F. Dullard; Parole Officers, Miss Mary T. Starr, Mrs. Charlotte N. Hopkins.

REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN.

Clinton.

Managers—Mrs. Richard V. Lindabury, Bernardsville; Dr. Thomas H. Flynn, Vice President, Somerville; Mrs. Sheldon E. Martin, Bernardsville; Mr. C. W. Ennis, Treasurer, Morristown; Mrs. George Brown, Somerville; Carroll B. Merritt, President, Madison; Julia Conover, Secretary, Princeton. Miss Grace Robson, Superintendent.

INSTITUTIONS NOT UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE FOREGOING DEPARTMENT.

FEEBLE-MINDED CHILDREN.

Vineland.

THE TRAINING SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED BOYS AND GIRLS.

Trustees—Governor, ex-officio; E. C. Stokes, Trenton, 1922; D. Harry Chandler, Maplewood, 1922; Earl Barnes, Philadelphia, 1923; Bleecker Van Wagenen, Alstead Centre, N. H., 1923; Dr. Thomas J. Smith, Bridgeton, 1923; Judge Harry V. Osborne, Newark, 1923; Rev. H. H. Beadle, Bridgeton, 1924; E. E. Read, Jr., Camden, 1924; Howard I. Branson, Vineland, 1924; Harry G. Walls, Vineland, 1924; Dr. Milton J. Greenman, Philadelphia, 1921; W. Graham Tyler, Philadelphia, 1921; Samuel S. Fels, Philadelphia, 1921; R. E. Williams, Vineland, 1921.

Vice-President, Thomas J. Smith; Treasurer, Harry G. Walls; Secretary, Edward R. Johnstone.

FIREMEN'S HOME.

Boonton.

Managers—Egbert Seymour, Chairman, Bayonne, 1924; Elias K. Leslie, Secretary, Trenton, 1924; Patrick J. Farrell, Treasurer, Montclair, 1922; James J. Manning, Elizabeth, 1924; Bird W. Spencer, Passaic; John Kennell, Passaic, 1924; Edward O'Donnell, Jersey City, 1924; Charles E. Close, Matawan, 1924; William H. Matthews, Orange, 1924; Evan F. Benners, Moorestown, 1922; John G. Andes, West New York, 1922; John Senft, Merchantville, 1922. State Comptroller and Banking and Insurance Commissioner, ex-officio. Superintendent, John A. Danner.

COMMISSIONS, ETC.

BOXING COMMISSION.

John S. Smith, Chairman, Atlantic City; W. E. Cann, Elizabeth; Edward S. Crain, East Orange; all 1921. Secretary, William H. Truby, Bradley Beach.

DELAWARE RIVER TOLL BRIDGES.

John A. Campbell, President, Trenton; Reginald W. Darnell, Phillipsburg; Walter F. Hayhurst, Lambertville.

MONMOUTH BATTLE MONUMENT.

Members—Comptroller of the Treasury, Adjutant-General, Quartermaster-General, President of Senate, Speaker of House of Assembly, Theodore W. Morris, President; Garret A. Denise, Edward P. Beach, Joseph A. Yard, Secretary, Freehold.

OLD FORT NASSAU MONUMENT.

John H. Fort, Camden; Frank H. Stewart, Woodbury; Alfred M. Hester, Atlantic City.

OLD AGE PENSION.

Everett Colby, West Orange, 1924; F. William Gertzen, Ramsey, 1923; Leo J. McCall, Englewood, 1925; Augustine Elmendorf, Newark, 1921; Joseph M. Ackerman, Paterson, 1922.

STATE BUDGET COMMISSION.

The Governor, State Comptroller, State Treasurer; Budget Commissioner, John A. Reddan, Trenton; Expert Accountant, H. B. Fernald.

UNIFORM LEGISLATION IN UNITED STATES.

John R. Hardin, Newark; Mark A. Sullivan, Jersey City; George A. Bourgeois, Atlantic City. All in 1921.

WASHINGTON ASSOCIATION OF NEW JERSEY.

Morristown.

President, Alfred Elmer Mills; First Vice-President, Willard W. Cutler; Second Vice-President, Henry A. Henriques; Secretary, Henry C. Pitney; Treasurer, Philander B. Pierson; Curator, Mrs. Altha H. Cutler; Trustees, Alfred Elmer Mills, Henry C. Pitney, Jr., Henry A. Henriques, Willard W. Cutler, Frank Bergen, Charles M. Lum, Francis J. Swayze, Philander B. Pierson, Wynant D.

Vanderpool. Executive Committee, Alfred Elmer Mills, Willard W. Cutler, Henry A. Henriques, Henry C. Pitney, Jr., Philander B. Pierson, Mrs. Altha H. Cutler, Wynant D. Vanderpool.

WASHINGTON ROCK PARK.

Mrs. Charles W. McCutchin, Plainfield; Mrs. Frederick G. Mead, Plainfield; Mrs. John F. Harman, Plainfield; William J. Buttfield, North Plainfield; Henry C. Wells, North Plainfield.

MOTOR TRAFFIC COMMISSION.

(Joint Resolution No. 2, Laws 1920.)

William L. Dill, Chairman, Paterson; Thomas Brown, Perth Amboy; Harry G. Herschfield, Pompton Lakes; Thomas J. Wasser, Jersey City; Horace A. Bonnell, Newark.

SOLDIERS' BONUS COMMISSION.

(Chapter 159, Laws 1920.)

State Comptroller, State Treasurer, Adjutant-General, State Commander Leonidas Coyle, of the American Legion.

HISTORICAL SITES OF CAMDEN COUNTY COMMISSION.

(Chapter 152, Laws 1920.)

John H. Fort, Merchantville; Mrs. Bertha Shippen Irving, Haddonfield; John F. Zimmer, Gloucester City.

SALARIES AND TERMS OF OFFICE.

OF STATE OFFICERS AND MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

EXECUTIVE, STATE, TREASURY AND LAW DEPARTMENTS.

Governor, three years, $10,000. Secretary to the Governor, three years, $5,000. Executive Clerk, $2,300.

Secretary of State, five years, $6,000. Assistant, five years, $3,000 (also $1,500 as Motor Vehicle Commissioner). Chief Clerk, $4,200.

State Treasurer, three years, $6,000.

Deputy State Treasurer, $5,000.

State Comptroller, three years, $6,000.

Deputy Comptroller, three years, $5,300.

Attorney-General, five years, $7,000.

Assistant Attorney-General, $5,000; Second Assistant, $4,800. Chief Legal Assistant, $4,800. Senior Legal Assistants (2), $3,300, $3,000.

State Purchasing Agent—Edward E. Grosscup, five years, $5,000; Assistant, $4,000.

THE COURTS.

Chancellor, seven years, $15,000.

Vice-Chancellors, seven years, $14,000.

Clerk in Chancery, five years, $6,000; Deputy, $3,000.

Chief Justice Supreme Court, seven years, $15,000.

Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, seven years, $14,000.

Clerk of the Supreme Court, five years, $6,000.

Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals, six years, $20 a day for attendance at Court and $20 a day, not exceeding thirty days each term, when engaged in examination of cases or writing of opinions.

Court of Pardons, $20 per diem. Clerk, $1,200.

Circuit Court Judges, seven years, $12,000.

Chancery and Law Reporters, each $500.

Judges of County Courts (Common Pleas, &c), five years. Essex and Hudson, $9,000; Passaic, Bergen, Camden, Monmouth, Union, Mercer and Middlesex, $7,500; Atlantic, Burlington and Morris, $5,000; Cumberland, $4,500; Gloucester, Somerset and Warren, $3,500; Salem, Hunterdon and Sussex, $3,000; Cape May and Ocean, $2,700.

Juvenile Courts, Essex and Hudson counties, five years, $6,000.

District Court Judges, five years. Newark and Jersey City (two each), $4,000; Clerks, $3,000; Deputy Clerks, $1,500; Assistant Clerks, $1,200. Paterson, Trenton, Camden, $3,500; Clerks, $2,500. Atlantic City, Bayonne, Hoboken, Passaic, Elizabeth, $3,000. Clerks, $2,500. East Orange, Orange, New Brunswick and Perth Amboy, $2,500; Clerks, $1,800. Plainfield, $2,000; Clerk, $1,800.

Judicial Districts, Essex, First district, $3,000; Hudson, First district, $3,000; Bergen (three), Morris, Somerset, $2,000; Monmouth (two), $1,800; Clerks, $1,200; $900 to $600, according to population. Assistant Clerks, $800, $500, $350.

Prosecutors of the Pleas, five years. Essex and Hudson, $8,000; three assistants in Hudson, $6,000, $5,000 and $4,000; Essex, $6,000 and $5,000; Bergen, Camden, Passaic and Union, $7,500; Mercer, Middlesex and Monmouth, $6,000; Morris and Atlantic, $4,000; Burlington and Cumberland, $3,000; Warren, Somerset, Gloucester, Hunterdon, Salem, Sussex, Cape May and Ocean, $2,000.

Assistant Prosecutors of the Pleas, Passaic, $5,000; Bergen and Union, $5,000; Camden, $4,000; Mercer, Middlesex, Atlantic, Monmouth, $3,000; Morris and Somerset, $1,500.

Sheriffs, three years, Essex and Hudson, $10,000.

County Clerks, Surrogates and Registers of Deeds, five years. Essex and Hudson, $9,000.

In all other counties the term of office for the officials aboved named are as follows: Counties 200,000 to 300,000 population, $7,000; 125,000 to 200,000, $6,500; 80,000 to 125,000, $6,000; 65,000 to 80,000, $4,500; 50,000 to 65,000, $4,000; 40,000 to 50,000, $3,000; 30,000 to 40,000, $3,000; less than 30,000, $2,800. See Chapter 195, Laws 1920.

AGRICULTURE.

Board of Visitors to State Agricultural College, two years, no salary.

Secretary State Board of Agriculture, $5,000; Chief Bureau of Statistics and Inspection, $2,500; Chief Bureau of Land Crops and Markets, $3,500; Chief Bureau Animal Industry, $4,000.

Director Agricultural Experiment Station, $4,000; Chief Clerk, $2,000; Chemist, $3,000.

AUDITORS, ARCHITECTS, ACCOUNTANTS.

Auditors of Accounts in Comptroller's Department, Chief, $4,200; Assistants, $1,500 to $2,600 each; Stenographer, $1,400.

Architect, State—Five years, $4,000; Consulting Engineer, no fixed salary.

State Board of Architects, two years, no salary; Secretary, $2,500.

Board of Public Accountants, three years, $5 a day for actual service.

BANKING AND INSURANCE.

Commissioner, three years, $6,000; Deputy, $4,200.

Chief, Inspection Bureau—$4,000.

BLIND COMMISSION.

Superintendent and Secretary, $1,800.

BOXING COMMISSION.

Commissioners, three years, $2,500; Secretary, $2,500.

BOYS' HOME.

Superintendent, $5,000; Resident Physician, $2,500; Director of Schools and Vocational Training, $2,400; Principal Clerk, Bookkeeper, $2,160; Matron, $1,380.

INSTITUTIONS AND AGENCIES DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner, $10,000; Secretary, State Board, $1,680; Senior Clerk, $1,500; Director, Labor, Agriculture, Food and Dietetics, $5,500; Farm Supervisor, $3,000; Supervising Steward, $3,300; Superintendent Institutional Industries, $2,640; Director, Education and Parole, $3,000; Supervisor Repairs and Supplies, $3,500; Special Investigator, from State, $3,600; from private sources, $1,400; total, $5,000; Agent, assigned as Chief of Division of Inspection of Public Institutions, $3,300; Investigator of Agencies and Inspector of Nursing, $2,400; Collector of Moneys due Institutions for Maintenance of Patients, $2,700; Bookkeeper, $2,280.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Commissioners, five years, $3,000; President, $3,500; Chief Examiner and Secretary, $4,800; Assistant Secretary, $2,880; Assistant Examiner, $2,880; Senior Examiner and Clerk, $2,280.

COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION DEPARTMENT.

Members, eight, four years, no salary.

Consulting Engineer, $5,000; Director, $5,000; First Assistant Engineer, $2,880; Chief Draftsman, $2,400; Chief Clerk, $1,800; Counsel, $5,000.

CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT.

Members, eight, four years, no salary.

Director, four years, $4,500; State Geologist, $4,200; Assistant, $3,000; Chief of Testing Laboratory, $3,000; State Firewarden, $3,000; Water Engineer, $3,500; Assistant Forester, $2,160; Museum Curator, $1,620; Consulting Engineer, $1,800; Assistant, $2,040; State Firewarden, $2,880; Assistant, $2,040; Division Firewarden, $1,800; three Division Firewardens, each, $1,620.

EDUCATIONAL.

State Board of Education, eight years, no salary.

State Commissioner of Education, five years, $10,000.

Four Assistant Commissioners, each, $5,000; Chief of Business Division, $4,500; Chief Examiner, $3,900; Assistant Business Division, $2,040; Auditor School Accounts, $2,540; Building Inspector, $3,300; Inspector of Accounts, $2,160; Physical Training Superintendent, $5,000; Superintendent of Industrial Education, $3,900.

Principal of Trenton Normal School, $6,000; Principal Montclair Normal School, $6,000; Principal Newark Normal School, $6,000.

County Superintendents of Public Schools, three years, $4,000.

EPILEPTIC VILLAGE.

Superintendent, $6,000; Clinical Interne Physician, $2,750; Resident Physicians, one $3,000, one $2,400, two $1,800, two $1,500; Steward, $2,750.

FISH AND GAME.

Fish and Game Commissioners, five years, no salary; Secretary, $2,100; Protector, $1,800 to $2,100; Assistant Protector, $1,200 to $1,500; Fish Wardens, each, $900 to $1,200.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Members, eight, four years, no salary.

Director, four years, $5,000; Assistant Director and Chief of Laboratory of Hygiene, $4,000.

Health Officer, Perth Amboy, $1,000; Assistants, $250.

HIGHWAY COMMISSION.

Commissioners, four years, no salary.

State Engineer, five years, salary $10,000; State Highway Engineer, five years, $6,000; Assistant State Highway Engineer, $4,000; District Engineers, $3,000; Secretary, $2,000.

HOMES, SANATORIUMS, ETC.

Home for Feeble-Minded—Medical Director and Superintendent, $4,000; Head Clerk, $1,800; Secretary, $1,000.

Home for Disabled Soldiers, Sailors, Marines and Their Wives, Vineland—Superintendent, $4,500; Assistant, $1,500; Adjutant, $1,000.

Soldiers' Home, Kearny—Superintendent, $2,500; Surgeon, $2,000; Secretary, $1,500; Chaplain, $1,000; Adjutant, $1,000; Quartermaster, $1,200; Housekeeper, $500.

New Jersey Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases—Superintendent, $4,000; four Physicians, $2,000 to $1,500.

State Firemen's Home—No salary, four years.

Children's Guardians—Superintendent, $3,120.

Home for Girls—Superintendent, $2,500; Physician, $2,000.

School for Deaf—Superintendent, $4,000; Principal, $2,400; Business Manager, $2,000.

Manual Training School, Bordentown—Principal, $3,000; Principal Trade School, $1,500; Farm Manager, $1,420.

Colonies for Feeble-Minded Males—Superintendent, $2,500: Assistant, $1,200.

Blind Commission—Superintendent, $1,485.

INHERITANCE TAX.

Supervisors appointed by the State Comptroller.

State Supervisor, $6,000; District Supervisors, Essex and Hudson, $3,500 each; Bergen, $2,000: Camden, $1,400; Union, Passaic, Mercer, Middlesex, Morris and Monmouth, $2,000 each; other districts, $500 to $1,200.

NEW JERSEY BRIDGE AND TUNNEL COMMISSION.

Secretary, $1,500.

LABOR DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner Department of Labor and Workmen's Compensation, $6,000 for Commissioner of Labor and $1,500 additional for Commissioner Workmen's Compensation; Assistant Commissioner, vacancy.

Four Deputy Commissioners in Workmen's Compensation Bureau, each, $3,000; Referee, $3,000; three Investigators, one $1,800 and two $1,620; two Medical Examiners, $1,200 each; Chief, Bureaus of Structural, Inspection and Explosives, $4,200: Chief, Bureau of Electrical and Mechanical Equipment, $3,500; Chief, Bureaus of Hygiene and Sanitation, Bakeries and Mines, $4,200; Chief, Bureau of Industrial Statistics, $2,500; Chief, Bureau of Negro Welfare. $2,500; three Examiners, Engineers' License and Steam Boiler and Refrigerating Plant Inspection Bureau, one $3,500, one $3,000, and one $2,500; two Factory Inspectors,

each $1,500; five Factory Inspectors, each $1,800; nine Senior Factory Inspectors, each $2,160; two Senior Factory Inspectors, each $1,920; Mine and Senior Factory Inspector, $2,040; Mine and Factory Inspector, $1,800; Bakery Inspector, $1,920; Acting Director of Employment, $1,800.

LIBRARIAN, STATE.

Five years, $3,000; Law Librarian, $2,000; Reference Librarian, $1,500.

LIBRARY, PUBLIC.

Commissioners, five years, no salary.
Secretary, $400; Organizer and Librarian, $2,400; Assistant Librarian, $1,500.

MEDICAL, DENTISTRY, ETC.

Board of Medical Examiners, three years, no salary.
Board of Pharmacy, five years, $10 a day and expenses.
Board of Dentistry, five years, no salary.
Optometry Board, no salary, three years.
Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners, three years, no salary.
Board of Undertakers and Embalmers, three years, no salary.
State Board of Examiners of Nurses, three years, $5 a day and expenses.

MILITARY.

Adjutant General, $5,000; Deputy Adjutant General, $3,600; Quartermaster General, $5,000; Chief Clerk $2,500; Chief of Quartermaster's Corps, $3,000; Military Store Keeper, $1,800.

MOTOR VEHICLE DEPARTMENT.

Commissioner, $1,500, also $3,000 as Assistant Secretary of State; Chief Inspector, $2,520; Deputy Chief Inspector, $2,400; Inspectors, $1,560 to $2,040.

MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTS.

Commissioner, three years, salary, $5,000.

PUBLIC UTILITY.

Public Utility Commissioners, six years, $7,500; Counsel, $7,500; Assistant to Counsel, $3,600; Secretary, $5,000; Senior Engineer Gas Plant, $3,060; Chief Engineer, $6,500; two Senior Appraisal Engineers, $4,200, $2,820; two Traffic Inspectors, $2,100, $1,920; Senior Traffic Inspector, $3,300; one Bridge Construction Inspector, $1,680; one Senior Civil

Engineer, $2,640; Inspector of Railroad Equipment, $3,000; Chief Division Statistics and Accounts, $3,780; Chief Bureau of Railroads, $4,800; Chief Engineer Division Bridges and Grade Crossings, $6,500; Assistant Chief Engineer, $5,400; Assistant Appraisal Engineer, $2,340; Designing Engineer, $3,000.

REFORMATORIES.

Superintendent of the New Jersey Reformatory, five years, $5,660; Deputy Superintendent, $2,280; Chief Parole Officer, $1,800; Medical Director, $1,600; Bertillion Operator, $1,800; Chief Clerk, $1,800.

State Reformatory for Women—Superintendent, $2,500; Assistants, $1,500.

REPORTS, PRINTING.

Commissioner of Public Reports, five years, salary, $2,000; Clerk, $600.

SEWERAGE COMMISSION.

Passaic Valley Sewerage Commission, five years, salary, $2,500; Secretary-Treasurer, $2,000, paid by the Commission, not by the State.

SHELL FISHERIES DEPARTMENT.

Eight members, four years, no salary.

Director, three years, $3,000; Chiefs of Divisions, $1,200 each; Research Clerk, $600.

STATE HOSPITALS.

Morris Plains—Medical Director, $6,000; Warden, $5,000; Assistant Physicians, two, $3,000 each; one $2,500, one $2,000, two $1,800 each; Pathologist, $1,800; Consulting Surgeon, $1,800; Secretary, $500.

Trenton—Medical Director, $6,000; Warden, $5,000; Assistant Physicians, $3,500, $3,000, $1,800, $1,500, $1,200, $600; Pathologist, $1,500; Secretary, $500.

STATE HOUSE CUSTODIAN.

Custodian of the State House, at pleasure of the Governor, State Treasurer and State Comptroller, $3,500; Head Janitor, $1,500.

STATE PRINTER.

Appointed by State House Commission; salary, $900.

STATE PRISON.

Principal Keeper, $5,000 and maintenance; Matron, $1,640; Resident Physician, $2,250; Visiting Physician, $2,000; Moral Instructors, two, $1,200 each; two $600, $575; Fiscal Agent, $2,640; Secretary to Keeper, $2,160; Chief Deputy to Keeper, $2,500; Centre Keepers, two, $1,800; Night Centre Keeper, $2,000; Field Parole Agent, $2,280; Superintendent of Repairs, $2,000; Storekeeper, $1,800; Commissary Officers, two, $800 each; Identification Officer, $1,800; Marshal, $2,000; two Clerks, each $2,040.

TAXES AND ASSESSMENT.

Members of Board, three years, President, $5,000; other members, $4,000; Secretary, $3,500; Field Secretary, $2,500.

County Boards—Essex and Hudson, $3,500; Passaic, $2,200; Bergen, Camden and Union, $2,000; Mercer and Middlesex, $1,800; Monmouth, $1,600; Atlantic and Morris, $1,400; Burlington and Cumberland, $1,200; Cape May, Hunterdon, Ocean, Gloucester, Salem, Somerset, Sussex and Warren, $1,000.

TENEMENT HOUSE SUPERVISION.

Members of Board, five years, no salary.

Secretary and Executive Officer, $4,500; Assistant Secretary, $2,160; Plan Examiners, each, $1,920; Chief Inspector, $2,000; Inspectors, $1,400 each; Senior Clerk, $1,800; Record Clerks, $1,500 each.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT FUND.

Clerk, $2,800; Assistant Secretary, $3,000; Chief Clerk, $1,200.

WATER SUPPLY DISTRICTS.

Four members, four years, salary, $3,000.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

State Superintendent, five years, $4,500; three Assistants, $2,160.

MISCELLANEOUS BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS.

Commission to Promote Uniformity in Legislation in United States, three years, no salary.

Commissioners of Pilotage, three years, fees.

Commissioners of Palisades Park, five years, no salary.

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

State Senators, three years, and Members of the Assembly, one year, $500.

Senate Officers—President, $666.66; President's Private Secretary, $600; Chaplain, $300; Secretary, $1,500; Assistant Secretary, $1,200; Supervisor of Bills, $1,200; Assistant Supervisor of Bills, $600; Second Assistant Supervisor of Bills, $500; Journal Clerk, $1,000; Assistant Journal Clerk, $500; Second Assistant Journal Clerk, $400; Calendar Clerk, $500; Bill Clerk and Assistant, each $500; Sergeant-at-Arms, $700; Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, $500; Clerk to Committee on Printed Bills, $500; Clerk to Committee on Appropriations, $500; Secretary to Committee on Appropriations, $500; Clerk to Committee on Stationery and Incidentals, $200; four Stenographers, each $500; five Doorkeepers, each $350; four Clerks to Committees, each $350; three Gallery Keepers, each $350; four File Clerks, each $350; six Pages, each $200; four Clerks to Committees, $350.

House of Assembly Officers—Speaker, $666.66; Speaker's Private Secretary, $600; Assistant Secretary, $500; Clerk, $1,500; Assistant Clerk, $1,200; Supervisor of Bills, $1,300; three Assistants, $600 each; Journal Clerk, $1,000; two Assistant Journal Clerks, each $500; Sergeant-at-Arms, $700; two Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms, each $500; twelve Doorkeepers, each $350; ten Pages, each $200; Clerk to Committee on Printed Bills, $500; Bill Clerk and Assistant, $500 each; Calendar Clerk, $500; eight Clerks to Committees, each $350; three Stenographers, each $500; Clerk to the Majority Leader and Clerk to the Minority Leader, each $500; fifteen File Clerks, each $300.

EXECUTIVE APPOINTMENTS.

1921.

(With the Advise and Consent of the Senate.)

Justices of Supreme Court—Thos. W. Trenchard, Trenton, January 20th, 1921; Chas. W. Parker, Jersey City, September 25th, 1921; James J. Bergen, Somerville, October 11th, 1921.

Judges Court of Errors and Appeals—Robert Williams, Paterson, January 25th, 1921; Frank M. Taylor, Hackensack, April 10th, 1921.

Circuit Court Judges—Frank T. Lloyd, Camden, January 20th, 1921; Luther A. Campbell, Hackensack, January 20th, 1921.

Judges, County Courts—Henry H. Eldredge, Cape May, April 1st, 1921; William P. Martin, Essex, April 1st, 1921; Peter F. Daly, Middlesex, April 1st, 1921; Edward C. Waddington, Salem, April 1st, 1921; Allen R. Shay, Sussex, April 1st, 1921.

Judges, District Courts—Peter Stillwell, Bayonne, April 21st, 1921; Freeman Woodbridge, New Brunswick, March 29th, 1921; Daniel A. Dugan, Orange, February 14th, 1921; W. Carrington Cabel, April 21st, 1921.

Prosecutors of Pleas—Joseph E. Stricker, Middlesex, January 25th, 1921; Michael Dunn, Paterson, Passaic, April 21st, 1921; William A. Stryker, Warren, April 3d, 1921.

State Purchasing Agent—Edward E. Grosscup, Wencnah, April 1st, 1921.

Commissioner of Banking and Insurance—Frank H. Smith, Plainfield, January 22d, 1921.

Department Institutions and Agencies—Joseph M. Byrne, Newark, June 30th, 1921.

Chaplain, Prison Farm, Leesburg—Rev. John R. O'Connor, Millville, January 22d, 1921.

State Highway Commission—Albert S. Doughty, Mount Holly, March 21st, 1921; George L. Burton, South River, March 21st, 1921.

Public Utility Commission—Note. Five vacancies. One to fill unexpired term of Alfred S. March, resigned, which would have expired May 1st, 1923. The others to succeed four Commissioners removed by Governor, which removal was upheld by Supreme Court, viz., John W. Slocum, Long Branch, May 1st, 1921; Geo. F. Wright, Paterson, February 27th, 1924; Andrew Gaul, Jr., Ridgefield, February 17th, 1925; Harry L. Knight, Medford, May 1st, 1925.

State Board Taxes and Assessment—Frank B. Jess, President, Haddon Heights, July 1st, 1921; Harry W. Mutchler, Rockaway, July 1st, 1921.

Civil Service Commission—Edward H. Wright, Newark, March 30th, 1921.

Department Conservation and Development—Simon P. Northrup, Newark, July 1st, 1921; Percival Chrystie, High Bridge, July 1st, 1921.

State Board of Education—Vacancy, expires July 1st, 1921.

State Commissioner of Education—Calvin N. Kendall, Princeton, July 1st, 1921.

State Board of Commerce and Navigation—J. Spencer Smith, Tenafly, July 1st, 1921; Robert F. Engle, Beach Haven, July 1st, 1921.

County Boards of Taxation—Atlantic, Dominick Corsiglia; Bergen, William Conklin; Burlington, Henry P. Thorn; Camden, Patrick Harding; Cape May, Edward L. Rice; Cumberland, Daniel R. Moore; Essex, Michael W. Higgins; Gloucester, William C. Allen; Hudson, Philip McGovern; Hunterdon, James H. Trewin; Mercer, Alfred K. Leuckel; Middlesex, John Strassberger; Monmouth, Richard W. Herbert; Morris, John J. Cunningham; Ocean, Gilbert Clayton; Passaic, Edgar M. Tilt; Salem, William M. Burk; Somerset, Andrew R. Kenny; Sussex, John J. Van Sickle; Union, John J. Collins; Warren, Edward J. Vosler. All May 1st, 1921.

Also vacancy in Passaic County, expires 1922.

Department of Health—Clyde Potts, Morristown, July 1st, 1921; Thomas B. Lee, Camden, July 1st, 1921.

Palisade Interstate Park Commission—Richard V. Lindabury, Bernardsville, April 21st, 1921. Also one, New York State, vacancy.

Board of Shell Fisheries—Lorenzo D. Robbins, New Gretna, July 1st, 1921; Joseph Fowler, Port Norris, July 1st, 1921.

Passaic Valley Sewerage and Drainage—Bernard M. Terlinde, May 2d, 1921.

Board of Tenement-House Supervision—Pierre F. Cook, Jersey City, April 21st, 1921.

Bridge and Tunnel, Interstate Commission—Daniel F. Hendrickson, Woodbury, February 26th, 1921; T. Albens Adams, Montclair, February 26th, 1921.

Public Library Commission—Moses Taylor Pyne, Princeton, April 21st, 1921.

Fish and Game Commission—Vacancy, expires 1925.

Visitors to Agricultural College—All April 21st, 1921—Atlantic, William A. Blair, Elwood; Bergen, Arthur Lozier, Spring Valley; Burlington, R. E. Lippincott, Vincentown; Camden, Ephraim T. Gill, Haddonfield; Cape May, Charles

P. Vanaman, Dias Creek; Cumberland, Charles F. Seabrook, Bridgeton; Essex, Zenos G. Crane, West Caldwell; Gloucester, Wilbur Beckett, Swedesboro; Hudson, Dietrich Bahrenburg, Weehawken; Hunterdon, Egbert T. Bush, Stockton; Mercer, Josiah T. Allinson, Yardville; Middlesex, James Neilson, New Brunswick; Monmouth, William H Reid, Tennent; Morris, John C. Welsh, German Valley; Ocean, James E. Otis, Tuckerton; Passaic, Isaac A. Servin, Clifton; Salem, Charles R. Hires, Salem; Somerset, Joseph Larocque, Bernardsville; Sussex, Robert V. Armstrong, Augusta; Union, John Z. Hetfield, Scotch Plains; Warren, James I. Cook, Delaware.

North Jersey Water Supply Commission—Wood McKee, Paterson, May 5th, 1921.

(Without the Consent of the Senate.)

State Board of Public Accountants—John B. Niven, Upper Montclair, 1920 (hold over); Henry C. Magee, Camden, July 21st, 1921.

State Department of Agriculture—E. A. Sexsmith, Belmar, July 1st, 1921; Frederick M. Curtis, Harrington Park, July 1st, 1921; Charles Brown, Swedesboro, 1920 (hold over); Joseph S. Frelinghuysen, Raritan, 1920 (hold over).

State Board of Architects—Arnold H. Moses, Merchantville, May 29th, 1921; Frederick W. Wentworth, Paterson, May 29th, 1921.

State Board of Dentistry—Franklin Rightmire, Paterson, July 30th, 1921; John C. Forsythe, Trenton, July 30th, 1921.

County Boards of Election—Two members from each county, appointed by Governor upon recommendation of Republican and Democratic State Chairmen.

State Board of Pharmacy—Edgar R. Sparks, Burlington, June 14th, 1921.

State Board of Medical Examiners—Harry Stout, Wenonah, 1921; J. W. Hughes, Atlantic City, July 18th, 1921; John J. Mooney, Jersey City, July 18th, 1921.

State Board of Nurses—Miss M. J. Stone, Hackensack, 1921; Elizabeth J. Higbid, 1921; Mrs. Clifford Devereaux, East Orange, 1920 (hold over).

State Board of Optometry—Benjamin Block, Elizabeth, July 1st, 1921; Percy A. Bourke, Paterson, July 1st, 1921.

State Board of Veterinarians—Timothy F. O'Dea, Union Hill, June 10th, 1921; J. Payne Lowe, Passaic; E. L. Loblein, New Brunswick.

Harbor Master, Port of Elizabeth—John P. Arnold, Elizabeth, April 17th, 1921.

Harbor Master for Hudson County—George J. Healing, Jersey City, January 29th, 1921.

Port Warden for Hudson County—Anthony Capelli, Hoboken, April 21st, 1921.

State Board of Undertakers and Embalmers—John A. Maxwell, Somerville, April 1st, 1921; William B. M. Burrell, Camden, April 1st, 1921; John F. Martin, Elizabeth, November 30th, 1921; William H. Hannold, Swedesboro, November 30th, 1921.

Old Age and Pension Commission—Augustine Elmendorf, Newark, March 29th, 1921.

War History Commission—Dana C. Munro, Princeton; John Grier Hibben, Princeton; W. H. Demarest, New Brunswick; Robert Lynn Cox, Montclair; H. W. Jeffers, Plainsboro.

Industrial School Trustees, Newark—Peter Campbell, Abraham Rothschild.

Hoboken—Caroline B. Wittpenn, Frank Cordts, Bernard Vezzetti (hold over); vacancy.

First Annual Message of Governor Edward I. Edwards.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
TRENTON, January 11, 1921.

Gentlemen of the Legislature:

It is quite apparent that the forces which brought about the adoption of the Eighteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution and the enactment of the Volstead Act intend now to turn their activities into other fields of endeavor. Emboldened by their success in that particular, they now plan to further restrict and encroach upon the liberties of the American people. Recently there appeared in the public press announcements by apparently authorized representatives of some of those organizations that efforts would be made in the Federal Congress to secure the passage of resolutions submitting a further amendment to the Federal Constitution with reference to the observance of Sunday. The cheerful prospect was held out that it would be the effort of those persons to prohibit not only the transaction of any business on Sunday, but also the engaging in recreation of any sort, so that a man would have but one alternative; viz., to go to church. That spirit is so entirely un-American that I am sure it can never prevail.

I understand that as a part of the program they plan to present to the legislatures of the several States bills either reviving the so-called "Blue Laws" where they have been repealed, or strengthening them. I regard it as my duty to suggest to the Legislature that no such bills should be enacted into law. It has been the vain but futile hope of misguided people for many years to be able to legislate morals into a community.

I believe it to be to the advantage of the churches that such legislation should not prevail. Sumptuary legislation upon questions of morals, restraining the liberty of the individual to worship God in his own way and to take such recreation as may be necessary to his well-being, may cause a reaction that will be detrimental to religious observance and will in itself be demoralizing to the community. I therefore suggest to you that if such bills appear they be not approved.

Not only am I opposed to any extension or amplification of the Sunday law for the reasons stated, but I believe it should be liberalized. The difficulty inherent in our present Sunday law is that the sentiment of the people in many localities is opposed to its enforcement, with the result

that it becomes unenforceable at the hands of grand juries and it is therefore publicly condemned. This situation is undesirable because it breeds a contempt for law, and its results strike at the very basis of our system of government. While the settled policy of the State has at all times been directed to preserving the sacred character of the day, as one of rest, the necessities of modern life have resulted in compelling the people to take advantage of the Sunday as an opportunity for recreation and amusement. Golf-playing and driving on Sunday are generally indulged in by those who can afford that species of recreation, but that does not include the vast masses of the people, who seek other and less expensive methods of recreation. While I am anxious to preserve the sacred character of the day, I do not think anything in that regard can be lost by the enactment of legislation which will permit outdoor recreation by the youth of our cities and the masses of our people. This privilege need not be imposed upon every community, but may assume the form of a local option law, to be adopted by ordinance in any city which may desire to take advantage of the provisions of any general act containing a local referendum.

STATE PROJECTS.

There are two important matters which I deem it my duty to lay before you for your consideration; viz., the State Highway System and the State's charitable and correctionable institutions.

Referring first to the State Highway System, the following facts are submitted:

The number of miles of State highways which will be completed or under contract before January 1st, 1923, is 190, which leaves 494.53 miles which will be neither completed nor contracted for by that time. That date is selected for the reason that 1922 marks the end of the five-year period within which the moneys called for under the Edge Road Tax Act of 1917 are to be collected. It also is after the expiration of the period provided for under the Act of Congress extending Federal aid in the building of roads.

The estimated cost for finishing the work of building the main State highway routes, other than those either completed or contracted for up to January 1st, 1923, is $40,000,000. Incident to the reconstruction of the State Highway System is the necessity for rebuilding or replacing bridges. I am advised that the amount required after January 1st, 1923, to carry out the plans of the State Highway Commission for the rebuilding and replacement of bridges is $15,000,000, so that the total cost, according to the latest information, of completing the State Highway Sys-

tem, including the building of bridges, is $55,000,000 in addition to what has been or will be spent by January 1st, 1923, viz., $18,000,000, or a grand total of $73,000,000.

Now, with regard to the State's institutions. During the legislative session of 1920 the Department of Institutions and Agencies presented their report of a proposed construction program covering a period of ten years. That program calls for the expenditure of some $16,000,000, which it is contended by the Department is necessary to furnish proper accommodations and facilities for taking care of feeble-minded, epileptic, insane, unstable and unadjusted persons, and incipient and advanced tubercular patients at large throughout the entire State, and also to insure the rehabilitation and reconstruction of the various institutions of the State, including certain new institutions for feeble-minded women and feeble-minded males, a custodial institution for defective males, a psychopathic building for out-patients, and a new reformatory—the latter building thereby permitting the use of the present Rahway Reformatory as a State prison.

Both of these projects are of the greatest importance to the people of the State. They press upon us for a solution. Perhaps it might be said that we are now reaping the results of the State's failure to provide in past years a good system of roads and its neglect to properly and adequately recognize its duty toward its wards. Whether that be so or not, it seems to me that we cannot face the facts down any longer. In the case of roads, unless the State is prepared to spend a large sum of money, the highway work after January 1st, 1923, will have to be discontinued in large part, and to postpone relief for the correctional and charitable institutions means to simply put off the day of reckoning.

Of course, there is the other side to the proposition, which gives me no little concern. Already a State debt, amounting to $40,000,000, has been placed upon the people. To what extent we should further obligate the State, especially in these times, ought to be carefully weighed.

I feel that the problem is one which should have the attention not only of the executive branch, but the legislative branch as well, for the reason that the ultimate responsibility for the creation of additional State debt rests with the Legislature. My suggestion is that the Appropriations Committees of the House and Senate have too much to do in deciding upon ordinary routine appropriations to attempt to give these matters the study and thought they should have. Therefore I invite the creation of a special committee, consisting of representatives from both the House and the Senate, to confer with me so that there will be submitted to the present session of the Legislature some concrete program which will take into account all

of the various interests involved—the necessity for good roads, the seemingly absolute requirement that the institutions and agencies of the State be placed on a proper basis, and last but not least, to what extent our already overburdened people can further be called upon. It will be my endeavor to co-operate with the committee to the fullest degree, and I am hopeful that with the combined judgment of the members of the committee, the State Highway Commission, and the Department of Institutions and Agencies, some progressive plan can be worked out.

TAXATION.

The equal distribution of the increasing burden of taxation continues to be a problem of vital importance to the people of the State. We are more fortunate than some of our sister states in that we have not, thus far, been obliged to find new sources of revenue. With rigid economy in public expenditures, and the efficient administration of our present system of providing for budget requirements, we should be able to avoid the necessity of seeking additional subjects of taxation.

By strengthening the existing scheme at those points where experience has shown it to be weak, we may confidently hope for an amelioration of the tax burden through a more uniform distribution of the load. Whatever may be its defects in practical operation, it must be conceded that our system of taxation is based upon the principle of equality and uniformity. The more closely we adhere to this principle in administering the system, the more surely will we eliminate existing abuses and those grievances of which taxpayers justly complain. The practical problem of taxation now confronting us is, therefore, the problem of so making our tax levies that all property subject to taxation shall contribute to the support of government precisely in proportion to the value of such property.

The accomplishment of this object would, in my judgment, be materially advanced by widening the powers of the State Board of Taxes and Assessment. The theory of administering our taxing system is that control centers in the State Board and extends down through the County Boards to the local asseessors. The powers lodged in the State Board, however, are not adequate to enforce this theory in practice. Its function with respect to the assessment of general property is chiefly that of an appellate body. While the statute constitutes it "a board for the equalization, revision, review and enforcement of taxation," it fails to provide it with effective means to realize those objects. I recommend that its powers be so extended that it shall have the authority on its own initiative to order, or itself make, a reassessment of property in any taxing district, without

individual notice of the proceedings to each taxpayer. The time for making such a reassessment should coincide with that period during which the local assessmeents are in the course of examination and revision by the County Boards. Any attempt at reassessment after the tax rates are struck and the tax bills sent out can only result in injustice to the taxpayer and confusion in the municipal finances.

The mere existence of such a power would be a potent discouragement to the practice of under-valuation, and its exercise would secure a greater equality of assessment as between taxing districts and as between counties than has ever been known in this State. The only equalization that is fair and equitable to the taxpayer is that equalization which extends to the individual property owner, and the time to equalize is during the process of assessment.

The State Board should also be given such powers as will enable it to enforce any order or direction issued to a local assessor. The local assessor is the agent of the State in performing a highly important public duty, and the State should devise the means to make sure that that duty is honestly and efficiently discharged.

Any additional powers should be conferred upon the State Board which are necessary to constitute it the controlling force in the machinery of assessment, functioning through its own agents, the County Boards and the local assessors. What I suggest is not that the present taxing system be changed, but that it be strengthened, to the end that it may produce adequate revenues from reasonable rates, and assure equality of burden among all taxpayers.

THE NATIONAL GUARD.

Satisfactory progress has been made in the reorganization of the National Guard. During the past year there were organized 24 units, which increases the strength of the National Guard to 2,594. New Jersey is rated eleventh of all the States, having enlisted 63½ per cent. of its authorized commissioned and enlisted strength of 4,084, having completed 1 Infantry Brigade, consisting of 2 Regiments; 1 Squadron of Cavalry, and in addition Headquarters, Supply and Machine Gun Troops; 2 Batteries of Field Artillery and 1 Radio Company, Signal Corps. It is gratifying to know that during the past year there has been exhibited by former service men a tendency to renew their interest in the military service by enlisting in units in course of organization. The services of these men, who have a keen realization of the necessity of military training and the advantage of preparedness, will add much to the morale and efficiency of the entire National Guard.

Under the provisions of an Act of Congress, the allotment of National Guard troops is based on the ratio of a minimum of 800 men per senator and representative in Congress, and the organization of the units within these allotments is to be distributed in annual increments over a period of five years. New Jersey's allotment on this basis would be 11,200 men. The increment for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1921, including the present units, will consist of: Division Troops—1 Infantry Brigade; 1 Field Artillery Battalion, 75 mm., horse drawn; 1 Engineer Battalion; 1 Divisional Signal Company and 1 Hospital Company; Army Troops—1 Cavalry Regiment; General Headquarters Reserve—2 Coast Artillery Companies. Ultimately the National Guard of the State will consist of a division, less 1 Brigade of Infantry, 1 Regiment of Field Artillery and minor divisional units.

While the allotment of troops is based upon the number of representatives in Congress, it is noted that units are only organized in fourteen of the twenty-one counties of the State. The problem of organizing the National Guard allotted by the War Department is one that rests upon all of the people of the State, and should be assumed by the different sections of the State in proportion to population and the available facilities for housing, drill and instruction of the National Guard.

There is greater incentive for qualified men to enlist in the National Guard today than heretofore. Officers and men are not only paid for attendance at encampments and field instruction, but also receive pay for attendance at drills and in addition thereto, receive from the Federal Government all uniforms, arms and equipments of the latest model. In addition to these features, opportunity is afforded each year for qualified young men to compete in examinations for admission to the United States Military Academy at West Point.

Every possible assistance has been rendered by the military departments of the State to the veterans of the recent war and their dependents in the adjustment of claims, allotments, compensation and insurance with the War Risk Insurance Bureau.

The records of 90 per cent. of the residents of the State who entered the war have been secured through co-operation with the war and navy departments as well as with the numerous war service agencies. The Victory Medal, authorized by the Legislature of 1919 has been issued to 60,760 of the 119,000 persons entitled thereto. Medals have also been issued to the Militia Reserve for service within the State during the period of the war. Recognition was denied the State Militia in the act of 1919, and it is recommended that it be given the same consideration as the Militia Reserve, either by the issue of a medal or a certificate of merit.

MOTOR VEHICLE LICENSE FEES.

State and County roads are kept in order and maintained with moneys realized from the licensing of automobiles. From such funds there is first deducted the administration expenses of the Motor Vehicle Department. Upon the basis of the Motor Vehicle Commissioner's estimate of receipts for the calendar year the State Highway Commission apportions to the respective counties of the State such sums of money as in its judgment will meet the requirements of the maintenance of county roads in such counties when augmented by an appropriation of like amount by the respective counties. Before the apportionment is made by the State Highway Commission there is deducted by that board a sum of money sufficient to meet the cost of maintaining the State Highway System.

Experience of the past few years demonstrates that the receipts from motor vehicle fees have not been sufficient to keep pace with the maintenance needs of the highway system and of county roads. The reason therefor seems to be the destructive effect of the modern motor vehicle, both pleasure and business.

There are two remedies: one to limit the weight of vehicle and load to a maximum of twenty-eight thousand pounds and the other to increase the amount of the revenues.

The motor vehicle license fees for 1919 were $2,931,902.15, an increase of approximately 20 per cent. over the amount collected in 1918. The average rate of increase for the past few years has been approximately 25 per cent. a year. A commission is now considering the question of increasing license fees for such vehicles. It seems to be recognized that the fees must be increased if the State Highway System and county roads are to be properly maintained. I hesitate at this time to make any definite recommendations until I have had an opportunity of studying the Commission's report, nevertheless there are some observations which might now be of value; viz., a fair method of determining the license fee of pleasure cars is perhaps upon the basis of a fixed charge per horse power. Passenger vehicles, perhaps, should be licensed upon the basis of carrying capacity. Motor trucks should probably be on the basis of weight of vehicle and load, which I understand is the present method.

It may be argued that to increase the license fees so as to raise the funds necessary for maintenance of the State Highway System and country roads is unfair to the user of the motor vehicle. It must be borne in mind, however, that none of the motor vehicle fees are devoted to the upkeep of roads and highways located within the confines of municipalities, except in comparatively rare cases. Such highways are open to and are used by motorists generally,

without any direct charge therefor. It is also true, as has been said before, that counties are required to raise an equal amount in their budgets with that appropriated to them by the State Highway Commission from motor vehicle fees.

Before making any more specific recommendations I will await the report of the commission now having the matter under consideration.

PROTECTION OF WATER SUPPLIES.

The health of our State, especially in the cities and counties of northern New Jersey, is dependent upon an ample supply of pure water. In a compact state, such as New Jersey, where the towns and cities are but short distances apart, the protection of municipal water supplies should be given full consideration. The State Boards charged with the duty of protecting the water supplies of the State should be given ample powers to prevent pollution or diversion of the potable waters of the State.

I am informed that the State Board of Health is now without power to order municipalities, corporations or individuals to install and place in operation systems of sewers for the purpose of protecting municipal water supplies from pollution. I recommend for your consideration the passage of a law empowering the State Board of Health to prevent the pollution of any water shed or stream which is a portion of, or tributary to, a source of municipal water supply.

I recommend the passage of a bill which will give the State Board of Health power to prevent the location of factories liable to produce objectionable waste matter on any portion of a watershed unless the Department of Health issues a permit. A nuisance once established is difficult to abate. Our efforts should be directed toward preventing the establishment of a nuisance which may endanger the lives and health of any community.

Power should be given the State Board of Health to prevent bathing at points where, in its judgment, such bathing will be in fact a substantial menace to persons using the water. A similar law is on the statute books of New York State, and there can be no reason why an equal degree of protection should be withheld from the citizens of New Jersey. While it is desirable to provide places for public bathing, it is none the less far more important that such bathing should be prevented where the pollution of water used for drinking purposes is at all possible. There is also to be considered the attitude of a community using the water in which bathing is permitted. While the pollution may be chemically removed, there is none the less the æsthetic side of the question to be considered.

It seems to be an accepted fact that available water sheds or sources of potable water supply in northern New Jersey will sooner or later fail to meet the demands of the municipalities now drawing upon them. This would seem to dictate the wisdom of inaugurating such measures as will, by elimination of all possible sources of pollution, make available for such use all of the possible sources of supply.

LEGISLATION FOR WOMEN.

The rapidly increasing number of women in industrial and commercial life of our State requires consideration of the necessity for changes in our laws with respect to hours of employment and conditions under which the female is required to work.

A number of our States have prohibited the employment of expectant mothers for periods before and after child-birth. My suggestion is that legislation be passed prohibiting the engaging in industrial occupation or work of any woman for six weeks before and six weeks after the birth of her child.

Further, I might suggest to you a modification of our labor laws so as to provide for women an eight-hour day within nine consecutive hours, and a forty-eight-hour week, as applied to industries now covered by the ten-hour-law, and the prohibition of night work for women employed in manufacturing after ten o'clock at night and before six o'clock in the morning.

I am informed that for years there has been comparatively little improvement in the maternal death rate from child-birth. The subject of preventing or checking the waste of motherhood is so important, in my judgment, that whatever relief may be extended by means of legislation should be promptly given.

REVISION OF CRIMINAL LAWS.

My constitutional duty as a member of the Court of Pardons has brought me into such close relation with the operation of the criminal laws that I feel impelled to suggest the necessity of appointing at an early date a commission to revise and codify such laws. A revision was made in 1898 by a commission of three eminent lawyers, but from time to time since then the Legislature, by various enactments, has so changed what was then recognized as the New Jersey Criminal Code that it is now difficult for able jurists, without mature deliberation, to reconcile the differences between the conflicting statutes.

An illustration of that conflict is found in the effect of Chapter 214, P. L. 1914, amending the Intermediate Sen-

tence Act of 1911 by Chapter 191. Under the Act of 1914, where a sentence of death is commuted to imprisonment for life the minimum term is fifteen years. Therefore one who might have committed first degree murder could possibly secure his release from confinement at the expiration of fifteen years, whereas, under other statutes, the minimum term for second degree murder, a lesser offense, is twenty years.

LABOR.

During the last session of the Legislature certain bills were introduced designed to ameliorate the condition of labor. These measures were not successful of passage. They dealt with the issuance of writs of injunction in labor disputes where no property rights were involved, the right of trial by jury in cases of alleged contempt committed outside the Court's presence, and other subjects.

It is my judgment that these measures, or others drawn along lines substantially the same, should be enacted into law.

DAYLIGHT SAVING.

The beneficent effect of this policy is so well understood that it requires no argument. During the past year there was considerable confusion in the State, due to the fact that many of the communities were operating under the so-called "Daylight Saving Plan," while others were not. To prevent any repetition of that difficulty it seems to me that a law should be enacted providing for a change in the hours. Perhaps there should be some slight modification from the practice of past years in this respect, viz., that standard time should be restored earlier in the fall.

RARITAN ARSENAL.

During the war the Federal Government, under the authority of emergency legislation, took certain steps toward the acquisition of title to two thousand and eighty-nine acres of land, more or less, situated near Metuchen, in this State, for use for ordnance purposes. Although title to all the lands needed to carry out the War Department's plan of construction was not then and has not yet been fully and finally acquired, construction went forward, nevertheless, and the lands have since been occupied and used as an ordnance depot, known as the Raritan Arsenal.

By act of Congress approved February 28, 1920, the Secretary of War was authorized to take the necessary steps to complete the acquisition of title to said lands, and

a specific appropriation was made available for the purpose of meeting the payments necessary for such acquisition.

The War Department has requested that jurisdiction over the lands acquired and to be acquired and forming part of the Raritan Arsenal should be ceded by the State to the Federal Government. Accordingly, there will be presented to you the draft of a bill making such cession of jurisdiction, and which bill follows the general form that has been adopted by the Legislature of this State in similar cases. I respectfully suggest that such measure should be enacted into law.

EDWARD I. EDWARDS,
Governor.

SENATE.

RULES ADOPTED 1921.

PRESIDENT.

1. The President shall take the chair at the time appointed; and a quorum being present, he shall take up the business of the session in the order hereinafter provided.

2. He shall not engage in any debate without leave of the Senate, except so far as shall be necessary for regulating the form of proceedings.

3. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting. He shall, on all occasions, preserve the strictest order and decorum.

4. When two or more Senators shall rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

5. He shall have the right to name a Senator to perform the duties of the Chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond one day.

6. He shall decide every question of order without debate, subject to an appeal to the Senate; and he may call for the sense of the Senate upon any question of order.

7. He shall cause all persons to be arrested or removed from the Senate chamber who shall interrupt the proceedings of the Senate or conduct themselves improperly in the lobby or gallery.

8. The Senate may elect a President pro tempore, who shall possess all the powers and discharge all the duties of the President, when the latter is absent in discharge of his constitutional duty of administering the government of the State.

QUORUM.

9. A majority of the members of the Senate shall constitute a quorum; and whenever a less number than a quorum shall convene at a regular meeting, and shall adjourn, the names of those present shall be entered on the journal.

10. Whenever a less number than a quorum shall convene at any regular meeting, they are hereby authorized to send the Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, for any or all absent Senators.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

11. After the President has taken the Chair the order of business shall be as follows:

I. Prayer.
II. Calling the Roll.
III. Reading the Journal at the first session in each week.
IV. Presentation and reference of petitions and memorials.
V. Introduction of bills.
VI. Reports of Committees.
    1. Standing Committees (in accordance with Rule 13).
    2. Select Committees.
VII. Unfinished business.
VIII. Senate bills on second reading.
IX. Senate bills on third reading.
X. Assembly bills on second reading.
XI. Assembly bills on third reading.

COMMITTEES.

12. All Committees shall be appointed by the President, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

13. The following Standing Committees, consisting of three members each, except the Appropriation Committee, which shall consist of four members, shall be appointed at the commencement of each session, until otherwise ordered, with leave to report by bill or otherwise:

A Committee on the Judiciary.
A Committee on Appropriations.
A Committee on Revision and Amendment of the Laws.
A Committee on Finance.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Municipal Corporations.
A Committee on Railroads and Canals.
A Committee on Banks and Insurance Companies.
A Committee on the Clergy.
A Committee on Commerce and Navigation.
A Committee on Federal Relations.
A Committee on Stationery and Incidental Expenses.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on Militia.
A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
A Committee on Riparian Rights.
A Committee on Agriculture.
A Committee on Miscellaneous Business.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on Public Health.
A Committee on Unfinished Business.
A Committee on Labor, Industries and Social Welfare.

A Committee on Boroughs and Townships.
A Committee on Highways.
A Committee on Taxation.

A Committee on Printed Bills, whose duty it shall be to examine all bills and joint resolutions before they shall be put upon their third reading, and who shall report the same to the Senate, and the Secretary shall enter upon the journal that the same have been correctly printed.

Special Committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

The several Joint Committees shall consist of three members each, and shall be also appointed to act conjointly with corresponding committees to be appointed by the House of Assembly.

A Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts.
A Committee on the State Prison.
A Committee on the State Hospitals.
A Committee on the Library.
A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
A Committee on Public Printing.
A Committee on Passed Bills.
A Committee on Soldiers' Home.
A Committee on Reform School for Boys.
A Committee on Sinking Fund.
A Committee on Industrial School for Girls.
A Committee on the New Jersey School for Deaf-Mutes.
A Committee on the New Jersey State Reformatory.
A Committee on State Village for Epileptics.
A Committee on Home for Feeble-minded Women.
A Committee on School for Feeble-minded Children.
A Committee on Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases

BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

14. When a memorial or bill is referred to a committee praying or providing for an act of incorporation, or for any other act, notice of the application for which is required by law to be previously advertised, the committee shall not have leave to report such bill unless satisfactory evidence has been presented to the committee that the application for such act has had a bona fide advertisement according to law; and all committees reporting such bills referred to them shall certify to the Senate that such proof has been presented and is deemed satisfactory.

15. The titles of all bills and the parts of bills affected by amendments, together with the amendments, shall be entered on the Journal.

16. When leave is asked to bring in a bill, its title shall be read for the information of the Senate, and if objected to it shall be laid over for one day; and all public and private bills and joint resolutions shall, after the first reading, be printed for the use of the Senate, but no other paper or document shall be printed without special order.

17. All bills, joint resolutions and concurrent resolutions shall be numbered by the Secretary as they are severally introduced, and a list made of the same. Committee reports upon bills, joint resolutions and concurrent resolutions shall be in writing, signed by a majority of the committee, and shall show whether the same are reported favorably or otherwise, and how each member of the Committee signing the report, voted upon the question of the report.

Bills, resolutions and reports shall be called up by the President for consideration, in the order in which they are reported and stand upon the calendar, unless otherwise ordered; and the Secretary shall read from the said list or calendar, and not from the file of bills or reports.

18. No bill shall be committed or amended unt'l it shall have been ordered to a second reading, after which it may be referred to a committee. Upon the written request of seven Senators to the Chairman of a Committee to which a bill shall have been referred, said Committee shall forthwith report such bill.

19. All bills may be made the order of a particular day, and public bills when called for shall have the preference of private bills; and when two or more bills shall be called for by Senators, they shall be taken up according to their seniority, reckoning from the date of their introduction.

20. On the second and third readings of bills and joint resolutions, printed copies thereof shall be used.

21. When bills or joint resolutions are introduced, the Secretary of the Senate shall forthwith deliver the same to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall prepare them for printing, in conformity with the rules defining the duties of said officer.

22. Original bills and joint resolutions, after being printed, shall be delivered by the Supervisor of Bills to the Secretary.

23. Bills and joint resolutions originating in and passed by the Senate and amended by the House, when concurred in by the Senate, shall be delivered by the Secretary to the Supervisor of Bills for re-printing.

24. Bills and joint resolutions which have passed their second reading, together with all amendments thereto, shall be delivered by the Secretary to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall see that the same are in proper form for printing for third reading.

25. When the Supervisor of Bills receives from the printer the bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading and the same shall be found correct, he shall affix his official stamp to each page of the copy to be used as the official copy and intended to be submitted to the Governor for his approval, and shall deliver the same to the Secretary.

26. Two copies of every bill and of every joint resolution ordered to a third reading shall be printed on good bond paper, to be approved by the Supervisor of Bills, one of which copies shall be retained in his office and the other of which shall be delivered to the Secretary to be used thereafter as the official copy of said bill or joint resolution.

27. The Supervisor of Bills shall have printed for the use of the members of the Legislature at least one hundred copies of every bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading, which shall be known and designated as "Official Copy Re-print." The Supervisor of Bills shall deliver twenty-one copies of all bills and joint resolutions designated as "Official Copy Re-print" to the Secretary of the Senate, and sixty copies to the Clerk of the House, and he shall retain the remainder in his own custody for the use of State and Legislative officers.

28. Except as otherwise provided, the system and procedure which have heretofore prevailed shall be followed in the preparation of all bills and joint resolutions for their various readings as far as practicable.

29. The consent of the majority of the Senators present shall be sufficient to print or re-print any bill or joint resolution, but no bill or joint resolution shall pass unless there shall be a majority of all the Senators personally present and agreeing thereto, and the yeas and nays of Senators voting on the final passage of any bill or joint resolution shall be entered on the Journal and the like entry on any other question shall be made at the desire of any Senator.

30. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three readings previous to its being passed; and the President shall give notice at each reading whether it be the first, second or third, which readings shall be on three different days; but no bill or joint resolution reported adversely by the committee to which it shall have been referred shall receive a second reading except upon motion for that purpose made by or in the

presence of the introducer of such bill or joint resolution and concurred in by a majority of all the Senators.

31. The final question upon the second reading of every bill or joint resolution originating in the Senate shall be whether it shall be read a third time; and no amendment shall be received at the third reading unless by unanimous consent of the Senators present, but it shall be in order, before the final passage of any such bill or joint resolution, to move its recommitment, and should such recommitment take place and any amendment be reported by the committee, the said bill or resolution shall be again read a second time and considered and the aforesaid question again put. Instead of recommitting any bill it shall be in order, before the final passage thereof, to move that it be placed back on second reading for amendment.

32. When a bill or joint resolution shall have been lost, and reconsidered and lost again, the same shall not again be reconsidered but by the unanimous consent of the Senate.

33. Bills and joint resolutions, when passed by the Senate, shall be signed by the President.

34. When a Senate bill or joint resolution shall have been passed, the same shall be signed, taken to the House of Assembly, and its concurrence therein requested, without a motion for that purpose.

35. When a bill or resolution passed by the Senate shall be carried to the House of Assembly, all papers and documents relating thereto on the files of the Senate shall be carried by the Secretary, with such bill or resolution, to the House of Assembly.

36. The introducer of a bill may annex thereto a brief statement explaining the object of the bill, which statement shall contain not exceeding three hundred words and shall be printed at the end of the bill under the caption "Statement."

When a bill is introduced amending an existing law, it shall in the body of the bill, have new matter underscored, and matter proposed to be omitted, printed in its proper place, enclosed in brackets.

The introducer of a bill amending or supplementing an existing law shall designate at the head thereof the page of the Compiled Statutes, or the chapter or page of the Pamphlet Laws, where may be found the law proposed to be amended or supplemented.

It shall be the duty of the Secretary to cause any bill not complying with this rule to be returned to

the introducer to be made to conform hereto, and when put in proper form, to be printed and restored to its place on the calendar.

When a bill has passed to a third reading, no explanatory statement, special marks, underscoring or brackets shall be printed in the same; but if the bill has been amended, such amendments shall be printed and distributed for the convenience of the members.

37. The annual, supplemental and incidental appropriation bills shall not be considered until at least one week has elapsed after they shall have been introduced, printed and placed upon the desks of members.

38. No Senate bill or joint resolution shall be considered on third reading until five days after the second reading thereof, except by unanimous consent.

39. The Secretary of the Senate shall cause to be printed and distributed prior to each day's session, a daily memorandum which in addition to the transactions of the preceding legislative day, and other matter heretofore furnished, shall contain a day calendar of bills on second and third reading, and a list of bills awaiting the third reading calendar. The calendars shall be called in order, and matters on the third reading calendar, reached and not acted on, unless passed for the day or otherwise disposed of, shall be reserved generally, to be restored to the calendar on request. No bill, joint resolution or concurrent resolution not on the printed calendar for third reading shall be considered on third reading except by unanimous consent. At the close of each legislative day, the Secretary shall cause to be posted upon the bulletin board in the corridor, the calendar of bills on third reading for the next succeeding legislative day.

40. Wherever the words "bill" or "bills," "joint resolution" or "joint resolutions" occur in the rules they shall be construed to include bills, joint resolutions and such concurrent resolutions as are referred to Committee.

MOTIONS AND THEIR PRECEDENCE.

41. When a motion shall be made, it shall be reduced to writing by the President or any Senator, and delivered to the Secretary at his table and read before the same shall be debatable.

42. All motions entered on the Journal of the Senate shall be entered in the names of the Senators who make them.

43. If the question in debate contains several points, any Senator may have the same divided; but a motion to strike out and insert, or to commit with instructions, shall not be divided.

44. The rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to strike out and insert a different proposition, nor prevent a subsequent motion simply to strike out; nor shall the rejection of a motion simply to strike out prevent a subsequent motion to strike out and insert.

45. On filling blanks the question shall be first taken on the largest sum, the greatest number, and the most distant day.

46. When motions are made for reference of the same subject to a Select Committee, and to a Standing Committee, the question of reference to a Standing Committee shall be put first.

47. When a question is before the Senate, no motion shall be received but—

1. To adjourn.
2. To proceed to the consideration of Executive business.
3. To lay on the table.
4. To postpone indefinitely.
5. To postpone to a certain day.
6. To commit.
7. To amend.

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they stand arranged.

48. The motion to adjourn, or to fix a day to which the Senate shall adjourn, shall always be in order, except when a vote is being taken or while a Senator is addressing the Senate.

49. The motions to adjourn, to proceed to the consideration of Executive business, and to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

50. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and if carried shall be equivalent to its rejection.

51. When a motion shall have been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any Senator who voted on the prevailing side to move a reconsideration thereof on the same day or next succeeding day of actual session; but no motion for the reconsideration of any vote shall be in order after a bill, resolution, message, report, amendment or motion upon which the vote was taken,

announcing their decision, shall have gone from the possession of the Senate, and they shall not pass from the possession of the Senate until the expiration of the time in which a reconsideration is permitted; and every motion for reconsideration shall be decided by a majority of votes, except a motion to reconsider the vote on the final passage of a bill or joint resolution, which shall require the same majority as is necessary for their final passage.

MEMBERS.

52. The seats within the bar shall be reserved exclusively for the Senators, the officers of the Senate, and the reporters of the press who may have seats assigned them.

53. No Senator shall speak in any debate without rising, nor more than three times on any subject of debate, unless he shall first obtain leave of the Senate.

54. Every Senator, in speaking, shall address the President, confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personality.

55. Any Senator may change his vote before the decision of the question shall have been announced by the Chair.

56. No Senator shall have his vote recorded on any question, when the yeas and nays are called, unless he shall be present to answer to his name. After the calling of the roll has been commenced upon any question, no member shall be permitted to explain his vote.

MESSAGES.

57. All messages shall be sent to the House of Assembly by the Secretary, under the direction of the President, as a standing order, without a vote thereon.

58. Messages may be delivered at any stage of the business, except when a vote is being taken.

59. When a message shall be sent from the Governor or House of Assembly to the Senate, it shall be announced at the door by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

SENATE BILLS IN THE HOUSE.

60. When an amendment made in the Senate to a bill from the House of Assembly shall be disagreed to by that House, and not adhered to by the Senate, the bill shall be considered as standing on a third reading.

61. An amendment of the House of Assembly to a Senate bill shall not be divisible.

62. In case of disagreement between the Senate and House of Assembly, the Senate may either recede,

insist and ask a conference, or adhere, and motions for such purposes shall take precedence in that order.

63. When a Senate bill shall be returned, amended by the House of Assembly, the sections of the bill so amended, together with the amendments, shall be read by the Secretary for a first reading and be entitled to a second reading without special motion, at which reading the proposed amendments shall be open to the action of the Senate. And if, at its third reading, upon the question being put by the President, "Will the Senate concur in the House amendment to Senate bill No. —?" a majority of the whole Senate should, by a vote of yeas and nays, concur, the question shall then be upon ordering the bill to be re-printed. If so ordered, the bill shall be re-printed, the amendments embodied therein and the re-printed bill examined and reported by the Committee on Printed Bills and read in open Senate, to the end that it may be known to be correctly printed, and shall be then signed and certified as other bills.

DISORDER.

64. In case of any disturbance in the gallery or lobby, the President shall have power to order the same to be cleared.

65. The Sergeant-at-Arms shall aid in the enforcement of order, under the direction of the President.

66. No Senator, in speaking, shall mention a Senator then present by his name.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

67. When the hour shall have arrived for the consideration of a special order, the same shall be taken up, and the Senate shall proceed to consider it, unless it shall be postponed by the Senate.

68. The unfinished business in which the Senate shall have been engaged at the last preceding adjournment shall have the preference in the special order of the day.

69. No concurrent resolution shall pass unless by the consent of a majority of the Senators elected.

SECRET SESSION.

70. On motion made and seconded to shut the doors of the Senate on the discussion of any business which may, in the opinion of a Senator, require secrecy, the President shall direct the chamber to be cleared, and during the discussion of such motion the doors shall remain shut.

RULES.

71. No standing rule or order of the Senate shall be suspended unless by the consent of a majority of the Senators elected, nor rescinded or amended but by the same number, and one day's notice shall be given of the motion for rescission or amendment.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

72. When nominations shall be made by the Governor to the Senate, they shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate, be referred to appropriate committees; and the final question upon every nomination shall be, "Will the Senate advise and consent to this nomination?" which question shall not be put on the same day on which the nomination is received, nor on the day on which it may be reported by a committee, unless by unanimous consent of the Senate; provided, however, that an affirmative vote of at least eleven Senators shall be necessary to advise and consent to any and all nominations.

73. When acting on Executive business the Senate shall be cleared of all persons except the Senators and Secretary.

74. All information or remarks concerning the character or qualifications of any persons nominated by the Governor to office shall be kept a secret.

75. The Legislative and Executive proceedings of the Senate shall be kept in separate and distinct books.

76. All nominations approved by the Senate, or otherwise definitely acted on, shall be transmitted by the Secretary to the Governor, with the determination of the Senate thereon, from day to day, as such proceedings may occur; but no further extract from the Executive journal shall be furnished, published or otherwise communicated, except by special order of the Senate.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

RULES ADOPTED TEMPORARILY, JANUARY 11, 1921.

OF THE MEETING OF THE HOUSE.

1. Any member or members less than a quorum may meet and adjourn the House from day to day, when necessary.

2. Every member shall attend in his place precisely at the hour to which the House was last adjourned; and in case of neglect, he shall be subject to a reprimand from the Chair, unless excused by the House; nor shall any member absent himself from the House for more than the space of a quarter of an hour without leave previously obtained.

3. In case a less number of members than a quorum shall be present after the arrival of the hour to which the House stood adjourned, they are hereby authorized to send their Sergeant-at-Arms, or any other person or persons by them authorized, with a warrant duly executed, for any and all absent members, as the majority of such as are present may agree, and at the expense of such absent members, respectively, unless such excuse for non-attendance shall be rendered as the House, when a quorum is convened, shall judge sufficient. Immediately after the appointment of the Standing Committees, the members shall arrange among themselves their several seats appropriated to their counties; and in case of disagreement, the same shall be decided by lot.

OF THE DUTIES OF THE SPEAKER.

4. He shall take the chair at the hour to which the House shall have adjourned, and immediately call the members to order; and on the appearance of a quorum, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read, which may then be corrected by the House.

5. He shall preserve order and decorum, and in debate shall prevent personal reflections, and confine members to the question under discussion; but he shall not engage in any debate, nor propose his opinion on any question without first calling on some member to occupy the chair. When two or more members rise at the same time, he shall name the one entitled to the floor.

6. He shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House, when demanded by any four members, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the House.

7. All questions before the House shall be stated by the Speaker, and distinctly put in the following form, to wit: "As many as are in favor of (the question) will say aye;" and after the affirmative is expressed, "Those of a contrary opinion, no." If the Speaker doubts, or a division be called for, the House shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative; and in case of an equal division, the Speaker shall decide.

8. All Committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, unless otherwise specially directed by the House.

9. All acts, addresses and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker; and all writs, warrants and subpœnas issued by the order of the House shall be under his hand and seal, and attested by the Clerk. If the Speaker be absent, a less number of members than a quorum may appoint a Speaker pro tempore, who may sign any warrants, or perform any act requisite to bring in absent members.

10. He shall have a general direction of the hall, and he may name a member to perform the duties of the Chair; but such substitution shall not extend beyond a second adjournment.

OF THE ORDER OF BUSINESS.

11. After the reading of the journal, the business of the first meeting of each day shall be conducted in the following manner, to wit:

I. Letters, petitions and memorials, remonstrances and accompanying documents may be presented and disposed of.

II. Reports of Committees may be read.

III. Original resolutions may be offered and considered; items of unfinished business referred; motions to reconsider and to appoint additional members of Committees made; and leave of absence, and leave to withdraw documents asked.

IV. Bills and joint resolutions on a third reading may be taken up.

V. The House shall then proceed in the order of the day, preference being always given to the unfinished business of the previous sitting; after which bills and joint resolutions on a second reading shall be taken in their order; and the House, in its afternoon session, will proceed to business as though there had been no adjournment of its morning session, excepting that original resolutions, and leave to introduce bills of Committees, be the first business in the afternoon session; and shall, on demand of the majority, proceed with the order of the day.

12. The Clerk shall make a list of all public bills and joint resolutions. He shall from day to day prepare under the supervision of the Speaker a calendar of bills and

resolutions for consideration. He shall keep a separate list of private bills. No bills for granting, continuing, altering, amending, or renewing a charter for any corporation, other than a municipal corporation, shall be placed on the calendar of public bills. All bills, public and private, shall be numbered according to the time of their receipt by the Clerk. They shall be taken up and considered in the order of time in which they were reported, or ordered to a third reading, as appears by the calendar; and the calendar shall be proceeded in until all the bills thereon are called up before the commencement of the calendar anew. The Clerk shall post in a conspicuous place in his office a list of all hearings to be held on bills.

13. All messages shall be sent from this House to the Senate by the Clerk.

OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

14. When a member is about to speak in debate, or communicate any matter to the House, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to the Speaker, confining himself to the question under debate, and avoiding personality.

15. If any member in debate transgress the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any member may, call him to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain. The House shall, if appealed to, decide on the case, but without debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the Chair shall be submitted to. If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, he shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, he shall not be permitted to proceed without leave of the House, and if the case require it, he shall be liable to censure of the House.

16. If a member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling him to order shall repeat the words excepted to, and they shall be taken down in writing at the Clerk's table; and no member shall be held to answer, or be subject to the censure of the House, for words spoken in debate, if any other member has spoken, or other business has intervened after the words spoken, and before exception to them shall have been taken.

17. No member shall speak more than twice, or longer than five minutes each time, without leave of the House.

18. While the Speaker is putting any question, or addressing the House, none shall walk out of or across the hall; nor in such case, or when a member is speaking, shall anyone entertain private discourse; nor shall anyone, while a member is speaking, pass between him and the Chair.

19. No member shall vote on any question in the event of which he is particularly interested, nor in any case where

he was not within the bar of the House when the question was put.

20. Every member who shall be in the House when the question is put shall give his vote, unless the House for special reasons shall excuse him. All motions to excuse a member from voting shall be made before the House divides, or before the call of the yeas and nays is commenced; any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief verbal statement of the reasons for such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

21. Petitions, memorials and other papers addressed to the House shall be presented by the Speaker, or by a member in his place; a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made by the introducer, and, if called upon, he shall declare that it does not, in his opinion, contain any indecent or reproachful language, or any expressions of disrespect to the House, or any committee of the same.

22. It shall be the duty of the Sergeant-at-Arms, at all times, not to allow any person to smoke in the Assembly chamber.

ON MOTIONS.

23. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the Speaker or any member desire it.

24. When a motion is made and seconded, it shall be stated by the Speaker, or being in writing, it shall be handed to the Chair and read aloud by the Clerk, when it shall be deemed to be in the possession of the House and open to debate; but it may be withdrawn at any time before a decision or amendment.

25. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received but—

1. To adjourn.
2. A call of the House.
3. To lay on the table.
4. For the previous question.
5. To postpone indefinitely.
6. To postpone to a day certain.
7. To go into a Committee of the Whole on the pending subject immediately.
8. To commit to a Committee of the Whole.
9. To commit to a Standing Committee.
10. To commit to a Select Committee.
11. To amend.

Which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are stated, and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall be again allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

26. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill or joint resolution shall have precedence of a motion to amend, and if carried shall be considered equivalent to its rejection.

27. A motion to adjourn shall be always in order, except when the House is voting, or while a member is addressing the House, or immediately after the question to adjourn has been negatived; that, and the motion to lay on the table, shall be decided without debate.

28. Any member may call for a division of the question, which shall be divided if it comprehends questions so distinct that one being taken away from the rest may stand entire for the decision of the House; a motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed indivisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendment nor a motion to strike out and insert.

29. When any motion shall be made and seconded, the same shall, at the request of any two members, be entered on the Journal of the House.

30. When a motion has been once made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member who voted with the prevailing party to move for the reconsideration thereof, on the same day or on the next day of actual session of the House thereafter; all motions may be reconsidered, by a majority of the members present; but bills, to be reconsidered, must have the same majority that would be necessary to pass them; and such vote, on motion to reconsider, shall be by taking the yeas and nays.

31. When a blank is to be filled, the question shall first be taken on the largest sum, or greatest number, and remotest day.

32. The yeas and nays shall be entered on the Journal of the House, when moved for and seconded by five members, and in taking the yeas and nays the names of the members, including the Speaker, shall be called alphabetically.

33. The previous question shall be put in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall only be admitted when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be, if decided affirmatively, to put an end to all debate, and bring the House to a direct vote upon amendments reported by a committee, if any, then upon pending amendments, and then upon the main question; if decided in the negative, to leave the main question and amendments, if any, under debate for the residue of the sitting, unless sooner disposed of by taking the question, or in some other manner. All incidental questions of order arising after a motion is made for the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

34. After the Clerk has commenced calling the yeas and nays on any question, no motion shall be received until a decision shall have been announced by the Chair.

OF COMMITTEES.

35. The following Standing Committees shall be appointed at the commencement of the session, until otherwise ordered:

A Committee of Ways and Means.
A Committee on Bill Revision.
A Committee on the Judiciary.
A Committee on Agriculture and Agricultural College.
A Committee on Appropriations.
A Committee on Education.
A Committee on Elections.
A Committee on Printed Bills.
A Committee on Municipal Corporations.
A Committee on Boroughs and Borough Commissions.
A Committee on Militia.
A Committee on Claims and Pensions.
A Committee on Corporations.
A Committee on Banking and Insurance.
A Committee on Unfinished Business.
A Committee on Incidental Expenses.
A Committee on Stationery.
A Committee on Riparian Rights.
A Committee on Revision of Laws.
A Committee on Game and Fisheries.
A Committee on Miscellaneous Business.
A Committee on Railroads and Canals.
A Committee on Labor and Industries.
A Committee on Towns and Townships.
A Committee on Public Health.
A Committee on Federal Relations.
A Committee on Commerce and Navigation.
A Committee on Highways.
A Committee on Taxation.
A Committee on Social Welfare.

Which several committees shall consist of five members each.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

The following Joint Committees, of five members each, shall also be appointed to act conjointly with corresponding committees to be appointed by the Senate:

A Committee on the Treasurer's Accounts.
A Committee on the State Prison.
A Committee on Printing.
A Committee on the State Library.
A Committee on the State Hospitals.
A Committee on Public Grounds and Buildings.
A Committee on Passed Bills.
A Committee on Sinking Fund.
A Committee on Soldiers' Home.
A Committee on Reform School for Boys.
A Committee on Industrial School for Girls.

A Committee on the New Jersey School for Deaf-Mutes.
A Committee on the New Jersey State Reformatory.
A Committee on State Village for Epileptics.
A Committee on Home for Feeble-minded Women.
A Committee on School for Feeble-minded Children.
A Committee on Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.
A Committee on State Reformatory for Women.
A Committee on Training and Industrial School for Colored Youths.

36. The several Standing Committees of the House shall have leave to report by bill or otherwise.

37. No committee shall sit during the sitting of the House without special leave.

38. All committees appointed at the first sitting shall continue to act during every subsequent sitting of the same Legislature, or until they have reported on the business committed to them, or have been discharged.

OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE.

39. In forming a Committee of the Whole House, the Speaker shall leave his chair, and a chairman to preside in committee shall be appointed by the Speaker.

40. The rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed, as far as practicable, in Committee of the Whole, except that any member may speak oftener than twice on the same subject, but shall not speak a second time until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken; nor shall a motion for the previous question be made therein.

41. All amendments made in Committee of the Whole shall be noted by the Clerk, but need not be read by the Speaker on his resuming the chair, unless required by the House.

ON BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS.

42. Bills and joint resolutions to be introduced in the House shall be delivered to the Clerk, endorsed with the signature of the member offering the same. The Clerk shall examine them to see that they are in proper form, and shall submit them to the Speaker, who shall endorse upon each the committee to which it is to be referred, returning the bills to the Clerk. At each session of the House the Clerk shall read the number, title and committee reference to all bills returned to him by the Speaker, which shall be taken as the introduction and first reading of the bill. If any bill offered shall not be in proper form, the Clerk shall return it to the introducer for correction.

43. Every bill and joint resolution shall receive three separate readings in the House previous to its passage, but no bill or joint resolution shall be read twice on the same day, without special order of the House.

44. All bills and joint resolutions shall, after their first reading, be printed for the use of the members, and referred to their appropriate committees.

45. All bills and joint resolutions may be made the order of a particular day, on which day they shall be taken up in preference to others on the calendar; and the calendar of private bills shall not be taken up until the calendar of public bills shall have been gone through with.

46. All bills and joint resolutions, previous to their final passage by the House, all petitions, motions and reports may be committed at the pleasure of the House. And the recommitment of any bill or resolution, when the same has been ordered to a third reading, shall have the effect of placing the same upon the second reading.

47. Printed bills and joint resolutions shall be used on their second and third readings, and no amendment shall be received to any bill or joint resolution on its third reading unless by unanimous consent of the members present.

48. When bills or joint resolutions are introduced, the Clerk of the House shall forthwith deliver the same to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall prepare them for printing in conformity with the rules defining the duties of said officer.

49. Original bills and joint resolutions, after being printed, shall be delivered by the said Supervisor of Bills to the Clerk.

50. Bills and joint resolutions originating in and passed by the House and amended by the Senate, when concurred in by the House, shall be delivered by the Clerk to the Supervisor of Bills for re-printing.

51. Bills and joint resolutions which have passed their second reading, together with all amendments thereto, shall be delivered by the Clerk to the Supervisor of Bills, who shall see that the same are in proper form for printing for third reading.

52. When the Supervisor of Bills receives from the printer the bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading and the same shall be found correct, he shall affix his official stamp to each page of the copy to be used as the official copy and intended to be submitted to the Governor for his approval and shall deliver the same to the Clerk.

53. Two copies of every bill and of every joint resolution ordered to a third reading shall be printed on good bond paper, to be approved by the Supervisor of Bills, one of which copies shall be retained in his office and the other of which shall be delivered to the Clerk, to be used thereafter as the official copy of said bill or joint resolution.

54. The Supervisor of Bills shall have printed, for the use of the members of the Legislature, at least one hundred copies of every bill or joint resolution ordered to a third reading, which shall be known and designated as "Official Copy Re-print." The Supervisor of Bills shall

deliver twenty-one copies of all bills and joint resolutions designated as "Official Copy Re-print" to the Secretary of the Senate, and sixty copies to the Clerk of the House, and he shall retain the remainder in his own custody, for the use of State and Legislative officers.

55. Except as otherwise provided, the system and procedure which have heretofore prevailed shall be followed in the preparation of all bills and joint resolutions for their various readings, as far as practicable.

56. On a motion to strike out any item in the incidental bill, the question to be submitted to the House shall be, "Shall the item be retained in the bill?" and a majority of all the members of the House shall be necessary to adopt the same.

57. After the introduction of any private bill, the applicants for said bill shall, at their own expense, furnish the usual number of copies for the use of the members, unless the printing thereof be dispensed with by a special order of the House.

58. On the question of the final passage of all bills and joint resolutions, the yeas and nays shall be entered on the Journal of the House.

59. Whenever a bill or resolution that has passed the House shall be carried to the Senate, all papers and documents relating thereto, on the files of the House, shall be carried with such bill or resolution to the Senate.

OF RULES.

60. No standing rule or order of the House shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor: nor shall any rule be suspended except by a vote of the majority of the whole number of members of the House.

61. When an Assembly bill is returned amended by the Senate, the report thereof by the Secretary of the Senate shall be taken as the first reading, and the same be entitled to a second reading, without a motion for that purpose: after its second reading, the question shall be, "Shall the Senate amendments to Assembly bill No. — have a third reading?" If ordered to a third reading, the amendments shall be read, but these readings shall be on different days: the question shall then be, "Will the House of Assembly concur in the Senate amendments to Assembly bill No. —?" upon which question the votes shall be by yeas and nays. If concurred in by a majority of the whole House, the bill shall be re-printed, the amendments embodied therein, and the re-printed bill examined and reported upon by the Committee on Printed Bills, and read in open Assembly, to the end that it may be known to be correctly printed, and then signed and certified as other bills.

62. Cushing's Manual shall in all cases, when not in conflict with the rules adopted by the House, be considered and held as standard authority.

63. No person shall be allowed on the floor of the House during its sessions except State officers and members and officers of the Senate, unless by written permission of the Speaker.

64. No committee of this House shall report a bill adversely without notifying the introducer of the bill; nor shall such adverse report be acted upon unless the introducer of the bill is in his seat.

65. After the calling of the roll has been commenced upon any question, no member shall be permitted to explain his vote.

66. Every bill amended in the House, after its report by the commmittee to which it was referred upon introduction, when ordered to be printed and have a third reading, shall, if ordered by the Speaker of the House, be delivered to the Committee on Bill Revision, whose duty it shall be to examine the same, and if it be found that such amendment agrees with the context, the bill shall then be printed. If in the opinion of the committee such amendment is, as to form, improper, they shall report to the House with such recommendations as they think fit. Such report shall be made promptly.

67. That hereafter any motion or resolution which will result in relieving a standing committee of a bill referred to it shall not be entertained unless twenty-four hours' notice shall be given the House of the introduction of such motion or resolution; provided, however, that on a written request made by fifteen members, duly presented to the House, said request shall be read, and delivered forthwith by the clerk to the chairman of the committee named therein; said committee shall, within twenty-four hours, report on the bill, resolution, motion or matter named in said request.

68. When a bill is introduced amending an existing law, it must, in the body of the bill, have all new matter underscored, and all portions of the law proposed to be omitted must be printed in its proper place, enclosed in black-faced brackets. Every bill which amends or supplements an existing law shall have printed thereon, under the number of the bill, the page of the Compiled Statutes or the Pamphlet Laws at which is found the law proposed to be amended or supplemented.

All bills reported with amendments shall be immediately reprinted: the new matter must be underscored, and all matter proposed to be eliminated by amendment must be included in brackets.

It shall be the duty of the Speaker to direct the Clerk to cause any bill appearing on the calendar and not com-

plying with this rule to be immediately amended and reprinted, so as to comply with the same, and when reprinted it shall be restored to its place on the calendar.

69. At each session of the House the Sergeant-at-Arms shall call the roll of officers and employes of the House, and shall report in writing, within twenty-four hours, to the chairman of the Committee on Incidental Expenses as to the attendance of said officers and employes.

The Committee on Incidental Expenses shall recommend such action as said report may show to be necessary.

70. Any three members of a Standing Committee may report a bill.

71. Each member when introducing a bill shall submit with each copy of the bill a statement setting out the objects proposed to be accomplished by its enactment and the localities or persons the bill will affect, which statement shall be referred to the Committee with the bill. An equal number of copies of such statement and bill shall be printed and a copy of the statement shall be attached to each copy of the bill. Such statements shall not exceed in length one printed page or four hundred and fifty words.

72. All resolutions, amendments to bills and resolutions shall be presented in one original, together with a copy thereof, and all bills shall be presented in one original and shall be typewritten or printed.

73. No bill or joint resolution shall be considered on third reading and final passage until five days after the second reading thereof.

74. All standing committees shall meet at least once each week for the consideration of measures referred to them, and all committee hearings shall be announced in open session and advertised by posting a notice thereof in a conspicuous place in the Assembly Chamber and also at some prominent point in the main corridor of the State House.

75. After a majority of any committee has made its report on any bill or resolution, a minority of such committee may submit a report upon the same proposition, and any member of the House may move to substitute such minority report for the majority report of such committee.

JOINT RULES AND ORDERS

OF THE

SENATE AND GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

1. In every case of an amendment of a bill agreed to in one House and dissented from in the other, if either House shall request a conference and appoint a committee for that purpose, and the other House shall also appoint a committee to confer, such committee shall, at a convenient hour, to be agreed on by their respective chairmen, meet in conference, and state to each other, verbally or in writing, as either shall choose, the reasons of their respective houses for and against the amendment, and confer freely thereon.

2. After each House shall have adhered to its disagreement, a bill or resolution shall be lost.

3. When a bill or resolution which shall have passed in one House is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be sent to the House in which the same shall have passed.

4. Each House, in which any bill or resolution shall have passed, shall transmit therewith to the other House, all papers and documents relating to the same.

5. When a message shall be sent from either House to the other it shall be announced at the door of the House by the doorkeeper, and shall be respectfully communicated to the Chair by the person by whom it is sent.

6. After a bill shall have passed both Houses it shall be delivered by the Clerk of the Assembly or the Secretary of the Senate, as the bill may have originated in one House or the other, to a Joint Committee on Passed Bills, of two from each House, appointed as a Standing Committee for that purpose, and shall be presented by said Committee to the Governor for his approbation, it being first indorsed on the back of the bill certifying in which House the same originated, which indorsement shall be signed by the Secretary or Clerk, as the case may be, of the House in which the same did originate, and shall be entered on the Journal of each House. The said committee shall report on the day of presentation to the Governor, which time shall also be carefully entered on the Journal of each House.

Members of the One Hundred and Forty-Fifth Legislature OF THE State of New Jersey

With Post-Office Address and Expiration of Term of Senators.

SENATE.

Atlantic—Charles D. White, R., 1923, Atlantic City.
Bergen—William B. Mackay, Jr., R., 1923, Hackensack.
Burlington—†Blanchard H. White, R., 1922, Mount Holly.
Camden—Joseph F. Wallworth, R., 1924, Haddonfield.
Cape May—†William H. Bright, R., 1922, Wildwood.
Cumberland—Firman M. Reeves, R., 1923, Millville.
Essex—William H. Parry, R., 1924, Newark.
Gloucester—Edward L. Sturgess, R., 1924, Glassboro.
Hudson—Alexander Simpson, D., 1923, Jersey City.
Hunterdon—†George F. Martens, Jr., D., 1922, New Germantown.
Mercer—S. Roy Heath, D., 1923, Trenton.
Middlesex—†Thomas Brown, D., 1922, Perth Amboy.
Monmouth—William A. Stevens, R., 1924, Long Branch.
Morris—Arthur Whitney, R., 1923, Mendham.
Ocean—Harry T. Hagaman, R., 1923, Lakewood.
Passaic—†Albin Smith, R., 1922, Paterson.
Salem—Collins B. Allen, R., 1924, Salem, R. D.
Somerset—Clarence E. Case, R., 1924, Somerville.
Sussex—†Henry T. Kays, D., 1922, Newton.
Union—William N. Runyon, R., 1924, Plainfield.
Warren—Thomas Barber, D., 1924, Phillipsburg.

†Successor to be elected in 1921.
Republicans, 15; Democrats, 6.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Atlantic—*William A. Blair, R., Elwood; *Joseph A. Corio, R., Atlantic City.
Bergen—*W. Irving Glover, R., Englewood; *William St. John Tozer, R., Bogota; *John Y. Dater, R., Ramsey.
Burlington—*Emmor Roberts, R., Moorestown.
Camden—*T. Harry Rowland, R., Camden; *J. Heulings Coles, R., Colestown; Willard T. Gibbs, R., Clementon.
Cape May—*Andrew C. Boswell, R., Ocean City.
Cumberland—*David C. Blizzard, Jr., R., Port Norris.

Essex—Warren Patten Coon, R., Newark; Philip D. Elliot, R., Caldwell; Frank B. Champion, R., Newark; George S. Hobart, R., Newark; Harry G. Eaton, R., Newark; Pearce R. Franklin, R., Newark; Daniel A. McMillin, R., Newark; Rynier V. Taylor, R., Newark; Jennie C. Van Ness, R., East Orange; Margaret B. Laird, R., Newark; Charles B. Dutcher, R., Newark; Walter G. Alexander, R., Orange.

Gloucester—*Horace M. Fooder, R., Williamstown.

Hudson—Harold B. Tuttle, R., Jersey City; James A. Templeton, R., Jersey City; Thomas Loughran, Sr., R., Jersey City; Arthur H. Nelson, R., Jersey City; Joseph J. Loori, R., Jersey City; Albert E. Stephens, R., Bayonne; Francis R. Engleke, Jr., R., North Bergen; Edward K. Patterson, R., Harrison; John B. Stephens, R., Hoboken; Rutherford B. Seibel, R., West New York; William F. Fallon, R., Jersey City.

Hunterdon—A. Lincoln Moore, R., Hampton.

Mercer—*William H. Blackwell, R., Titusville; *George W. Guthrie, R., Trenton; Clinton H. Read, R., Trenton.

Middlesex—*Albert W. Appleby, R., Old Bridge; *C. Raymond Lyons, R., New Brunswick; Edward J. Peterson, R., Perth Amboy.

Monmouth—Clinton B. Lohsen, R., Keansburg; Edward A. Sexsmith, R., Belmar, R. D. 2.

Morris—George W. Downs, R., Madison; Samuel K. Owen, R., Butler.

Ocean—*Woodburn S. Cranmer, R., Cedar Run.

Passaic—*Henry G. Hershfield, R., Pompton Lakes; *Frederick J. Tattersall, R., Paterson; *William W. Evans, R., Paterson; Lester F. Meloney, R., Clifton; John J. Roegner, R., Passaic.

Salem—*William S. Stiles, R., Pedricktown.

Somerset—*David Hastings, R., Bound Brook.

Sussex—*Hugh C. Baldwin, R., Sussex.

Union—*Arthur N. Pierson, R., Westfield; *Arthur E. Warner, R., Elizabeth; *Sidney W. Eldridge, R., Elizabeth.

Warren—Harry Runyon, D., Belvidere.

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*Re-elected.

Republicans, 59; Democrats, 1.

Note. John B. Rosser, Republican, elected from Hudson County, died before Legislature convened.

Organization of the One Hundred and Forty-Fifth Legislature.

OFFICERS OF THE SENATE.

President—Collins B. Allen, Salem.
Secretary—William H. Albright, Woodbury.
Assistant Secretary of the Senate—Frederick A. Brodesser, Union County.
President's Secretary—William Hermann Morris, Salem County.
Chaplain—Rev. DeWitt C. Cobb, Gloucester County.
Supervisor of Bills—Robert M. Johnston, Atlantic County.
Assistant Supervisor of Bills—W. Russell Sturgess, Gloucester County.
Second Assistant Supervisor of Bills—Samuel W. Reynolds, Ocean County.
Journal Clerk—George P. Nimmo, Bergen County.
Assistant Journal Clerk—William Carson, Jr., Morris County.
Second Assistant Journal Clerk—Addison Gray Newkirk, Somerset County.
Calendar Clerk—Oliver B. Van Camp, Ocean County.
Bill Clerk—Edward Dargel, Somerset County.
Assistant Bill Clerk—Hulburt Smith, Cape May County.
Sergeant-at-Arms—Sherry Wallace, Cumberland County.
Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—Peter F. Dodd, Monmouth County.
Secretary to Committee on Appropriations—Owen W. Kite, Mercer County.
Clerk to Committee on Appropriations—F. B. Cobbitt, Morris County.
Clerk to Committee on Printed Bills—Miss Ellen C. Curtis, Burlington County.
Clerk to Committee on Stationery and Incidentals—William M. Wright, Monmouth County.
Committee Clerks—Emma W. Middleton, Camden County; William Rittenhouse, Gloucester County; Elwood Biddle, Salem County; Fred A. Broedel, Essex County; Louis Gerber, Ocean County; Allen Trimble, Union County.
Stenographers—Basil B. Bruno, Monmouth County; Peter J. Lombardy, Essex County; Sidney J. Turner, Passaic County.
Clerk to Minority—Harvey S. Hopkins, Sussex County.
Doorkeepers—Oscar Brooks, Salem County; George B. Parker, Burlington County; Thomas C. Wimer, Camden County; Leon Bryant, Camden County; Joel Sprague, Ocean County.
Gallerykeepers—David Reeder, Burlington County; William Hughes, Passaic County; Mark Rigor, Cape May County.

File Clerks—William Cannon, Camden County; Frank DeLucca, Cumberland County; William J. Kammerer, Passaic County; William Sanford, Bergen County.
Pages—George Wallace Edwards, Monmouth County; Harry Grover, Ocean County; George A. Flammer, Essex County; Joseph Holtzhauser, Gloucester County; Charles Gerhardt, Passaic County; George William Meyer, Cape May County.

SENATE STANDING COMMITTEES.

Agriculture—Case, Reeves, Martens.
Appropriations—Whitney, B. H. White, Wallworth, Barber.
Banks and Insurance—Sturgess, Wallworth, Heath.
Boroughs and Townships—Hagaman, Stevens, Martens.
Clergy—Parry, Bright, Barber.
Commerce and Navigation—Smith, Hagaman, Heath.
Corporations—Bright, Runyon, Kays.
Education—Mackay, C. D. White, Kays.
Elections—B. H. White, Smith, Simpson.
Federal Relations—B. H. White, Parry, Barber.
Finance—Hagaman, Parry, Brown.
Game and Fisheries—Reeves, Hagaman, Martens.
Highways—C. D. White, Sturgess, Martens.
Judiciary—Mackay, C. D. White, Kays.
Labor, Industry and Social Welfare—Sturgess, Case, Kays.
Militia—Stevens, Bright, Simpson.
Miscellaneous Business—Reeves, Case, Kays.
Municipal Corporations—Smith, Runyon, Brown.
Printed Bills—Wallworth, B. H. White, Heath.
Public Health—Runyon, Sturgess, Barber.
Railroads and Canals—Stevens, Whitney, Simpson.
Revision and Amendment of the Laws—Case, Stevens, Heath.
Riparian Rights—Bright, Reeves, Brown.
Stationery and Incidental Expenses—Sturgess, Smith, Barber.
Unfinished Business—Parry, Whitney, Martens.
Taxation—Wallworth, Mackay, Brown.

SENATE JOINT COMMITTEES.

Home for Feeble-Minded Women—Reeves, Runyon, Heath.
Industrial School for Girls—Stevens, Sturgess, Simpson.
New Jersey State Reformatory—B. H. White, Wallworth, Brown.
Passed Bills—C. D. White, Whitney, Kays.
Public Printing—Sturgess, Hagaman, Simpson.
Public Grounds and Buildings—Case, Parry, Barber.
Reform School for Boys—Mackay, Sturgess, Martens.
Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases—Runyon, Case, Barber.

School for Feeble-Minded Children—Parry, Smith, Martens.
School for Deaf Mutes—Sturgess, Parry, Heath.
Sinking Fund—Smith, C. D. White, Simpson.
Soldiers' Home—Bright, Reeves, Brown.
State Hospital—Whitney, Hagaman, Barber.
State Library—Bright, Smith, Kays.
State Prison—Case, Stevens, Heath.
State Village for Epileptics—Wallworth, Mackay, Brown.
Treasurer's Accounts—Hagaman, Reeves, Martens.
State Reformatory for Women—C. D. White, Smith, Kays.
Industrial School for Colored Youth—Stevens, B. H. White, Brown.

OFFICERS OF THE ASSEMBLY.

Speaker—George S. Hobart.
Clerk—Upton S. Jefferys, Camden.
Assistant Clerk—James Parker, Passaic County.
Calendar Clerk—Raymond Schroeder, Essex County.
Journal Clerk—T. Burton Coyle, Hudson County.
Assistant Journal Clerks—William H. Duffield, Gloucester County; George M. Tuttle, Morris County.
Supervisor of Bills—William Luckemeier, Essex County.
Assistant Supervisor of Bills—James A. Whelan, Essex County; E. M. Franchi, Bergen County; Chester H. Packer, Monmouth County.
Sergeant-at-Arms—George E. Kaegi, Essex County.
Assistant Sergeants-at-Arms—Christian Heisenbuttle, Bergen County; Peter Esposito, Hudson County.
Bill Clerk—Francis A. Crawford, Mercer County.
Assistant Bill Clerk—C. Clay Lewis, Atlantic County.
Stenographers—Mrs. Etta K. Stahl, Essex County; Lester Conover, Hudson County; James K. Allardice, Hudson County.
Doorkeepers—Chester Wilson, Cape May County; Windom F. Green, Mercer County; Richard Elwell, Camden County; Louis Biggers, Essex County; Joseph Corby, Hudson County; William A. Kane, Middlesex County; Daniel Ferry, Middlesex County; George Strick, Burlington County; Joseph G. Carty, Union County; Louis Wallisch, Passaic County; George W. Van Varick, Passaic County; Jacob Barkalow, Passaic County.
File Clerks—Nicholas De Powell, Somerset County; Robert DuBois, Jr., Cumberland County; Charles S. Hammond, Cumberland County; Richard Kirkpatrick, Mercer County; Carl Flink, Essex County; Lawrence Struck, Essex County; Harry E. Wells, Sussex County; William E. Besser, Hudson County; Edward Stein, Hudson County; Charles Salzer, Hudson County; James A. Granger, Hudson County; Jonathan S. Buzby, Salem County; Martin Schulties, Union County; William H. DePaur, Union County; George F. Pharo, Ocean County.

Pages—John Anderson, Hudson County; Parker Neilson, Middlesex County; William A. Mills, Middlesex County; Eldon R. Watters, Hunterdon County; Lloyd Hackett, Hunterdon County; Edward G. Novotny, Union County; Goodman Jaffe, Passaic County; Charles Cunningham, Atlantic County; Robert Seely, Monmouth County; Wilfred E. Petry, Morris County.

Clerk to Majority Leader—John A. Penn, Camden County.

Clerk to Minority Leader—John J. Matthews, Hunterdon County.

Committee Clerks—Robert L. Krager, of Camden County, Clerk to Committee on Judiciary; William F. Bittel, of Essex County, Clerk to Committee on Education; Arthur T. Riedel, of Passaic County, Clerk to Committee on Banking and Insurance; Stephen Mignognia, of Camden County, Clerk to Committee on Corporations; William E. Wilson, of Sussex County, Clerk to Committee on Railroads and Canals; Thomas Callory, of Burlington County, Clerk to Committee on Agriculture; Percy Watt, of Union County, Clerk to Committee on Municipal Corporations; Charles A. Bascall, of Middlesex County, Clerk to Committee on Highways; A. S. Van Orden, of Bergen County, Clerk to Committee on Printed Bills; Harry Rosenfelt, of Passaic County, Clerk to Committee on Game and Fisheries.

ASSEMBLY STANDING COMMITTEES.

Agriculture and Agricultural College—Roberts, Coles, Blackwell, Baldwin, Sexsmith.

Appropriations—Glover, Warner, Blackwell, Hastings, Runyon.

Banking and Insurance—Hershfield, Eldridge, Lyons, Gibbs, Lohsen.

Bill Revision—Seibel, Tattersall, Tozer, Boswell, Alexander.

Boroughs and Borough Commissions—Evans, Cranmer, Hastings, Patterson, Taylor.

Claims and Pensions—Nelson, Cranmer, Eaton, Fallon, Meloney.

Commerce and Navigation—Sexsmith, Lyons, J. B. Stephens, McMillin, Patterson.

Corporations—Coles, Eldridge, Elliot, Patterson, Owen.

Education—McMillin, Bater, Van Ness, Loughran, Moore.

Elections—Franklin, Pierson, Stiles, Loori, Runyon.

Federal Relations—Champion, Tozer, Boswell, J. B. Stephens, Appleby.

Game and Fisheries—Tattersall, Baldwin, Blizzard, Owen, Tuttle.

Highways—Downs, Hershfield, Coles, Blair, Champion.

Incidental Expenses—Guthrie, Corio, Read, A. E. Stephens, Taylor.

Judiciary—Rowland, Glover, Pierson, Elliot, Runyon.

Labor and Industries—Peterson, Eldridge, Guthrie, Meloney, Nelson.
Militia—Eaton, Roegner, Coon, Templeton, Runyon.
Miscellaneous Business—Dutcher, Roegner, Gibbs, Sexsmith. Loori.
Municipal Corporations—Pierson, Evans, J. B. Stephens, Taylor, Runyon.
Printed Bills—Dater, Cranmer, Roegner, Templeton, Owen.
Public Health—Fooder, Read, Alexander, Laird, Appleby.
Railroads and Canals—Baldwin, Roberts, Blizzard, Lohsen, Franklin.
Revision of Laws—Loori, Corio, Downs, Evans, Champion.
Riparian Rights—Blair, Lyons, Lohsen, Seibel, Engleke.
Social Welfare—Warner, Meloney, Peterson, Laird, Coon.
Stationery—Read, Guthrie, Stiles, Templeton, Gibbs.
Taxation—A. E. Stephens, Tozer, Fooder, Warner, Dutcher.
Towns and Townships—Stiles, Boswell, Appleby, Moore, Engleke.
Unfinished Business—Tuttle, Corio, Blizzard, Loughran, Van Ness.
Ways and Means—Fallon, Blair, Hastings, Engleke, Alexander.

ASSEMBLY SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Clergy—Moore, Boswell, Dater, Coon, Fallon.
Rules—Eldridge, Hastings, Eaton, J. B. Stephens, Taylor.
Pensions—Rowland, McMillin, Pierson, Nelson, Runyon.

ASSEMBLY JOINT COMMITTEES.

Home for Feeble-Minded Women—Boswell, Blizzard, Downs, Owen, Alexander.
Industrial School for Girls—Van Ness, Roberts, Tozer, Blackwell, Loughran.
New Jersey State Reformatory—Corio, Warner, Seibel, Taylor, Runyon.
Passed Bills—Gibbs, Champion, Downs, Blair, Franklin.
Printing—Patterson, Dater, Cranmer, Tuttle, Peterson.
Public Grounds and Buildings—Engelke, Blizzard, Champion, Laird, Sexsmith.
Reform School for Boys—Taylor, Eldridge, Loughran, A. E. Stephens, Peterson.
Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases—J. B. Stephens, Baldwin, Read, Moore, Runyon.
School for Feeble-Minded Children—Lyons, Van Ness, Fallon, McMillin, Sexsmith.
School for Deaf Mutes—Roegner, Hershfield, Appleby, McMillin, Loughran.
Sinking Fund—Cranmer, Eaton, Lohsen, Tuttle, Engelke.

Soldiers' Home—Templeton, Roegner, Coon, A. E. Stephens, Runyon.
State Hospitals—Meloney, Fooder, Laird, Loori, Runyon.
State Library—Tozer, Evans, Van Ness, Dutcher, Loughran.
State Prison—Coon, Coles, Loori, Fallon, Runyon.
State Village for Epileptics—Hastings, Fooder, Tattersall, Read, Elliot.
Treasurer's Accounts—Lohsen, Roberts, Blackwell, Eaton, Dutcher.
State Reformatory for Women—Laird, Warner, Guthrie, Blair, Nelson.
Industrial School for Colored Youths—Alexander, Corio, Coles, Owen, Seibel.

LEGISLATIVE CORRESPONDENTS.

William K. Devereux—Legislative News Bureau.
James Kerney—Trenton Times.
Thomas E. Burke—Newark Town Talk.
James F. Dale—Newark Evening News, New York Sun.
Charles R. Bacon—Philadelphia Record.
Frank Thompson—Philadelphia North American.
Frank D. Schroth—Philadelphia Record, New York Tribune, Newark Sunday Call, New York Evening Post.
John J. McDonough—Newark Evening News, Public Ledger.
John L. M. Kelly—Associated Press, State Gazette, Paterson Call, Standard News Association, Newark Ledger, Philadelphia Ledger, Kelly News Service.
Julius Grunow—Jersey City Journal.
Leo J. Lanning—Lanning News Bureau, including Jersey Journal, Elizabeth Journal, Atlantic City Evening Union, Perth Amboy Evening News.
C. Harold Levy—New York American, United Press.
Lawrence J. Keefe—Newark Star-Eagle.
Edwin C. Lanigan—Trenton Times.
Stephen P. Flarity—Newark Evening News.
William A. Kelly—New York Telegraph, Philadelphia Bulletin, Hudson Dispatch.
Herbert E. Ehlers—Newark Sunday Call.
Edwin J. Burke—New Jersey Legislative News.
Daniel A. Dugan—Legislative News Bureau.
Lewis S. Garrison—Newark Evening News.
Raymond Schroth—New York Tribune, New York Evening Post.
John H. Sines—New York Times.
Frank A. Reddan—Legislative News Bureau.
John A. Reddan, Legislative News Bureau.
Francis E. Croasdale—Atlantic City Daily Press.
John J. Farrell—New Jersey News.
Upton S. Jefferys—Camden Post-Telegram.
James E. Van Horne—Philadelphia Evening Ledger.
Arthur J. Kelly—Passaic Daily News.
H. R. Heydon—Legislative Index.
J. R. Levy—Legislative Index.
S. Burnstein—Legislative Index.
Chris. Messerschmitt—Kelly News Service.
John P. Dullard, Newark Star-Eagle.

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